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## **HW02**

## **Divisors**

# Reversing a string

```
/**
  * Prints a given string, backward. Then prints the middle character
in the string.
  * The program expects to get one command-line argument: A string.
  */
public class Reverse {
    // main(string[]) - the entry point of a Java program.
    // args - args contains the supplied command-line
    // arguments as an array of String objects.
    public static void main (String[] args){
        // Gets the Length of the string that was given by the user.
        int len = args[0].length();
        // Declaring an empty string that will contain the string
that we got from the user backwards.
        String revSting = "";
        // Inserting the backward string to the new string char by
char.
        for(int i = len - 1; i >= 0; i--){
            revSting += args[0].charAt(i);
        }
        // Printng the new reverse string.
        System.out.println(revSting);
        // Printing the middle character of the new string.
        System.out.println("The middle character is " +
revSting.charAt(len / 2));
    }
}
```

# Lucky streak

## **Perfect Numbers**

```
public class Perfect {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        String divisors = "1";
        int sum = 1;
        for(int i = 2; i <= num/2; i++){
            if (num % i == 0) {
                divisors += " + " + i;
                sum += i;
            }
        if (sum == num) {
            System.out.println(num + " is a perfect number since " +
num + " = " + divisors);
        else{
            System.out.println(num + " is not a perfect number");
        }
    }
```

```
public class DamkaBoard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int len = Integer.parseInt(arqs[0]);
        String row = "";
        for (int i = len; i > 0; i--){
            if (i == 1) {
                row += "*";
            }
            else{
                row += "* ";
        System.out.println(row + " ");
        for (int i = 1; i < len; i++){</pre>
            if (i % 2 == 0) {
                System.out.println(row + " ");
            }
            else{
                System.out.println(" " + row);
        }
   }
```

```
import java.util.Random;
public class OneOfEachStats {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        int T = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int seed = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        Random generator = new Random(seed);
        int twoChildren = 0;
        int threeChildren = 0;
        int fourOrMore = 0;
```

```
int sumChildren = 0;
int maxChildren = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < T; i++) {</pre>
    Boolean atLeastOneGirl = false;
    Boolean atLeastOneBoy = false;
    double gender = 0.0;
    int children = 0;
    while (!(atLeastOneBoy && atLeastOneGirl)) {
        gender = generator.nextDouble();
        if (gender > 0.5){
            atLeastOneBoy = true;
            children ++;
        else{
            atLeastOneGirl = true;
            children ++;
    if(children == 2){
        twoChildren ++;
    if(children == 3){
        threeChildren ++;
    if(children >= 4){
        fourOrMore ++;
    sumChildren += children;
```

```
System.out.println("Average: " + ((double)sumChildren /
(double)T) + " children to get at least one of each gender.");
        System.out.println("Number of families with 2 children: " +
twoChildren);
        System.out.println("Number of families with 3 children: " +
threeChildren);
        System.out.println("Number of families with 4 or more
children: " + fourOrMore);
        maxChildren = Math.max(twoChildren, Math.max(threeChildren,
fourOrMore));
        if (maxChildren == twoChildren) {
            System.out.println("The most common number of children
is 2.");
        else if(maxChildren == threeChildren) {
            System.out.println("The most common number of children
is 3.");
        else {
            System.out.println("The most common number of children
is 4 or more.");
        }
    }
```