

COMP1891- Week 1 Tutorial/Lab

Task sheet

The aim of this tutorial is to familiarise with the development environment (Notebook in Google Colab /Jupyter Notebook) that will be utilised in the subsequent weeks for programming and executing the Python code.

Task 1:

Using the Notebook, execute the following expressions. Which ones, if any, produce a runtime error?

1. `10 / 3 + 7`
2. `10 // 3 + 7`
3. `10 / (3 + 7)`
4. `10 / 3 - 3`
5. `10 / (3 - 3)`
6. `10 // (3 - 3)`

Task 2:

Create the variables `x = 5` and `y = 7`, then determine what each of the following statements displays:

1. `print('x =', x)`
2. `print('Value of', x, '+', x, 'is', (x + x))`
3. `print('x =')`
4. `print((x + y), '=', (y + x))`

Task 3:

Sarah wants to distribute 38 pens among her 4 friends. All friends should receive an equal amount of pens. Write a script that can determine if this is possible.

Task 4:

Add comments or markdown cell in the Notebook to explain each line of code below. What is the output of this code?

```
total = 0
grade_counter = 0
grades = [98, 76, 71, 87, 83, 90, 57, 79, 82, 94]

for grade in grades:
    total += grade
    grade_counter += 1
```

```
average = total / grade_counter
print(f'Class average is {average}')
```

Task 5:

In task 4 import *statistics* module and calculate the *mean*, *median* and *mode* of the grades.

Hint: mean is a method in statistics module that can be called using the period (.) operator.

Task 6:

What is the output of the following code if the inputs for value1, value2, value3 in function call to maximum function are provided as

1. 12, 27, 36
2. 12.3, 45.6, 9.7
3. 'yellow', 'red', 'orange'

```
def maximum(value1, value2, value3):
    """Return the maximum of three values."""
    max_value = value1
    if value2 > max_value:
        max_value = value2
    if value3 > max_value:
        max_value = value3
    return max_value
```

Task 7:

For the look and feel of Python libraries' functionality, write and execute the code below. Your output should be a pie chart. Experiment with different *seed* values.

```
: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

: np.random.seed(19680801)

: # Compute pie slices
N = 20
T = np.linspace(0.0, 2 * np.pi, N, endpoint=False)
radii = 10 * np.random.rand(N)
width = np.pi / 4 * np.random.rand(N)

: colors = plt.cm.viridis(radii / 10.)

: ax = plt.subplot(111, projection='polar')
ax.bar(T, radii, width=width, bottom=0.0, color=colors, alpha=0.5)
```

Task 8:

Search and experiment with different types of Markdown settings in the Notebook for better look and feel of the text cells.