

Data Structures and Algorithms

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codeforces.com/profile/Mohamed_Ayman



Mohamed Ayman

Experience



- Valeo
 - Deep Learning Researcher
 - Algorithm Software Engineer

[2019-Present]



- The American University in Cairo (AUC)
 - Research Assistant
 - Teaching Assistant

[2019-Present]



- ICPC - International Collegiate Programming Contest
 - Coach at ACPC Africa and Arab Collegiate Programming Contest
 - Mentor at ACPC Africa and Arab Collegiate Programming Contest

[2016-Present]



Cairo University

Education

- MSc in Deep Learning, Cairo University
- BSc in Computer Science, Cairo University

[2018-2021]

[2013-2017]



Data Structures and Algorithms Training



Lecture Agenda

We will discuss in this lecture
the following topics

- 1- Data Structures and Algorithms Features
 - 2- Data Structures and Algorithms Content
 - 3- Practice on Online Judges
 - 4- Programming Competitions
 - 5- Tutorials and References
 - 6- Online Courses
-



Let's
STARTUP

Lecture Agenda



Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features

Section 2: Data Structures and Algorithms Content

Section 3: Practice on Online Judges

Section 4: Programming Competitions

Section 5: Tutorials and References

Section 6: Online Courses



Data Structures and Algorithms Features



- **Data structure is a way to store and organize data** in order to support efficient insertions, queries, searches, updates, and deletions. Although a data structure in itself does not solve the given programming problem, the algorithm operating on it does, using the most efficient data structure for the given problem may be a difference between passing or exceeding the problem's time limit. There are many ways to organize the same data and sometimes one way is better than the other on different context.
- **Algorithms is the current term of choice for a problem-solving procedure**, algorithm, is commonly used nowadays for the set of rules a machine (and especially a computer) follows to achieve a particular goal. It does not always apply to computer-mediated activity, however. Algorithm is often paired with words specifying the activity for which a set of rules have been designed.
- **Characteristics of Data Structures and Algorithms:**
 - 1 - Correctness: Data structures and Algorithms implementation should implement its interface correctly.
 - 2 - Time Complexity: Running time or the execution time of operations must be as small as possible.
 - 3 - Space Complexity: Memory usage of a data structure operation should be as little as possible.

Data Structures and Algorithms Features



➤ **Why we need data structures and algorithms?** there are several advantages of using them, few of them are as follows:

1. **Data Organization:** We need a proper way of organizing the data so that it can be accessed efficiently when we need that particular data. DS provides different ways of data organization so we have options to store the data in different data structures based on the requirement.

2. **Efficiency:** The main reason we organize the data is to improve the efficiency. We can store the data in arrays then why do we need linked lists and other data structures? because when we need to perform several operations such as add, delete, update and search on arrays, it takes more time in arrays than some of the other data structures. So the fact that we are interested in other data structures is because of the efficiency.

➤ **Time Complexity:** It is a way to represent the amount of time required by the program to run till its completion. It's generally a good practice to try to keep the time required minimum, so that our algorithm completes its execution in the minimum time possible. We will study about Time Complexity in details in later sections.

➤ **Space Complexity:** It's the amount of memory space required by the algorithm, during the course of its execution. Space complexity must be taken seriously for multi-user systems and in situations where limited memory is available.

Data Structures and Algorithms Features



Data Structures and Algorithms Features



Lecture Agenda



✓ Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features

Section 2: Data Structures and Algorithms Content

Section 3: Practice on Online Judges

Section 4: Programming Competitions

Section 5: Tutorials and References

Section 6: Online Courses



Data Structures Content



Part 1: Linear Data Structures

Lecture 1: Complexity Analysis & Recursion

Lecture 2: Array

Lecture 3: Linked List

Lecture 4: Stack

Lecture 5: Queue

Lecture 6: Deque

Lecture 7: Built-in Linear Data Structures

Part 2: Non-Linear Data Structures

Lecture 8: Binary Tree

Lecture 9: Binary Search Tree

Lecture 10: Self Balancing BST (AVL Tree)

Lecture 11: Self Balancing BST (Red Black Tree)

Lecture 12: Binary Heap Tree

Lecture 13: Hash Table

Lecture 14: Built-in Non Linear Data Structures

Data Structures Content



Part 3: Advanced Data Structures

Lecture 15: Disjoint Set

Lecture 16: Skip List

Lecture 17: Trie

Lecture 18: Segment Tree

Lecture 19: Binary Indexed Tree (Fenwick Tree)

Lecture 20: Treap (Randomized Binary Search Tree)

Lecture 21: Splay Tree

Part 4: Advanced Data Structures

Lecture 22: AA Tree

Lecture 23: K-Dimensional Tree

Lecture 24: B/B+ Tree

Lecture 25: Sparse Table

Lecture 26: Suffix Array

Lecture 27: Suffix Tree

Lecture 28: Advanced Trees

Hands-on Projects & Assignments & Practices



Data Structures Projects (4 Projects)

- | | |
|--|---|
| Project 1: Mathematical Equations Calculator | (linear data structures application) |
| Project 2: Mobile Contacts Indexing | (linear & non-linear data structures application) |
| Project 3: Big Families | (non-linear data structures application) |
| Project 4: University Friends | (non-linear data structures application) |

Data Structures Assignments (10 Assignment)

- After each lecture we have an assignment (Implementing & Testing the Data Structures on each Lecture)

Data Structures Practices (30+ Practice Problems) on each Lecture.

Algorithms Content



Part 1: Basic Algorithms

Lecture 1: Analysis of Algorithms

- Analysis Methods in Time & Space Complexity
- Master theorem - Substitution method
- Recursion tree method

Lecture 2, 3: Sorting Algorithms

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| - Selection Sort | - Insertion Sort |
| - Bubble Sort | - Shell Sort |
| - Merge Sort | - Quick Sort |
| - Heap Sort | - Count Sort |
| - Bitonic Sort | - Radix Sort |
| - Bucket Sort | - Pigeonhole Sort |
| - Tim Sort | - Cartesian Tree Sort |

Lecture 4, 5: Searching Algorithms

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| - Linear Search | - Binary Search |
| - Ternary Search | - Jump Search |
| - Exponential Search | - Sublist Search |
| - Fibonacci Search | - Interpolation Search |

Lecture 6: Divide and Conquer Algorithms

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| - Binary Search | - Merge & Quick Sort |
| - Fast Power | - Closest Pair of Points |
| - Count Inversions | - Multiply Two Polynomials |
| - Strassen's Matrix Multiplication | |
| - Karatsuba Algorithm for Fast Multiplication | |

Algorithms Content



Part 2: Graph Algorithms

Lecture 7, 8, 9, 10: Graph Algorithms

- Graph Traversal
- Topological Sort
- Connectivity
- Lowest Common Ancestor
- Single source shortest paths
- All pairs shortest paths
- Dijkstra
- Spanning trees
- Minimum Spanning Tree
- Matching
- Cycles
- Backtracking
- Maximum Flow
- Floyd Warshall
- Bellman Ford
- Kirchhoff Theorem
- Prim & Kruskal

Lecture 11, 12: Greedy Algorithms

- Standard Greedy Algorithms
- Greedy Algorithms in Graph
- Greedy Algorithms in Arrays
- Greedy Algorithms in Operating Systems

Algorithms Content



Part 3: Mathematical Algorithms

Lecture 13, 14: Mathematical Algorithms

- Greatest Common Divisor (GCD)
- Latest Common Multiple (LCM)
- Prime Factorization and Divisors
- Chinese Remainder Theorem
- Sieve Algorithm
- Modular Arithmetic
- Euler Totient Function
- Number Theory
- nCr Computations
- Series

Lecture 15, 16: Geometric Algorithms

- Lines
- Polygon
- Circle
- Quickhull
- Triangle
- Rectangle
- Square
- Convex Hull
- Quadrilateral
- 3D Objects
- Plane Sweep
- Voronoi diagrams
- Delaunay triangulations

Lecture 17, 18, 19, 20: Computer Graphics Algorithms

- Line Generation Algorithm
- Circle Generation Algorithm
- Polygon Filling Algorithm
- Viewing & Clipping Algorithm
- 2D Transformation
- 3D Transformation
- Projection from 3D to 2D
- Computer Graphics Curves
- Computer Graphics Surfaces
- Visible Surface Detection
- Computer Graphics Fractals

Algorithms Content



Part 4: Dynamic Programming

Lecture 21: Bitwise Algorithms

- Bit Manipulation
- Bitmasks Algorithm
- Bit Stuffing in Computer Networks
- Error Detection in Computer Networks

Lecture 22, 23, 24: Dynamic Programming

- Overlapping Sub-problems Property
- Optimal Sub-structure Property
- Tabulation vs Memoization
- Bitmasking & Dynamic Programming

Lecture 25, 26: Randomized Algorithms

- Randomized Quick Sort
- Monte Carlo Algorithms
- Las Vegas Algorithms
- Atlantic City Algorithms
- Computational Complexity

Part 5: String Algorithms

Lecture 27: String Algorithms

- Anagram
- Palindrome
- Binary String
- Subsequence
- Pattern Searching

Lecture 30, 31, 32: Pattern Searching Algorithms

- Naïve Pattern Searching
- KMP Algorithm
- Rabin-Karp Algorithm
- Finite Automata
- Boyer Moore Algorithm
- Z Algorithm
- Aho-Corasick Algorithm
- Kasai's Algorithm
- Anagram Substring Search
- Pattern Searching using a Trie of all Suffixes

Lecture 28, 29: String Compression Algorithms

- Lempel-Ziv Compression (LZ77 & LZ78)
- Lempel-Ziv-Markov Chain Algorithm (LZMA)
- Lempel-Ziv-Oberhumer (LZO)
- Lempel-Ziv-Storer-Szymanski (LZSS)
- Lempel-Ziv-Welch (LZW)
- Lempel-Ziv Finite State Entropy (LZFSE)
- Standard Huffman Coding Algorithm
- Modified Huffman Coding Algorithm
- Adaptive Huffman Coding Algorithm
- Arithmetic Coding (Float & Binary)

Hands-on Projects & Assignments & Practices



Algorithms Projects (6 Projects)

Project 1: Dictionary Sorting Simulator

(sorting application)

Project 2: Dictionary Searching Simulator

(searching application)

Project 3: Advanced Mathematical Calculator

(mathematical application)

Project 4: Advanced Geometric Simulator

(geometric application)

Project 5: Advanced Computer Graphics Generator

(computer graphics application)

Project 6: Advanced Computer Graphics Simulator

(computer graphics application)

Algorithms Assignments (8 Assignment)

- After each lecture we have an assignment (Implementing & Testing the Algorithms on each Lecture)

Algorithms Practices (30+ Practice Problems) on each Lecture.

Lecture Agenda



✓ Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features

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Practice on Online Judges



codeforces.com



hackerearth.com



hackerrank.com



topcoder.com



atcoder.jp



onlinejudge.org

Codeforces Online Judge

Codeforces is a website that hosts competitive programming contests. It is maintained by a group of competitive programmers from ITMO University led by Mikhail Mirzayanov.



Codeforces Online Judge



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| # | Name | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|
| 1294F | Three Paths on a Tree | dfs and similar, dp, trees | | | 2100 x1488 |
| 1294E | Obtain a Permutation | greedy, implementation, math | | | 2000 x1886 |
| 1294D | MEX maximizing | data structures, math | | | 1600 x4272 |
| 1294C | Product of Three Numbers | greedy, math, number theory | | | 1300 x8603 |
| 1294B | Collecting Packages | implementation, sortings | | | 1200 x9042 |
| 1294A | Collecting Coins | math | | | 900 x12769 |
| 1293B | JOE is on TV! | combinatorics, greedy, math | | | 1000 x9324 |
| 1293A | ConneR and the A.R.C. Markland-N | binary search, brute force, implementation | | | 1100 x8075 |
| 1292F | Nora's Toy Boxes | bitmasks, combinatorics, dp | | | 3400 x24 |

→ Pay attention

Before contest
[Educational Codeforces Round 81](#)
(Rated for Div. 2)
3 days

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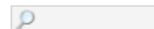


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Current or upcoming contests

| Name | Writers | Start | Length | | |
|---|----------|--|---------|--|---|
| Microsoft Q# Coding Contest - Winter 2019 Enter >> | Nickolas | Mar/01/2019 19:00UTC+2 | 3:00:00 | Current standings Running 47:16:49 | Register >> x4882 Until closing 47:16:49 |
| Codeforces Round #543 (Div. 1, based on Technocup 2019 Final Round) | | Mar/03/2019 17:35UTC+2 | 02:00 | Before start 21:51:49 | Register >> x93 Until closing 21:46:49 *has extra registration |
| Codeforces Round #543 (Div. 2, based on Technocup 2019 Final Round) | | Mar/03/2019 17:35UTC+2 | 02:00 | Before start 21:51:49 | Register >> x667 Until closing 21:46:49 *has extra registration |

→ Pay attention

Before contest
[Codeforces Round #543 \(Div. 1, based on Technocup 2019 Final Round\)](#)
21:51:49
[Register now >>](#)
*has extra registration



Register in Previous Contest



You Can Compete in Previous Contests

Contest history

Past contests

| Name | Writers | Start | Length | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Codeforces Round #542 [Alex Lopashev Thanks-Round] (Div. 1) Enter » Virtual participation » | top34051 zoomswk | Feb/24/2019 17:35 ^{UTC+2} | 02:00 | Final standings | x793 |
| Codeforces Round #542 [Alex Lopashev Thanks-Round] (Div. 2) Enter » Virtual participation » | MikeMirzayanov top34051 zoomswk | Feb/24/2019 17:35 ^{UTC+2} | 02:00 | Final standings | x7221 |
| Codeforces Round #541 (Div. 2) Enter » Virtual participation » | MikeMirzayanov Sehnsucht Sender V--gLaSsH0ldEr593--V VFeafanov _kun_ ch_egor grphil voidmax | Feb/23/2019 12:20 ^{UTC+2} | 02:00 | Final standings | x8568 |



AtCoder - Online Judge



Home Contest Ranking

English Mohamed_Ayman

Contest

Permanent Contests

Contest Name

• practice contest

Upcoming Contests

Start Time

Contest Name

5/30(Sat) 14:00

• NOMURA Programming Competition 2020

Recent Contests

Start Time

Contest Name

4/26(Sun) 14:00

• AtCoder Beginner Contest 164

4/19(Sun) 14:00

• AtCoder Beginner Contest 163

4/12(Sun) 14:00

• AtCoder Beginner Contest 162

4/4(Sat) 14:00

• AtCoder Beginner Contest 161

[Detail]

Information

How to get an account / participate in contests?

AtCoder's Contest Format

AtCoder's Testcases - AtCoder's Rating System - AtCoder Race Ranking

AtCoder Beginner Contest 164 Announcement posted: about 17 hours ago

We will hold AtCoder Beginner Contest 164.

- Contest URL: <https://atcoder.jp/contests/abc164>
- Start Time: <http://www.timeanddate.com/worldclock/fixedtime.html?iso=20200426T2100&p1=248>
- Duration: TBD (around 2 hours)
- Number of Tasks: 6
- Writer: [kyopro_friends](#), [Kmcode](#), [latte0119](#), [tozangezan](#), [ynymxiaolongbao](#), [wo01](#)
- Rated range: ~ 1999

The point values will be 100-200-300-400-500-600.


We are looking forward to your participation!

last update: about 17 hours ago



AtCoder - Online Judge



 **AtCoder Beginner Contest 164** English Mohamed_Ayman (Guest)

Contest Duration: 2020-04-26(Sun) 14:00 ~ 2020-04-26(Sun) 15:40 (local time) (100 minutes) [Back to Home](#)

[Top](#) [Tasks](#) [Clarifications](#) [Submit](#) [Results](#) [Standings](#) [Virtual Standings](#) [Custom Test](#) [Editorial](#) [Discuss](#)

AtCoder Beginner Contest 164

Virtual Participation

Can Participate: All Rated Range: ~ 1999 Penalty: 5 minutes

Contest Information

- Duration: 100 minutes
- Rated Range: 0 - 1999

Point Values

| Task | Score |
|------|-------|
| A | 100 |
| B | 200 |
| C | 300 |
| D | 400 |
| E | 500 |
| F | 600 |



AtCoder - Online Judge



Contest Rules

This contest is full-feedback (solutions are judged during the contest).

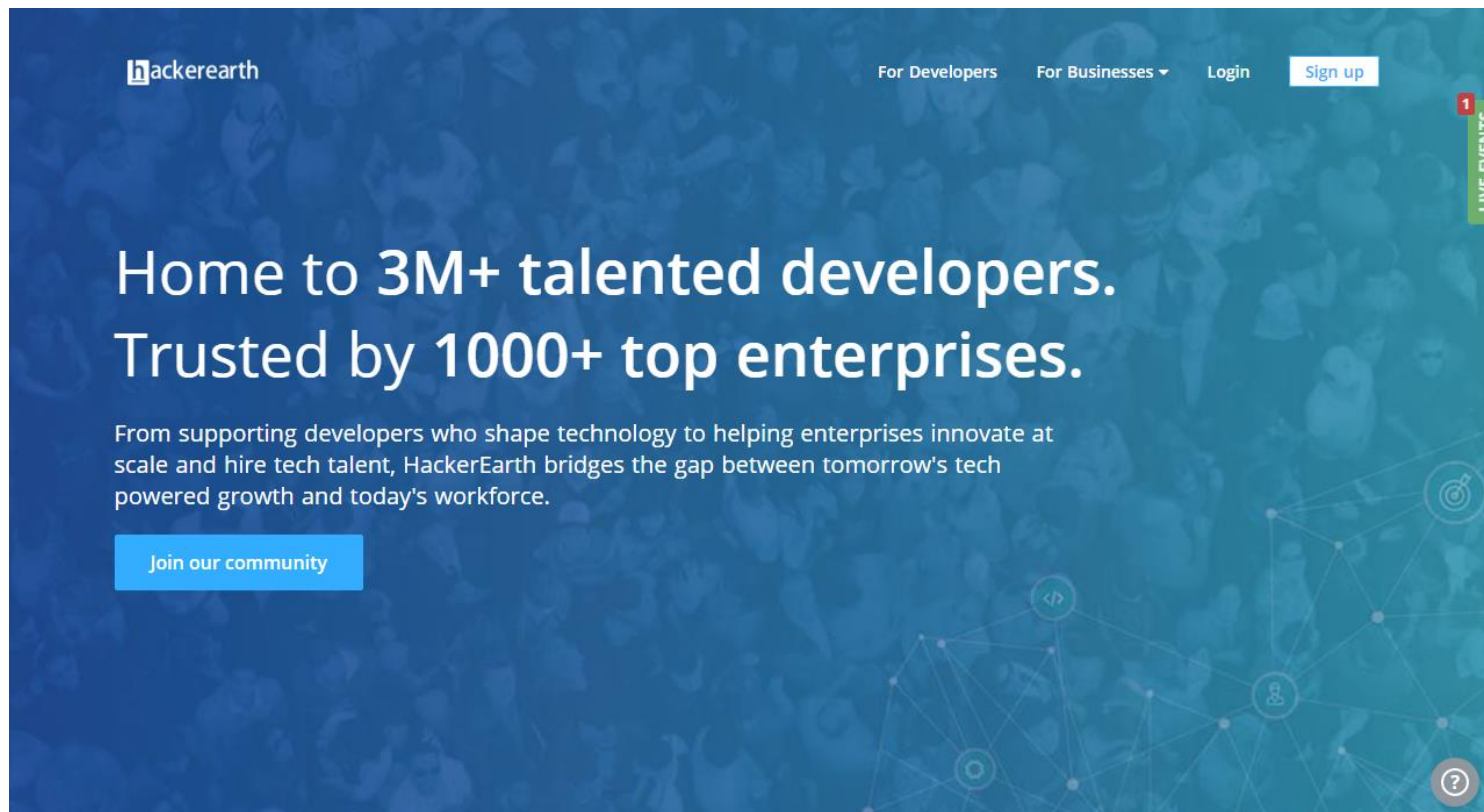
When you solve a problem, you get a score assigned to it. Competitors are ranked first by total scores, then by penalties. The penalties are computed as (the time you spend to get your current score) + (5 minutes) * (the number of incorrect attempts).

Useful Links

- [AtCoder top page](#)
- [How to participate](#)
- [Practice contest](#)




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**Start online programming**

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**Code Monk**

Be better at programming, one step at a time

**Basic Programming**

Input/Output, Complexity Analysis, Implementation, etc.

THIS WEEK'S LEADER

Mayank Chaudhary

POINTS

782.9

**Data Structures**

Arrays, Stacks, Queues, etc.

THIS WEEK'S LEADER

Suraj Jha

POINTS

406.1

**Algorithms**

Searching, Sorting, Greedy Algorithms, etc.

THIS WEEK'S LEADER

DARK_SHADOW

POINTS

500.3

**Math**

Number Theory, Combinatorics, Geometry

THIS WEEK'S LEADER

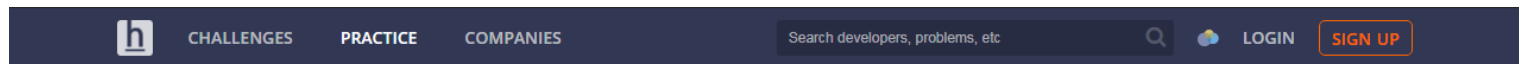
Satyam Kumar

POINTS

330.0



HackerEarth - Online Judge



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LIVE EVENTS

[All Tracks](#) > [Basic Programming](#) > [Input/Output](#) > Basics of Input/Output



Basic Programming

Solve any problem to achieve a rank
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Input/Output ▾

Complexity Analysis ▾

Implementation ▾

Operators ▾

Bit Manipulation ▾

Recursion ▾

Basics of Input/Output

TUTORIAL PROBLEMS

The very first step of getting started with online judge is to understand:

- How to read input data?
- How to output the answer?

At HackerEarth, input data is read from [standard input](#) stream (STDIN) and results are printed to [standard output](#) stream (STDOUT). Most of the questions will deal with either integers or strings.

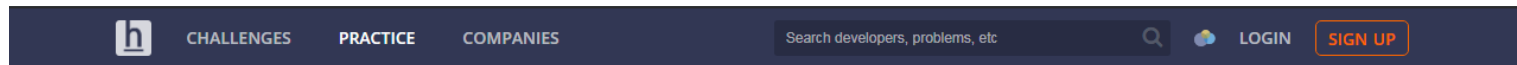
An example C code to read an integer from STDIN and printing it out to STDOUT is shown below.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n); //read input integer from STDIN
    printf("%d",n); //print output integer to STDOUT
    return 0;
}
```

Sample code snippet to read integer for all other languages are given in the code editor below.



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LIVE EVENTS

[All Tracks](#) > [Math](#) > [Number Theory](#) > Basic Number Theory-1



Math

Solve any problem to achieve a rank
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Number Theory

Combinatorics

Geometry

Basic Number Theory-1

[TUTORIAL](#) [PROBLEMS](#)

Introduction

This article discusses topics that are frequently used to solve programming problems based on math. It includes the following topics:

1. Modular arithmetic
2. Modular exponentiation
3. Greatest Common Divisor (GCD)
4. Extended Euclidean algorithm
5. Modular multiplicative inverse

1. Modular arithmetic

When one number is divided by another, the modulo operation finds the remainder. It is denoted by the % symbol.

Example

Assume that you have two numbers 5 and 2. $5\%2$ is 1 because when 5 is divided by 2, the remainder is 1.

Properties



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LIVE EVENTS

All Tracks > Data Structures > Arrays > 1-D



Data Structures

Solve any problem to achieve a rank
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Arrays ▾

Stacks ▾

Queues ▾

Hash Tables ▾

Linked List ▾

Trees ▾

Advanced Data Structures ▾

Disjoint Data Structures ▾

1-D

TUTORIAL PROBLEMS

An array is a sequential collection of elements of same data type and stores data elements in a continuous memory location. The elements of an array are accessed by using an index. The index of an array of size N can range from 0 to $N - 1$. For example, if your array size is 5 , then your index will range from 0 to 4 ($5-1$). Each element of an array can be accessed by using `arr[index]`.

Consider following array. The size of this array is 5 . If you want to access 12 , then you can access it by using `arr[1]` i.e. 12 .

| | | | | | |
|--------------|---|----|---|----|---|
| <i>arr</i> | 4 | 12 | 7 | 15 | 9 |
| <i>index</i> | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

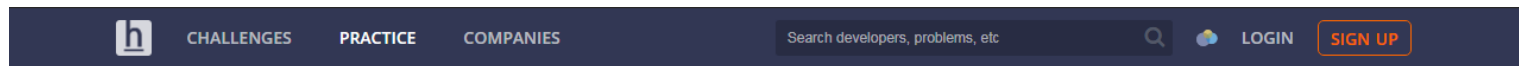
Array declaration

Declaring an array is language-specific.

For example, in C/C++, to declare an array, you must specify, the following:



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LIVE EVENTS

All Tracks > Algorithms > Searching > Linear Search



Algorithms

Solve any problem to achieve a rank
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Searching

Sorting

Greedy Algorithms

Graphs

String Algorithms

Dynamic Programming

Linear Search

TUTORIAL PROBLEMS

Linear search is used on a collections of items. It relies on the technique of traversing a list from start to end by exploring properties of all the elements that are found on the way.

For example, consider an array of integers of size N . You should find and print the position of all the elements with value x . Here, the linear search is based on the idea of matching each element from the beginning of the list to the end of the list with the integer x , and then printing the position of the element if the condition is 'True'.

Implementation:

The pseudo code for this example is as follows :

```
for(start to end of array)
{
    if (current_element equals to 5)
    {
        print (current_index);
    }
}
```

For example, consider the following image:



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PROBLEM SOLVING

Algorithms

Data Structures

Mathematics

LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

C

C++

Java

Python

Ruby

Linux Shell

Functional Programming

SPECIALIZED SKILLS

Artificial Intelligence

SQL

Databases

Distributed Systems

Regex

Security



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Practice > Functional Programming

Functional Programming

| | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Solve Me First FP <small>Easy, Max Score: 3, Success Rate: 98.79%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Hello World <small>Easy, Max Score: 5, Success Rate: 95.91%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Hello World N Times <small>Easy, Max Score: 5, Success Rate: 96.48%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| List Replication <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 97.88%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Filter Array <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 99.26%,</small> | Solve Challenge |

STATUS

☐ Solved

☐ Unsolved

DIFFICULTY

☐ Easy

☐ Medium

☐ Hard

SUBDOMAINS

☐ Introduction

☐ Recursion

☐ Functional Structures

☐ Memoization and DP

☐ Persistent Structures

☐ Ad Hoc

☐ Parsers

☐ Interpreter and Compilers



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Practice > Mathematics

Mathematics

Find the Point

Easy, Max Score: 5, Success Rate: 90.97%,

[Solve Challenge](#)

Maximum Draws

Easy, Max Score: 5, Success Rate: 96.46%,

[Solve Challenge](#)

Handshake

Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 94.09%,

[Solve Challenge](#)

Minimum Height Triangle

Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 92.15%,

[Solve Challenge](#)

Army Game

Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 85.78%,

[Solve Challenge](#)

STATUS

- ☐ Solved
- ☐ Unsolved

DIFFICULTY

- ☐ Easy
- ☐ Medium
- ☐ Hard


SUBDOMAINS

- ☐ Fundamentals
- ☐ Number Theory
- ☐ Combinatorics
- ☐ Algebra
- ☐ Geometry
- ☐ Probability
- ☐ Linear Algebra Foundations



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Practice > Data Structures

Data Structures

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Arrays - DS <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 93.96%</small> | Solve Challenge |
| 2D Array - DS <small>Easy, Max Score: 15, Success Rate: 90.70%</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Dynamic Array <small>Easy, Max Score: 15, Success Rate: 83.13%</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Left Rotation <small>Easy, Max Score: 20, Success Rate: 87.15%</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Sparse Arrays <small>Medium, Max Score: 25, Success Rate: 96.68%</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Array Manipulation <small>Hard, Max Score: 60, Success Rate: 51.22%</small> | Solve Challenge |

STATUS
☐ Solved
☐ Unsolved

DIFFICULTY
☐ Easy
☐ Medium
☐ Hard

SUBDOMAINS
☐ Arrays
☐ Linked Lists
☐ Trees
☐ Balanced Trees
☐ Stacks
☐ Queues
☐ Heap
☐ Disjoint Set
☐ Multiple Choice
☐ Trie
☐ Advanced



HackerRank - Online Judge



Practice > Algorithms

Algorithms

| | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Solve Me First <small>Easy, Max Score: 1, Success Rate: 98.14%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Simple Array Sum <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 94.53%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Compare the Triplets <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 94.01%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| A Very Big Sum <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 98.61%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Diagonal Difference <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 95.86%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Plus Minus <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 98.12%,</small> | Solve Challenge |
| Staircase <small>Easy, Max Score: 10, Success Rate: 98.12%,</small> | Solve Challenge |

STATUS

☐ Solved

☐ Unsolved

DIFFICULTY

☐ Easy

☐ Medium

☐ Hard

SUBDOMAINS

☐ Warmup

☐ Implementation

☐ Strings

☐ Sorting

☐ Search

☐ Graph Theory

☐ Greedy

☐ Dynamic Programming

☐ Constructive Algorithms

☐ Bit Manipulation

☐ Recursion

☐ Game Theory

☐ NP Complete

☐ Debugging



Lecture Agenda



✓ Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features

✓ Section 2: Data Structures and Algorithms Content

✓ Section 3: Practice on Online Judges

Section 4: Programming Competitions

Section 5: Tutorials and References

Section 6: Online Courses



Programming Competitions



Google Competitions



code jam



hash code



kick start

Google Competitions - Code Jam



code jam WHAT LANGUAGE
print "hello, world!" DO YOU SPEAK?

Google Competitions - Code Jam



- Code Jam - Practice Session March
- Code Jam - Qualification Round March
- Code Jam - Round 1A April
- Code Jam - Round 1B April
- Code Jam - Round 1C May
- Code Jam - Round 2 May
- Code Jam - Round 3 June
- Code Jam - World Finals August

code jam
print "hello, world!"

Google Competitions - Kick Start



Time to take your coding
skills to the next level!

Register now



kick start



Google

Google Competitions - Kick Start



- Kick Start - Round A March
- Kick Start - Round B April
- Kick Start - Round C May
- Kick Start - Round D July
- Kick Start - Round E August
- Kick Start - Round F September
- Kick Start - Round G October
- Kick Start - Round H November

The 'kick start' logo is displayed on a green rectangular background. The words 'kick' and 'start' are written in a bold, black, lowercase sans-serif font. Each letter has a thick white outline, giving it a 3D or drop-shadow effect.

Google Competitions - Hash Code



Google Competitions - Hash Code



- | | |
|---|----------|
| • Hash Code - Hub registration opens | November |
| • Hash Code - Individual registration opens | January |
| • Hash Code - Registration closes | February |
| • Hash Code - Online qualification round | February |
| • Hash Code - Results announced | March |
| • Hash Code - Final round | April |



Facebook Hacker Cup Competition



- Facebook Hacker Cup - Qualification round June
- Facebook Hacker Cup - Round 1 June
- Facebook Hacker Cup - Round 2 July
- Facebook Hacker Cup - Round 3 August
- Facebook Hacker Cup - Onsite Final September



ICPC - International College Programming Contest



- Qualification Round in Universities September
- ECPC Egyptian College Programming Contest October
- ACPC Arab College Programming Contest January
- ICPC International College Programming Contest May



Lecture Agenda



✓ Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features

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Section 5: Tutorials and References

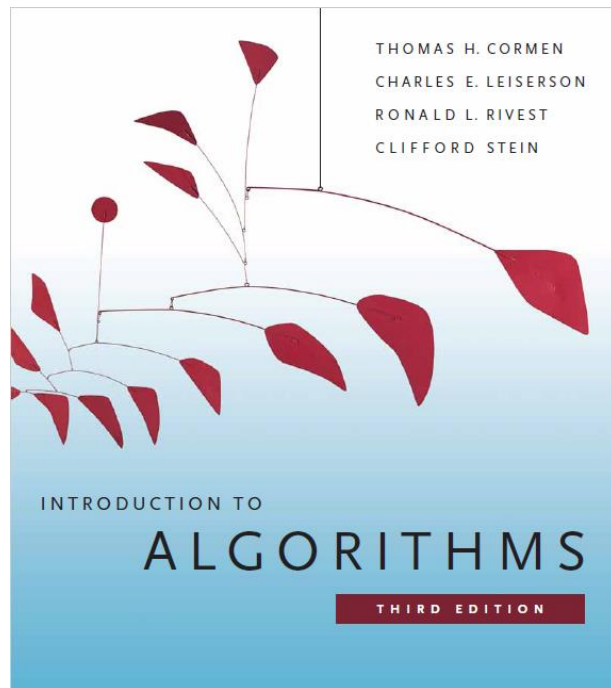
Section 6: Online Courses



Introduction to Algorithms Thomas H. Cormen



- Foundations [005 - 145]
- Sorting and Order Statistics [145 - 220]
- Data Structures [230 - 350]
- Advanced Design and Analysis Techniques [355 - 460]
- Advanced Data Structures [480 - 575]
- Graph Algorithms [585 - 750]
- Selected Topics [770 - 1130]

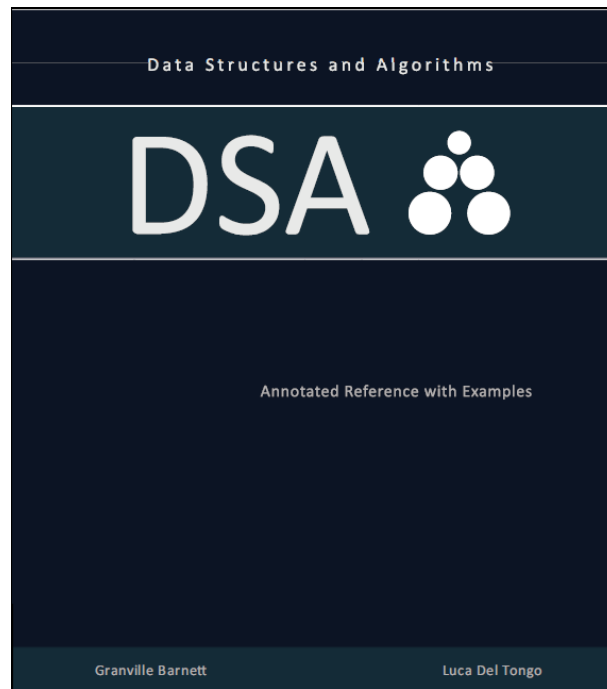


Introduction to Algorithms Thomas H. Cormen

Data Structures and Algorithms Annotated Reference



- Introduction [01 - 10]
- Linked Lists [10 - 20]
- Binary Search Tree [20 - 30]
- Heap [30 - 40]
- Sets [40 - 50]
- Queues [50 - 55]
- AVL Tree [55 - 60]
- Sorting [60 - 70]
- Numeric [70 - 75]
- Searching [75 - 80]
- Strings [80 - 85]

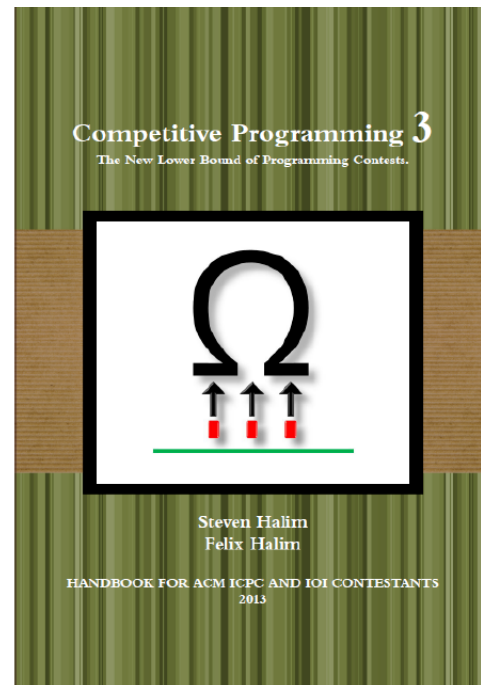


Data Structures and Algorithms Annotated Reference

Competitive Programming 3 Steven Halim



- Introduction [001 - 030]
- Data Structures and Libraries [030 - 070]
- Problem Solving Paradigms [070 - 120]
- Graph [120 - 190]
- Mathematics [190 - 230]
- String Processing [230 - 270]
- (Computational) Geometry [270 - 300]
- More Advanced Topics [300 - 330]
- Rare Topics [330 - 390]

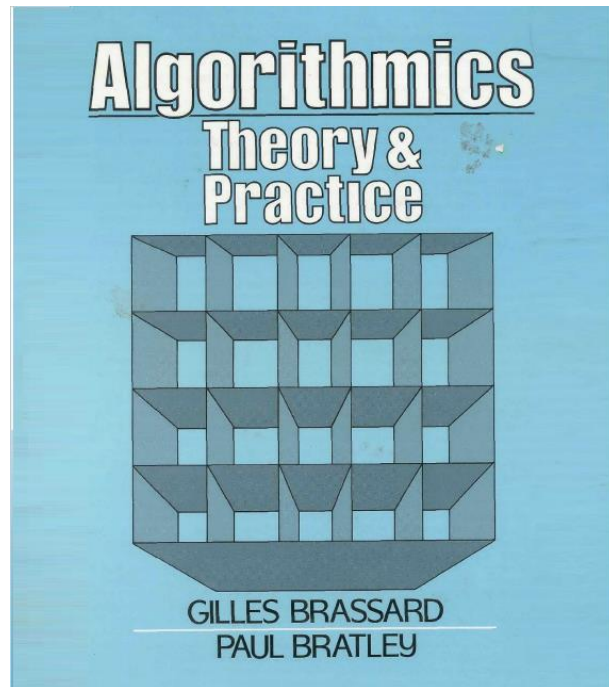


Competitive Programming 3 Steven Halim

Fundamental of Algorithmics Gilles Brassard



- Preliminaries [001 - 035]
- Analyzing the Efficiency of Algorithms [035 - 080]
- Greedy Algorithms [080 - 105]
- Divide and Conquer [105 - 140]
- Dynamic Programming [140 - 170]
- Exploring Graphs [170 - 205]
- Preconditioning and Pre-computation [205 - 225]
- Probabilistic Algorithms [225 - 275]
- Transformations of the Domain [275 - 290]
- Introduction to Complexity [290 - 335]



Fundamental of Algorithmics Gilles Brassard and Paul Bartley

Analysis of Algorithms An Active Learning Approach



- Analysis Basics [001 - 040]
- Searching and Selection Algorithms [040 - 055]
- Sorting Algorithms [060 - 100]
- Numeric Algorithms [105 - 120]
- Matching Algorithms [120 - 140]
- Graph Algorithms [145 - 175]
- Parallel Algorithms [175 - 210]
- Nondeterministic Algorithms [210 - 230]
- Other Algorithmic Techniques [230 - 260]

Analysis of Algorithms: An Active Learning Approach

Jeffrey J. McConnell

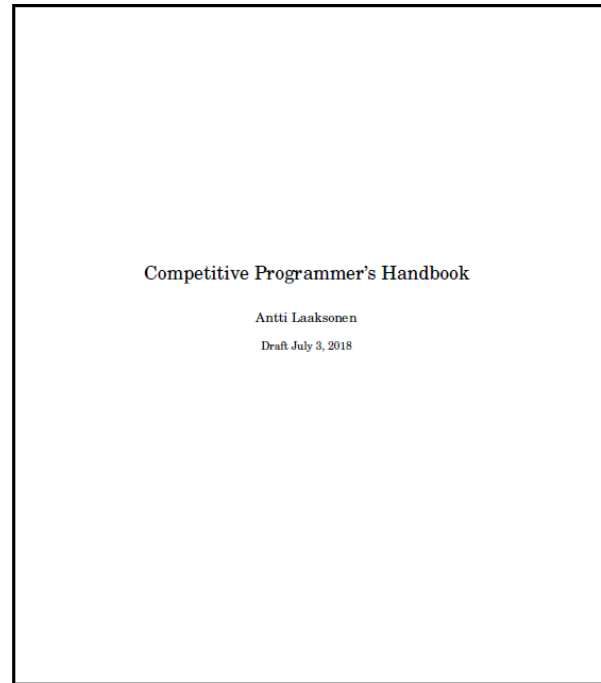
JONES AND BARTLETT PUBLISHERS

Analysis of Algorithms An Active Learning Approach

Competitive Programmer's Handbook



- **Basic techniques** [001 - 105]
 - Time complexity
 - Sorting
 - Complete search
 - Greedy algorithms
 - Dynamic programming
 - Amortized analysis
 - Range queries
 - Bit manipulation
- **Graph algorithms** [105 - 195]
 - Graph traversal
 - Shortest paths
 - Spanning trees
 - Directed graphs
 - Tree queries
 - Paths and circuits
 - Tree algorithms
 - Strong connectivity
 - Flows and cuts
- **Advanced topics** [195 - 275]
 - Number theory
 - Combinatorics
 - Game theory
 - String algorithms
 - Segment trees revisited
 - Geometry
 - Sweep line algorithms

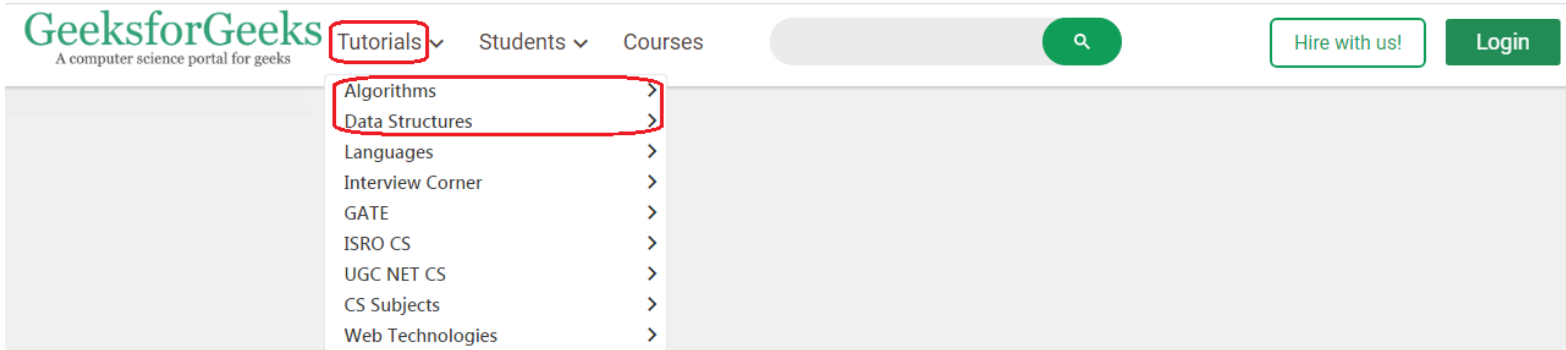


Competitive Programmer's Handbook



A computer science portal for geeks

[geeksforgeeks.org](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org)



Lecture Agenda



- ✓ Section 1: Data Structures and Algorithms Features
- ✓ Section 2: Data Structures and Algorithms Content
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- ✓ Section 4: Programming Competitions
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Section 6: Online Courses

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Accelerated Computer Science Fundamentals Specialization (3 Courses)
by University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign coursera.org/specializations/cs-fundamentals

Course : Object-Oriented Data Structures in C++

Week 1: Orientation; Writing a C++ Program
Week 2: Understanding the C++ Memory Model
Week 3: Developing C++ Classes
Week 4: Engineering C++ Software Solutions

Course : Ordered Data Structures

Week 1: Orientation; Linear Structures
Week 2: Introduction to Tree Structures
Week 3: Advanced Tree Structures
Week 4: Heap Structures

Course : Unordered Data Structures

Week 1: Orientation; Hashing
Week 2: Disjoint Sets
Week 3: Graph Data Structures
Week 4: Graph Algorithms

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Algorithms Specialization (4 Courses) by Stanford University coursera.org/specializations/algorithms



Course : Divide and Conquer, Sorting and Searching, and Randomized Algorithms

Week 1: Introduction, big-oh notation and asymptotic analysis

Week 2: Divide and conquer basics, the master method for analyzing
divide and conquer algorithms

Week 3: The QuickSort algorithm and its analysis, probability review

Week 4: Linear-time selection, graphs, cuts,
and the contraction algorithm



Course : Graph Search, Shortest Paths, and Data Structures

Week 1: Breadth-first and depth-first search,
computing strong components, applications

Week 2: Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm

Week 3: Heaps, balanced binary search trees

Week 4: Hashing, bloom filters



- Algorithms Specialization (4 Courses) by Stanford University coursera.org/specializations/algorithms



Course : Greedy Algorithms, Minimum Spanning Trees, and Dynamic Programming

Week 1: Two motivating applications, selected review, introduction to greedy algorithms, a scheduling application, Prim's MST algorithm

Week 2: Kruskal's MST algorithm and applications to clustering, advanced union-find

Week 3: Huffman codes, introduction to dynamic programming

Week 4: Advanced dynamic programming: the knapsack problem, sequence alignment, and optimal binary search trees



Course : Simulation, Algorithm Analysis, and Pointers

Week 1: The Bellman-Ford algorithm, all-pairs shortest paths

Week 2: NP-complete problems and exact algorithms for them

Week 3: Approximation algorithms for NP-complete problems

Week 4: Local search algorithms for NP-complete problems, the wider world of algorithms

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Data Structures and Algorithms Specialization (6 Courses)
by University of California San Diego & National Research University Higher School of Economics
coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms



Course : Algorithmic Toolbox

- Week 1: Programming Challenges
- Week 2: Algorithmic Warm-up
- Week 3: Greedy Algorithms
- Week 4: Divide-and-Conquer
- Week 5: Dynamic Programming 1
- Week 6: Dynamic Programming 2



Course : Data Structures

- Week 1: Basic Data Structures
- Week 2: Dynamic Arrays and Amortized Analysis
- Week 3: Priority Queues and Disjoint Sets
- Week 4: Hash Tables
- Week 5: Binary Search Trees
- Week 6: Binary Search Trees 2

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Data Structures and Algorithms Specialization (6 Courses)
by University of California San Diego & National Research University Higher School of Economics
coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms



Course : Algorithms on Graphs

- Week 1: Decomposition of Graphs 1
- Week 2: Decomposition of Graphs 2
- Week 3: Paths in Graphs 1
- Week 4: Paths in Graphs 2
- Week 5: Minimum Spanning Trees
- Week 6: Advanced Shortest Paths Project



Course : Algorithms on Strings

- Week 1: Suffix Trees
- Week 2: Burrows-Wheeler Transform and Suffix Arrays
- Week 3: Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm
- Week 4: Constructing Suffix Arrays and Suffix Trees

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Data Structures and Algorithms Specialization (6 Courses)
by University of California San Diego & National Research University Higher School of Economics
coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms



Course : Advanced Algorithms and Complexity

- Week 1: Flows in Networks
- Week 2: Linear Programming
- Week 3: NP-complete Problems
- Week 4: Coping with NP-completeness
- Week 5: Streaming Algorithms



Course : Genome Assembly Programming Challenge

- Week 1: The 2011 European E. coli Outbreak
- Week 2: Assembling Genomes Using de Bruijn Graphs
- Week 3: Genome Assembly Faces Real Sequencing Data

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Algorithms, Part I by Princeton University
coursera.org/learn/algorithms-part1

- Algorithms, Part II by Princeton University
coursera.org/learn/algorithms-part2



Course : Algorithms, Part I

- Week 1: Course Introduction
 - Union-Find
 - Analysis of Algorithms
- Week 2: Stacks and Queues
 - Elementary Sorts
- Week 3: Merge sort
 - Quick sort
- Week 4: Priority Queues
 - Elementary Symbol Tables
- Week 5: Balanced Search Trees
 - Geometric Applications of BSTs
- Week 6: Hash Tables
 - Symbol Table Applications



Course : Algorithms, Part II

- Week 1: Introduction
 - Undirected Graphs
 - Directed Graphs
- Week 2: Minimum Spanning Trees
 - Shortest Paths
- Week 3: Maximum Flow and Minimum Cut
 - Radix Sorts
- Week 4: Tries
 - Substring Search
- Week 5: Regular Expressions
 - Data Compression
- Week 6: Reductions
 - Linear Programming (optional)
 - Intractability



- Geometric Algorithms by EIT Digital coursera.org/learn/geometric-algorithms



Course : Geometric Algorithms

Week 1: Plane Sweep Algorithms

Week 2: Voronoi diagrams and Delaunay triangulations

Week 3: Orthogonal range searching

- Approximation Algorithms by EIT Digital coursera.org/learn/approximation-algorithms



Course : Approximation Algorithms

Week 1: Point inclusion in a polygon

Week 2: Convex hulls

Week 3: Intersections

Week 4: Polygon triangulation

Week 5: Orthogonal range search

Data Structures & Algorithms Specializations



- Analysis of Algorithms by Princeton University
coursera.org/learn/analysis-of-algorithms



Course : Analysis of Algorithms

Week 1: Analysis of Algorithms
Week 2: Recurrences
Week 3: Generating Functions
Week 4: Asymptotics
Week 5: Analytic Combinatorics
Week 6: Trees
Week 7: Permutations
Week 8: Strings and Tries
Week 9: Words and Mappings

- Computational Geometry
by Saint Petersburg State University
coursera.org/learn/computational-geometry



Course : Computational Geometry

Week 1: Point inclusion in a polygon
Week 2: Convex hulls
Week 3: Intersections
Week 4: Polygon triangulation
Week 5: Orthogonal range search

Data Structures and Algorithms Playlists



- **Playlist:** Arrays | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySEQDk2MDfbwEdjd2svVJH9p
[100 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Linked List | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySH41ZxZrPNj2pAYPOI8ITe7
[60 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Stack | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySF7Lap-wi5qlaD80EBx9RMV
[20 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Queue | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySG6wgjVeEat_ouTii0IBQ6D
[10 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Graph | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySEaZgcg7uRYJFBnYMLti-nh
[30 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Trees | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySHCXD7r1J0ky9Zg_GBB1dbk
[200 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Matrix | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySGNyLyr8A2CBEBibUIEC38f
[10 videos] [10 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks
- **Playlist:** Hashing | Data Structures & Algorithms
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqM7aIHxFySGwXaessYMemAnlTqlZdZVE
[10 videos] [5 min] **Channel:** GeeksforGeeks

Data Structures and Algorithms Playlists



- **Playlist:** Data Structures [90 videos] [10 min] **Channel:** RobEdwardsSDSU
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLpPXw4zFa0uKKhaSz87lowJnOTzh9tiBk
- **Playlist:** Data Structure(ETCS - 209) - IP University Syllabus [60 videos] [10 min] **Channel:** Easy Engineering Classes
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLV8vITYIdSna11Vc54-abg33JtVZiiMfg
- **Playlist:** Data Structures and Algorithms [70 videos] [10 min] **Channel:** Gate Instructors
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLXVjII7-2kRkrIwIVmSTF236m3z9sRCr8
- **Playlist:** Data Structures [40 videos] [15 min] **Channel:** mycodeschool
youtube.com/playlist?list=PL2_aWCzGMAwI3W_JlcBbtYTwiQSsOTa6P
- **Playlist:** Algorithms and Data structures [15 videos] [30 min] **Channel:** Gate Lectures
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLEbnTDJUr_IeHYw_sfBOJ6gk5pie0yP-0
- **Playlist:** Design and Analysis of Algorithms [55 videos] [15 min] **Channel:** Computer Science and Engineering
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLJ5C_6qdAvBE5VcLlv1xIFMRpGu3BQneh
- **Playlist:** Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Spring 2015 [35 videos] [80 min] **Channel:** MIT OpenCourseWare
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLUI4u3cNGP6317WaSNfmCvGym2ucw3oGp
- **Playlist:** Introduction to Algorithms, Fall 2011 [45 videos] [50 min] **Channel:** MIT OpenCourseWare
youtube.com/playlist?list=PLUI4u3cNGP610q3tWYp6V_F-5jb5L2iHb

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