

~ Power Series Ops & Apps

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$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x' + a_2 x^2 + \dots \quad (|x| < R, \text{ sum convergence})$$

$$(\text{e.g. polynomial } f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x + \dots + a_n x^n + 0 \cdot x^{n+1} + \dots)$$

$$\text{Ex 1. } e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots \quad (R = \infty)$$

$$\text{Ex 2. } \frac{1}{1+x} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots \quad (R = 1)$$

$$\text{Ex 3. } \sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots \quad (R = \infty)$$

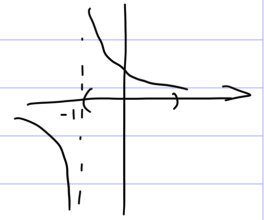
$$R: x \text{ fixed, } \left| \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} \right|$$

$$= \frac{x}{1} \cdot \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{x}{3} \cdot \dots \cdot \frac{x}{2n+1} \quad (n \rightarrow \infty)$$

$$R = |-1| = 1$$

$$= 0$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \text{ for any value of } x. \Rightarrow R = \infty.$$



Common func's power series expansion.

Ops. (old series \rightarrow new series)

① mul

$$\text{e.g. } x \sin x = x^2 - \frac{x^4}{3!} + \frac{x^6}{5!} \dots \quad (R=\infty, \text{ smaller of } R_1, R_2)$$

② diff

$$\begin{aligned} \sin x &= \left(x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} \dots \right)' \\ &= 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} \dots \\ &= \cos x \end{aligned} \quad (R=R_1 \text{ when diff})$$

③ Inte

$$\begin{aligned} \ln(1+x) &= \int_0^x \frac{dt}{1+t} \quad (x > -1) \quad (R=1) \\ &= \int_0^x (1 - t + t^2 - t^3 \dots) dt \quad |t^n| \rightarrow 0, \quad t < 1, \quad R=1 \\ &= x - x^2/2 + x^3/3 - x^4/4 \dots \end{aligned}$$

④ Substitute

$$\begin{aligned} e^{-t^2} &= 1 + (-t^2) + \frac{(-t^2)^2}{2!} + \frac{(-t^2)^3}{3!} \dots \\ &= 1 - t^2 + \frac{t^4}{2!} - \frac{t^6}{3!} \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt \quad (\text{so that } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \operatorname{erf}(x) = 1)$$

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Operations to power series.