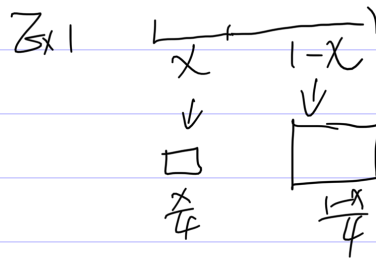
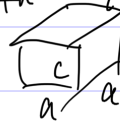


# ~ MAX/MIN , Related Rates



have max areas

Ex 2: Fixed  $V$ , find topless min surface area, with a square bottom



$$a^2 c = V$$

$$f = 4ac + a^2$$

$$f = 4a \cdot \frac{V}{a^2} + a^2$$

$$f = 4 \frac{V}{a} + a^2$$

$$f' = 2a - 4V/a^2$$

$$\text{let } 2a - 4V/a^2 = 0$$

$$2a^3 = 4V$$

$$a = \sqrt[3]{2V}$$

$$c = \frac{V}{a^2} = V \cdot (2V)^{-\frac{2}{3}} = 2^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot V^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2} a$$

$$a \in (0, \infty)$$

$$f' = 2 + 8V/a^3$$

$$\text{cp: } f''(\sqrt[3]{2V}) = 6 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{e: } f(+\infty) = +\infty$$

$$\text{e+\phi: } f(0^+) = +\infty$$

$$\text{min at } a = \sqrt[3]{2V}$$

$$f = 4 \frac{V}{\sqrt[3]{2V}} + (2V)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$= 2^{-\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 4 \cdot V^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot V^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$= \left( 2^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \cdot V^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$= 3 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot V^{\frac{2}{3}}$$



$E = x^2$  by implicit diff

$$V = x^2 y, \quad A = x^2 + 4xy$$

Goal: find min  $A$  while  $V$  is const.

$$A'(x) = 2x + 4y + 4xy'_x$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = 2xy + x^2 y'_x \\ -2y = xy' \end{cases}$$

$y'_x$ : 导数 (变化率)  
任何变量存在的情况下才有意义。

$$A'(x) = 2x + 4y + 4 \cdot (-2y)$$

$$= 2x + 4y - 8y$$

$$= 2x - 4y$$

$$= 2x - 4 \frac{V}{x^2}$$

$$2x = 4y, \quad x = 2y$$

↑

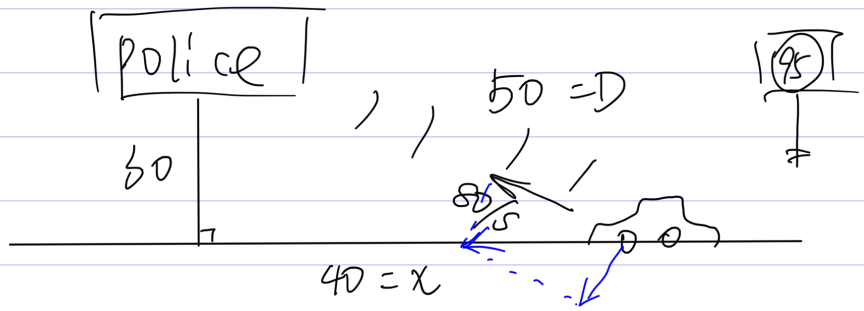
let  $A' = 0$ , then  $x = \dots$

implicit method:

Good: faster, nicer.

Bad: didn't check endpoints & break pts.

## Related Rates.



$$\frac{dD}{dt} = 80 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dD} \frac{dD}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{50}{40} \cdot 80$$

$$= 100 \text{ ft/s}$$