

UC Berkeley EECS
Sr Lecturer SOE
Dan Garcia



The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Lecture #16 Internet II



Heartbleed Bug!

About one year ago, a bug of incredible magnitude was uncovered. It was an incredibly serious security hole (aka vulnerability) in OpenSSL, which provides security and privacy for the Internet (web, email, IM, VPNs, etc). You'll read about it next week.



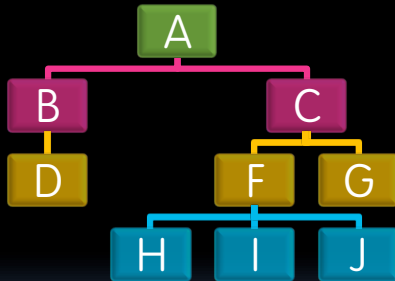
heartbleed.com

**Internet:
Hierarchical &
Redundant**

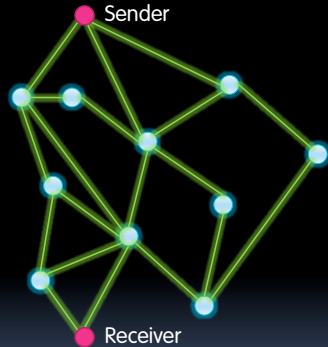


Definitions

Hierarchical



Redundant

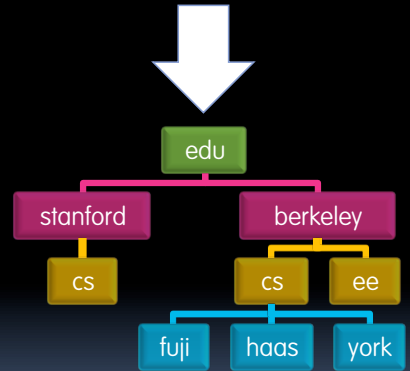




Hierarchical

- The Internet and the systems built on it are **Hierarchical**
 - Domain Name Syntax (DNS)
 - IP addresses
- Benefits
 - Helps systems **scale**

york.cs.berkeley.edu



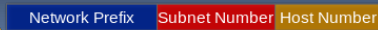
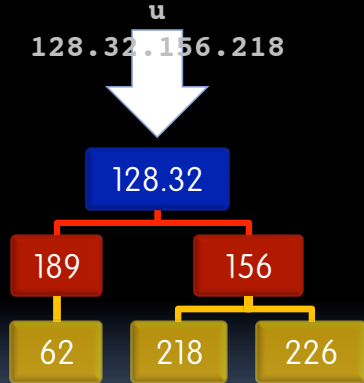


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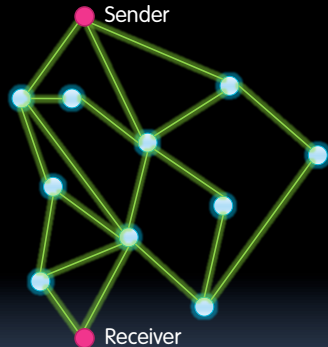
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Redundant

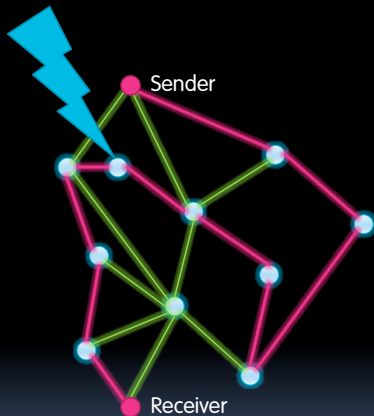
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 - Helps Internet **scale** to more devices, people





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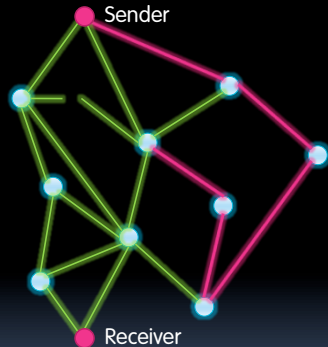
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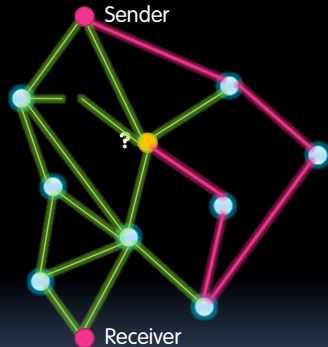
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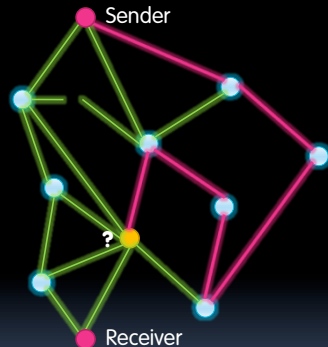
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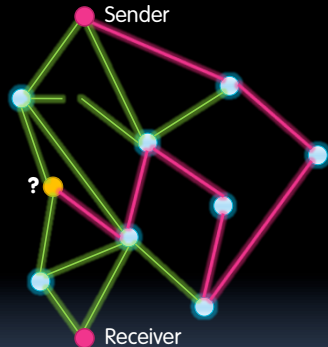
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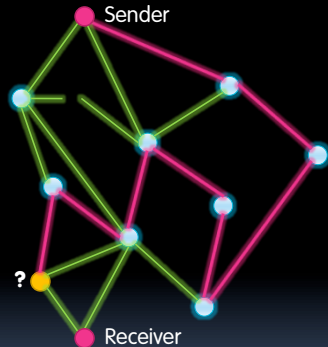
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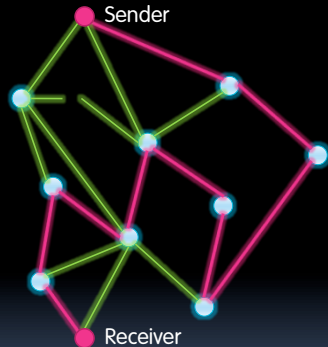
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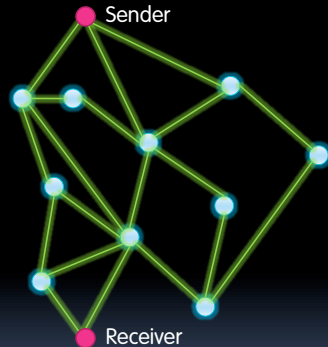
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bjc (Cal) Clicker Question

Fewest **nodes** go down before they can't communicate?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 5



**Internet:
Widespread
Growth, Use. How?**



Widespread Growth, Use. How?

- Interfaces and protocols enable **widespread use** of the Internet
- **Open standards** fuel the **growth** of the Internet.
 - "Open" = not owned by company
 - Standards for **packets and routing** include transmission control protocol/Internet protocol (TCP/IP).
 - Standards for **sharing information and communicating between browsers and servers** on the Web include **HTTP** and secure sockets layer/transport layer security (SSL/TLS).

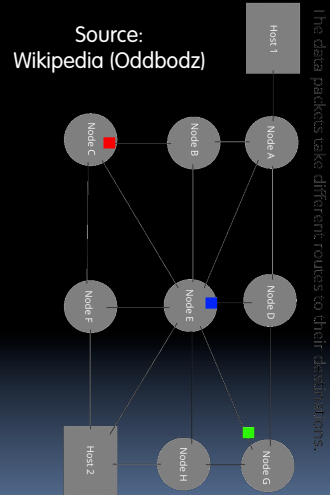
```
S: 220 smtp.example.com ESMTP Postfix
C: HELO relay.example.org
S: 250 Hello relay.example.org, I am glad
C: MAIL FROM:<bob@example.org>
S: 250 Ok
C: RCPT TO:<alice@example.com>
S: 250 Ok
C: RCPT TO:<theboss@example.com>
S: 250 Ok
C: DATA
S: 354 End data with <CR><LF>.<CR><LF>
C: From: "Bob Example" <bob@example.org>
C: To: "Alice Example" <alice@example.com>
C: Cc: theboss@example.com
C: Date: Tue, 15 January 2008 16:02:43 -05
C: Subject: Test message
C:
C: Hello Alice.
C: This is a test message with 5 header fi
C: Your friend,
C: Bob
C: .
S: 250 Ok: queued as 12345
C: QUIT
S: 221 Bye
{The server closes the connection}
```





Packet-Switched System

- The Internet is a **packet-switched system** through which digital data is sent by **breaking the data into blocks of bits called packets**, which **contain both the data being transmitted and control information for routing the data**.





Bandwidth and Latency

- The **size and speed** of systems **affect their use**.
 - E.g., Netflix on dialup? Nope.
- Bandwidth
 - a measure of **bit rate**—the amount of **data** (measured in bits b) that can be **sent in a fixed time**. Usually b/s
- Latency
 - the **time elapsed** between the **transmission** and the **receipt** of a request. Usually ms.

56 kbit/s	Modem / Dialup
1.5 Mbit/s	ADSL Lite
1.544 Mbit/s	T1/DS1
2.048 Mbit/s	E1 / E-carrier
8 Mbit/s	ADSL1
10 Mbit/s	Ethernet
11 Mbit/s	Wireless 802.11b
24 Mbit/s	ADSL2+
44.736 Mbit/s	T3/DS3
54 Mbit/s	Wireless 802.11g
100 Mbit/s	Fast Ethernet



(Cal) Clicker Question

What has the highest **bandwidth**?

- a) Wireless networks
- b) Wired networks
- c) Your hard drive and your computer
- d) Your CPU and its scratch space
- e) A truck of MicroSD cards going next door



(Cal) Clicker Question

What has the highest **bandwidth**?

- a) Wireless networks
 - 802.11ac = 1.3 Gbps
- b) Wired networks
 - 10 GigE = 10 Gbps
- c) Your hard drive and your computer
 - Thunderbolt 2 = 20 Gbps
- d) Your CPU and its scratch space
 - At 4 GHz, 4 bytes / .25 ns = 16 GBps = 128 Gbps
- e) A truck of MicroSD cards going next door
 - xkcd's author calculates it to be 177 petabytes/s = 177,000,000 Gbps



Internet Cyber security



Cyber Security

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_security

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_of_trust

- DNS was not designed to be completely secure
- Implementing cybersecurity has software, hardware, and human components
- Phishing, viruses, and other attacks have human and software components
- Cyber warfare and cyber crime have widespread and potentially devastating effects
- Distributed denial-of-service attacks (DDoS) compromise a target by flooding it with requests from multiple systems
- Antivirus software and firewalls can help prevent unauthorized access to private data

Edward Snowden. Wikipedia (*Hic et nunc*)



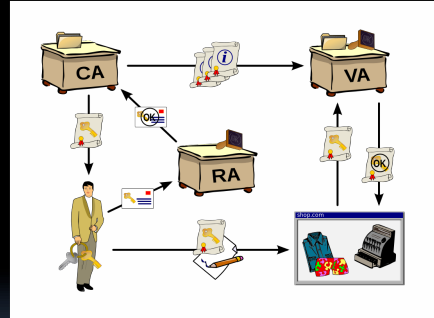


Cryptography

- **Cryptography** is
 - essential to many models of cybersecurity
 - has a mathematical foundation
- **Open standards** help ensure cryptography is secure
- **Symmetric encryption** is a method of encryption involving one key for encryption and decryption
- **Public key encryption (not symmetric)** is an encryption method that is widely used because of the functionality it provides
- **Certificate authorities** (CAs) issue digital certificates that validate the ownership of encrypted keys used in secured communications and are based on a trust model
- The **trust model** of the Internet involves trade-offs.



Public Key Infrastructure. Wikipedia (Chrkl)





Public Key Encryption

