LoanCalc

```
public class LoanCalc {
  static double epsilon = 0.001; // The computation tolerance (estimation error)
  static int iterationCounter; // Monitors the efficiency of the calculation
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Gets the loan data
    double loan = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
     double rate = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);
    int n = Integer.parseInt(args[2]);
     System.out.println("Loan sum = " + loan + ", interest rate = " + rate + "%, periods = " + n);
    // Computes the periodical payment using brute force search
     System.out.print("Periodical payment, using brute force: ");
     System.out.printf("%.2f", bruteForceSolver(loan, rate, n, epsilon));
     System.out.println();
     System.out.println("number of iterations: " + iterationCounter);
    // Computes the periodical payment using bisection search
     System.out.print("Periodical payment, using bi-section search: ");
     System.out.printf("%.2f", bisectionSolver(loan, rate, n, epsilon));
     System.out.println();
     System.out.println("number of iterations: " + iterationCounter);
  }
  public static double bruteForceSolver(double loan, double rate, int n, double epsilon) {
     double g = loan / n;
    iterationCounter = 0;
    while (endBalance(loan, rate, n, g) > 0) {
       g += epsilon;
       iterationCounter++;
    return g;
  }
  public static double bisectionSolver(double loan, double rate, int n, double epsilon) {
     double L = loan / n;
    double H = loan:
```

```
double g = (L + H) / 2;
iterationCounter = 0;

while ((H - L) > epsilon) {
    if ((endBalance(loan, rate, n, g) * endBalance(loan, rate, n, L)) > 0) {
        L = g;
    } else {
        H = g;
    }
    g = (L + H) / 2;
    iterationCounter++;
}

return g;
}

private static double endBalance(double loan, double rate, int n, double payment) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        loan = (loan - payment) * (1.00 + (0.01 * rate));
    }
    return loan;
}</pre>
```

LowerCase

```
** String processing exercise 1. */
public class LowerCase {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     String str = args[0];
    System.out.println(lowerCase(str));
   * Returns a string which is identical to the original string,
   * except that all the upper-case letters are converted to lower-case letters.
   * Non-letter characters are left as is.
  public static String lowerCase(String s) {
     String LowerCase = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
       char ch = s.charAt(i);
       int ascii = ch;
       if (65 <= ascii && ascii <= 90) {
          int asciiLower = ascii + 32;
          LowerCase = LowerCase + ((char) (asciiLower));
       } else {
          LowerCase = LowerCase + ch;
       }
    return LowerCase;
```

UnquieChars

```
** String processing exercise 2. */
public class UniqueChars {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     String str = args[0];
     System.out.println(uniqueChars(str));
  }
   * Returns a string which is identical to the original string,
   * except that all the duplicate characters are removed,
   * unless they are space characters.
  public static String uniqueChars(String s) {
     String uniqueStr = "";
     for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {</pre>
       if (uniqueStr.indexOf(s.charAt(i)) == -1) {
          uniqueStr = uniqueStr + s.charAt(i);
       } else if (s.charAt(i) == ' ') {
          uniqueStr = uniqueStr + " ";
     return uniqueStr;
```

```
public class Calendar {
  static int year = 1900;
  static int nDaysInMonth = 31; // Number of days in January
  static int dayOfMonth = 1;
  static int month = 1;
  static int dayOfWeek = 2; // 1.1.1900 was a Monday
  static int SundaysCount = 0;
  static boolean isSunday;
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    int GivenYear = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
    while (year <= GivenYear) {</pre>
       if (year == GivenYear) {
         if (dayOfWeek != 1) {
            System.out.println(dayOfMonth + "/" + month + "/" + year);
         } else {
            System.out.println(dayOfMonth + "/" + month + "/" + year + " " + "Sunday");
       advance();
  //// Write the necessary ending code here
  // Advances the date (day, month, year) and the day-of-the-week.
  // If the month changes, sets the number of days in this month.
 // Side effects: changes the static variables dayOfMonth, month, year,
  // dayOfWeek, nDaysInMonth.
  private static void advance() {
    if (dayOfWeek < 7) {</pre>
       dayOfWeek++;
    } else {
       dayOfWeek = 1;
    if (dayOfMonth < nDaysInMonth(month, year)) {</pre>
       dayOfMonth++;
    } else {
       dayOfMonth = 1;
       if (month < 12) {
         month++;
       } else// begining of a new year
```

```
{
       month = 1;
       year++;
       dayOfMonth = 1;
  }
// Returns true if the given year is a leap year, false otherwise.
private static boolean isLeapYear(int y) {
  if ((y \% 400 == 0) || (y \% 100 != 0) && (y \% 4 == 0)) {
     return true;
  } else {
     return false;
  }
}
// Returns the number of days in the given month and year.
// April, June, September, and November have 30 days each.
// February has 28 days in a common year, and 29 days in a leap year.
// All the other months have 31 days.
private static int nDaysInMonth(int month, int year) {
  int daysNum = 31;
  switch (month) {
     case 1:
       daysNum = 31;
       break;
     case 2:
       if (isLeapYear(year)) {
          daysNum = 29;
       } else {
          daysNum = 28;
       break;
     case 3:
       daysNum = 31;
       break;
     case 4:
       daysNum = 30;
       break;
     case 5:
       daysNum = 31;
```

```
break;
  case 6:
    daysNum = 30;
    break;
  case 7:
    daysNum = 31;
    break;
  case 8:
    daysNum = 31;
    break;
  case 9:
    daysNum = 30;
    break;
  case 10:
    daysNum = 31;
    break;
  case 11:
    daysNum = 30;
    break;
  case 12:
    daysNum = 31;
    break;
return daysNum;
```