## Sample Quiz 6 Answers

```
1. In this function definition, what is the parameter?
   void rollDice(int numSides) {
      int d = 1 + int(random(numSides));
     println("Rolling... " + d);
         A) void
                                     C) numSides
         B) rollDice
                                     D) d
                                     E) None of these
2. In this function definition, what is the return type?
   void rollDice(int numSides) {
     int d = 1 + int(random(numSides));
     println("Rolling... " + d);
         A) void
                                     C) numSides
         B) rollDice
                                     D) d
                                     E) None of these
```

1. Explain, on each numbered line, what Processing is doing in the following code. /\*7 points\*/

void setup() {
 float yourWeight = 132; \_\_\_[1]\_\_
 float marsWeight = calculateMars(yourWeight); \_\_\_[2]\_\_
 println(marsWeight); \_\_\_[3]\_\_
}

float calculateMars(float w) { \_\_\_[4]\_\_
 float newWeight = w \* 0.38; \_\_\_[5]\_\_
 return newWeight; \_\_\_[6]\_\_

- Declares float variable yourWeight and assigns it the value 132.
- 2. Declares float variable marsWeight and assigns it the return value of the calculateMars function, using the variable yourWeight as the argument.
- 3. Prints the value of marsWeight to the console.
- 4. Function definition for calculateMars: returns a float and has one float parameter, w.
- 5. Declares variable newWeight and assigns it value of w \* 0.38.
- 6. Returns the value of newWeight when calculateMars is called.

```
2. Explain, on each numbered line, what Processing is doing in the following code. /*9 points*/
    void setup() {
        size(480, 120);
        fill(255); ___[1]__
        drawSquare(0, 0, 120); ___[2]__
        drawSquare(420, 60, 60); ___[3]__
}

void drawSquare(int x, int y, int size) { ___[4]__
        stroke(0); ___[5]__
        rect(x, y, size, size); ___[6]___
}
```

- 1. Sets the fill color to white.
- 2. Calls the drawSquare function and passes in 0, 0, and 120 as arguments.
- 3. Calls the drawSquare function and passes in 420, 60, and 60 as arguments.
- 4. Function definition for drawSquare: no return value, takes 3 integer parameters: x, y, and size.
- 5. Sets stroke to black.
- 6. Draws a rectangle with top left corner at (x, y) and width and height equal to the value of size.

- 3. Write a Processing program (sized 400x600) that uses the drawSquare function above to draw two **blue** squares with the following specifications: /\*5 points\*/
  - The first square should start at (60, 40) and have a width and height of 30.
  - The second square should start at (120, 160) and have a width and height of 50.

```
void setup() {
    size(400,600);
    fill(#0000FF);
    drawSquare(60, 40, 30);
    drawSquare(120, 160, 50);
}
    void drawSquare(int x, int y, int size) {
    stroke(0);
    rect(x, y, size, size);
}
```

