

```

/**
 * Gets a command-line argument (int), and prints all the divisors of the given
 number.
 */
public class Divisors {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        int input = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        // checks if i is a divisor of input until reaches to value of input *
0.5

        // no need to check further than 0.5 * input because its the
largest integer possible to divide
        for (int i = 1; i <= 0.5 * input; i++)
        {
            if (input % i == 0)
            {
                System.out.println(i);
            }
        }
        System.out.println(input);
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Prints a given string, backward. Then prints the middle character in the
 * string.
 * The program expects to get one command-line argument: A string.
 */
public class Reverse {
    public static void main (String[] args){
        String inputS = args[0];
        String newS = "";
        char middleChar;
        int lengthOfString = inputS.length();
        if (lengthOfString % 2 == 1){
            middleChar = inputS.charAt((lengthOfString - 1) / 2 );
        } else {
            middleChar = inputS.charAt(lengthOfString / 2 - 1);
        }
        for (int n = lengthOfString - 1; n >= 0; n--)
        {
            newS += inputS.charAt(n);
        }
        System.out.println(newS);
        System.out.println("The middle character is " + middleChar);
    }
}

```

```
/**
 * Generates and prints random integers in the range [0,10),
 * as long as they form a non-decreasing sequence.
 */
public class InOrder {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        int currentNum = (int)(Math.random() * 10);
        int newNum = currentNum;
        do {
            currentNum = newNum;
            System.out.println(currentNum);
            newNum = (int)(Math.random() * 10);

        }
        while (newNum >= currentNum);

    }
}
```

```

/**
 * Gets a command-line argument (int), and checks if the given number is
 * perfect.
 */
public class Perfect {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        int inputNum = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        String s = inputNum + " is a perfect number since " + inputNum
+ " = 1";

        int sum = 1;
        // checks for all inputNum divisors and sums them
        for (int i = 2; i <= 0.5 * inputNum; i++)
        {
            if (inputNum % i == 0)
            {
                sum += i;
                s += " + " + i;
            }
        }
        // if its a perfect number
        if (sum == inputNum)
        {
            System.out.println(s);
        }
        else{
            System.out.println(inputNum + " is not a perfect number");
        }
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Gets a command-line argument n (int), and prints an n-by-n damka board.
 */
public class DamkaBoard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            //if the row is odd
            if (i % 2 == 1) {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }

            // if its the last * in the row
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                if (j == n-1 && i % 2 == 1) {
                    System.out.print("");
                }
                else {
                    System.out.print("* ");
                }
            }
            System.out.println("");
        }
    }
}

```

```

import java.util.Random;

public class OneOfEachStats {

    public static void main (String[] args) {
        // Gets the two command-line arguments
        int T = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int seed = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        // Initailizes a random numbers generator with the given seed
value
        Random generator = new Random(seed);
        int overallCount = 0;
        int twoChildrenCount = 0;
        int threeChildrenCount = 0;
        int fourOrMore = 0;
        int tempCount = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < T; i++)
        {
            boolean isBoy = false;
            boolean isGirl = false;
            tempCount = 0;
            while (!isBoy || !isGirl)
            { // while there is no either boy and girl
                double boyOrGirl = generator.nextDouble();
                tempCount += 1; // current number of children
                if (boyOrGirl < 0.5){
                    isBoy = true;
                }
                else{
                    isGirl = true;
                }
            }
            //adds 1 according to the size of family

```

```

        overallCount += tempCount;
        if (tempCount == 2){
            twoChildrenCount += 1;
        }
        else if (tempCount == 3){
            threeChildrenCount += 1;
        }
        else if (tempCount >= 4){
            fourOrMore += 1;
        }
    }

    String mostCommon = "";
    // check which group is the largest
    if ((twoChildrenCount >= threeChildrenCount) &&
        (twoChildrenCount >= fourOrMore)){
        mostCommon = "2.";
    }
    else if (threeChildrenCount >= fourOrMore){
        mostCommon = "3.";
    }
    else{
        mostCommon = "4 or more.";
    }

    System.out.println("Average: " + (double)overallCount / T + "
children to get at least one of each gender.");

    System.out.println("Number of families with 2 children: " +
twoChildrenCount);

    System.out.println("Number of families with 3 children: " +
threeChildrenCount);

    System.out.println("Number of families with 4 or more children: "
+ fourOrMore);

```

```
        System.out.println("The most common number of children is " +  
mostCommon);  
    }  
}
```