

```
/**
 * Gets a command-line argument (int), and prints all the divisors of
 the given number.
 */
public class Divisors {
    public static void main (String[] args) {

        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        for(int i = 1;i<=num; i++)
        {
            if(num % i == 0)
            {
                System.out.println(i);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

/**
 * Prints a given string, backward. Then prints the middle character
in the string.
 * The program expects to get one command-line argument: A string.
 */
public class Reverse {
    public static void main (String[] args){

        String s = args[0];
        for(int i = s.length()-1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            System.out.print(s.charAt(i));
        }
        int middle = (s.length() - 1) / 2;
        char middleChar = s.charAt(middle);
        System.out.println("\nThe middle character is " +
middleChar);
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Generates and prints random integers in the range [0,10),
 * as long as they form a non-decreasing sequence.
 */
public class InOrder {
    public static void main (String[] args) {

        int random = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
        int randomNext = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
        System.out.print(random + " ");

;
        while(randomNext > random)
        {
            System.out.print(randomNext + " ");
            random = randomNext;
            randomNext = (int)(Math.random() * 10);

        }

    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Gets a command-line argument (int), and chekcs if the given number
 is perfect.
 */

public class Perfect {
    public static void main (String[] args) {

        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int sum = 0;
        String addingStr = " = ";
        for(int i = 1;i<num; i++)
        {
            if(num % i == 0)
            {
                sum += i;
                addingStr += i + " + ";
            }
        }

        if(sum == num)
        {
            addingStr = addingStr.substring(0,addingStr.length()-
2);
            System.out.println(num + " is a perfect number since
"+ num + addingStr);
        }
        else {
            System.out.println(num + " is not a perfect number");
        }
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Gets a command-line argument n (int), and prints an n-by-n damka
board.
 */
public class DamkaBoard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int i = 0;

        while(i < num)
        {
            int j = 0;
            while(j < num*2)
            {
                if(i % 2 == 0)
                {
                    if(j % 2 == 0)
                        System.out.print("*");

                    else System.out.print(" ");
                }
                else {
                    if(j % 2 == 0)
                        System.out.print(" ");

                    else System.out.print("*");
                }
                j++;
            }
            System.out.println();
            i++;
        }
    }
}

```

```
public class OneOfEach {
    public static void main (String[] args) {

        String gender;
        String wantedGender;
        int kids = 1;
        int random = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
        if(random >= 5)
        {
            gender = "g";
            wantedGender = "b";
        }
        else
        {
            gender = "b";
            wantedGender = "g";
        }

        System.out.print(gender + " ");

        while(!gender.equals(wantedGender))
        {
            random = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
            kids++;
            if(random >= 5)
            {
                gender = "g";
            }
            else
```

```

public class OneOfEachStats1 {
    public static void main (String[] args) {

        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        String gender;
        String wantedGender;
        int count2 = 0;
        int count3 = 0;
        int count4Plus = 0;
        int sumOfIterations = 0;
        for(int i =0; i < num; i++)
        {
            int kids = 1;
            int random = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
            if(random >= 5)
            {
                gender = "g";
                wantedGender = "b";
            }
            else
            {
                gender = "b";
                wantedGender = "g";
            }

            //System.out.print(gender + " ");

            while(!gender.equals(wantedGender))
            {
                random = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
                kids++;
                if(random >= 5)
                {
                    gender = "g";
                }
                else
                {
                    gender = "b";
                }

                //System.out.print(gender + " ");
            }
            if(kids == 2)
                count2++;
        }
    }
}

```

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        else if(kids == 3)
            count3++;

        else count4Plus++;

        sumOfIterations += kids;
        //System.out.println();
        //System.out.println(sumOfIterations);
    }

    double avarage = ((double)sumOfIterations)/num;

    System.out.println("Average: " + avarage + " children to get
at least one of each gender." );
    System.out.println("Number of families with 2 children: " +
count2);
    System.out.println("Number of families with 3 children: " +
count3);
    System.out.println("Number of families with 4 or more
children: " + count4Plus);

    String maxKids;
    if(Math.max(count2, Math.max(count3, count4Plus))== count2)
    {
        maxKids = "2.";
    }
    else if(Math.max(count2, Math.max(count3, count4Plus))==
count3)
    {
        maxKids = "3.";
    }
    else
    {
        maxKids = "4 or more.";
    }

    System.out.println("The most common number of children is "
+ maxKids);

    }
}

```



```
        {
            gender = "b";
        }

        System.out.print(gender + " ");
    }

    System.out.println("\nYou made it... and you now have "+
kids + " children");
}
}
```

```

import java.util.Random;
/**
 * Computes some statistics about families in which the parents
decide
 * to have children until they have at least one child of each
gender.
 * The program expects to get two command-line arguments: an int
value
 * that determines how many families to simulate, and an int value
 * that serves as the seed of the random numbers generated by the
program.
 * Example usage: % java OneOfEachStats 1000 1
 */
public class OneOfEachStats {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        // Gets the two command-line arguments
        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int seed = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        // Initailizes a random numbers generator with the given
seed value
        Random generator = new Random(seed);

        //// In the previous version of this program, you used a
statement like:
        //// double rnd = Math.random();
        //// Where "rnd" is the variable that stores the generated
random value.
        //// In this version of the program, replace this statement
with:
        //// double rnd = generator.nextDouble();
        //// This statement will generate a random value in the
range [0,1),
        //// just like you had in the previous version, except that
the
        //// randomization will be based on the given seed.
        //// This is the only change that you have to do in the
program.

        String gender;
        String wantedGender;
        int count2 = 0;
        int count3 = 0;
        int count4Plus = 0;
        int sumOfIterations = 0;
        for(int i =0; i < num; i++)
        {
            int kids = 1;

```

```

int random = (int)(generator.nextDouble() * 10);
if(random >= 5)
{
    gender = "g";
    wantedGender = "b";
}
else
{
    gender = "b";
    wantedGender = "g";
}

//System.out.print(gender + " ");

while(!gender.equals(wantedGender))
{
    random = (int)(generator.nextDouble() * 10);
    kids++;
    if(random >= 5)
    {
        gender = "g";
    }
    else
    {
        gender = "b";
    }

    //System.out.print(gender + " ");
}
if(kids == 2)
    count2++;

else if(kids == 3)
    count3++;

else count4Plus++;

sumOfIterations += kids;
//System.out.println();
//System.out.println(sumOfIterations);
}

double avarage = ((double)sumOfIterations)/num;

```

```

        System.out.println("Average: " + avarage + " children to get
at least one of each gender." );
        System.out.println("Number of families with 2 children: " +
count2);
        System.out.println("Number of families with 3 children: " +
count3);
        System.out.println("Number of families with 4 or more
children: " + count4Plus);

        String maxKids;
        if(Math.max(count2, Math.max(count3, count4Plus))== count2)
        {
            maxKids = "2.";
        }
        else if(Math.max(count2, Math.max(count3, count4Plus))==
count3)
        {
            maxKids = "3.";
        }
        else
        {
            maxKids = "4 or more.";
        }

        System.out.println("The most common number of children is "
+ maxKids);

    }
}

```