

1. AddTwo

```
/*  
 * Adds two given integers and prints the result in a fancy way.  
 */  
public class AddTwo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);  
        int b = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);  
        int sum=a+b;  
        System.out.println(a + " + " + b + " = " + sum);  
    }  
}
```

2. Coins

```
/*
```

```
 * Write a program that gets a quantity of cents as a command-line argument.
```

```
 * The program prints how to represent this quantity using as many quarters as possible, plus the remainder in cents.
```

```
*/
```

```
public class Coins {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        int number = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
```

```
        int quarter= number/25;
```

```
        int cent=number%25;
```

```
        System.out.println("Use " + quarter + " quarters and " + cent + " cents");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

3. LinearEq

```
/*
 * Solves linear equations of the form  $a \cdot x + b = c$ .
 * The program gets a, b, and c as command-line arguments,
 * computes x, and prints the result.
 * Treats the three arguments as well as the computed value as double values
 */
public class LinearEq {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        double a= Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
        double b= Double.parseDouble(args[1]);
        double c= Double.parseDouble(args[2]);
        System.out.println(a+ " * x + " +b+ " = "+c );
        System.out.println("x = " + ((c-b)/a));
    }
}
```

4. Triangle

/*

* Three sides can form a triangle if the sum of the lengths of any two sides is greater than the length of the remaining side.

* This is known as the Triangle Inequality Theorem.

* Write a program that tests if three given integers form a triangle.

*/

```
public class Triangle {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);  
        int b = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);  
        int c = Integer.parseInt(args[2]);  
        if (a+b>c && a+c>b && b+c>a)  
            System.out.println(a+ " , " +b+ " , " +c+ ": true");  
        else  
            System.out.println(a+ " , " +b+ " , " +c+ ": false");  
    }  
}
```

5. GenThree

```
/*
 * Generates three random integers, each in a given range [a,b),
 * prints them, and then prints the minimal number that was generated.
 */
public class GenThree {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int b = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        int range=b-a;
        int min=b-range;
        int random1=(int)(Math.random()*range)+min;
        System.out.println(random1);
        int random2=(int)(Math.random()*range)+min;
        System.out.println(random2);
        int random3=(int)(Math.random()*range)+min;
        System.out.println(random3);
        int randomMin=Math.min(random1,random2);
        int randomMin1=Math.min(randomMin,random3);
        System.out.println("The minimal generated number was "+
randomMin1);
    }
}
```