```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Random;
public class LanguageModel {
  // The map of this model.
  // Maps windows to lists of charachter data objects.
  HashMap<String, List> CharDataMap;
  // The window length used in this model.
  int windowLength;
  // The random number generator used by this model.
  private Random randomGenerator;
  /** Constructs a language model with the given window length and a given
   * seed value. Generating texts from this model multiple times with the
   * same seed value will produce the same random texts. Good for debugging. */
  public LanguageModel(int windowLength, int seed) {
    this.windowLength = windowLength;
    randomGenerator = new Random(seed);
    CharDataMap = new HashMap<String, List>();
  }
  /** Constructs a language model with the given window length.
   * Generating texts from this model multiple times will produce
   * different random texts. Good for production. */
  public LanguageModel(int windowLength) {
    this.windowLength = windowLength;
    randomGenerator = new Random();
    CharDataMap = new HashMap<String, List>();
  /** Builds a language model from the text in the given file (the corpus). */
  public void train(String fileName) {
    String window = "";
    char chr = '';
    In in = new In(fileName);
    for (int i = 0; i < windowLength; i++)
    {
       chr = in.readChar();
       window += chr;
    while (!in.isEmpty())
       chr = in.readChar();
       if (CharDataMap.containsKey(window))
       {
         CharDataMap.get(window).update(chr);
       else
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{
       List probs = new List();
        probs.addFirst(chr);
        CharDataMap.put(window, probs);
     }
     window = window.substring(1) + chr;
  for (List probs : CharDataMap.values())
     calculateProbabilities(probs);
}
// Computes and sets the probabilities (p and cp fields) of all the
// characters in the given list. */
public void calculateProbabilities(List probs) {
  int totalCountOfChar = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < probs.getSize(); i++) {
     CharData data = probs.get(i);
     totalCountOfChar += data.count;
  }
  double cumulativeProb = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < probs.getSize(); i++) {
     CharData data = probs.get(i);
     double probability = (double) data.count / totalCountOfChar;
     data.p = probability;
     cumulativeProb += probability;
     data.cp = cumulativeProb;
  }
  if (probs.getSize() > 0) {
     CharData lastData = probs.get(probs.getSize() - 1);
     lastData.cp = 1.0;
  }
// Returns a random character from the given probabilities list.
public char getRandomChar(List probs) {
  double r = randomGenerator.nextDouble();
  for (int i = 0; i < probs.getSize(); i++) {
     CharData data = probs.get(i);
     if (data.cp >= r) {
       return data.chr;
     }
  }
  return probs.get(probs.getSize() - 1).chr;
```

- * Generates a random text, based on the probabilities that were learned during training.
- * @param initialText text to start with. If initialText's last substring of size numberOfLetters
- * doesn't appear as a key in Map, we generate no text and return only the initial text.

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* @param numberOfLetters - the size of text to generate
* @return the generated text
*/
public String generate(String initialText, int textLength) {
  String window = "";
  String mytext = initialText;
  char chr:
  if (windowLength > initialText.length() || initialText.length() >= textLength)
     return initialText;
  }
  else
     window = initialText.substring(initialText.length() - windowLength);
     while (mytext.length() - windowLength < textLength)</pre>
     {
       if (CharDataMap.containsKey(window))
          chr = getRandomChar(CharDataMap.get(window));
          mytext += chr;
          window = window.substring(1) + chr;
       }
       else
          return mytext;
     return mytext;
  }
/** Returns a string representing the map of this language model. */
public String toString() {
  StringBuilder str = new StringBuilder();
  for (String key : CharDataMap.keySet()) {
     List keyProbs = CharDataMap.get(key);
     str.append(key + ": " + keyProbs + "\n");
```

return str.toString();

```
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
}
```

- /** A linked list of character data objects.
- * (Actually, a list of Node objects, each holding a reference to a character data object.
- * However, users of this class are not aware of the Node objects. As far as they are concerned,
- * the class represents a list of CharData objects. Likwise, the API of the class does not

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* mention the existence of the Node objects). */
public class List {
  // Points to the first node in this list
  private Node first:
  // The number of elements in this list
  private int size;
  /** Constructs an empty list. */
  public List() {
     first = null;
     size = 0;
  /** Returns the number of elements in this list. */
  public int getSize() {
     return size;
  /** Returns the first element in the list */
  public CharData getFirst() {
     return first.cp;
  /** GIVE Adds a CharData object with the given character to the beginning of this
  public void addFirst(char chr) {
     CharData cd = new CharData(chr);
     Node newNode = new Node(cd);
     newNode.next = first;
     first = newNode:
     this.size++;
  /** GIVE Textual representation of this list. */
  public String toString() {
     if (size == 0) {
       return "()";
     }
     String str = "(";
     Node current = first;
     while (current != null) {
       str += current.cp.toString() + " ";
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current = current.next;
  return str.substring(0, str.length()-1) + ")";
/** Returns the index of the first CharData object in this list
* that has the same chr value as the given char,
* or -1 if there is no such object in this list. */
public int indexOf(char chr) {
  Node current = first;
  int index = 0;
  while (current != null) {
     if (current.cp.chr == chr)
        return index;
     current = current.next;
     index++:
  }
  return -1;
/** If the given character exists in one of the CharData objects in this list,
* increments its counter. Otherwise, adds a new CharData object with the
 * given chr to the beginning of this list. */
public void update(char chr) {
  Node current = first;
  boolean found = false;
  while (current != null) {
     if (current.cp.chr == chr) {
        current.cp.count++;
        found = true;
        break;
     }
     current = current.next;
  }
  if (!found) {
     addFirst(chr);
  }
/** GIVE If the given character exists in one of the CharData objects
 * in this list, removes this CharData object from the list and returns
* true. Otherwise, returns false. */
public boolean remove(char chr) { //lecture 8-2
  if (size == 0) {
     return false;
  Node current = first;
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Node prev = null;
     while (current != null && current.cp.chr != chr) {
        prev = current;
        current = current.next;
     }
     if (current == null) {
        return false;
     if (prev == null) {
       first = first.next;
     } else {
        prev.next = current .next;
     }
     size--;
     return true;
  /** Returns the CharData object at the specified index in this list.
   * If the index is negative or is greater than the size of this list,
   * throws an IndexOutOfBoundsException. */
  public CharData get(int index) {
     if (index < 0 \parallel index >= size) {
        throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException(index + ":This index is out of
bounds");
     Node current = first;
     for (int i = 0; i < index; i++) {
        current = current.next;
     }
     return current.cp;
  /** Returns an array of CharData objects, containing all the CharData objects in
this list. */
  public CharData[] toArray() {
     CharData[] arr = new CharData[size];
     Node current = first;
     int i = 0;
     while (current != null) {
        arr[i++] = current.cp;
        current = current.next;
     }
     return arr;
  /** Returns an iterator over the elements in this list, starting at the given index. */
  public ListIterator listIterator(int index) {
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// If the list is empty, there is nothing to iterate
if (size == 0) return null;
// Gets the element in position index of this list
Node current = first;
int i = 0;
while (i < index) {
    current = current.next;
    i++;
}
// Returns an iterator that starts in that element
    return new ListIterator(current);
}</pre>
```