```
/*
 * Adds two given integers and prints the result in a fancy way.
 */
public class AddTwo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num1 = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int num2 = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);

        System.out.println(args[0] + " + " + args[1] + " = " + (num1 + num2));
    }
}
```

```
* Solves linear equations of the form aΓïàx + b = c.

* The program gets a, b, and c as command-line arguments,

* computes x, and prints the result.

* Treats the three arguments as well as the computed value as double values

*/

public class LinearEq {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        double a = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);

        double b = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);

        double c = Double.parseDouble(args[2]);

        double x = (c - b) / a;

        System.out.println(a + " * x + " + b + " = " + c);

        System.out.println("X = " + x);

}
```

```
* Three sides can form a triangle if the sum of the lengths of any two sides is greater
than the length of the remaining side.
* This is known as the Triangle Inequality Theorem.
* Write a program that tests if three given integers form a triangle.
public class Triangle {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
                    int num1 = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
                    int num2 = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
                    int num3 = Integer.parseInt(args[2]);
                    // check if the three sides can form a triangle by using the
Triangle Inequality Theorem
                    boolean isTriangle = (num1 + num2 > num3) && (num1 + num3
> num2) && (num2 + num3 > num1);
                    System.out.println(args[0] + ", " + args[1] + ", " + args[2] + ": " +
isTriangle);
}
```

```
* Generates three random integers, each in a given range [a,b),
* prints them, and then prints the minimal number that was generated.
import java.lang.Math;
public class GenThree {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
                    int min, max;
                    int num1 = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
                    int num2 = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
                    if (num1 <= num2) {
                                 min = num1;
                                 max = num2;
                    else {
                                 min = num2:
                                 max = num1;
                    }
                    /* Math.random() generate random double number in the range
[0,1), then we'll multiply it by the
                    * differance (max - min) in order to get a number in the range [0,
max-min).
                    * And then we will cast it to type int to remove the decimal part.
                    * And lastly we'll add it to min to get a random number in the
range [min, max).
                    */
                    int randNum1 = min + (int)(Math.random() * (max - min));
                    int randNum2 = min + (int)(Math.random() * (max - min));
                    int randNum3 = min + (int)(Math.random() * (max - min));
                    // print the 3 random numbers that the program generated
                    System.out.println(randNum1);
                    System.out.println(randNum2);
                    System.out.println(randNum3);
                    // print the minimum number out of the 3 random numbers that
were generated
                    if ((randNum1 <= randNum2) && (randNum1 <= randNum3)) {</pre>
                                 System.out.println("The minimal generated number
was " + randNum1);
                    else if ((randNum2 <= randNum1) && (randNum2 <=
randNum3)) {
```

System.out.println("The minimal generated number

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