<u>ADDTWO</u>

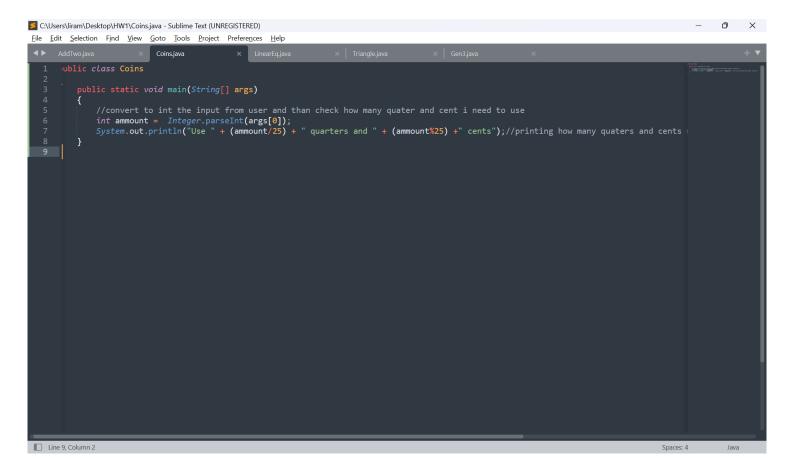
```
public class AddTwo
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        //sum the input getting from the user and than print them
        int result = Integer.parseInt(args[0]) + Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        System.out.println(args[0] + " + " + args[1] + " = " + result);//printing the equation with the result
    }
}
```

```
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| Addition | Profession | Variable |
```

COINS

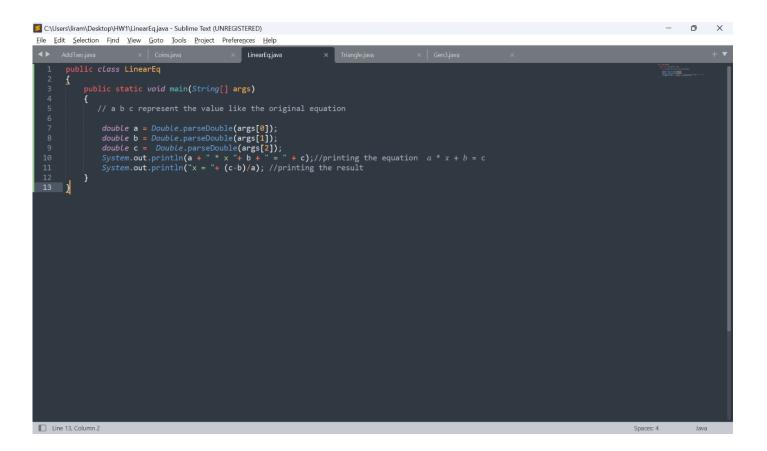
```
public class Coins
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        //convert to int the input from user and than check how many quater and cent i need to use
        int ammount = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        System.out.println("Use " + (ammount/25) + " quarters and " + (ammount%25) +" cents");//printing how many quaters and cents we can use that we use minimally ammount of cents that we could
    }
}
```



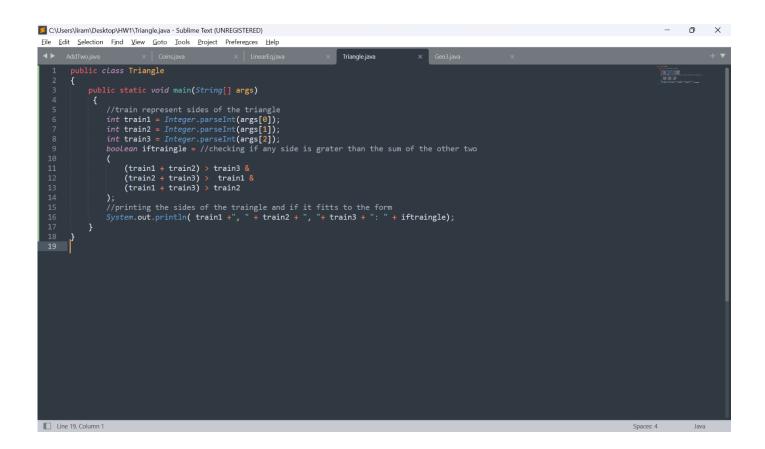
LinearEq

```
public class LinearEq
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // a b c represent the value like the original equation

        double a = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
        double b = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);
        double c = Double.parseDouble(args[2]);
        System.out.println(a + " * x "+ "+ " + b + " = " + c);//printing the equation
        a * x + b = c
            System.out.println("x = "+ (c-b)/a); //printing the result
        }
}
```



Triangle



GenThree

```
public class GenThree
             public static void main(String[] args)
                //getting the border for genrate the number and checking which one of
         them is grater to determined the borders
         int bordermin = Math.min(Integer.parseInt(args[0]),Integer.parseInt(args[1]));
         int bordermax = Math.max(Integer.parseInt(args[0]),Integer.parseInt(args[1]));
         int counter = 0;
                int minnumber = bordermax;
                while (counter<3)
                {
                    //genrate number for the same range that we get by minus of
         (bordermax - bordermin), by this we get the same amount of number that
         coule possibly can been genrate
                    // than we add the bordermin in order to get the real range that we
         inttend to genrate since we have the same amount of opption we can get
                    int randomnumber = (int)(Math.random() * (bordermax - bordermin)) +
         bordermin:
                    System.out.println(randomnumber);
                    if (minnumber>randomnumber) //checking if the cuurent number that
         we have genrate is grater than the previous unmber(the bordermax is the first
         min number but it allways change since this number is not in the range)
                        minnumber = randomnumber;
                    counter ++;
                }
                //printing the min number that we have genrate
                 System.out.println("The minimal generated number was "+ minnumber);
             }
         }
C:\Users\liram\Desktop\HW1\Gen3.java - Sublime Text (UNREGISTERED)
Eile Edit Selection Find View Goto Tools Project Preferences Help
             //getting the border for genrate the numbe
int bordermin = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
int bordermax = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
int counter = 0;
int minnumber = bordermax;
while (counter<3)</pre>
               //genrate number for the same range that we get by minus of (bordermax - bordermin), by this we get the same amount of // than we add the bordermin in order to get the real range that we inttend to genrate since we have the same amount of int randomnumber = (int)(Moth.random() * (bordermax - bordermin)) + bordermin;

System.out.println(randomnumber);

if (minnumber>randomnumber) //checking if the cuurent number that we have genrate is grater than the previous unmber(the minnumber = randomnumber;
            //printing the min number that we have genrate
System.out.println("The minimal generated number was "+ minnumber);
```