

## OR 과제 - 6

20192208 김형훈

2025-05-18

## 6.7-2

최종 해법은 다음과 같다.

	$Z$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	RHS
	1	0	0	2	5	0	100
$x_2$	0	-1	1	3	1	0	20
$x_5$	0	16	0	-2	-4	1	10

**a**

$$\bullet B^{-1}b_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ -30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet Z_{new} = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ -30 \end{bmatrix} = 150.$$

$$(0) Z + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 150$$

$$(1) -x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 30$$

$$(2) 16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = -30$$

- 기저해: (0, 30, 0, 0, -30)
- $x_5 < 0$  (infeasible)
- Z-행의 비기저 변수  $x_1, x_3, x_4$ 의 계수는 각각 0, 2, 5. bfs였다면 최적 조건을 만족

**b**

$$\bullet B^{-1}b_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 70 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet Z_{new} = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} = 100.$$

$$(0) Z + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 100$$

$$(1) -x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 20$$

$$(2) 16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = -10$$

- 기저해: (0, 20, 0, 0, -10). infeasible
- rc: (0, 0, 2, 5, 0). bfs였다면 최적

**c**

- $B^{-1}b_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 100 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 60 \end{bmatrix}$

- $Z_{new} = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 60 \end{bmatrix} = 50.$

(0)  $Z + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 50$

(1)  $-x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 10$

(2)  $16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = 60$

- 기저해:  $(0, 10, 0, 0, 60)$ . feasible

- rc:  $0, 0, 2, 5, 0$ . 최적

**d**

- origin:  $z - c_3 = 2, z = 15$

- new:  $z - c_3 = 15 - 80 = -65$

(0)  $Z - 65x_3 + 5x_4 = 100$

(1)  $-x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 20$

(2)  $16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = 10$

- 기저해:  $(0, 20, 0, 0, 10)$ . feasible

- rc:  $(0, 0, 7, 5, 0)$ . 최적

**e**

- $x_1$ 의 rc:  $c_B B^{-1} A_{.1} - c_1 = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} - (-2) = 2$

- $N_{.1}$ :  $B^{-1} A_{.1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

(0)  $Z + 2x_1 + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 100$

(1)  $x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 20$

(2)  $5x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = 10$

- 기저해:  $(0, 20, 0, 0, 10)$ . feasible

- rc:  $(2, 0, 7, 5, 0)$ . 최적

**f**

$$\bullet B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet c_B = [6, 0]$$

$$\bullet B^{-1}b = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet Z = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix} = 60.$$

$$\bullet x_1 \text{의 rc: } c_B B^{-1} A_{.1} - c_1 = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} - (-5) = 2$$

$$\bullet N_{.1}: B^{-1} A_{.1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{29}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet x_3 \text{의 rc: } c_B B^{-1} A_{.3} - c_3 = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} - 13 = -4$$

$$\bullet N_{.3}: B^{-1} A_{.3} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet x_4 \text{의 rc: } c_B B^{-1} A_{.4} - c_4 = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 0 = 3$$

$$\bullet N_{.4}: B^{-1} A_{.4} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(0) \ Z + 2x_1 - 4x_3 + 3x_4 = 60$$

$$(1) \ -\frac{1}{2}x_1 + x_2 + \frac{3}{2}x_3 + \frac{1}{2}x_4 = 10$$

$$(2) \ \frac{29}{2}x_1 + \frac{5}{2}x_3 - \frac{5}{2}x_4 + x_5 = 40$$

• 기저해: (0, 10, 0, 0, 40). feasible

• rc: (2, 0, -4, 3, 0). 최적 아님.

**g**

$$\bullet N_{.6}: B^{-1} A_{.6} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $x_6$ 의 rc:  $(5, 0) \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} - 10 = 5.$

(0)  $Z + 2x_3 + 5x_4 + 5x_6 = 100$

(1)  $-x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 + 3x_6 = 20$

(2)  $16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 - 7x_6 = 10$

- 기저해:  $(0, 20, 0, 0, 10, 0).$  feasible

- rc:  $(0, 0, 2, 5, 0, 5).$  최적.

**h**

	$Z$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	$x_6$	RHS
	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	100
$x_2$	0	-1	1	3	1	0	0	20
$x_5$	0	16	0	-2	-4	1	0	10
$x_6$	0	2	3	5	0	0	1	50

	$Z$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	$x_6$	RHS
	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	100
$x_2$	0	-1	1	3	1	0	0	20
$x_5$	0	16	0	-2	-4	1	0	10
$x_6$	0	5	0	-4	-3	0	1	-10

(0)  $Z + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 100$

(1)  $-x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 20$

(2)  $16x_1 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 + x_5 = 10$

(3)  $5x_1 - 4x_3 - 3x_4 + x_6 = -10$

- 기저해:  $(0, 20, 0, 0, 10, -10).$  infeasible

- rc:  $(0, 0, 2, 5, 0).$  bfs면 최적.

**i**

- $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- $B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- $c_B = [5, 0]$

- $B^{-1}b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 100 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

- $Z = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 100$

- $x_1$ 의 rc:  $c_B B^{-1} A_{.1} - c_1 = [5, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} - (-5) = 0$

- $N_{.1}: B^{-1} A_{.1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$

- $x_3$ 의 rc:  $c_B B^{-1} A_{.3} - c_3 = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} - 13 = 2$

- $N_{.3}: B^{-1} A_{.3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

- $x_4$ 의 rc:  $c_B B^{-1} A_{.4} - c_4 = [6, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 0 = 5$

- $N_{.4}: B^{-1} A_{.4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

(0)  $Z + 0x_1 + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 100$

(1)  $x_2 - x_1 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 20$

(2)  $x_5 + 15x_1 - 5x_3 - 5x_4 = 0$

- 기저해:  $(0, 20, 0, 0, 0)$ . feasible

- rc:  $(0, 0, 2, 5, 0)$ . 최적.

## 7.1-4

a

쌍대문제

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } W &= 40y_1 + 20y_2 + 90y_3 \\ \text{Subject to } 3y_1 + y_2 + 5y_3 &\geq 5 \\ y_1 + y_2 + 3y_3 &\geq 10 \\ y_1, y_2, y_3 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

iteration 1

	$Z$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	RHS
	1	-5	-10	0	0	0	0
$x_3$	0	3	1	1	0	0	40
$x_4$	0	1	1	0	1	0	20
$x_5$	0	5	3	0	0	1	90

- bfs: (0, 0, 40, 20, 90)
- 상보기저해: (0, 0, 0, -5, -10)

iteration 2

	$Z$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	RHS
	1	5	0	0	10	0	200
$x_3$	0	2	0	1	-1	0	20
$x_2$	0	1	1	0	1	0	20
$x_5$	0	2	0	0	-3	1	30

- bfs: (0, 20, 20, 0, 30)
- 상보기저해: (0, 10, 0, 5, 0)

**b**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & W = 40y_1 + 20y_2 + 90y_3 \\ \text{Subject to } & -3y_1 - y_2 - 5y_3 \leq -5 \\ & -y_1 - y_2 - 3y_3 \leq -10 \\ & y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & -W = -40y_1 - 20y_2 - 90y_3 \\ \text{Subject to } & -3y_1 - y_2 - 5y_3 + y_4 = -5 \\ & -y_1 - y_2 - 3y_3 + y_5 = -10 \\ & y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

**iteration 1**

	$-W$	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$	RHS
	1	40	20	90	0	0	0
$y_4$	0	-3	-1	-5	1	0	-5
$y_5$	0	-1	-1	-3	0	1	-10

- bfs: (0, 0, 0, -5, -10)

**iteration 2**

	$-W$	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$	RHS
	1	20	0	30	0	20	-200
$y_4$	0	-2	0	-2	1	-1	5
$y_2$	0	1	1	3	0	-1	10

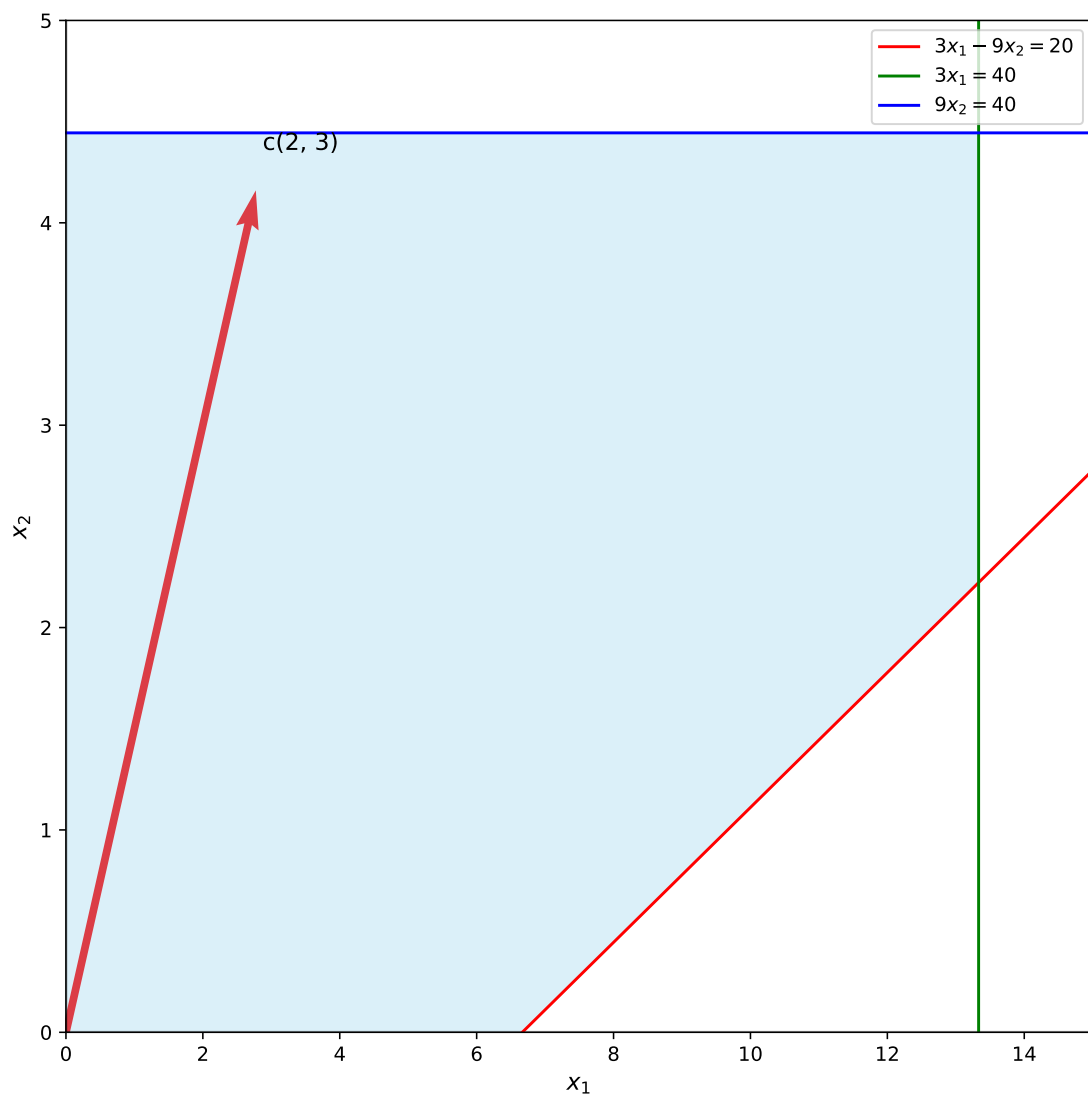
- bfs: (0, 10, 0, 5, 0)



## 7.3-1

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Maximize } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 \\ &\text{Subject to } 3x_1 - 9x_2 \leq 20 \\ &\quad 0 \leq x_1 \leq \frac{40}{3}, 0 \leq x_2 \leq \frac{40}{9} \end{aligned}$$

**a**



- bfs:  $(\frac{40}{3}, \frac{40}{9})$
- obj: 40

**b**

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{Maximize} & Z - 2x_1 - 3x_2 = 0 \\ \text{Subject to} & x_3 = 20 - 3x_1 + 9x_2 \\ & 0 \leq x_1 \leq \frac{40}{3}, 0 \leq x_2 \leq \frac{40}{9}, x_3 \geq 0\end{array}$$

- $x_2$  enter

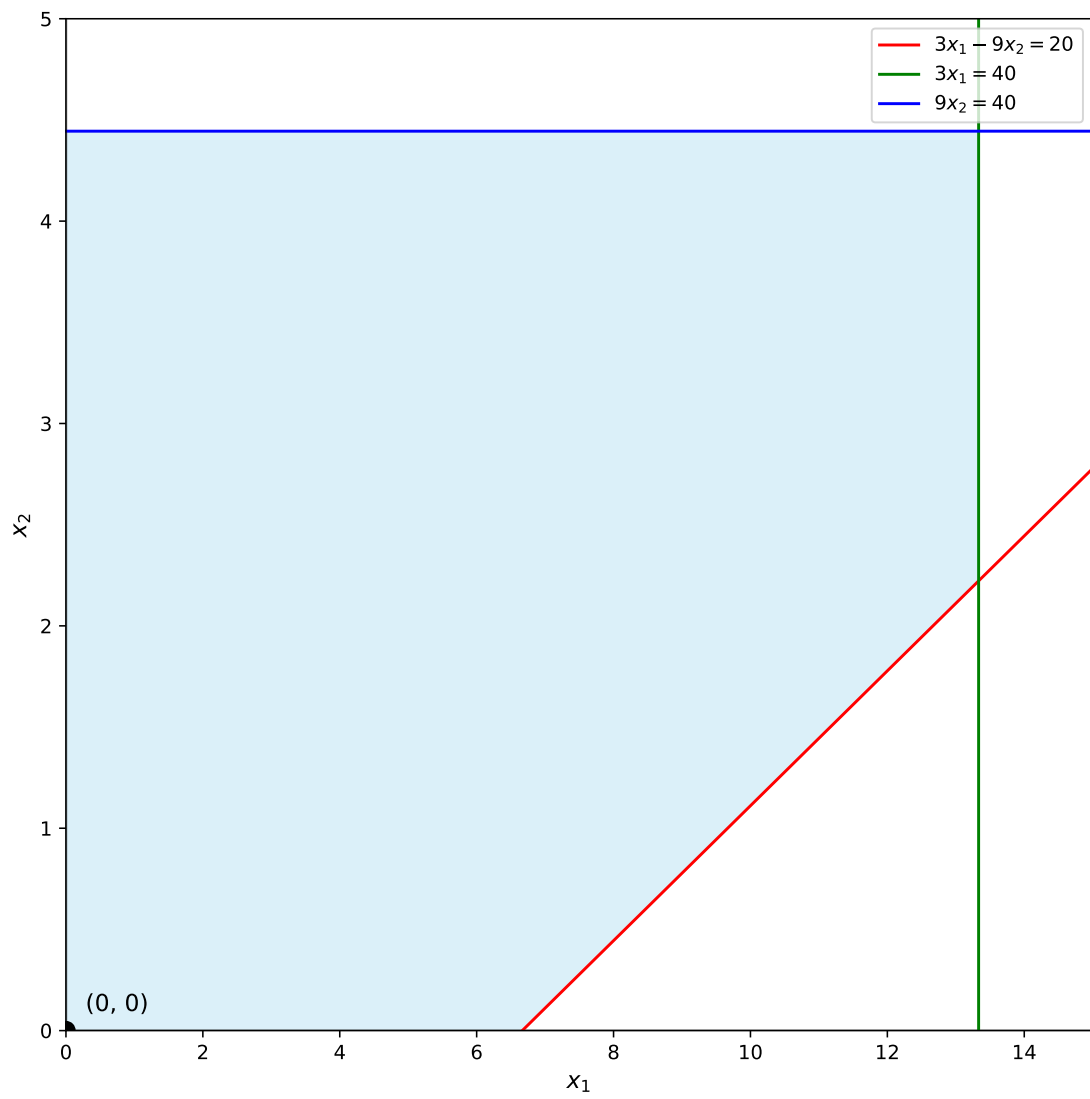
$$\begin{array}{rcl}Z - 2x_1 - 3x_2 & = & 0 \\ x_3 = 20 + 9x_2 & \dots & x_2 \leq \frac{40}{9} \\ & & x_2 = \frac{40}{9} - y_2 \\ x_3 = 60 - 3x_1 - 9y_2 & \dots & x_1 \leq \frac{40}{3} \\ & & Z - 2x_1 + 3y_2 = \frac{40}{3}\end{array}$$

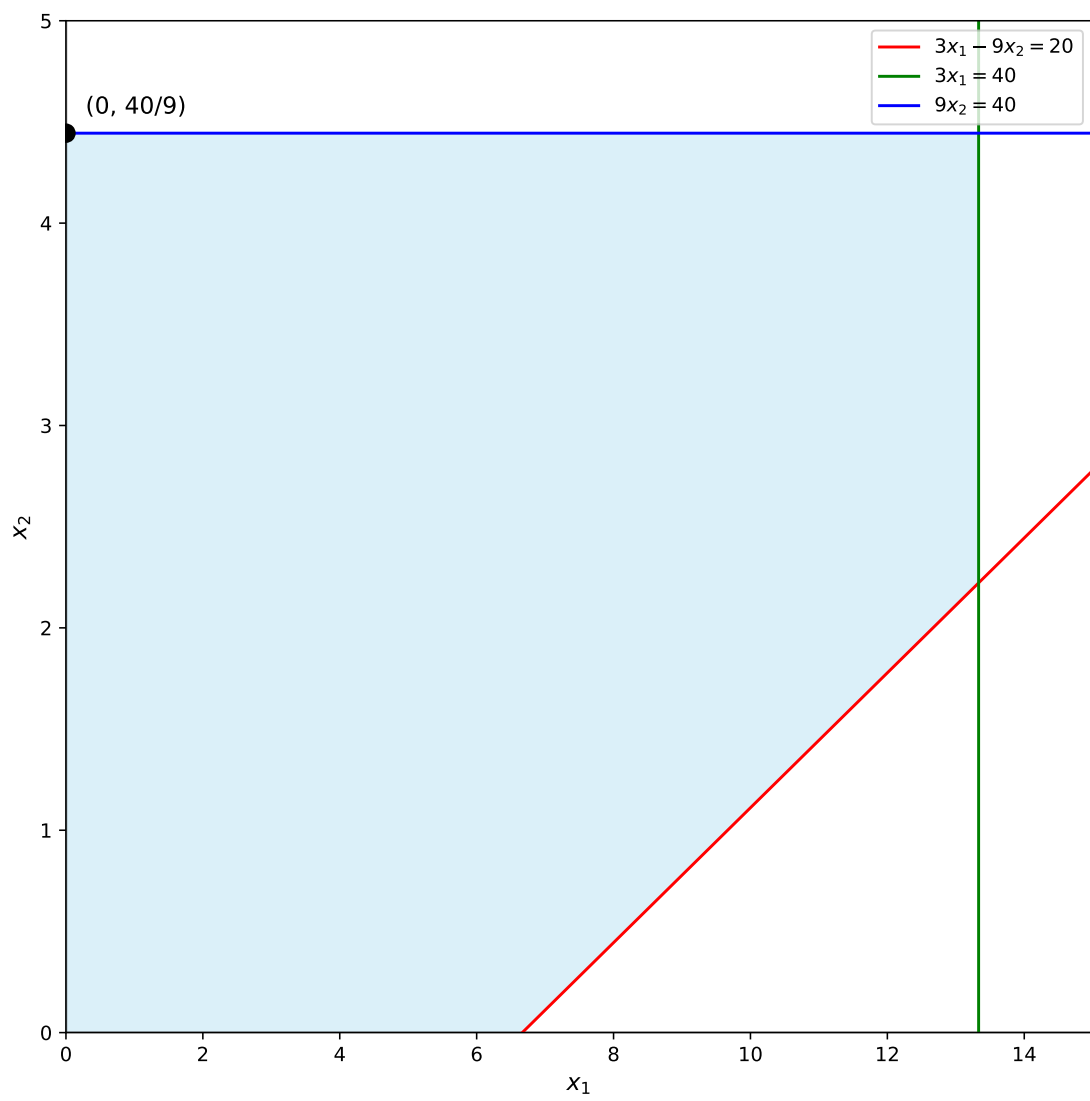
- $x_1$  enter

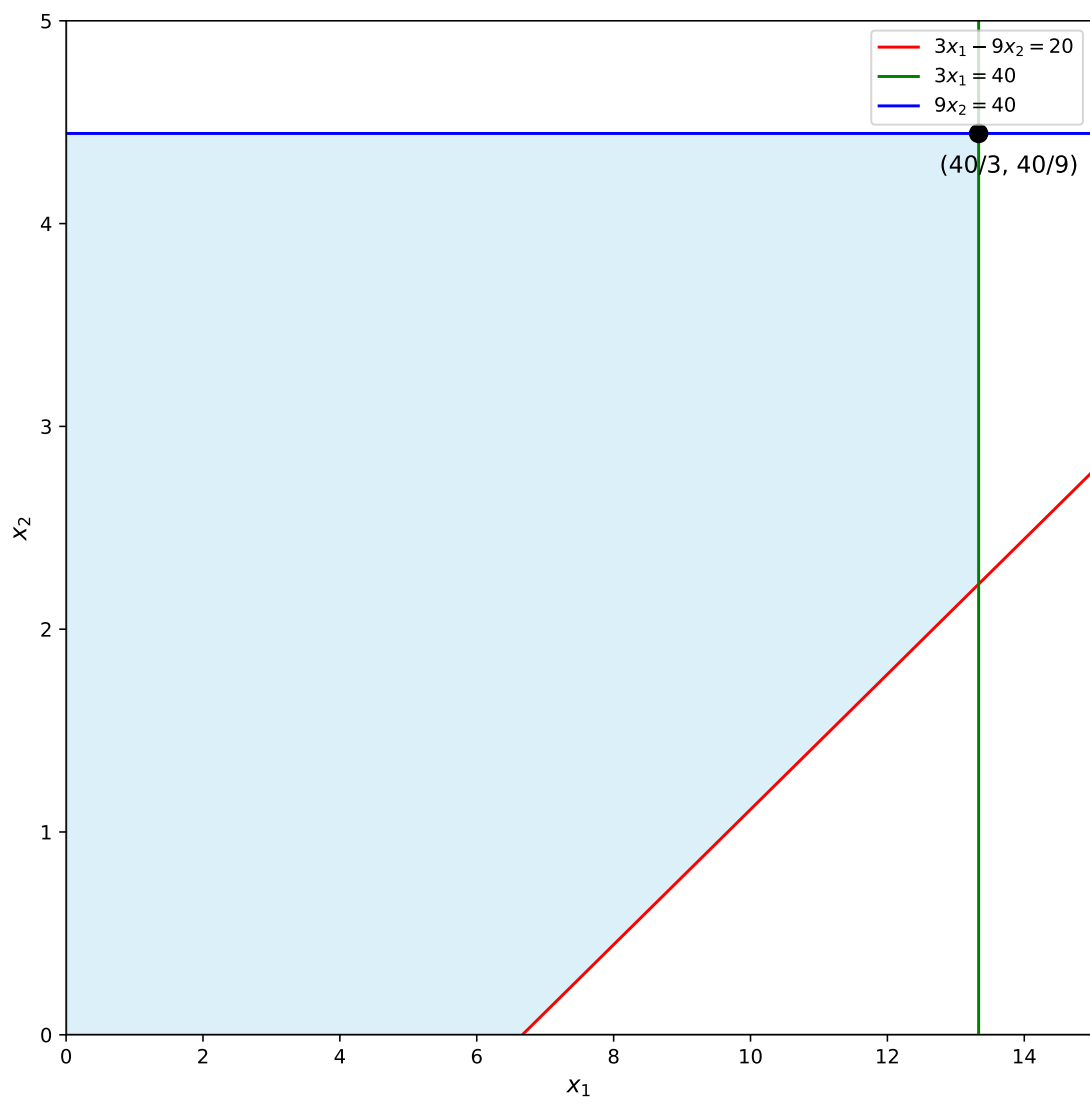
$$\begin{array}{rcl}x_1 & = & \frac{40}{3} - y_1 \\ x_3 & = & 20 + 3y_1 - 9y_2 \\ Z + 2y_1 + 3y_2 & = & 40\end{array}$$

- $\text{bfs}(x_1, x_2, x_3, y_1, y_2): (\frac{40}{3}, \frac{40}{9}, 20, 0, 0)$
- $\text{obj}: = 40$

**c**







## 8.2-7

a

초기 수송표

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	3	7	6	4	5
근원지 2	2	4	3	8	2
근원지 3	4	3	8	5	3
수요	3	3	2	2	

iteration

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	3 ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	7	6	4	2
근원지 2	2	4	3	8	2
근원지 3	4	3	8	5	3
수요	0	3	2	2	

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	3 ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	2 ( $x_{12} = 2$ )	6	4	0
근원지 2	2	4	3	8	2
근원지 3	4	3	8	5	3
수요	0	1	2	2	

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	3 ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	2 ( $x_{12} = 2$ )	6	4	0
근원지 2	2	1 ( $x_{22} = 1$ )	3	8	1
근원지 3	4	3	8	5	3
수요	0	0	2	2	

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	<b>3</b> ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	<b>2</b> ( $x_{12} = 2$ )	6	4	0
근원지 2	2	<b>1</b> ( $x_{22} = 1$ )	<b>1</b> ( $x_{23} = 1$ )	8	0
근원지 3	4	3	8	5	<b>3</b>
수요	0	0	1	<b>2</b>	

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	<b>3</b> ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	<b>2</b> ( $x_{12} = 2$ )	6	4	0
근원지 2	2	<b>1</b> ( $x_{22} = 1$ )	<b>1</b> ( $x_{23} = 1$ )	8	0
근원지 3	4	3	<b>1</b> ( $x_{33} = 1$ )	5	2
수요	0	0	0	<b>2</b>	

	목적지 1	목적지 2	목적지 3	목적지 4	공급
근원지 1	<b>3</b> ( $x_{11} = 3$ )	<b>2</b> ( $x_{12} = 2$ )	6	4	0
근원지 2	2	<b>1</b> ( $x_{22} = 1$ )	<b>1</b> ( $x_{23} = 1$ )	8	0
근원지 3	4	3	<b>1</b> ( $x_{33} = 1$ )	<b>2</b> ( $x_{34} = 2$ )	0
수요	0	0	0	0	

### 초기 기저 가능해

- $x_{11} = 3$  (비용:  $3 \times 3 = 9$ )
- $x_{12} = 2$  (비용:  $7 \times 2 = 14$ )
- $x_{22} = 1$  (비용:  $4 \times 1 = 4$ )
- $x_{23} = 1$  (비용:  $3 \times 1 = 3$ )
- $x_{33} = 1$  (비용:  $8 \times 1 = 8$ )
- $x_{34} = 2$  (비용:  $5 \times 2 = 10$ )
- 다른 모든  $x_{ij} = 0$ .

### 초기해의 총 수송 비용

$$Z = (3 \times 3) + (7 \times 2) + (4 \times 1) + (3 \times 1) + (8 \times 1) + (5 \times 2)$$

$$Z = 9 + 14 + 4 + 3 + 8 + 10 = 48$$

### iteration 1

### 기저 변수

- $u_1 = 0$ 으로 설정.

- $x_{11} : u_1 + v_1 = c_{11} \Rightarrow 0 + v_1 = 3 \Rightarrow v_1 = 3$
- $x_{12} : u_1 + v_2 = c_{12} \Rightarrow 0 + v_2 = 7 \Rightarrow v_2 = 7$
- $x_{22} : u_2 + v_2 = c_{22} \Rightarrow u_2 + 7 = 4 \Rightarrow u_2 = -3$
- $x_{23} : u_2 + v_3 = c_{23} \Rightarrow -3 + v_3 = 3 \Rightarrow v_3 = 6$
- $x_{33} : u_3 + v_3 = c_{33} \Rightarrow u_3 + 6 = 8 \Rightarrow u_3 = 2$
- $x_{34} : u_3 + v_4 = c_{34} \Rightarrow 2 + v_4 = 5 \Rightarrow v_4 = 3$

$\therefore u_1 = 0, u_2 = -3, u_3 = 2, v_1 = 3, v_2 = 7, v_3 = 6, v_4 = 3.$

## 비기저 변수 제약식

- $x_{13} : c_{13} - u_1 - v_3 = 6 - 0 - 6 = 0$
- $x_{14} : c_{14} - u_1 - v_4 = 4 - 0 - 3 = 1$
- $x_{21} : c_{21} - u_2 - v_1 = 2 - (-3) - 3 = 2 - (-3 + 3) = 2$
- $x_{24} : c_{24} - u_2 - v_4 = 8 - (-3) - 3 = 8 - (-3 + 3) = 8$
- $x_{31} : c_{31} - u_3 - v_1 = 4 - 2 - 3 = -1$
- $x_{32} : c_{32} - u_3 - v_2 = 3 - 2 - 7 = -6$
- enter:  $x_{32}$
- 경로:  $x_{32} \rightarrow x_{33} \rightarrow x_{23} \rightarrow x_{22} \rightarrow x_{32}$
- $\theta = \min(x_{33}, x_{22}) = \min(1, 1) = 1.$

할당량

- $x_{32} = 0 + \theta = 1$
- $x_{33} = 1 - \theta = 0$
- $x_{23} = 1 + \theta = 2$
- $x_{22} = 1 - \theta = 0$  (탈락 변수)
- 기저해:  $x_{11} = 3, x_{12} = 2, x_{23} = 2, x_{32} = 1, x_{33} = 0, x_{34} = 2$
- $Z = (3 \times 3) + (7 \times 2) + (3 \times 2) + (3 \times 1) + (8 \times 0) + (5 \times 2) = 42.$

iteration 2

## 기저 변수

- $u_1 = 0$
- $x_{11} : u_1 + v_1 = c_{11} \Rightarrow 0 + v_1 = 3 \Rightarrow v_1 = 3$
- $x_{12} : u_1 + v_2 = c_{12} \Rightarrow 0 + v_2 = 7 \Rightarrow v_2 = 7$



- $x_{32} : u_3 + v_2 = c_{32} \Rightarrow u_3 + 7 = 3 \Rightarrow u_3 = -4$
- $x_{33} : u_3 + v_3 = c_{33} \Rightarrow -4 + v_3 = 8 \Rightarrow v_3 = 12$
- $x_{34} : u_3 + v_4 = c_{34} \Rightarrow -4 + v_4 = 5 \Rightarrow v_4 = 9$
- $x_{23} : u_2 + v_3 = c_{23} \Rightarrow u_2 + 12 = 3 \Rightarrow u_2 = -9$

$\therefore u_1 = 0, u_2 = -9, u_3 = -4, v_1 = 3, v_2 = 7, v_3 = 12, v_4 = 9.$

### 비기저 변수의 제약식

- $x_{13} : k_{13} = c_{13} - u_1 - v_3 = 6 - 0 - 12 = -6$
- $x_{14} : k_{14} = c_{14} - u_1 - v_4 = 4 - 0 - 9 = -5$
- $x_{21} : k_{21} = c_{21} - u_2 - v_1 = 2 - (-9) - 3 = 2 + 9 - 3 = 8$
- $x_{22} : k_{22} = c_{22} - u_2 - v_2 = 4 - (-9) - 7 = 4 + 9 - 7 = 6$
- $x_{24} : k_{24} = c_{24} - u_2 - v_4 = 8 - (-9) - 9 = 8 + 9 - 9 = 8$
- $x_{31} : k_{31} = c_{31} - u_3 - v_1 = 4 - (-4) - 3 = 4 + 4 - 3 = 5$
- enter:  $x_{13}$
- 경로:  $(1, 3) \xrightarrow{+} (3, 3) \xrightarrow{-} (3, 2) \xrightarrow{+} (1, 2) \xrightarrow{-} (1, 3)$
- $\theta = \min(x_{33}, x_{12}) = \min(0, 2) = 0.$

### 할당량

- $x_{13} = 0 + 0 = 0$
- $x_{33} = 0 - 0 = 0$  (탈락 변수)
- $x_{32} = 1 + 0 = 1$
- $x_{12} = 2 - 0 = 2$
- 기저해:  $x_{11} = 3, x_{12} = 2, x_{13} = 0, x_{23} = 2, x_{32} = 1, x_{34} = 2.$
- $Z = (3 \times 3) + (7 \times 2) + (6 \times 0) + (3 \times 2) + (3 \times 1) + (5 \times 2) = 9 + 14 + 0 + 6 + 3 + 10 = 42.$

### iteration 3

### 기저 변수

- $u_1 = 0$  으로 설정
- $x_{11} : u_1 + v_1 = c_{11} \Rightarrow 0 + v_1 = 3 \Rightarrow v_1 = 3$
- $x_{12} : u_1 + v_2 = c_{12} \Rightarrow 0 + v_2 = 7 \Rightarrow v_2 = 7$
- $x_{13} : u_1 + v_3 = c_{13} \Rightarrow 0 + v_3 = 6 \Rightarrow v_3 = 6$

- $x_{23} : u_2 + v_3 = c_{23} \Rightarrow u_2 + 6 = 3 \Rightarrow u_2 = -3$
- $x_{32} : u_3 + v_2 = c_{32} \Rightarrow u_3 + 7 = 3 \Rightarrow u_3 = -4$
- $x_{34} : u_3 + v_4 = c_{34} \Rightarrow -4 + v_4 = 5 \Rightarrow v_4 = 9$

$$\therefore u_1 = 0, u_2 = -3, u_3 = -4, v_1 = 3, v_2 = 7, v_3 = 6, v_4 = 9.$$

### 비기저 변수 제약식

- $x_{14} : k_{14} = c_{14} - u_1 - v_4 = 4 - 0 - 9 = -5$
- $x_{21} : k_{21} = c_{21} - u_2 - v_1 = 2 - (-3) - 3 = 2 + 3 - 3 = 2$
- $x_{22} : k_{22} = c_{22} - u_2 - v_2 = 4 - (-3) - 7 = 4 + 3 - 7 = 0$
- $x_{24} : k_{24} = c_{24} - u_2 - v_4 = 8 - (-3) - 9 = 8 + 3 - 9 = 2$
- $x_{31} : k_{31} = c_{31} - u_3 - v_1 = 4 - (-4) - 3 = 4 + 4 - 3 = 5$
- $x_{33} : k_{33} = c_{33} - u_3 - v_3 = 8 - (-4) - 6 = 8 + 4 - 6 = 6$
- enter:  $x_{14}$
- 경로:  $(1, 4) \xrightarrow{+} (3, 4) \xrightarrow{-} (3, 2) \xrightarrow{+} (1, 2) \xrightarrow{-} (1, 4)$
- $\theta = \min(x_{34}, x_{12}) = \min(2, 2) = 2.$

### 할당량

- $x_{14} = 0 + 2 = 2$
- $x_{34} = 2 - 2 = 0$  (탈락 변수)
- $x_{32} = 1 + 2 = 3$
- $x_{12} = 2 - 2 = 0$
- 기저해:  $x_{11} = 3, x_{12} = 0, x_{13} = 0, x_{14} = 2, x_{23} = 2, x_{32} = 3.$
- $Z = (3 \times 3) + (7 \times 0) + (6 \times 0) + (4 \times 2) + (3 \times 2) + (3 \times 3) = 32$

### iteration 4

### 기저 변수

- $u_1 = 0$  으로 설정.
- $x_{11} : u_1 + v_1 = c_{11} \Rightarrow 0 + v_1 = 3 \Rightarrow v_1 = 3$
- $x_{12} : u_1 + v_2 = c_{12} \Rightarrow 0 + v_2 = 7 \Rightarrow v_2 = 7$
- $x_{13} : u_1 + v_3 = c_{13} \Rightarrow 0 + v_3 = 6 \Rightarrow v_3 = 6$
- $x_{14} : u_1 + v_4 = c_{14} \Rightarrow 0 + v_4 = 4 \Rightarrow v_4 = 4$
- $x_{23} : u_2 + v_3 = c_{23} \Rightarrow u_2 + 6 = 3 \Rightarrow u_2 = -3$

- $x_{32} : u_3 + v_2 = c_{32} \Rightarrow u_3 + 7 = 3 \Rightarrow u_3 = -4$

$\therefore u_1 = 0, u_2 = -3, u_3 = -4, v_1 = 3, v_2 = 7, v_3 = 6, v_4 = 4.$

### 비기저 변수 제약식

- $x_{21} : k_{21} = c_{21} - u_2 - v_1 = 2 - (-3) - 3 = 2$

- $x_{22} : k_{22} = c_{22} - u_2 - v_2 = 4 - (-3) - 7 = 0$

- $x_{24} : k_{24} = c_{24} - u_2 - v_4 = 8 - (-3) - 4 = 7$

- $x_{31} : k_{31} = c_{31} - u_3 - v_1 = 4 - (-4) - 3 = 5$

- $x_{33} : k_{33} = c_{33} - u_3 - v_3 = 8 - (-4) - 6 = 6$

- $x_{34} : k_{34} = c_{34} - u_3 - v_4 = 5 - (-4) - 4 = 5$

모든  $k_{ij} \geq 0$  이므로, 현재 해가 최적.

- $x_{11} = 3$

- $x_{12} = 0$

- $x_{13} = 0$

- $x_{14} = 2$

- $x_{23} = 2$

- $x_{32} = 3$

- 다른 모든  $x_{ij} = 0.$

$Z = 9 + 8 + 6 + 9 = 32.$

## 8.4-5

피할당인	과업 1	과업 2	과업 3	과업 4
<b>A</b>	4	1	0	1
<b>B</b>	1	3	4	0
<b>C</b>	3	2	1	3
<b>D</b>	2	2	3	0

피할당인	과업 1	과업 2	과업 3	과업 4
<b>A</b>	4	1	0	1
<b>B</b>	1	3	4	0
<b>C</b>	2	1	0	2
<b>D</b>	2	2	3	0

피할당인	과업 1	과업 2	과업 3	과업 4
<b>A</b>	3	0	0	1
<b>B</b>	0	2	4	0
<b>C</b>	1	0	0	2
<b>D</b>	1	1	3	0

**최적 할당 및 총비용:**

- A -> 과업 2
- B -> 과업 1
- C -> 과업 3
- D -> 과업 4

$$Z = 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 3$$