

Task 1.

I took an example of RSA encryption(simplified) and how the ciphertext can be different based on if it's calculated as int or as a floating point. From the python code I provided it can be seen that there is a difference between the results. When we are dealing with small numbers it might be negligible or nonexistent, but in the example given by me where I implement RSA, the difference is quite big since we are dealing with very big numbers.

Task 2.

In this task I took an example of $\sin x$ at $x = \pi/4$ and calculated the exact derivative as well as forward, backward and central difference. I started at $h = 0.1$ and gradually reduced it. From the graphs we can see that at 10^{-8} the error starts to increase as the h decreases.



