

Intervals

need sort the first — merge interval

or second one — remove overlapping

overlap need update the interval. using vector

using sort lambda function `sort(intervals.begin(), intervals.end(), [](vector<int> a, vector<int> b { return a[1] < a[2];})`;

57. Insert Interval

```
vector<vector<int>> insert(vector<int>& intervals, vector<int>& newInterval) {
    //sorted based on intervals.start..
    // compare the intervals.end < newInterval.start push to res
    // intervals.end > newInterval.start min(newInterval.start, intervals.start)
    // max(newInterval.end, intervals.end)
    // label newInterval insert;
    vector<vector<int>> insert(vector<vector<int>>& intervals, vector<int>& newInterval) {
        vector<vector<int>> res;
        bool ins = false;
        for (auto& interval : intervals) {
            if (interval[1] < newInterval[0]) res.push_back(interval);
            if (interval[0] > newInterval[1]) {
                if (!ins){
                    res.push_back(newInterval);
                    ins = true;
                }
                res.push_back(interval);
            }

            if (interval[1] >= newInterval[0]) {
                newInterval[0] = min(interval[0], newInterval[0]);
                newInterval[1] = max(interval[1], newInterval[1]);
            }
        }
        if (!ins) res.push_back(newInterval);
        return res;
    }
}
```

435. Non-overlapping Intervals

```
435. Non-overlapping Intervals
int eraseOverlapIntervals(vector<vector<int>>& intervals) {
    sort(intervals.begin(), intervals.end(), [](vector<int>& a, vector<int>& b) {return a[1] < b[1];});
    int eraseN = 0;
    int end1 = intervals[0][1];
    for (int i = 1; i < intervals.size(); ++i) {
        vector<int> interval = intervals[i];
        if (interval[0] < end1)
            eraseN++;
        else
            end1 = interval[1];
    }
    return eraseN;
}
```

252. Meeting Rooms

Given an array of meeting time intervals consisting of start and end times `[[s1,e1],[s2,e2],...]` ($s_i < e_i$), determine if a person could attend all meetings.

```
//Check are there any overlapping interval in the meeting schedual
//sort last then check
#include<vector>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;

/*Definition of Interval:
 * class Interval {
 * public:
 *     int start, end;
 *     Interval(int start, int end) {
 *         this->start = start;
 *         this->end = end;
 *     }
 * }
 */

bool isAttendMeeting(vector<vector<int>> intervals) {
    sort( intervals.begin(), intervals.end(), [](vector<int> &a, vector<int> &b){
return a[1] < b[1]; });
    int endT = intervals[0][1];
    for (int i = 1; i < intervals.size(); ++i) {
        if (intervals[i][0] < endT) return false;
        endT = interval[i][1];
    }
    return true;
}
```

56. Merge Intervals

```
vector<vector<int>> merge(vector<vector<int>>& intervals) {
    //sorting
    //lambda function

    sort(intervals.begin(), intervals.end(), [](vector<int> &a, vector<int> &b)
        { return a[0] < b[0];
        });
    vector<vector<int>> res;
    res.push_back(intervals[0]);
    for (int i = 1; i < intervals.size(); ++i) {
        vector<int> interval = intervals[i];
        if (res.back()[1] >= interval[0])
            res.back()[1] = max(res.back()[1], interval[1]);
        else
            res.push_back(interval);
    }

    return res;
}
```