



University of  
Pittsburgh

# Algorithms and Data Structures 2

## CS 1501

Spring 2022

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(Slides are adapted from Dr. Ramirez's and Dr. Farnan's CS1501 slides.)

# Announcements

- Upcoming deadlines:
  - Lab 3 is due on 2/11
  - Homework 4 is due on 2/14

# Previous lecture ...

- How to add and delete from a Red-Black Binary Search Tree (BST)

# CourseMIRROR Reflections

# Today ...

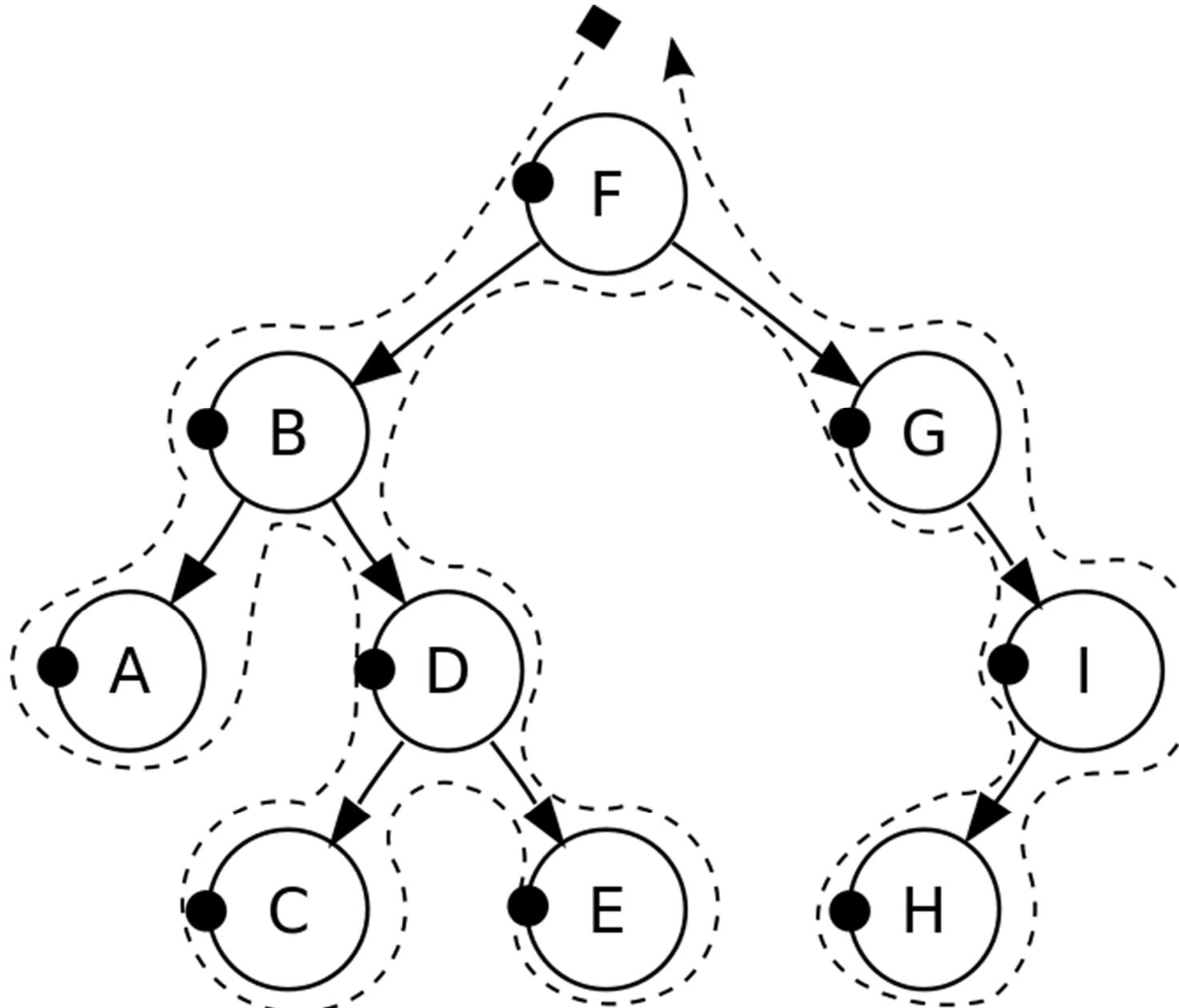
- How to traverse a Binary Tree
  - General Binary Tree
    - Pre-order, in-order, post-order
  - Binary Search Tree
    - including Red-Black BST

# Traversals of a General Binary Tree

- Preorder traversal
  - Visit root before we visit root's subtree

# Pre-order traversal

F  
B  
A  
D  
C  
E  
G  
I  
H



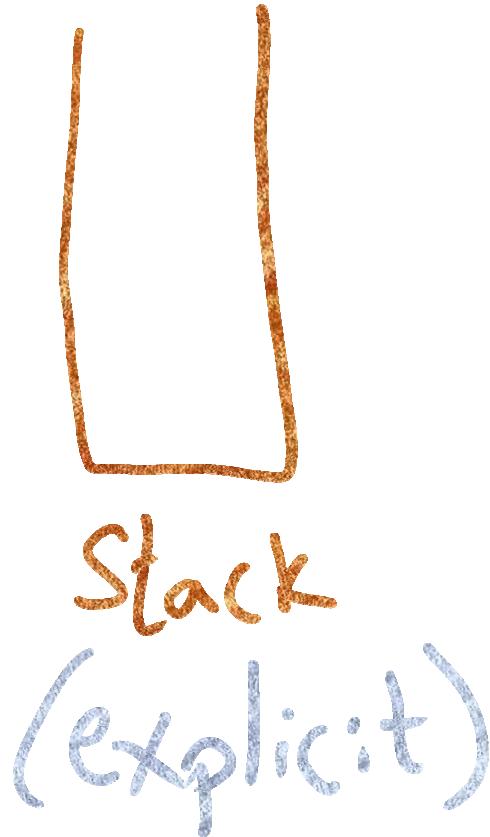
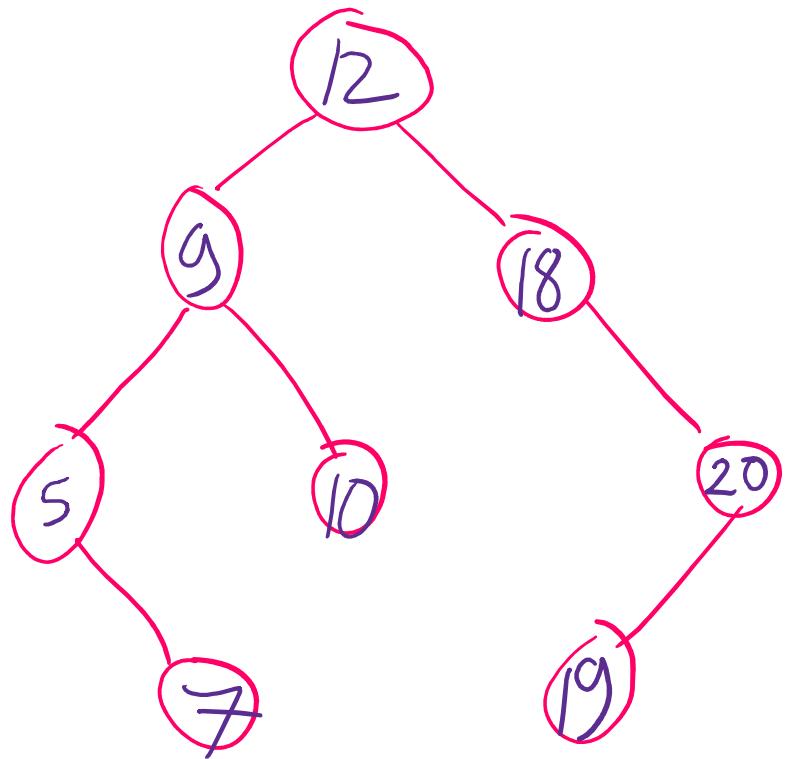
# Pre-order traversal implementation

```
void traverse(BinaryNode<T> root) {  
    if(root != null) {  
        System.out.println(root.data);  
        traverse(root.left);  
        traverse(root.right);  
    }  
}
```

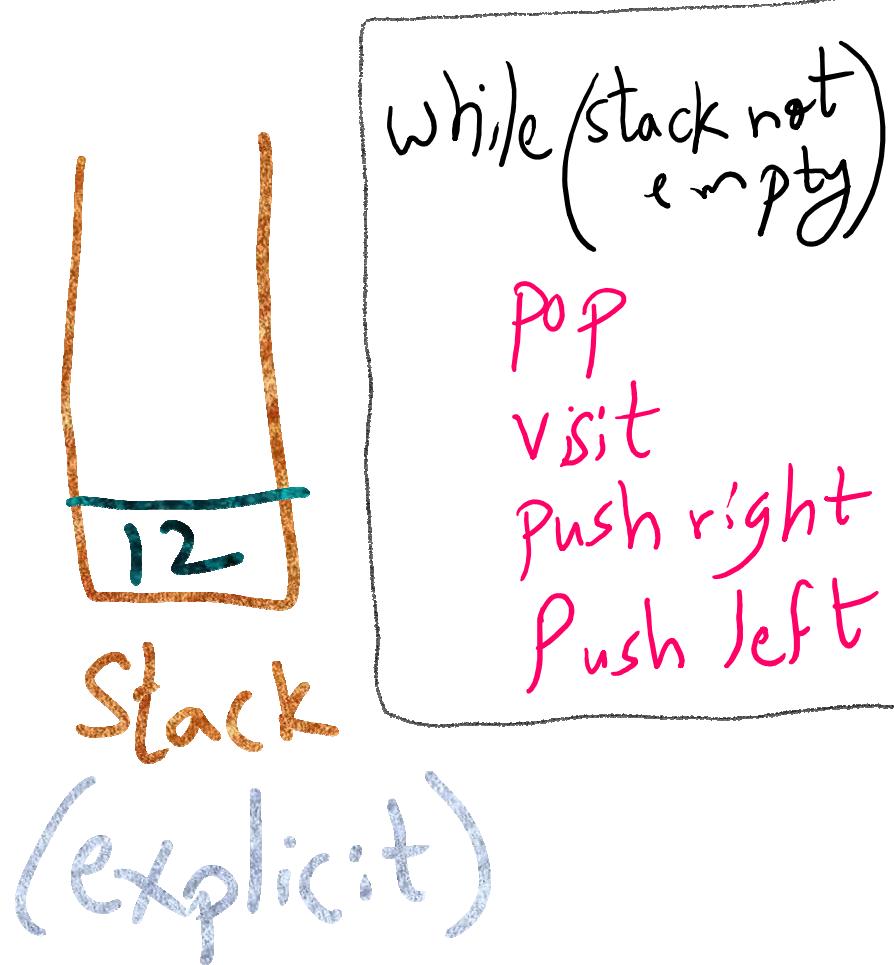
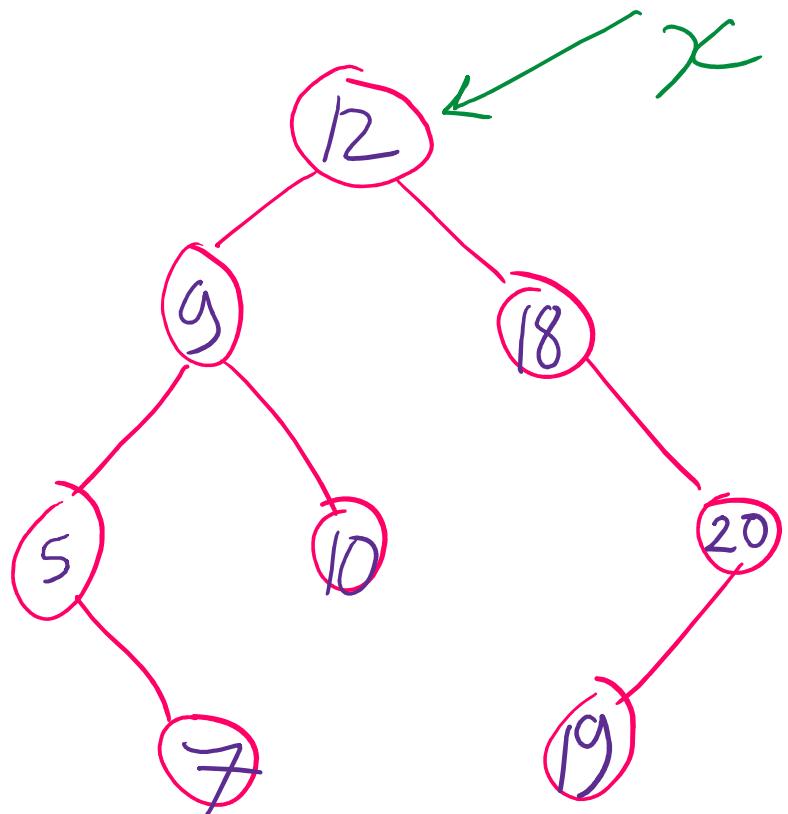
# Why use iteration instead of recursion?

- Iteration is faster than recursion
  - No function call overhead (stack allocation)
- Especially useful for frequently used operations
  - Search is a good example of these operations

# Iterative Preorder traversal

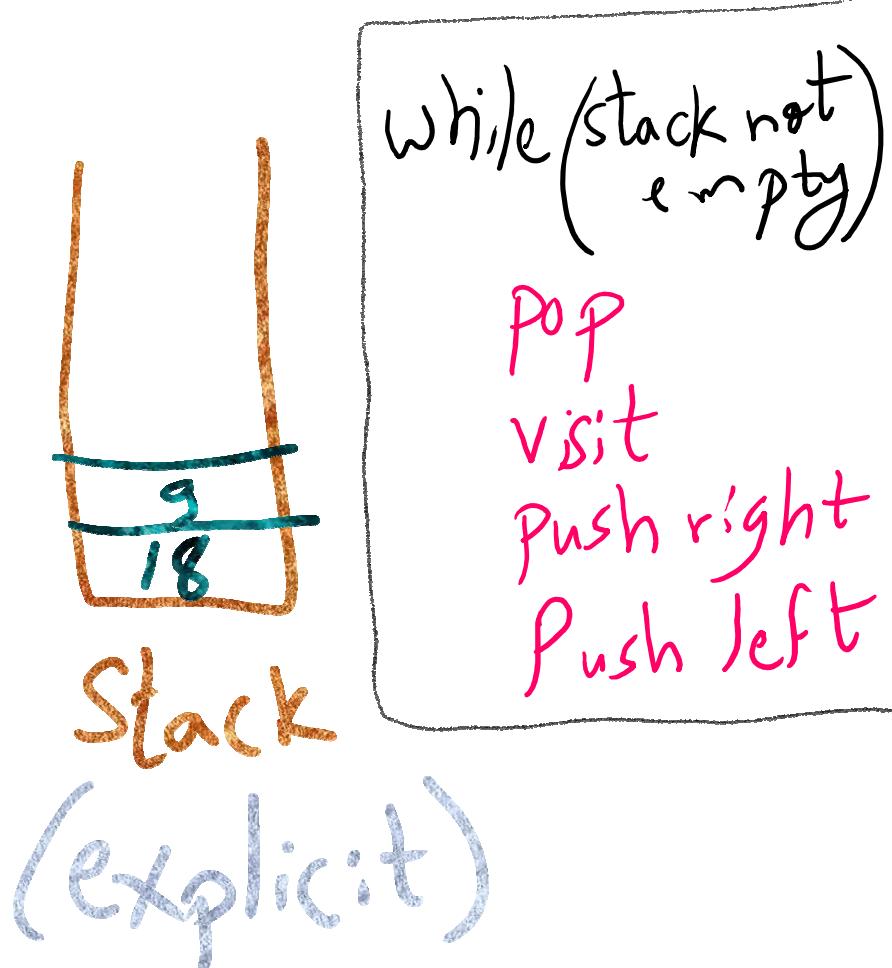
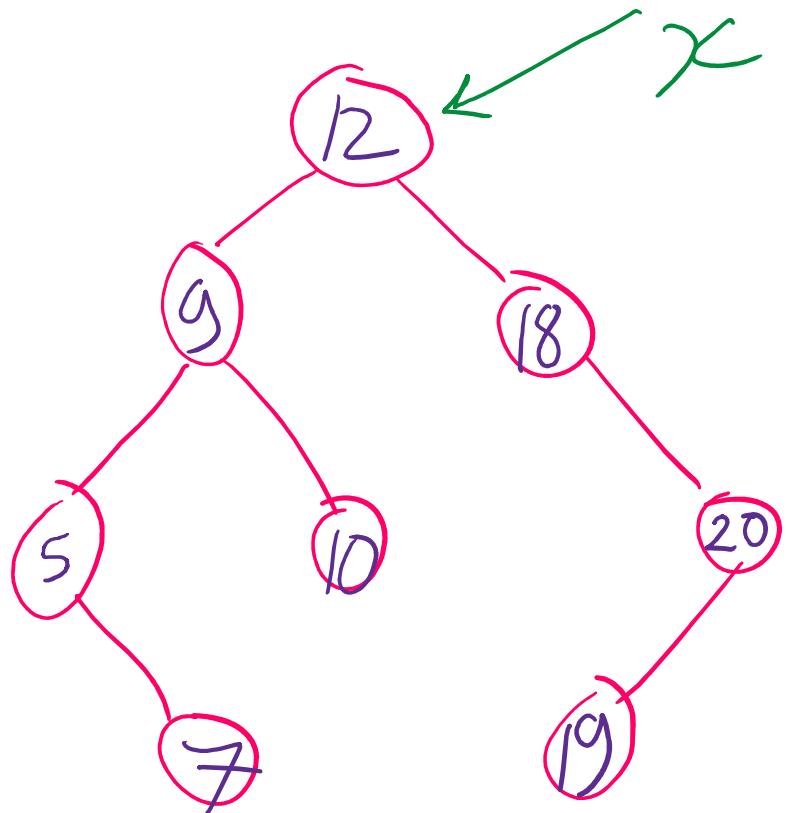


# Iterative Preorder traversal



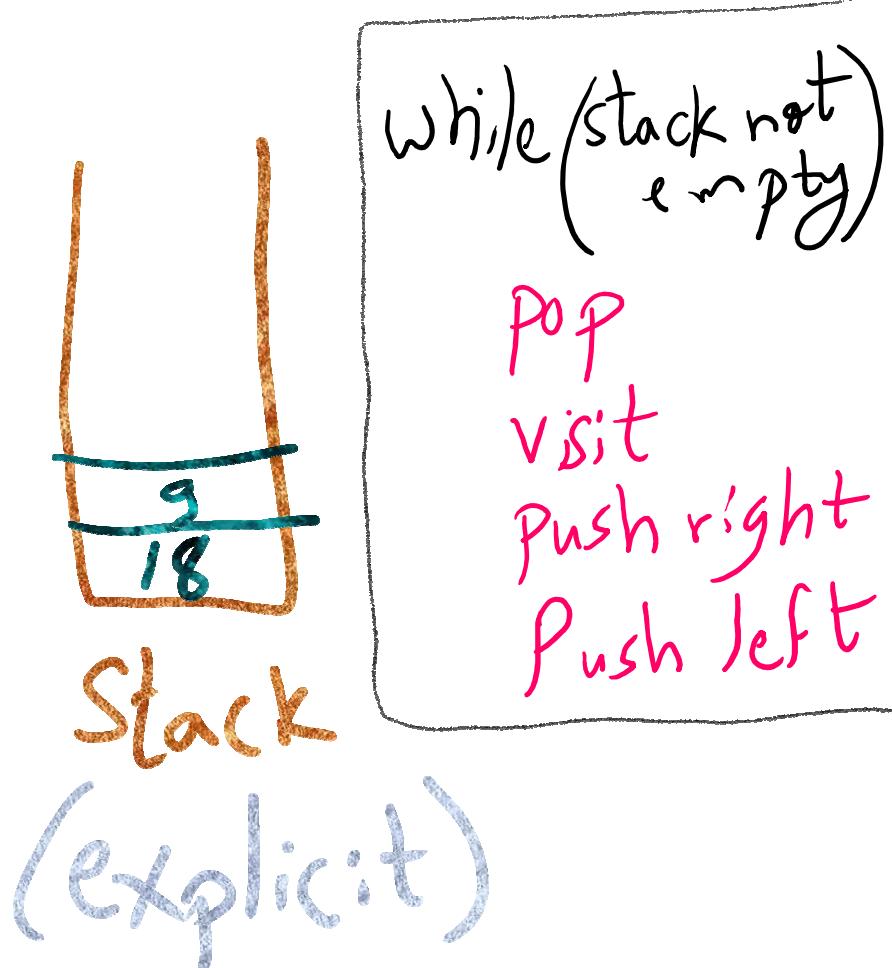
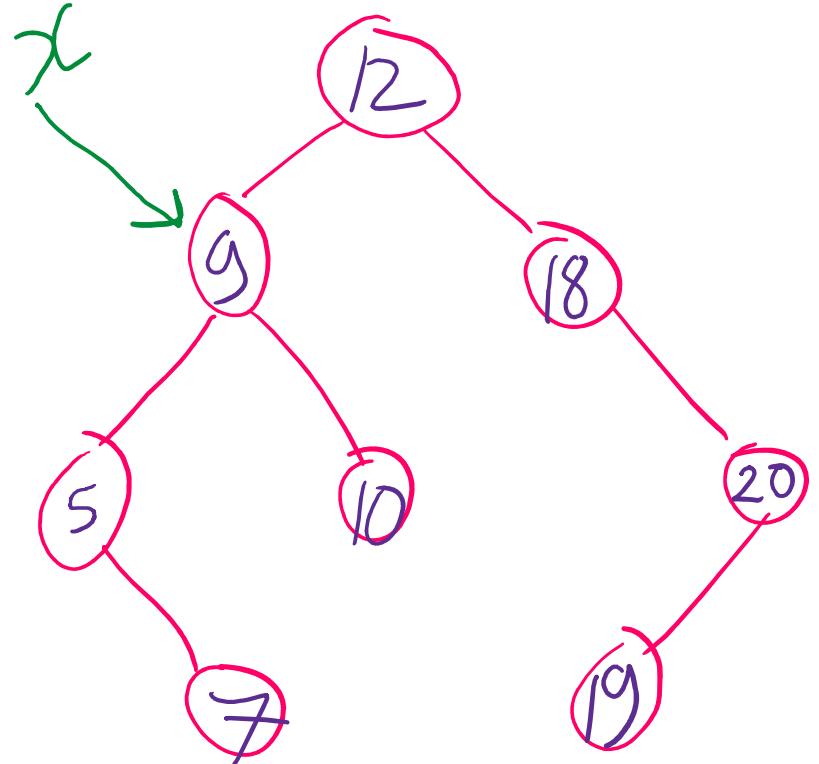
Visit order : 12

# Iterative Preorder traversal



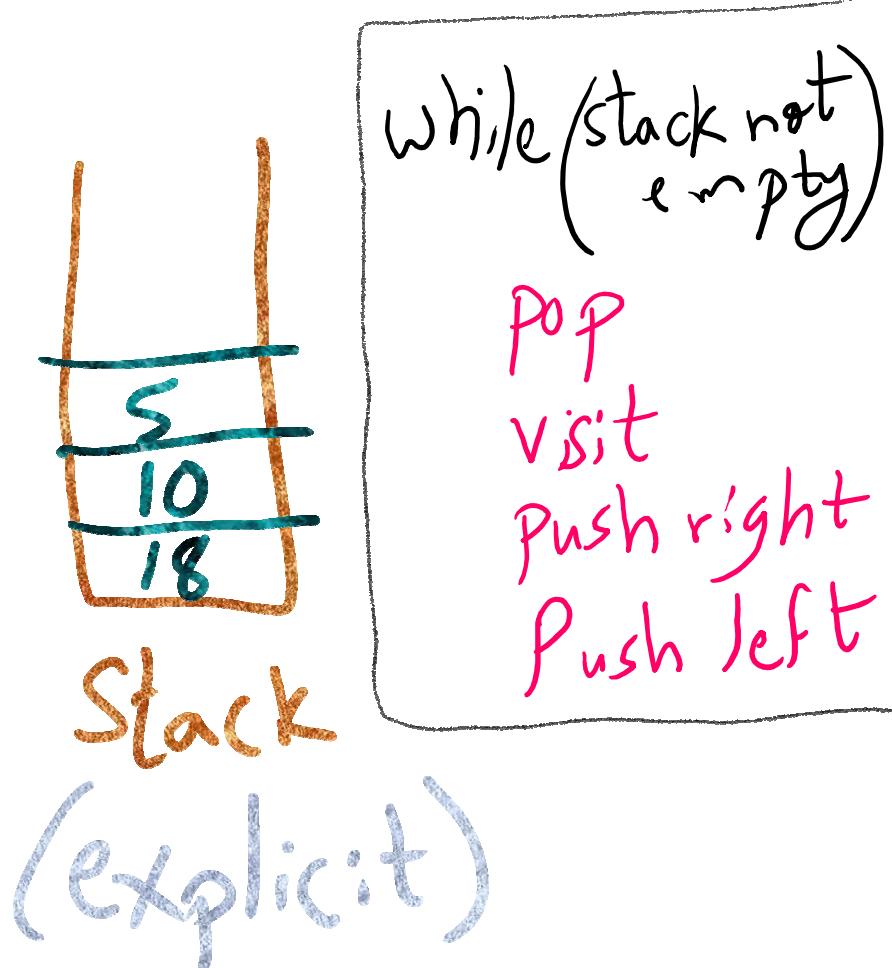
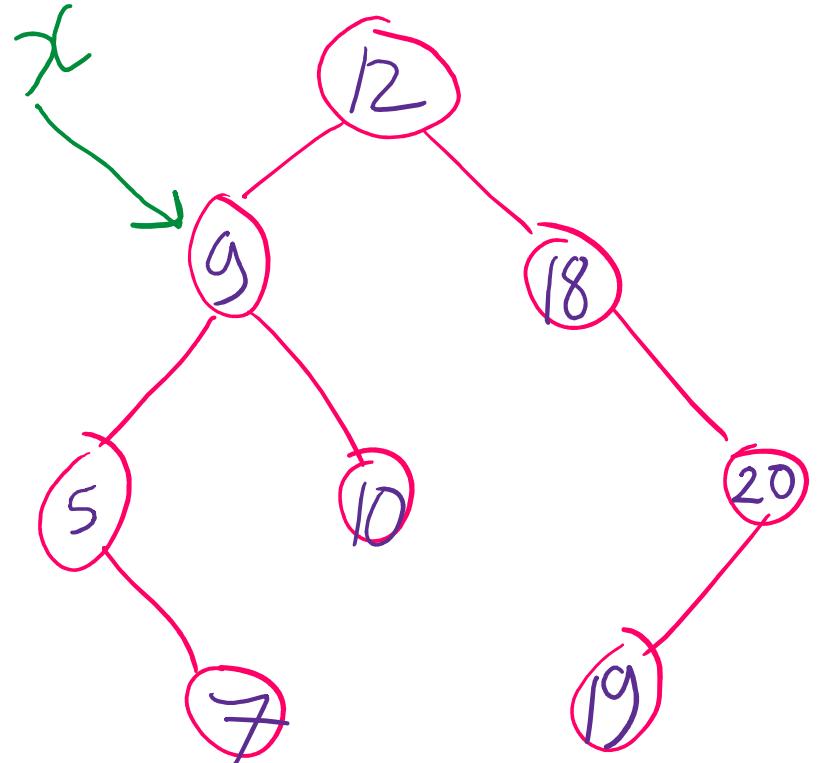
Visit order : 12

# Iterative Preorder traversal



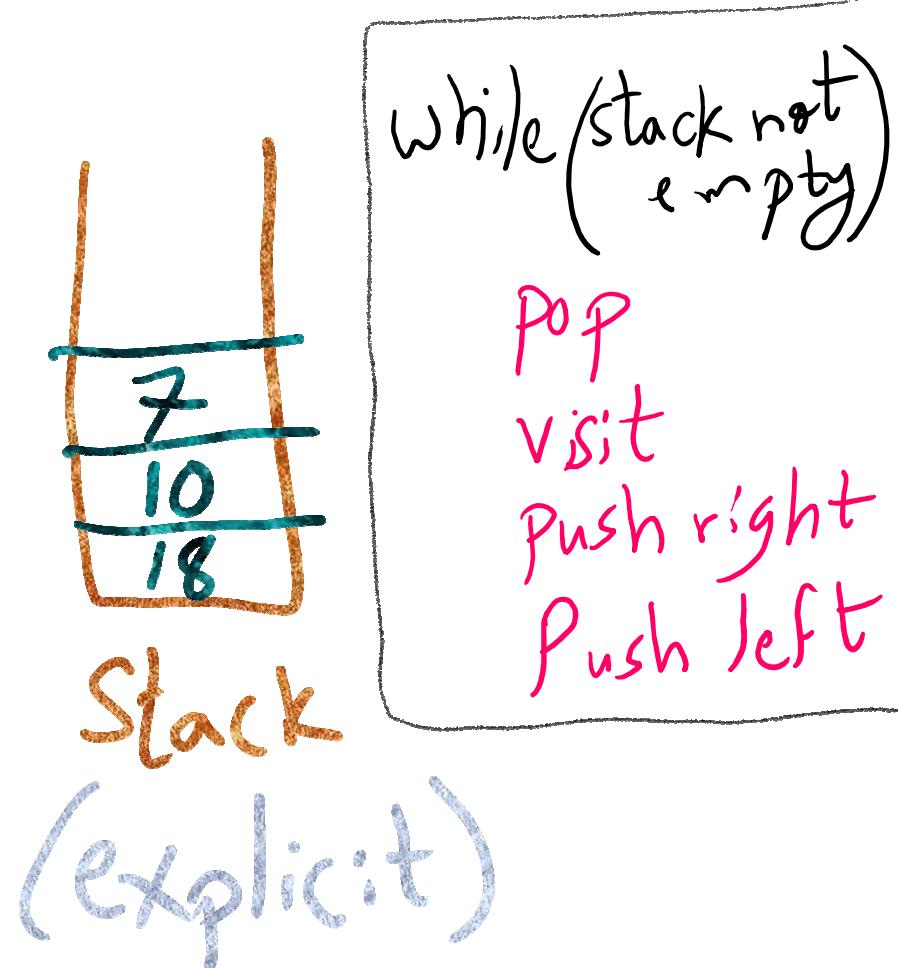
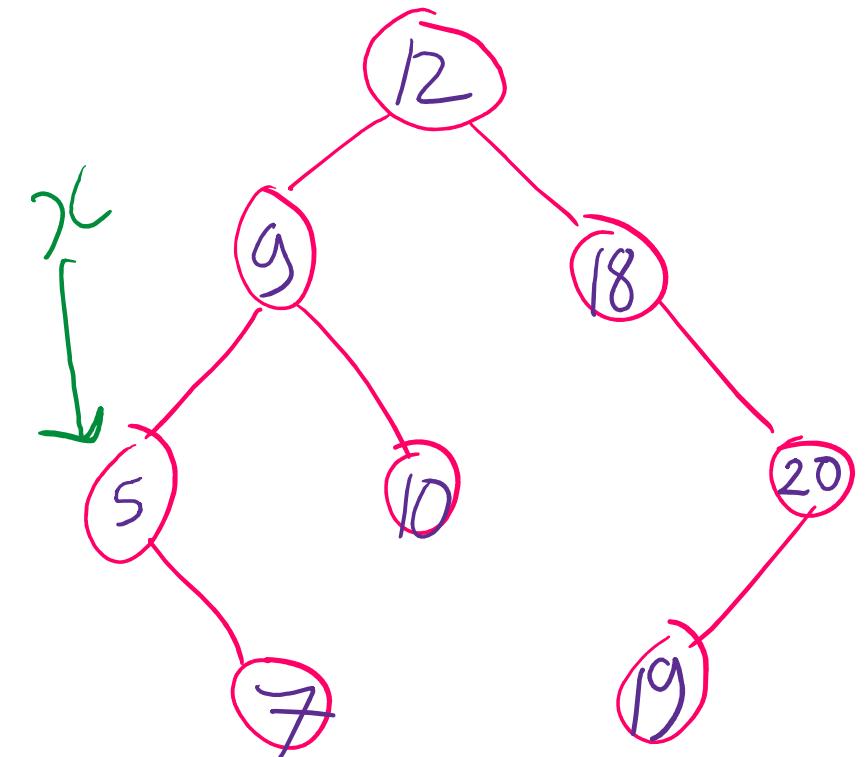
Visit order : 12, 9

# Iterative Preorder traversal



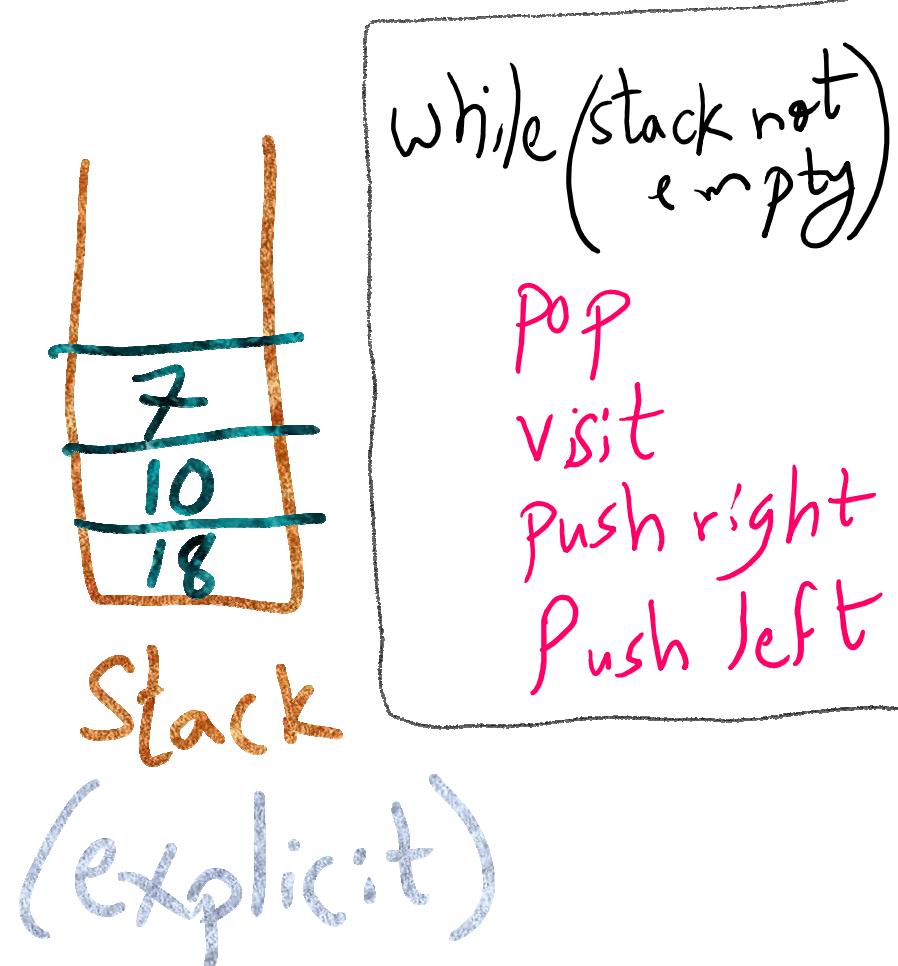
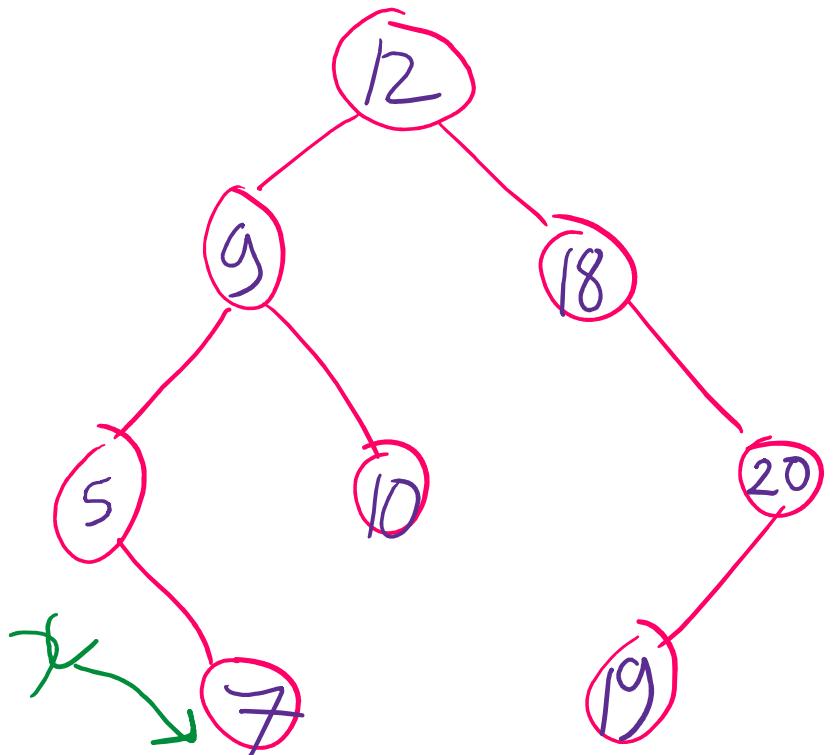
Visit order : 12, 9

# Iterative Preorder traversal



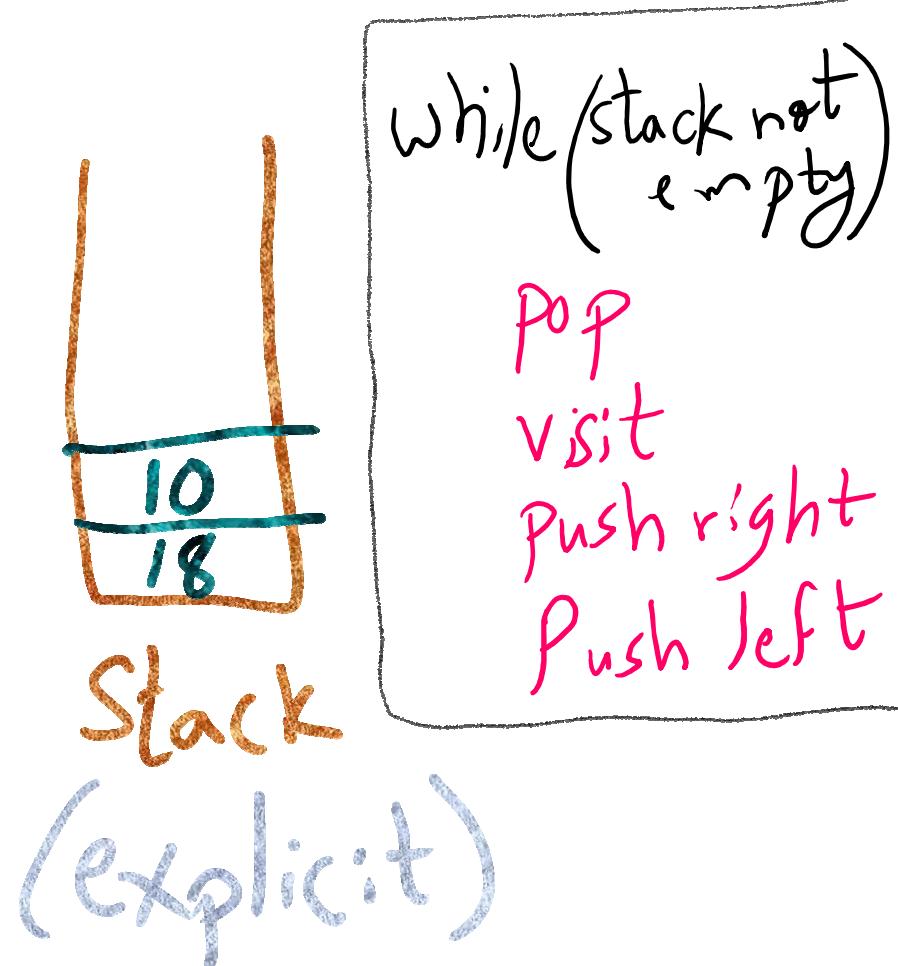
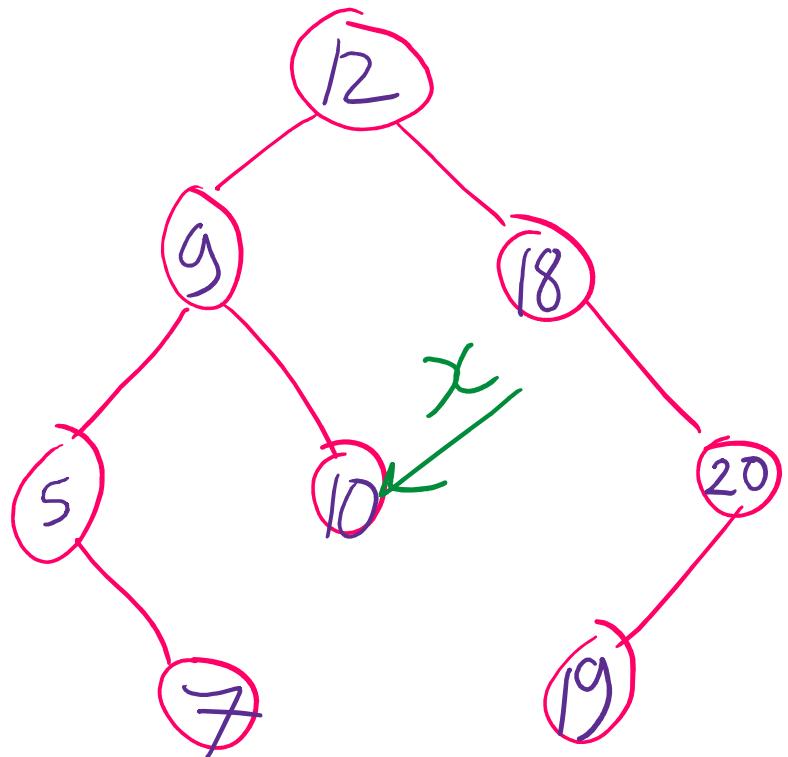
Visit order : 12, 9, 5

# Iterative Preorder traversal



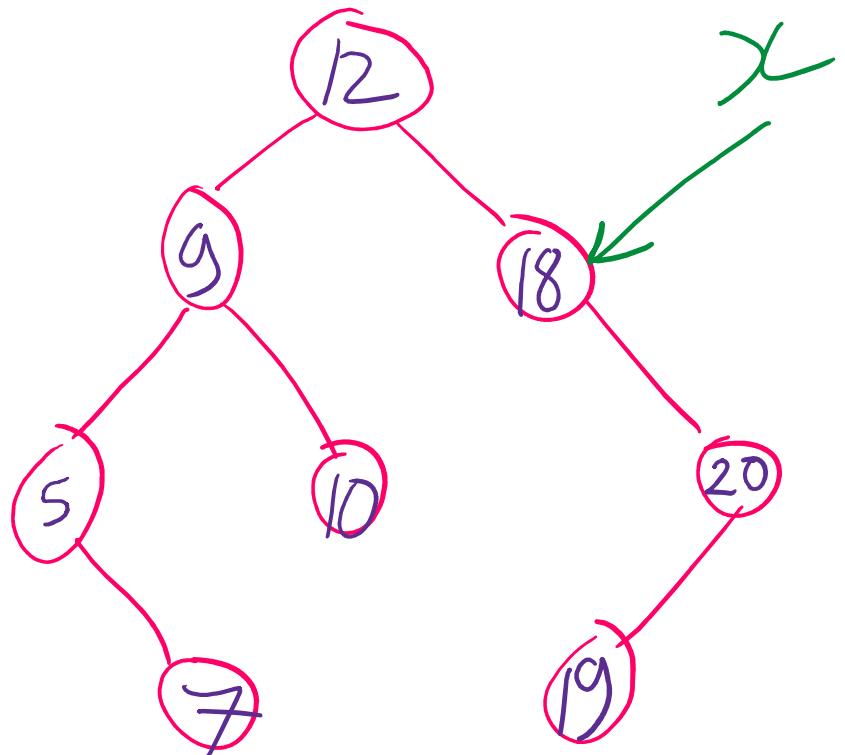
Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7

# Iterative Preorder traversal



Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7, 10

# Iterative Preorder traversal

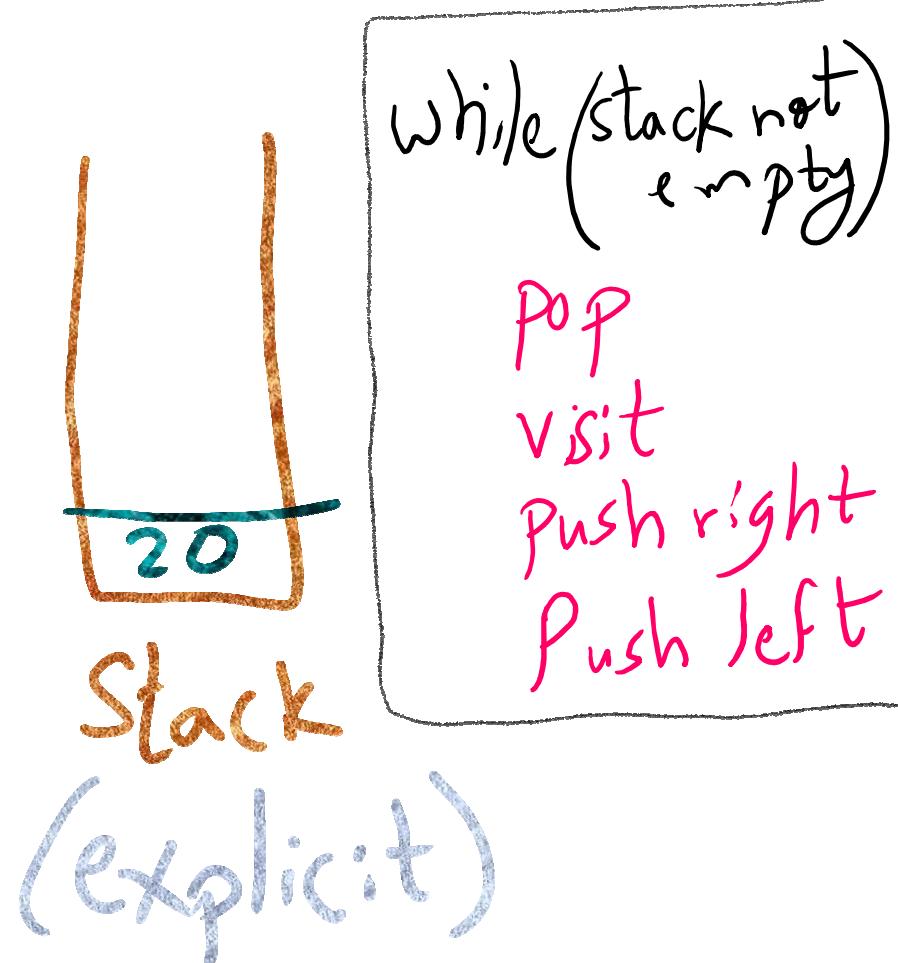
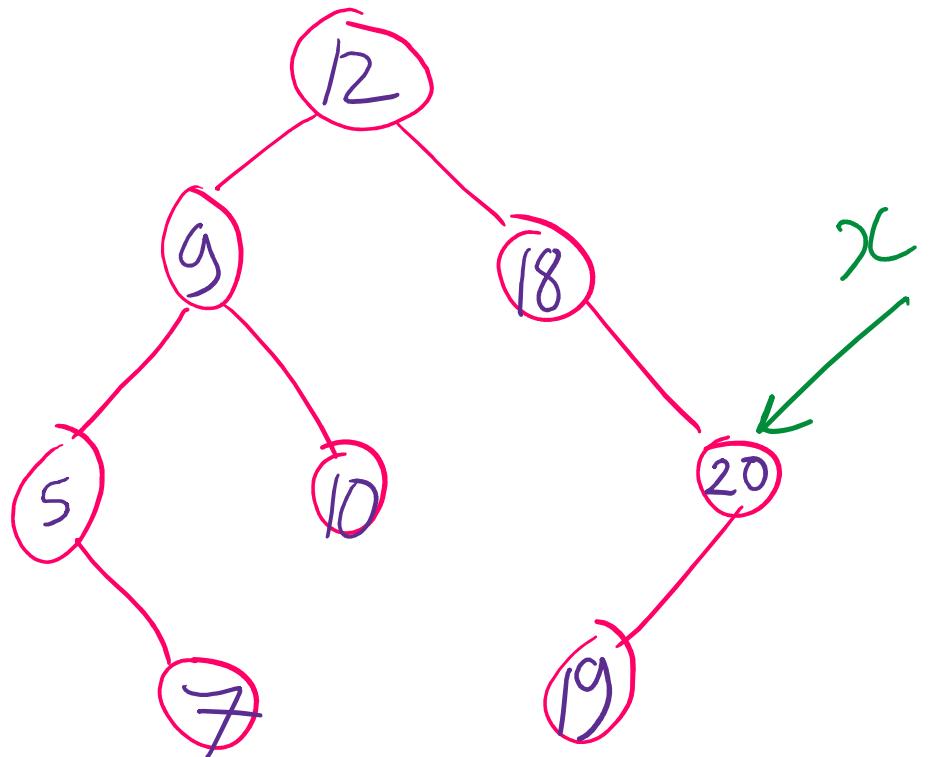


while (stack not empty)

pop  
visit  
push right  
push left

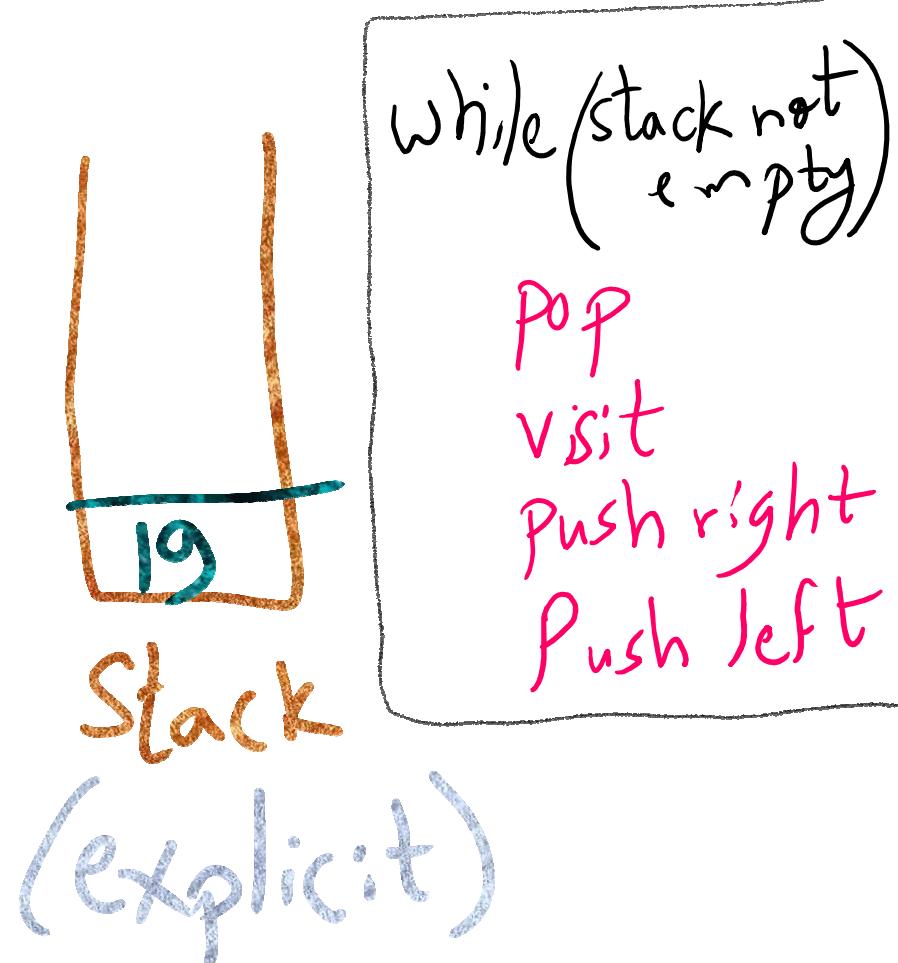
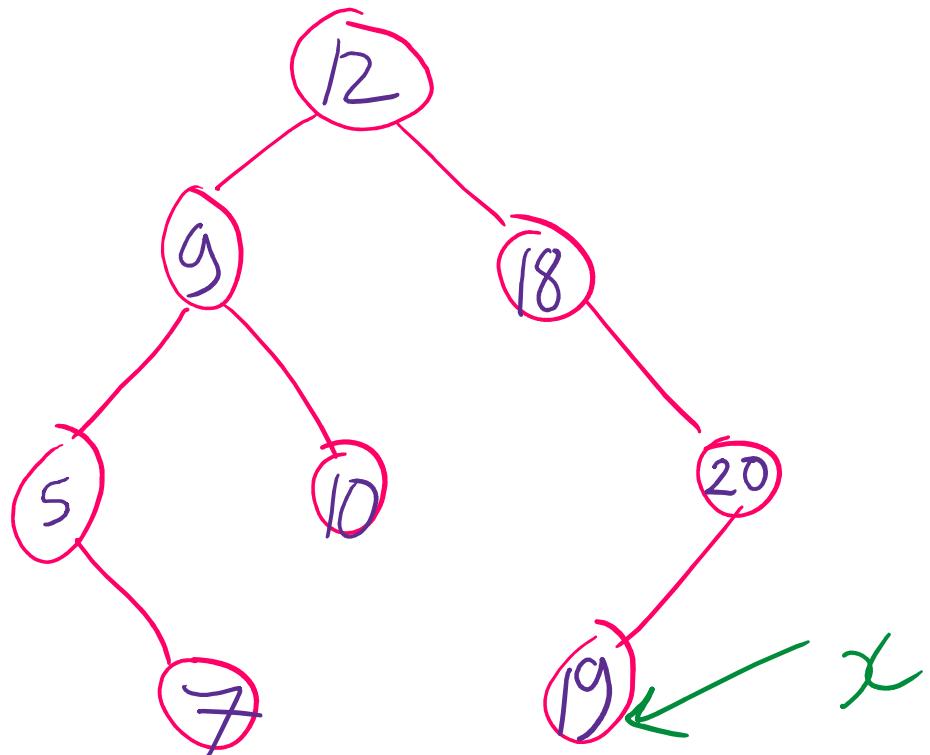
Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7, 10, 18

# Iterative Preorder traversal



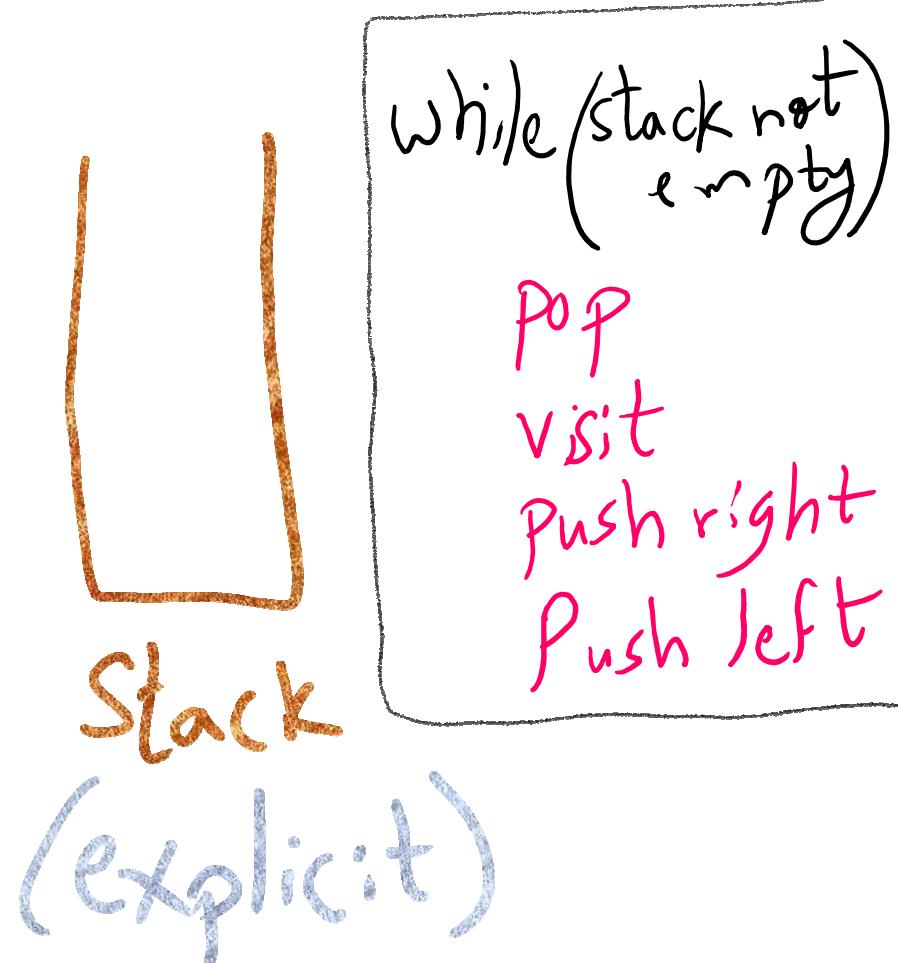
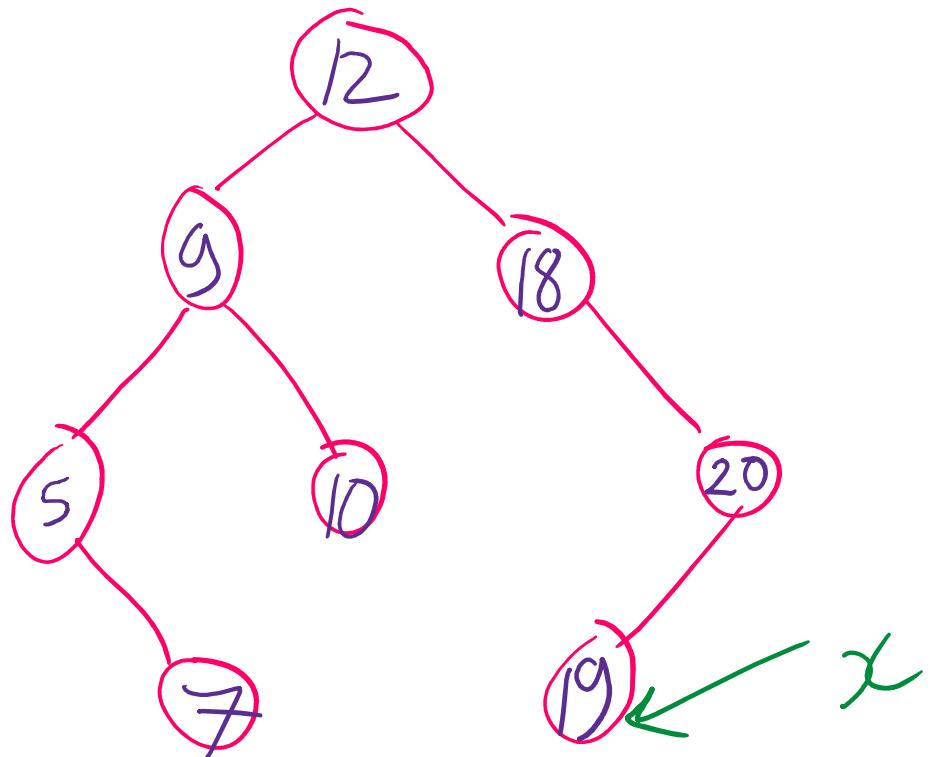
Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7, 10, 18, 20

# Iterative Preorder traversal



Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7, 10, 18, 20, 19

# Iterative Preorder traversal



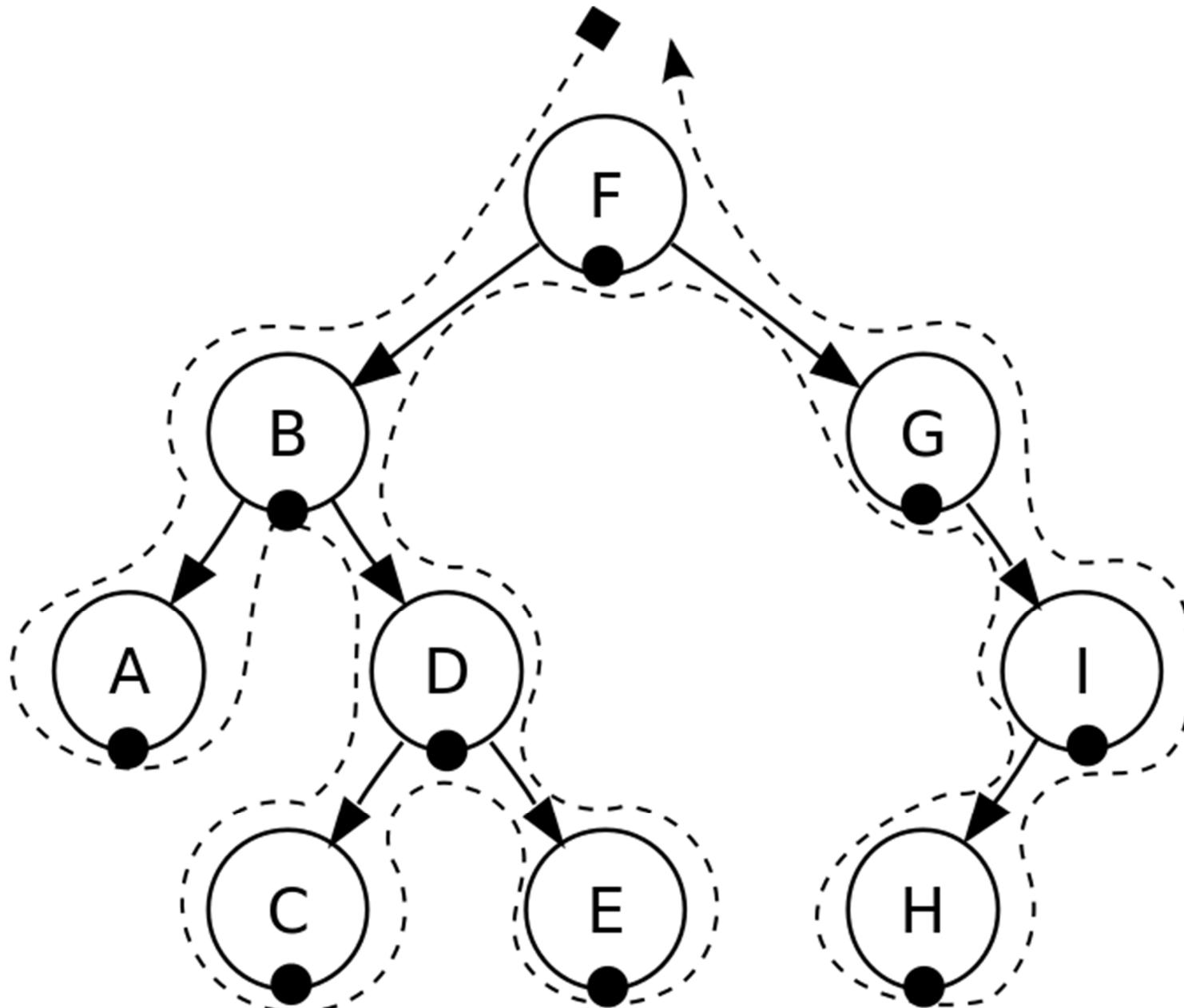
Visit order: 12, 9, 5, 7, 10, 18, 20, 19

# Traversals of a Binary Tree

- Preorder traversal
  - Visit root before we visit root's subtrees
- In-order traversal
  - Visit root of a binary tree between visiting nodes in root's subtrees.
  - left then root then right

# In-order traversal

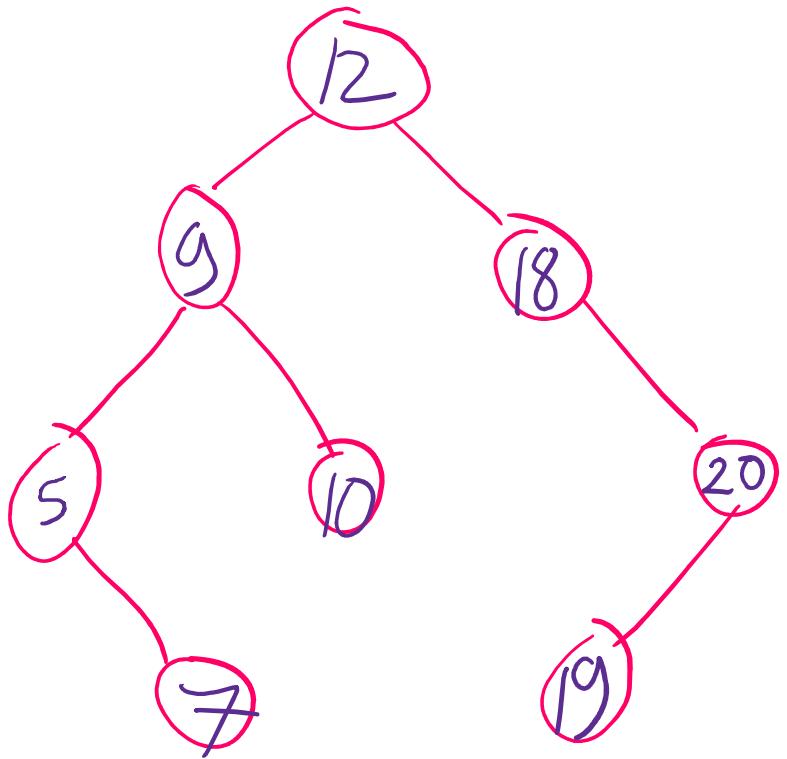
A  
B  
C  
D  
E  
F  
G  
H  
I



# In-order traversal implementation

```
void traverse(BinaryNode<T> root) {  
    if(root != null) {  
        traverse(root.left);  
        System.out.println(root.data);  
        traverse(root.right);  
    }  
}
```

# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order :

repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$

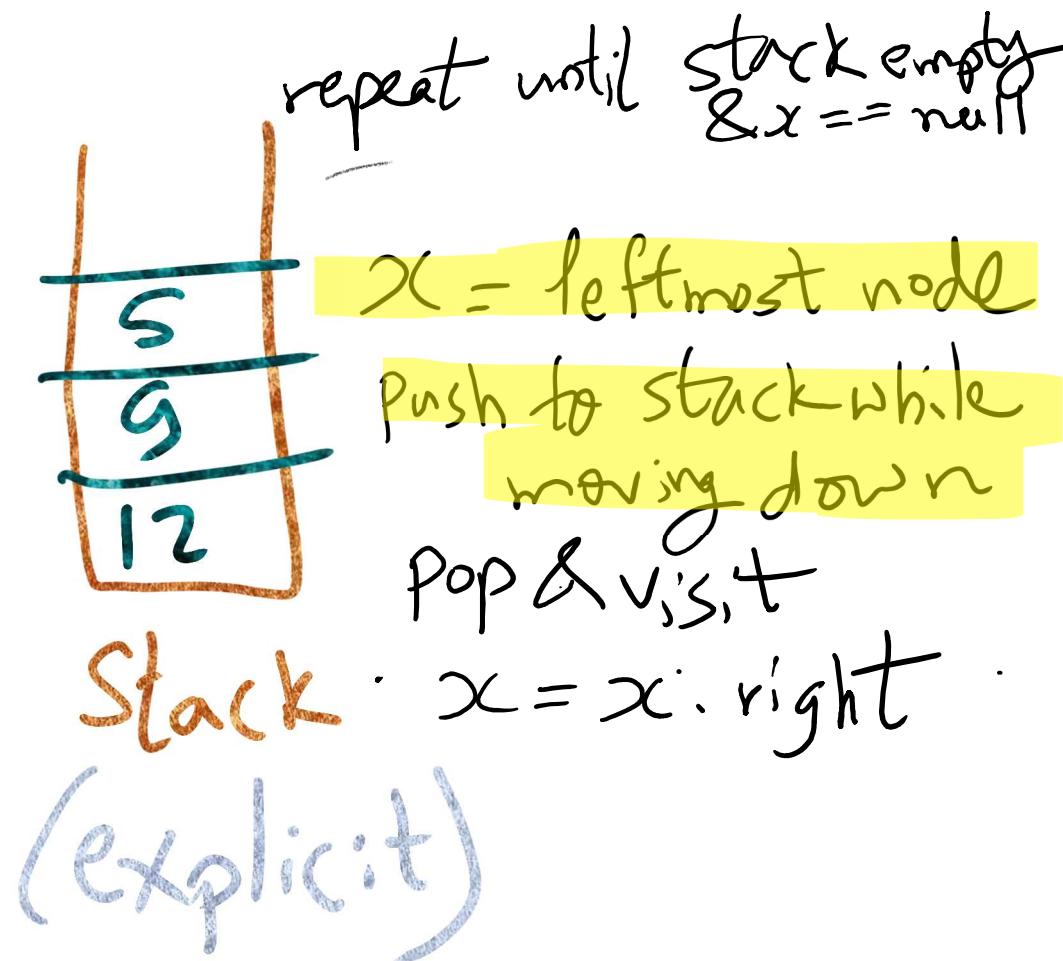
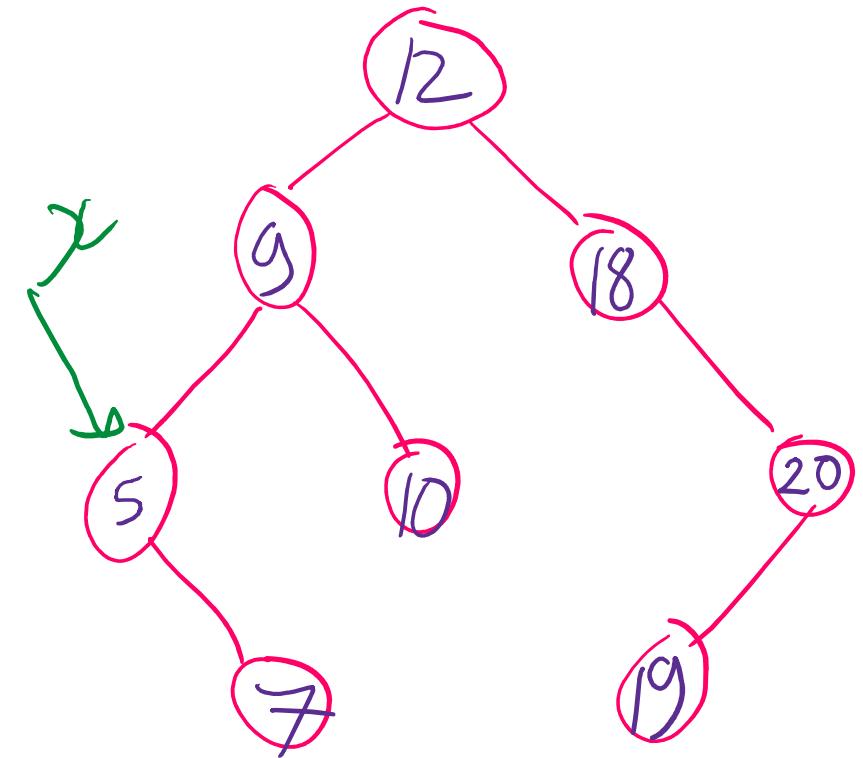
push to stack while moving down

pop & visit

**Stack** (explicit)

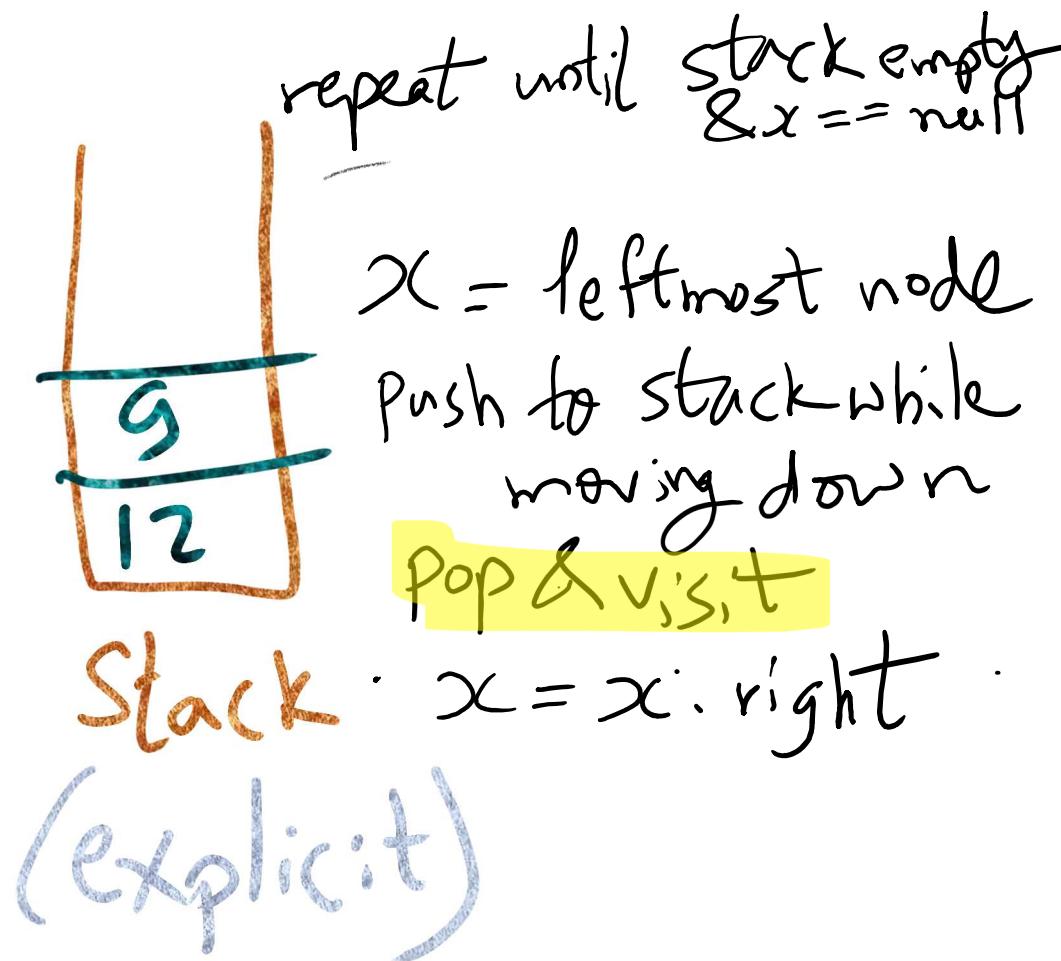
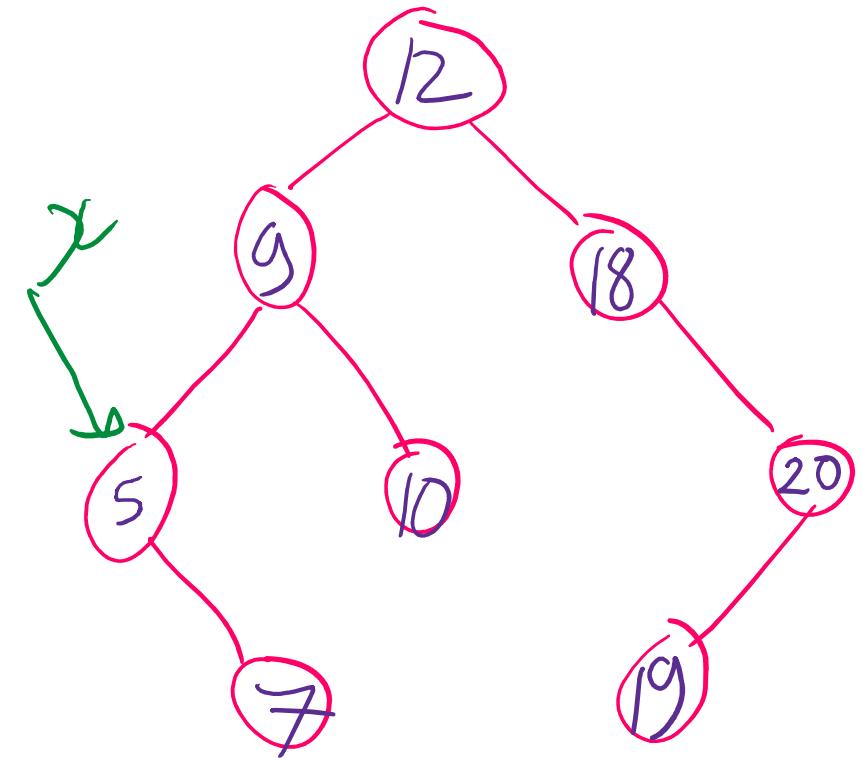
$x = x.\text{right}$

# Iterative Inorder traversal



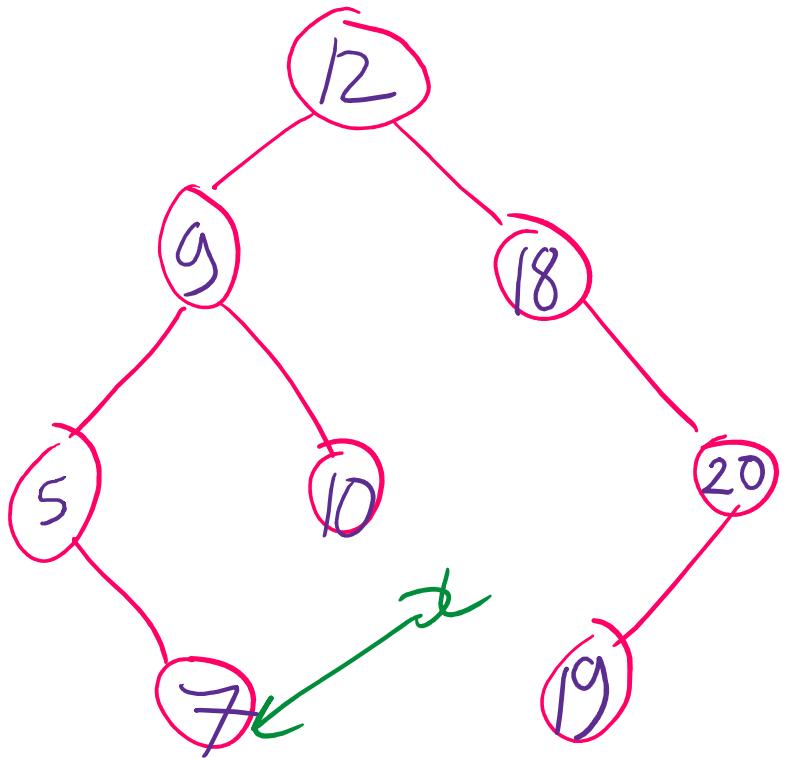
Visit order :

# Iterative Inorder traversal

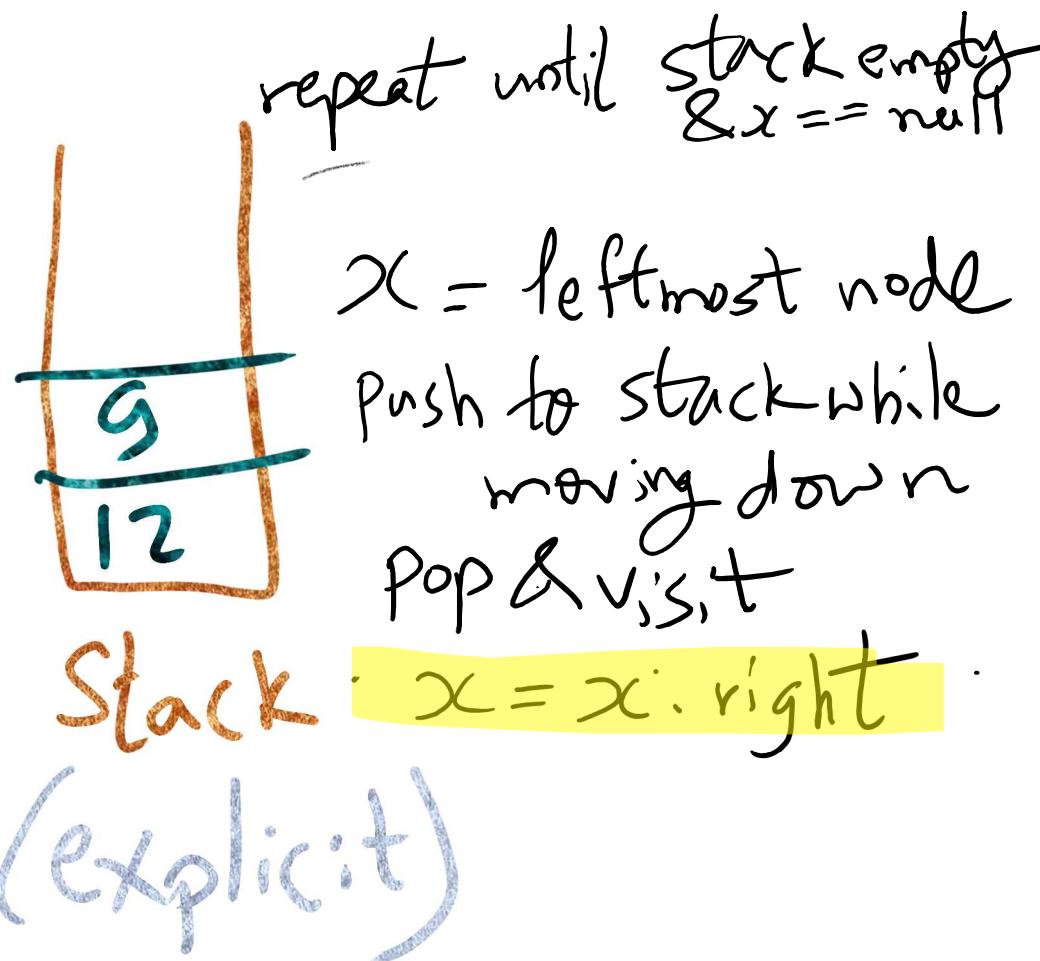


Visit order : 5

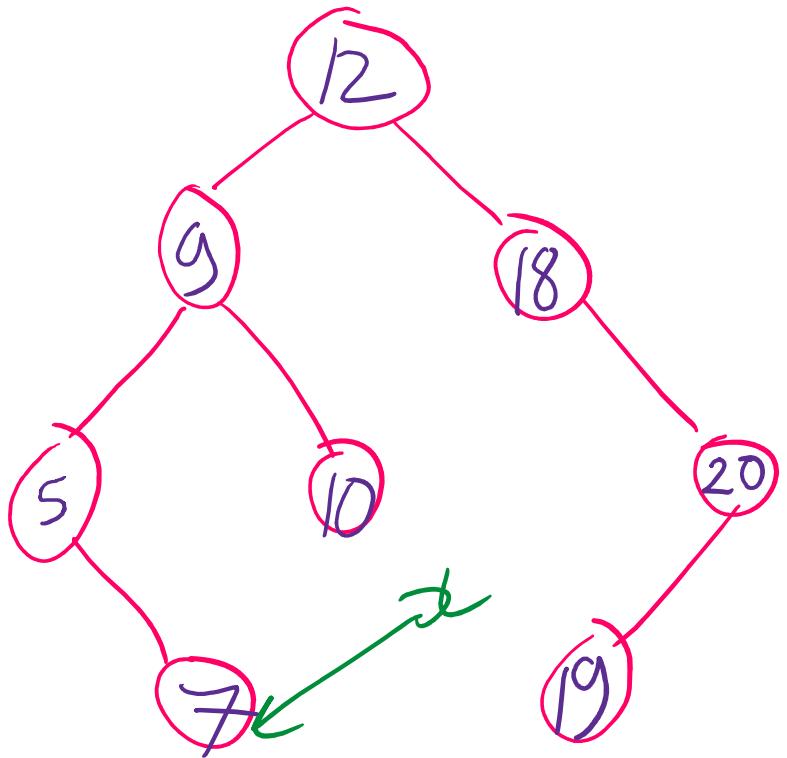
# Iterative Inorder traversal



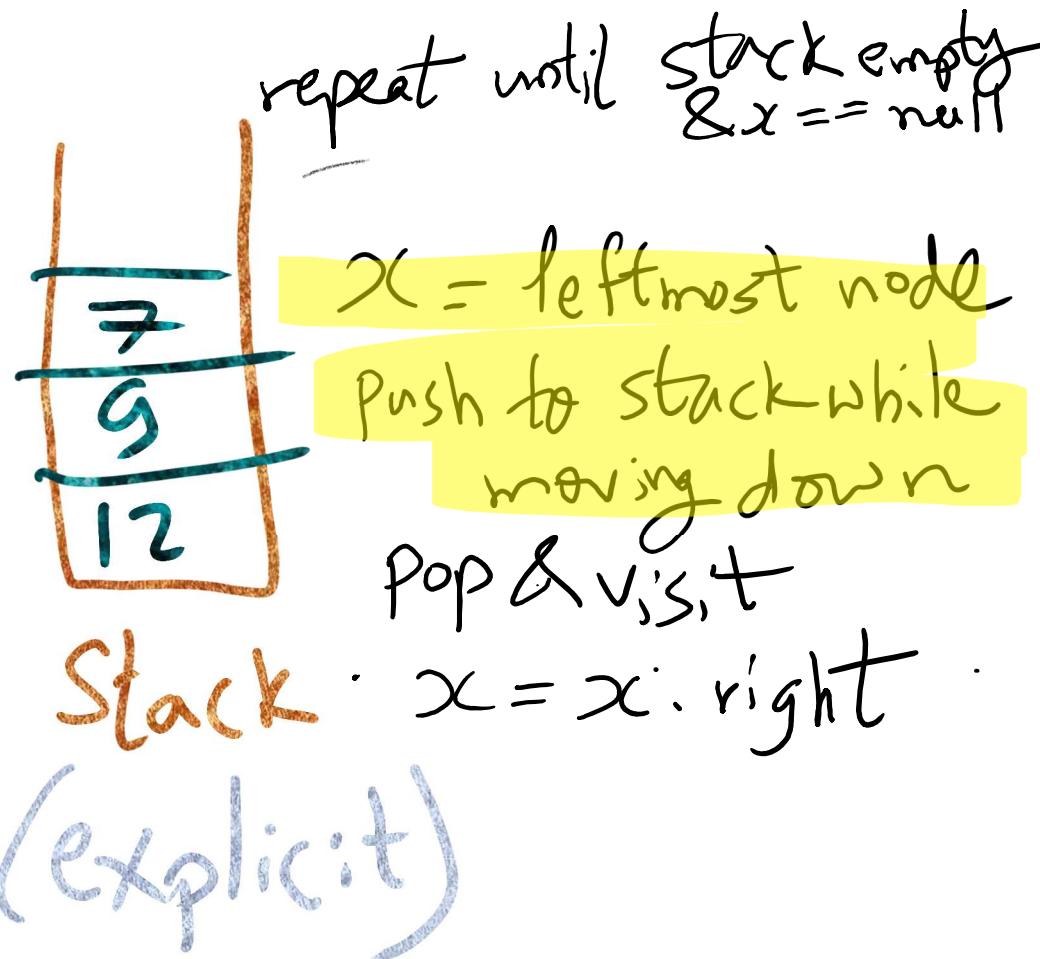
Visit order : 5



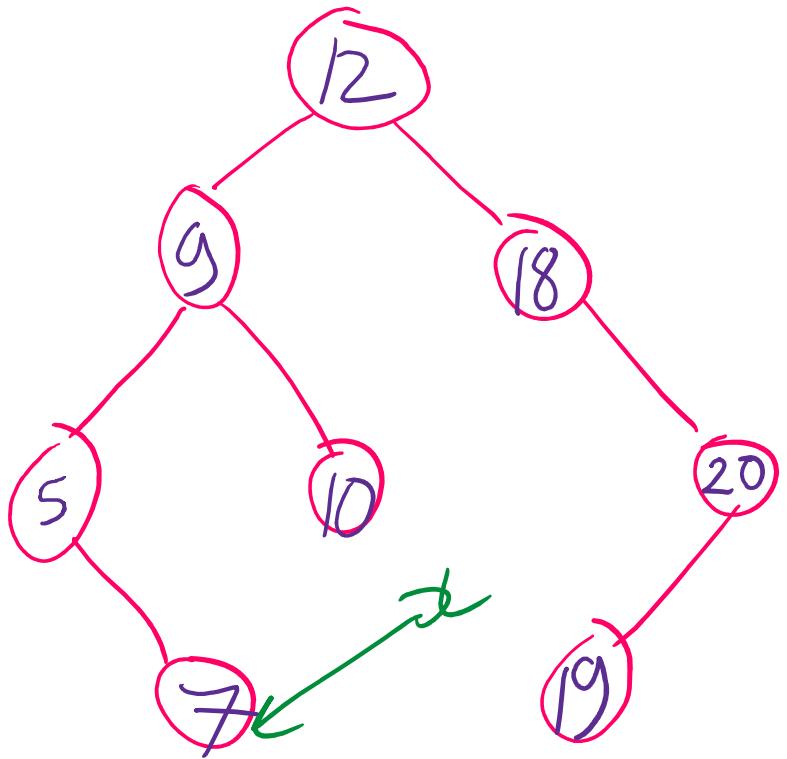
# Iterative Inorder traversal



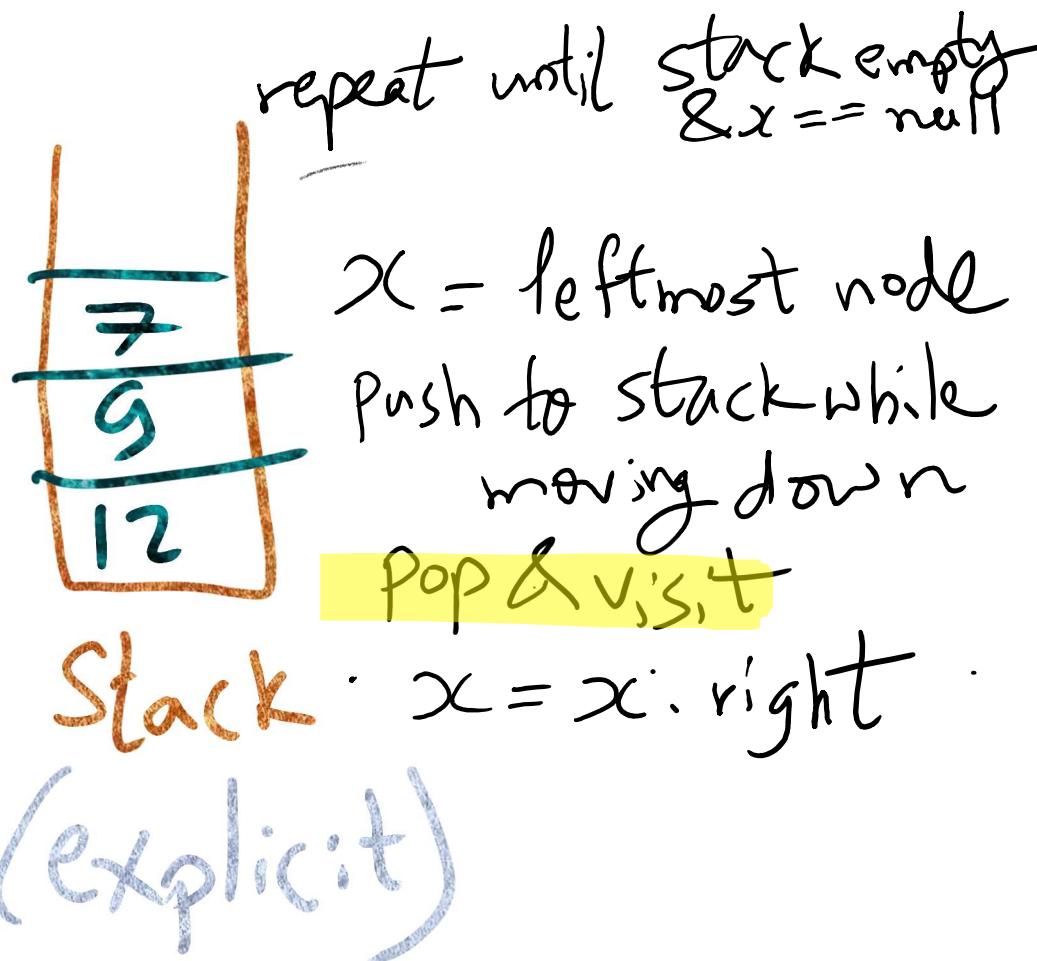
Visit order : 5



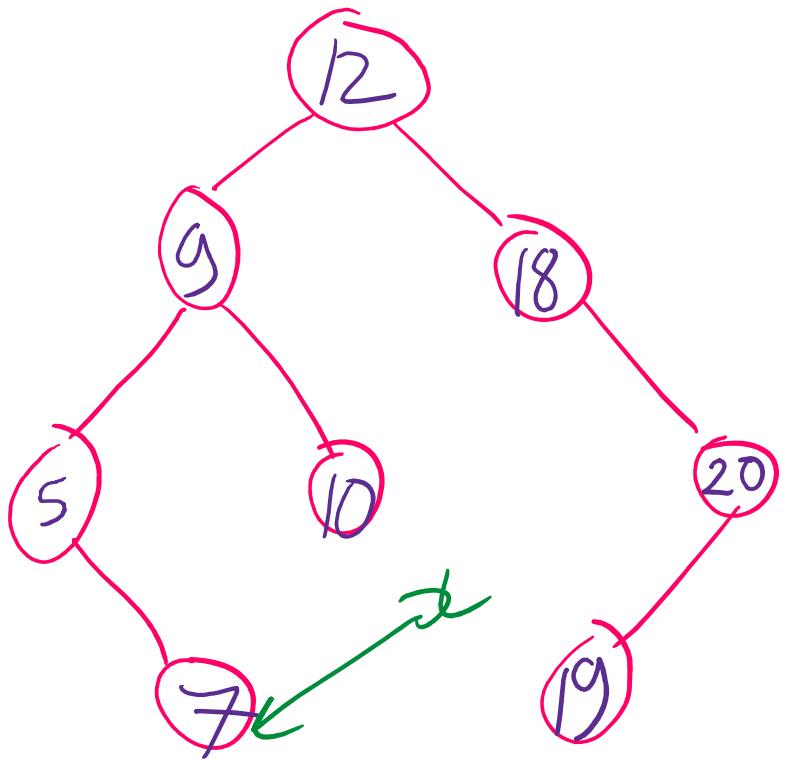
# Iterative Inorder traversal



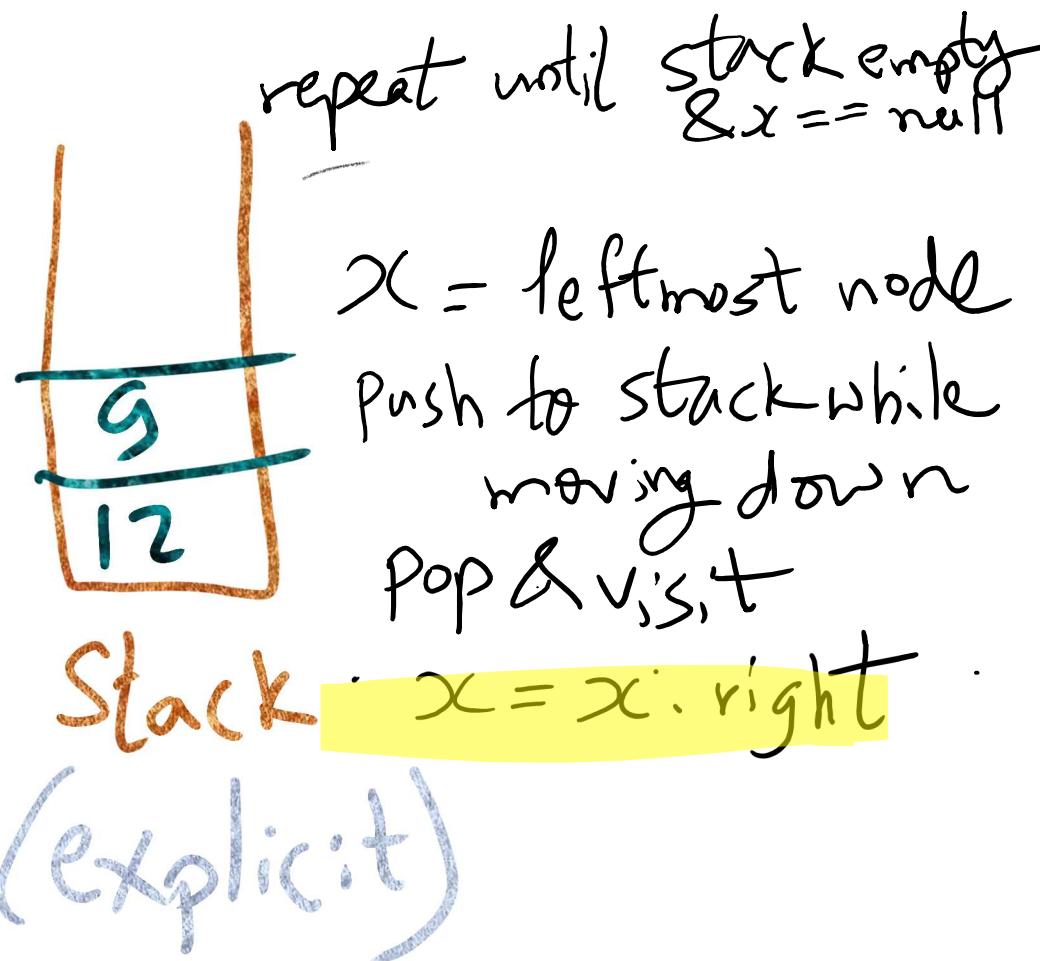
Visit order : 5, 7



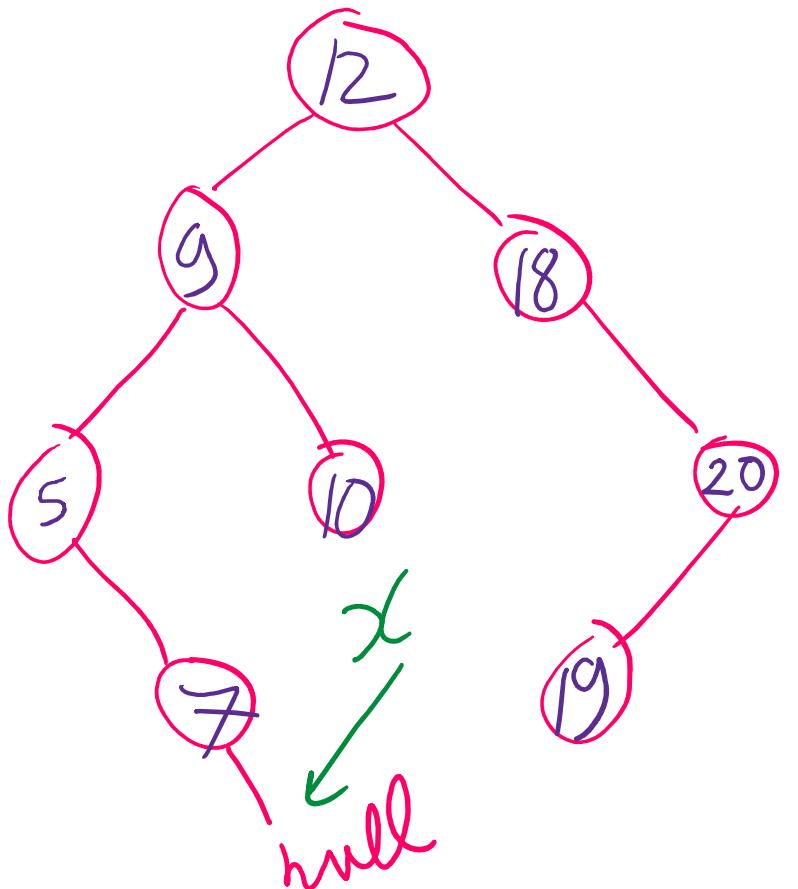
# Iterative Inorder traversal



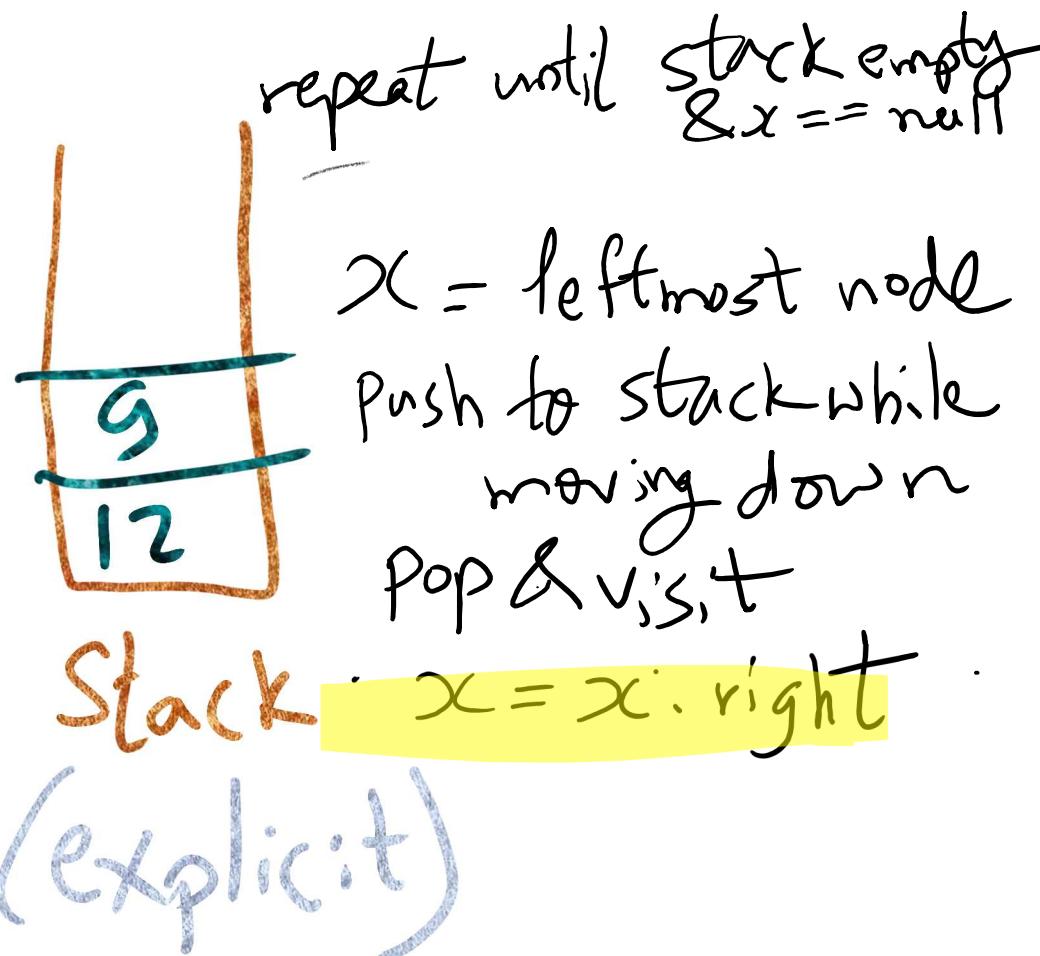
Visit order : 5, 7



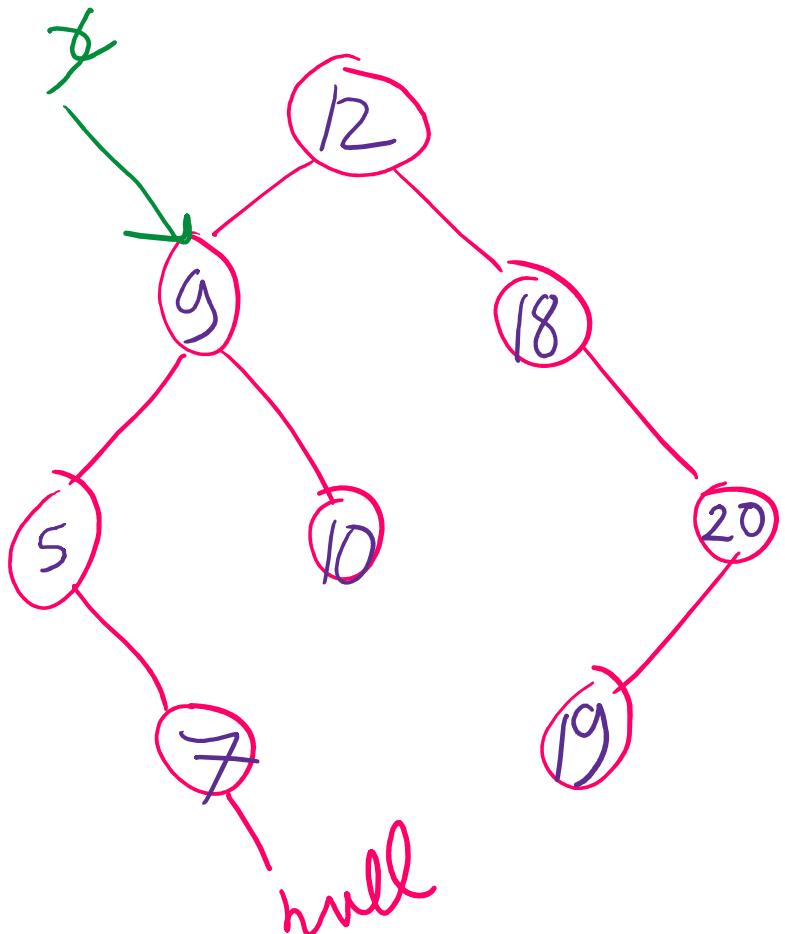
# Iterative Inorder traversal



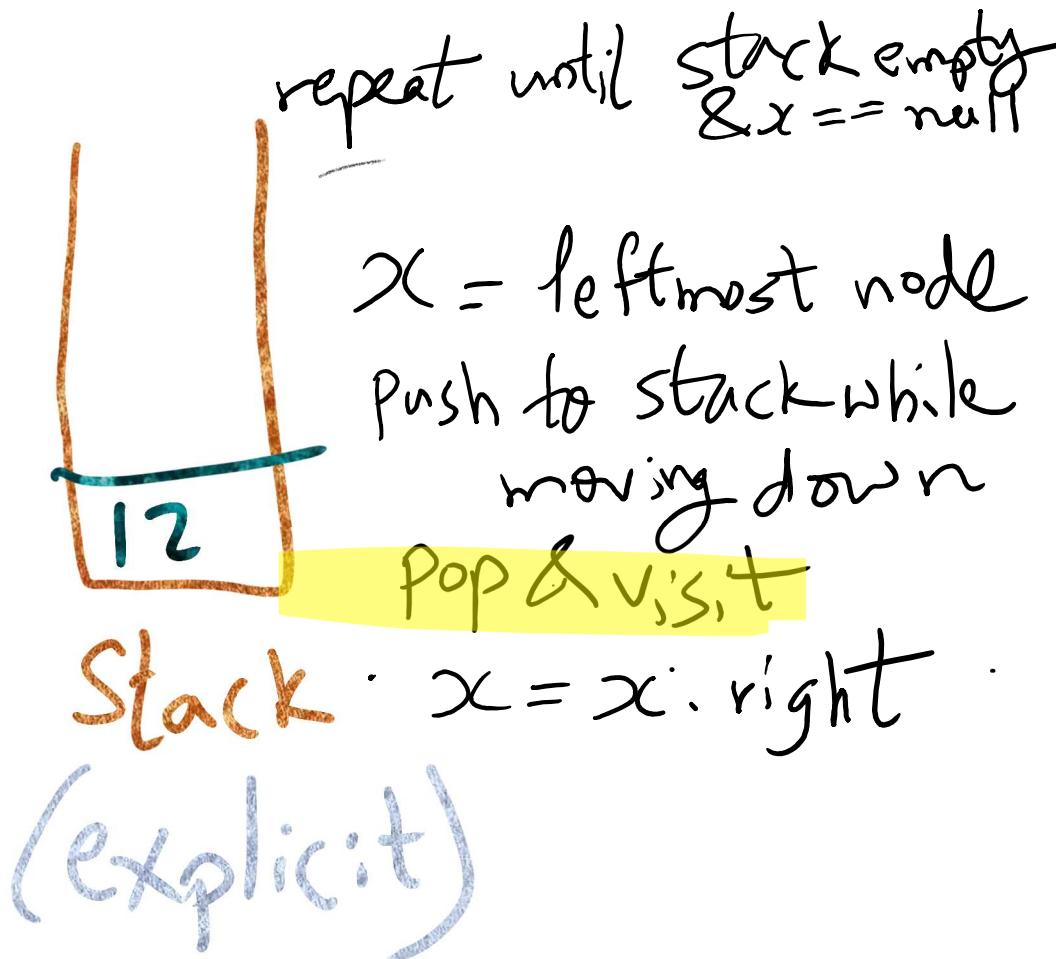
Visit order : 5, 7



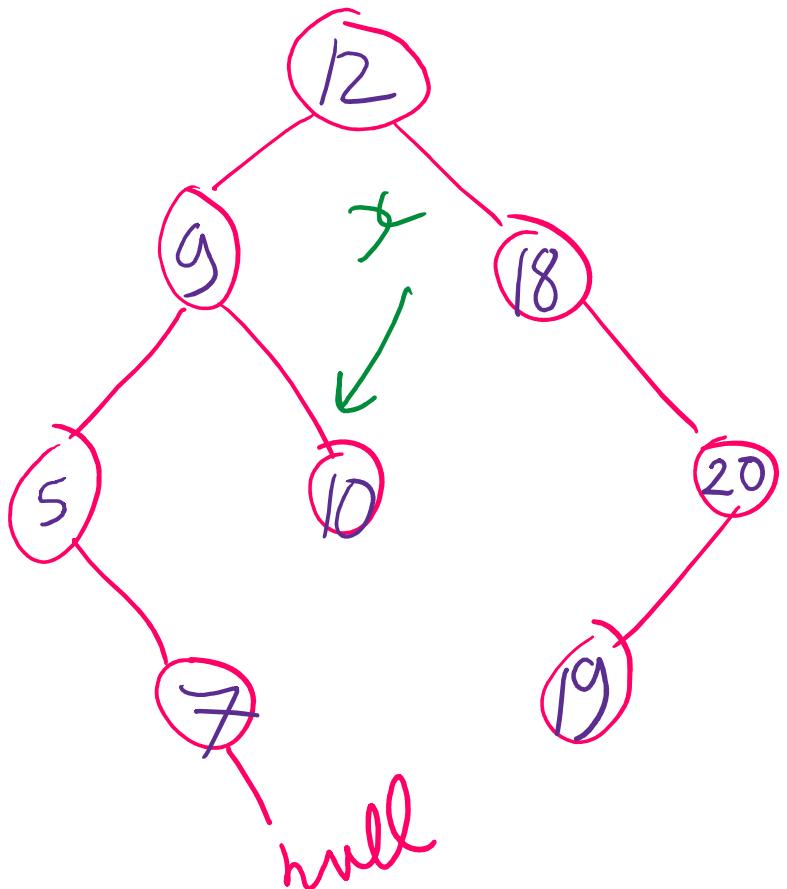
# Iterative Inorder traversal



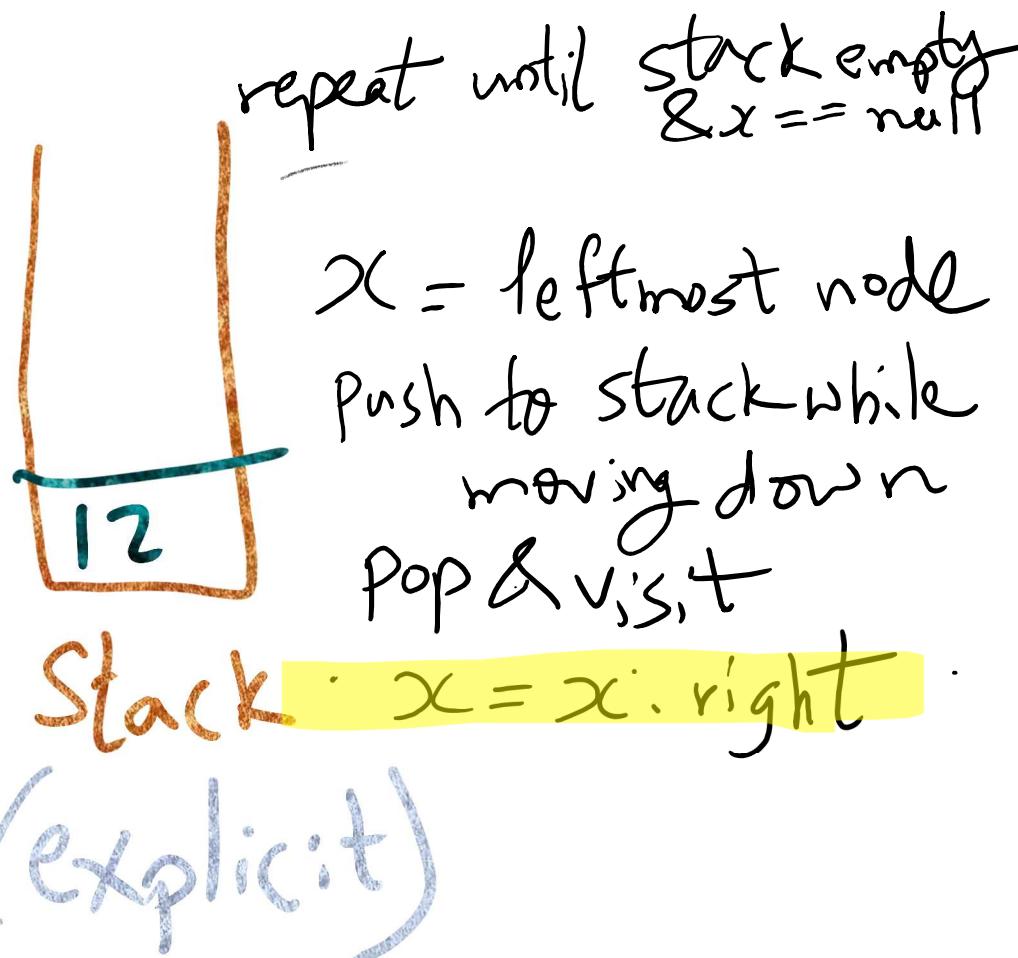
Visit order : 5, 7, 9



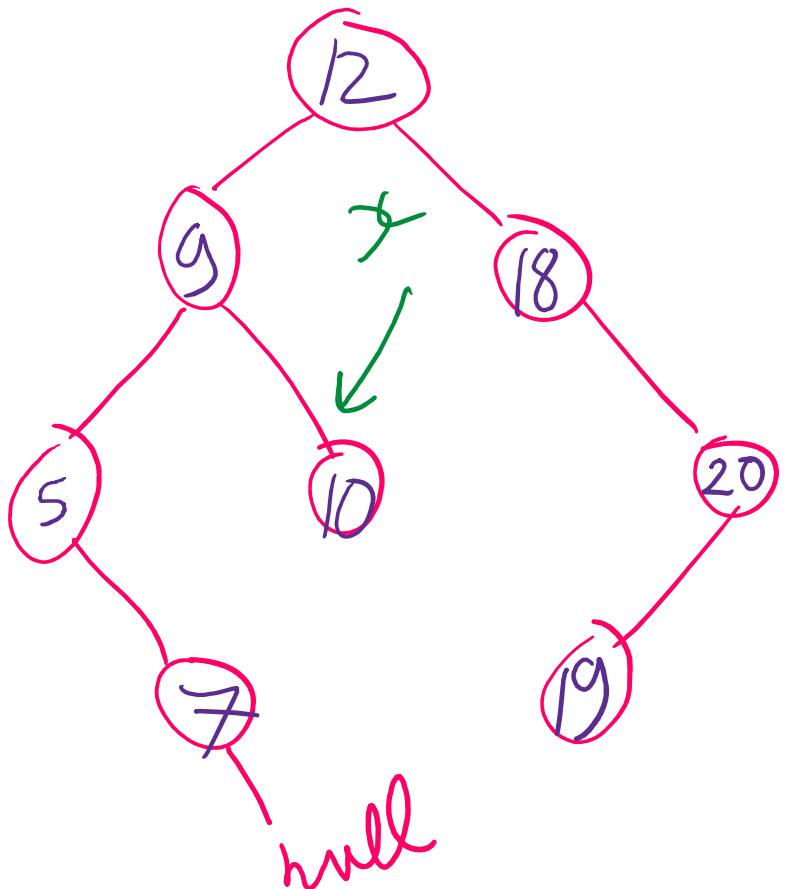
# Iterative Inorder traversal



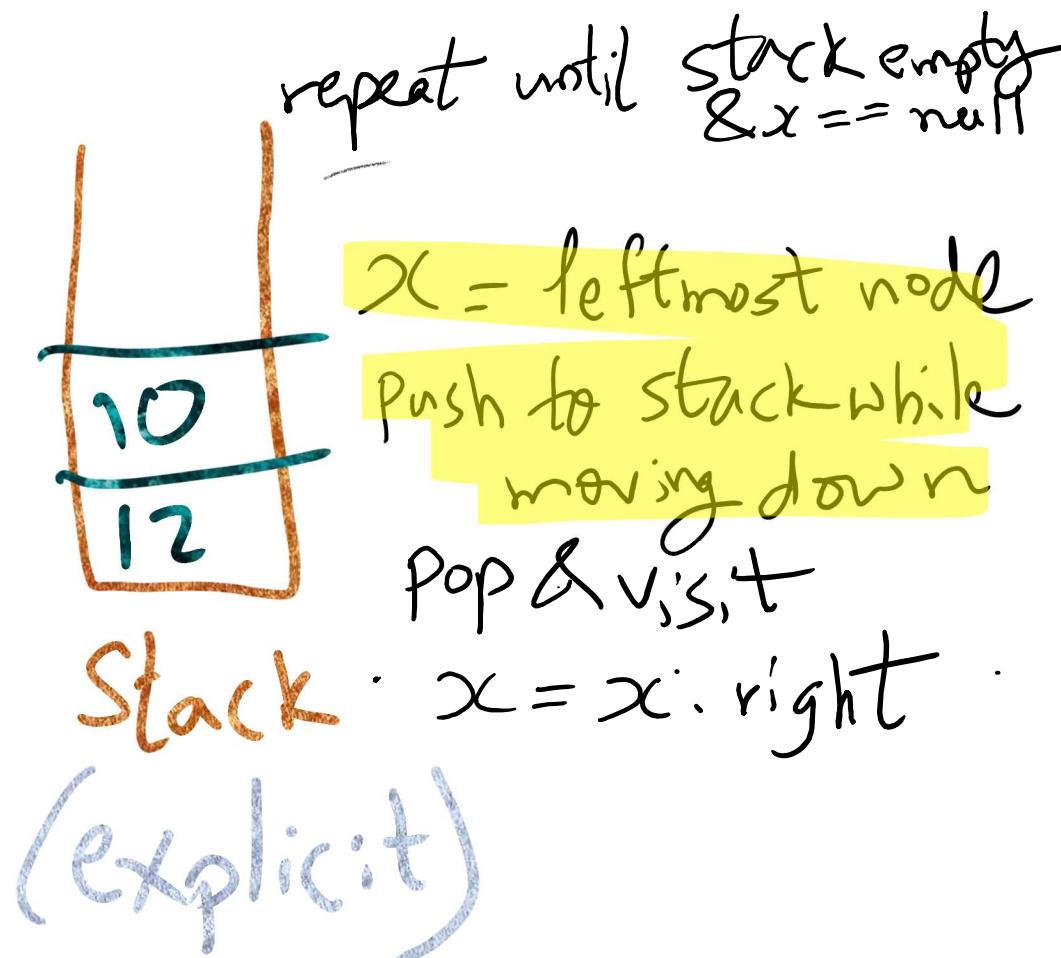
Visit order : 5, 7, 9



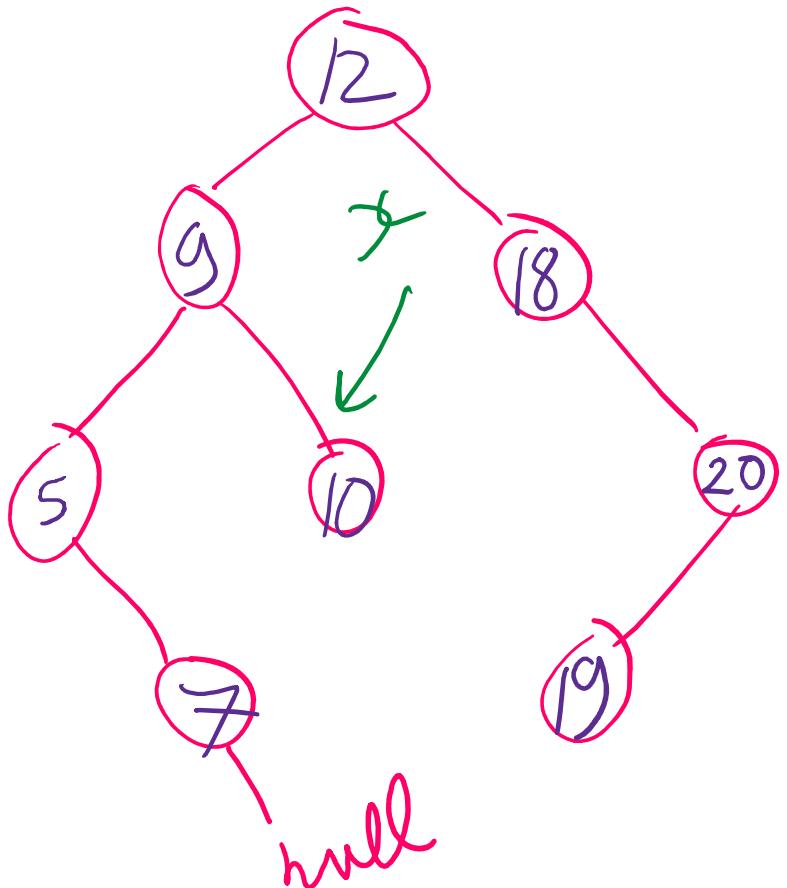
# Iterative Inorder traversal



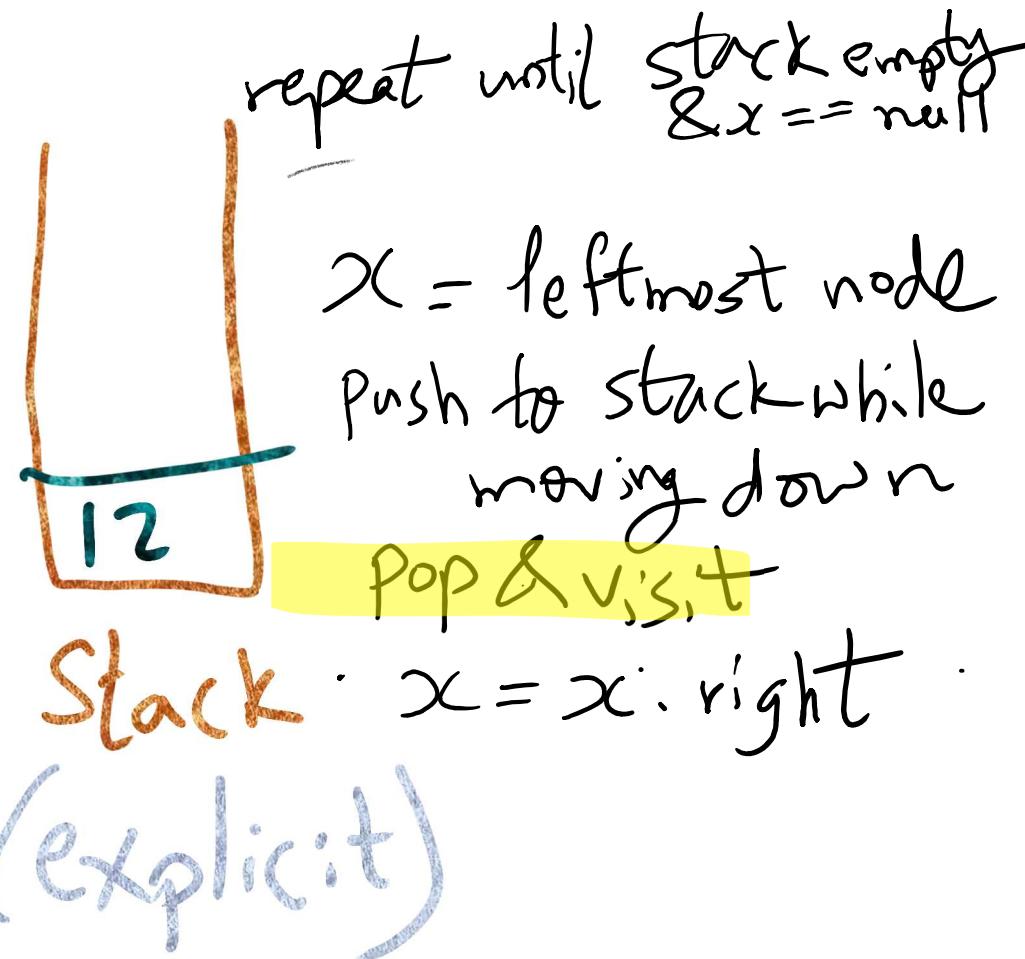
Visit order : 5, 7, 9



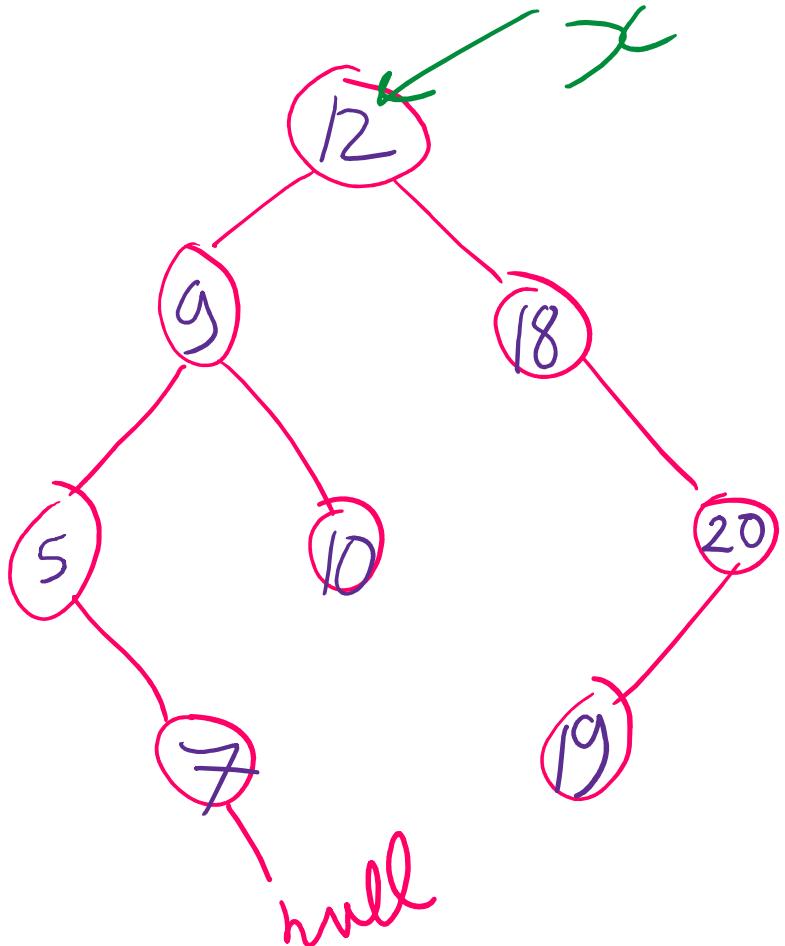
# Iterative Inorder traversal



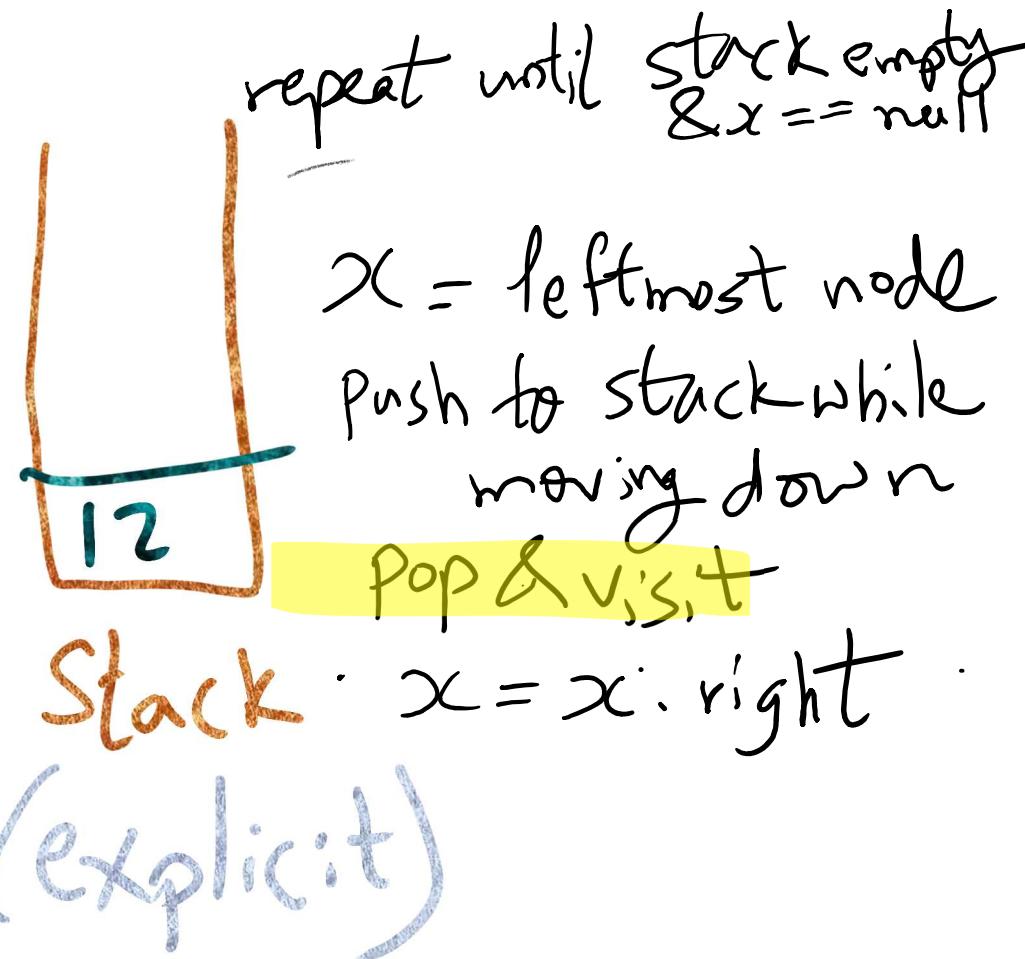
Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10



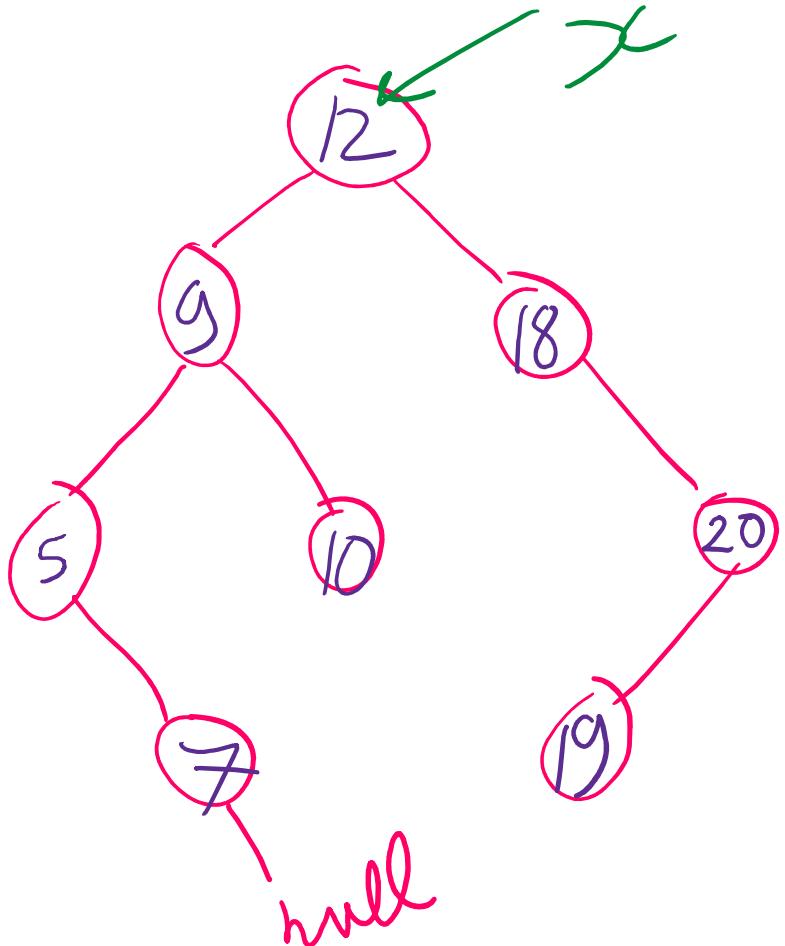
# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10



# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12

repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$

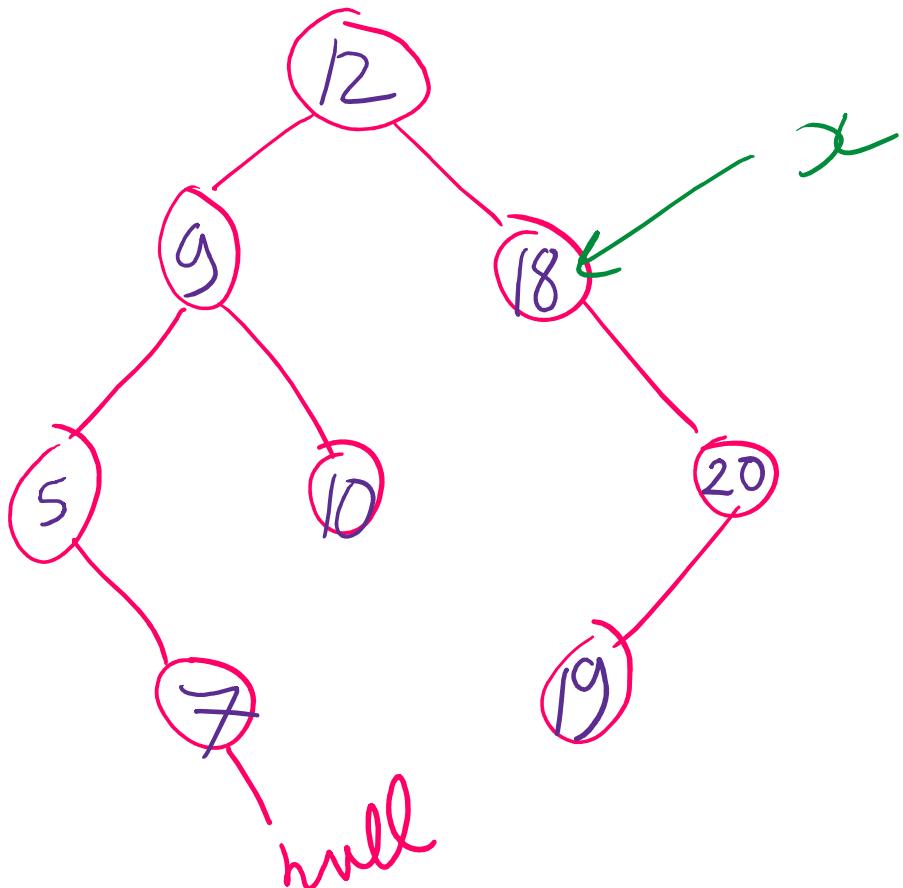
push to stack while moving down

pop & visit

Stack :  $x = x.\text{right}$

(explicit)

# Iterative Inorder traversal



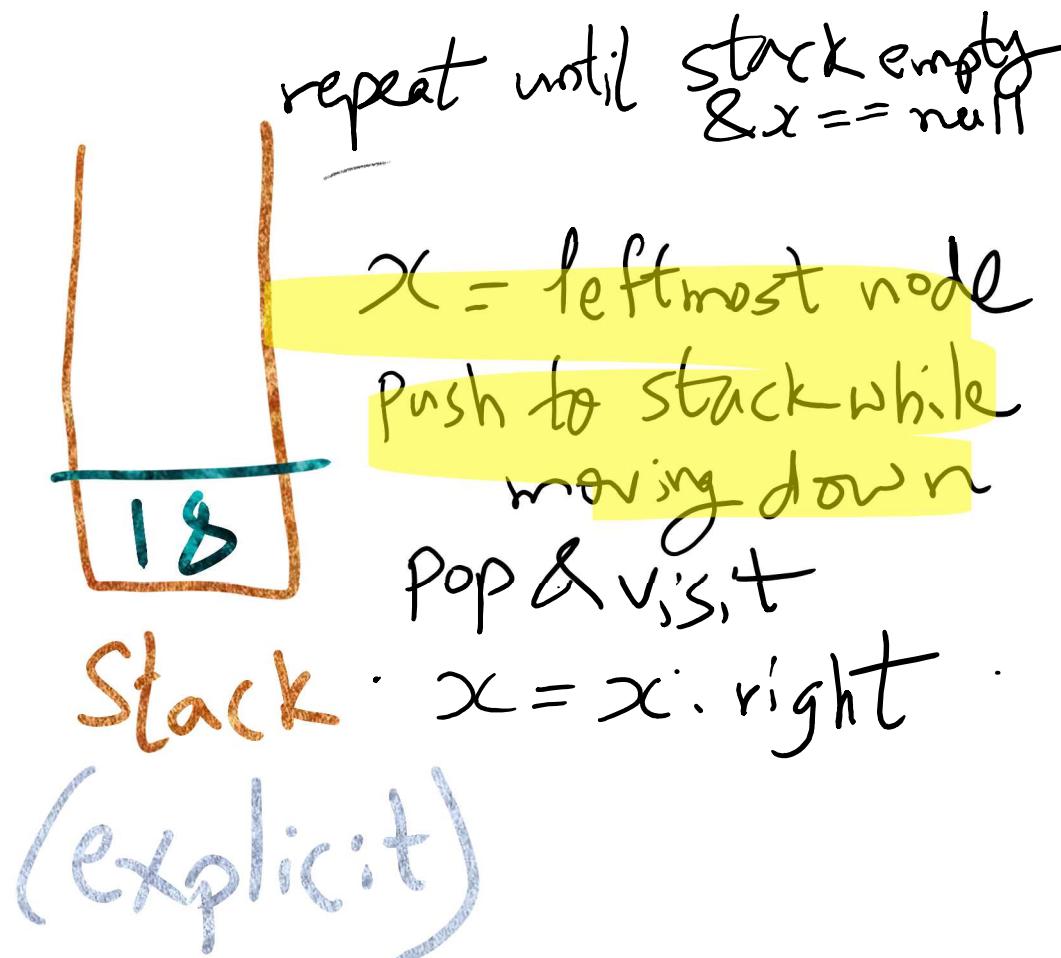
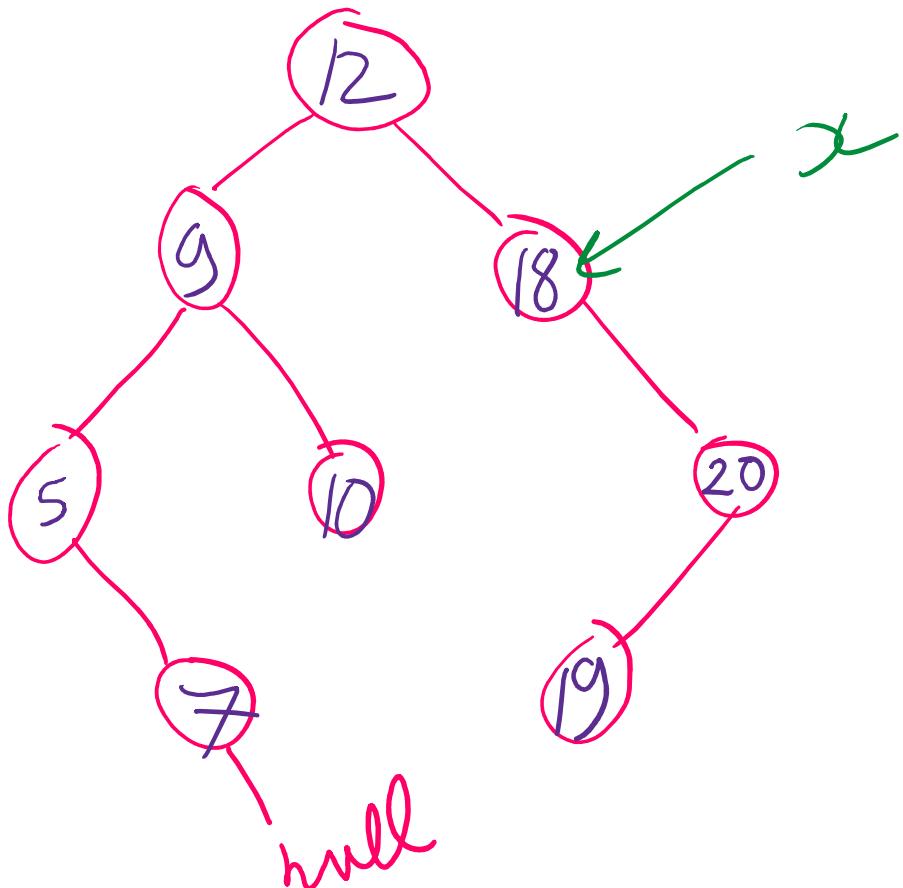
Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12

repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$   
push to stack while moving down  
pop & visit

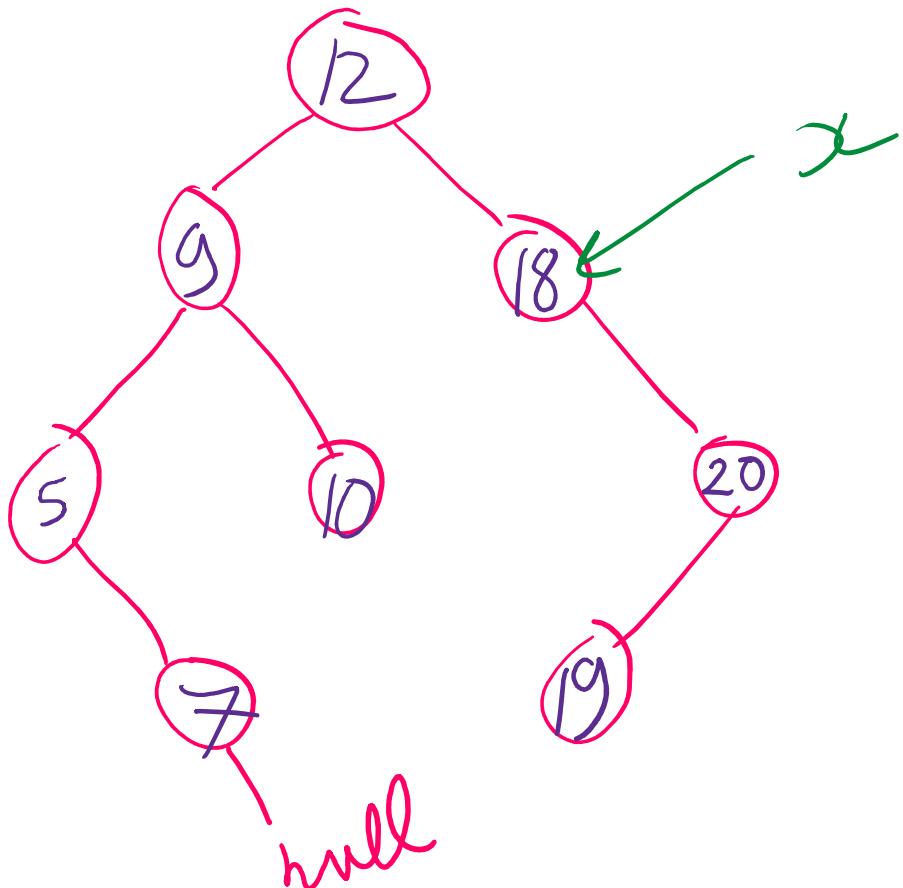
Stack :  $x = x.\text{right}$   
(explicit)

# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12

# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18

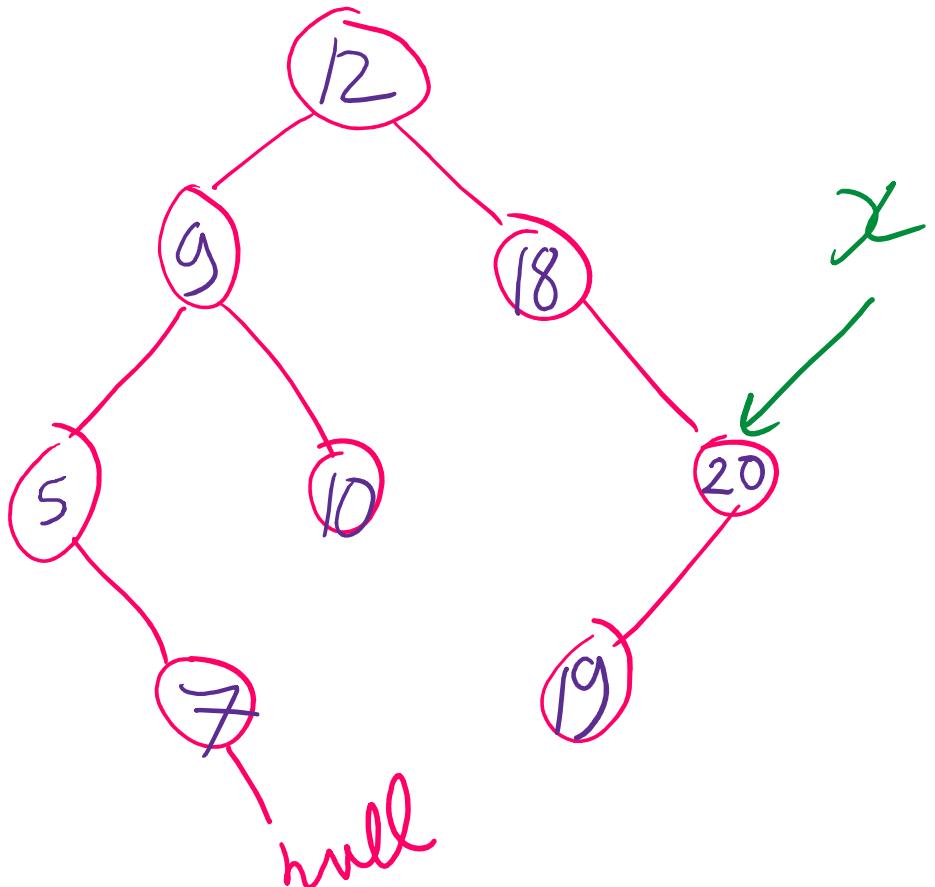
repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$   
push to stack while moving down  
pop & visit

Stack (explicit)

$x = x.\text{right}$

# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18

repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$

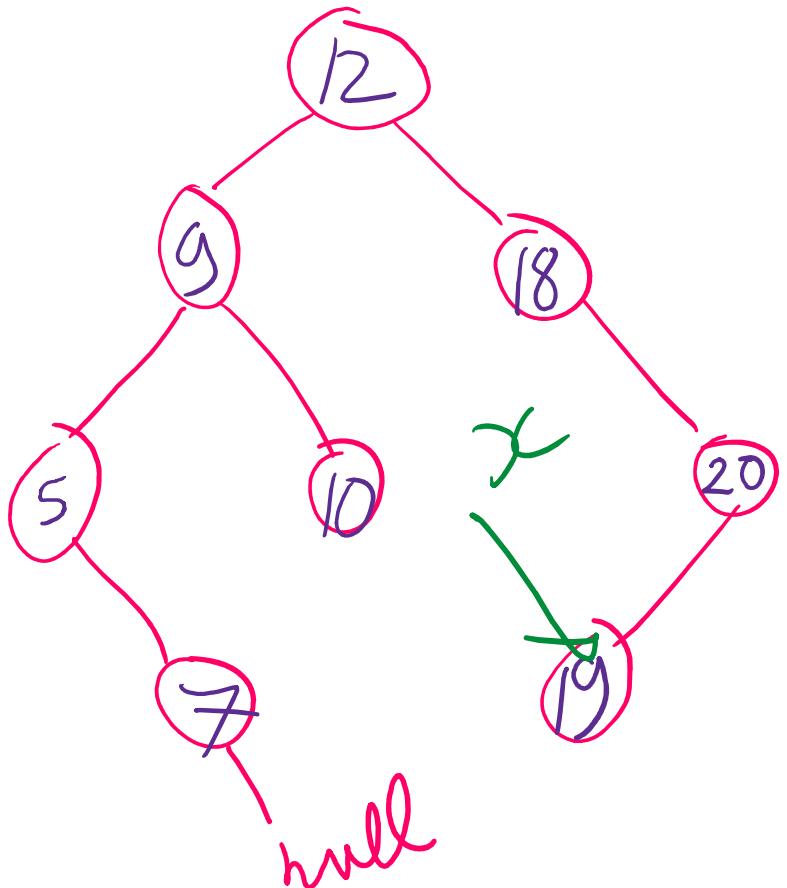
push to stack while moving down

pop & visit

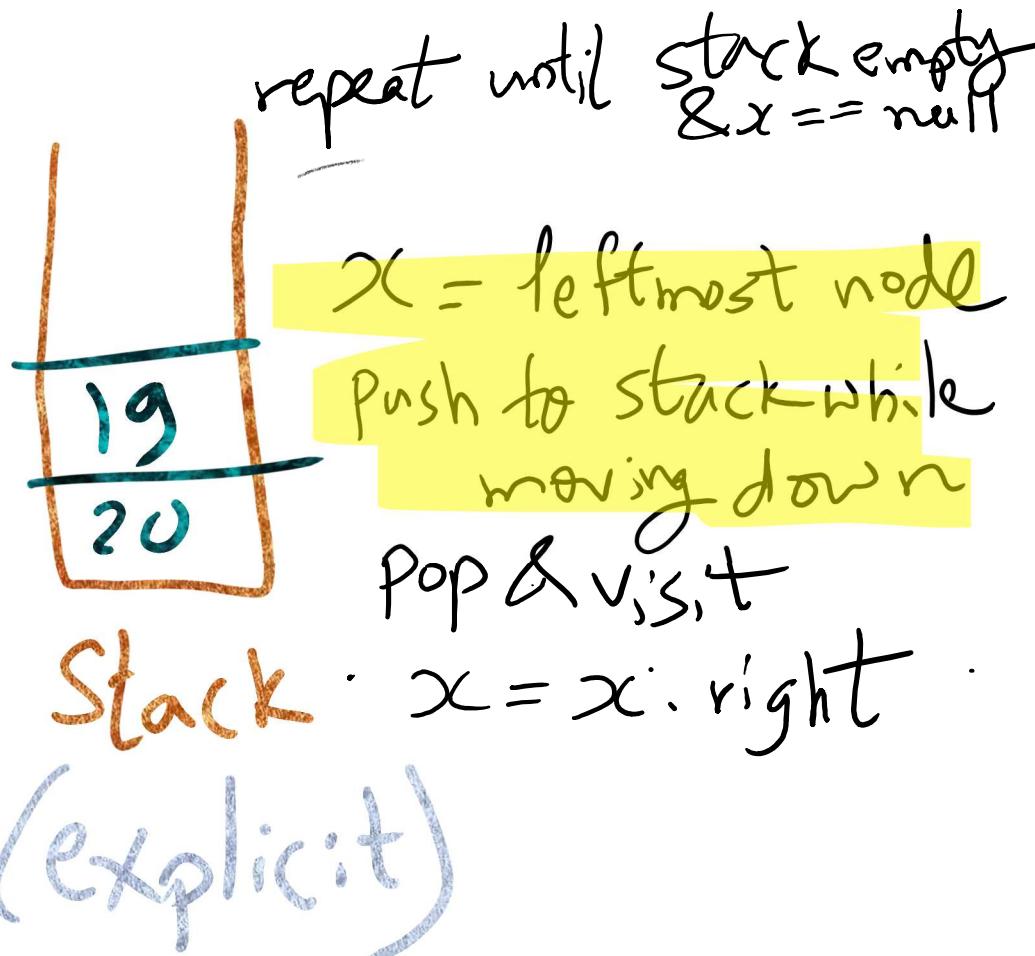
Stack (explicit)

$x = x.\text{right}$

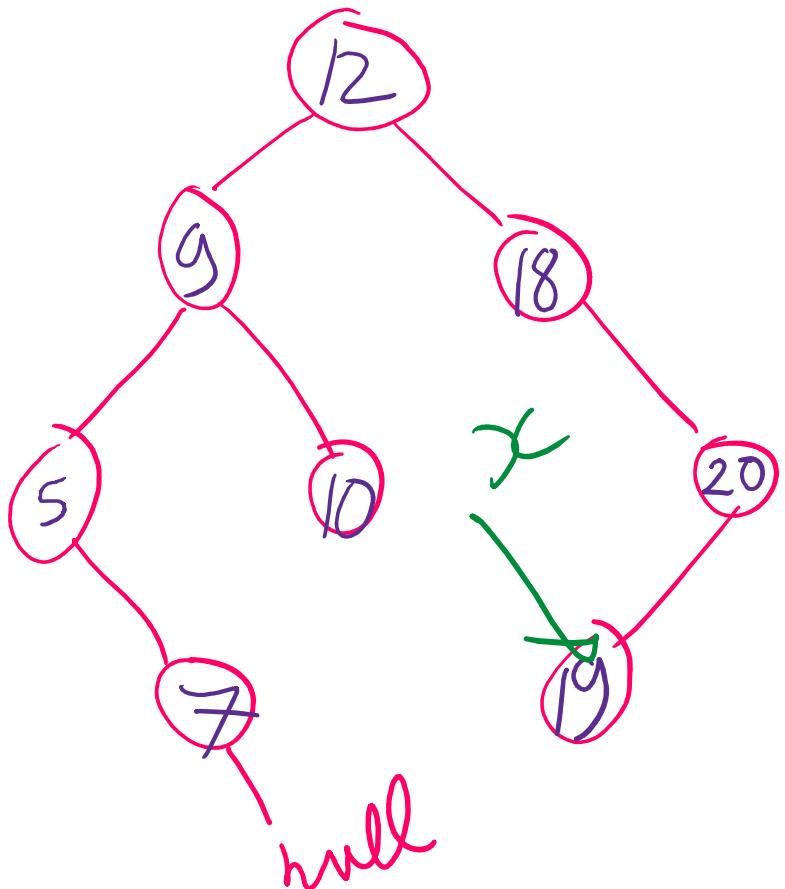
# Iterative Inorder traversal



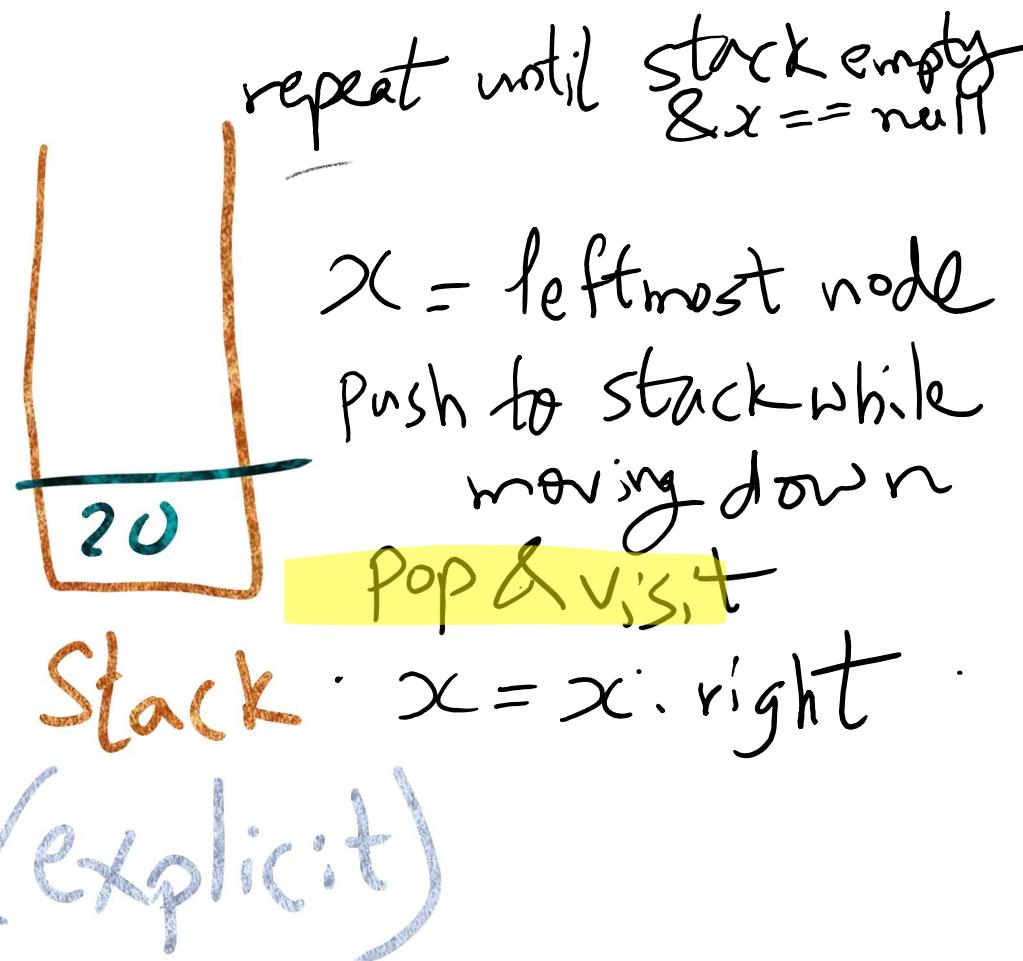
Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18



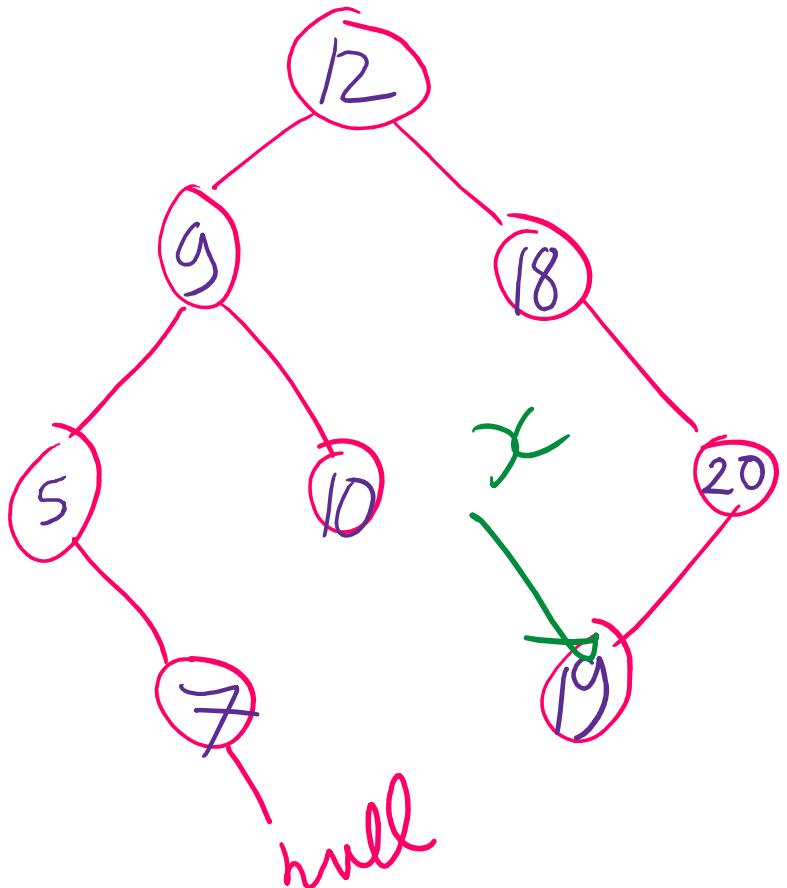
# Iterative Inorder traversal



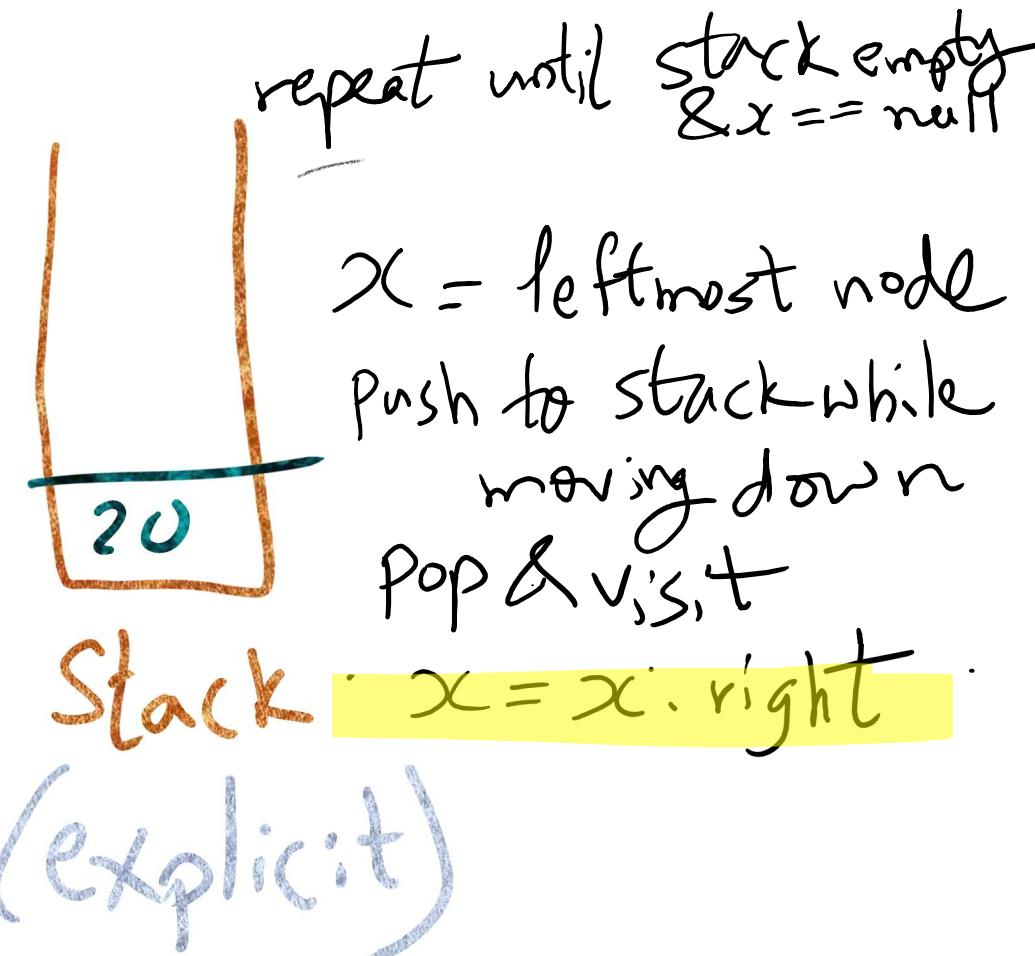
Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19



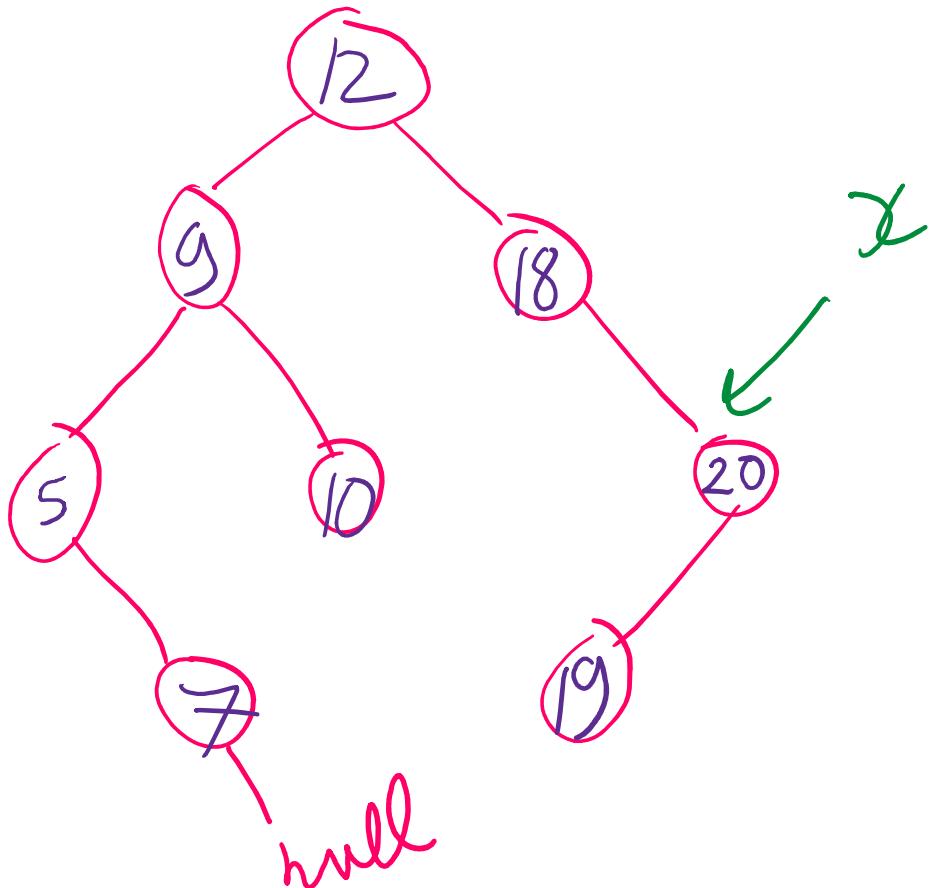
# Iterative Inorder traversal



Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19



# Iterative Inorder traversal



repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$

push to stack while moving down

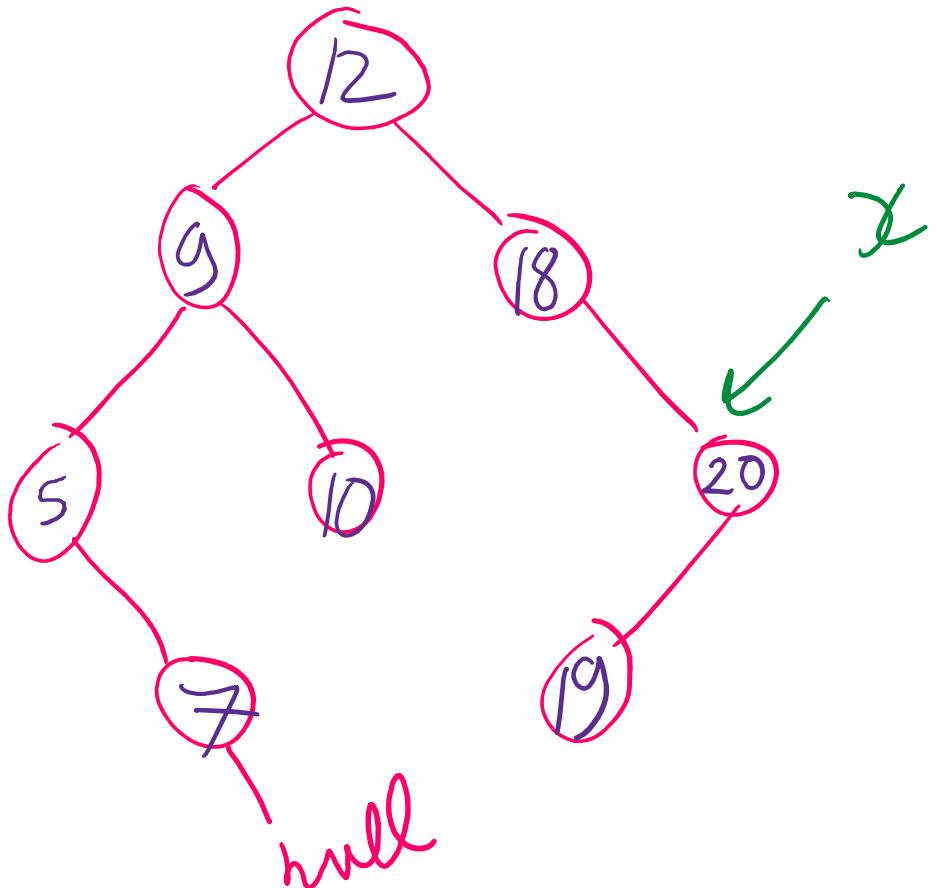
pop & visit

Stack (explicit)

$x = x.\text{right}$

Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20

# Iterative Inorder traversal



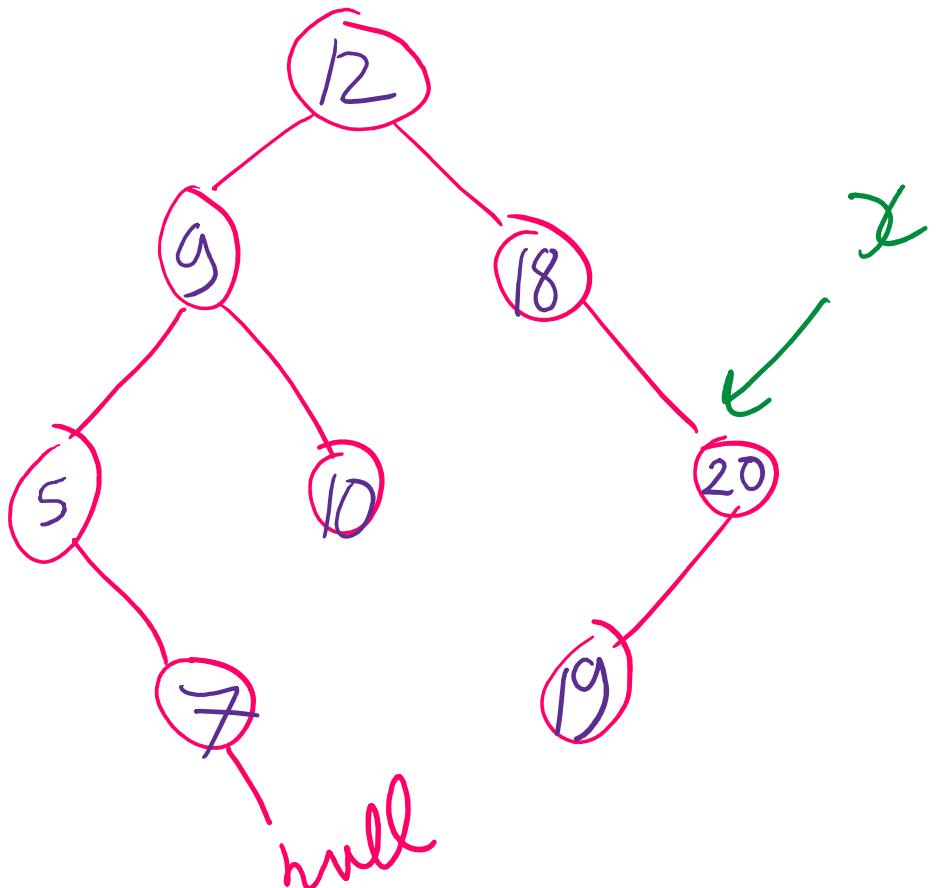
repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$   
push to stack while moving down  
pop & visit

Stack :  $x = x.\text{right}$   
(explicit)

Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20

# Iterative Inorder traversal



repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost node}$   
push to stack while moving down  
pop & visit  
 $x = x.\text{right}$

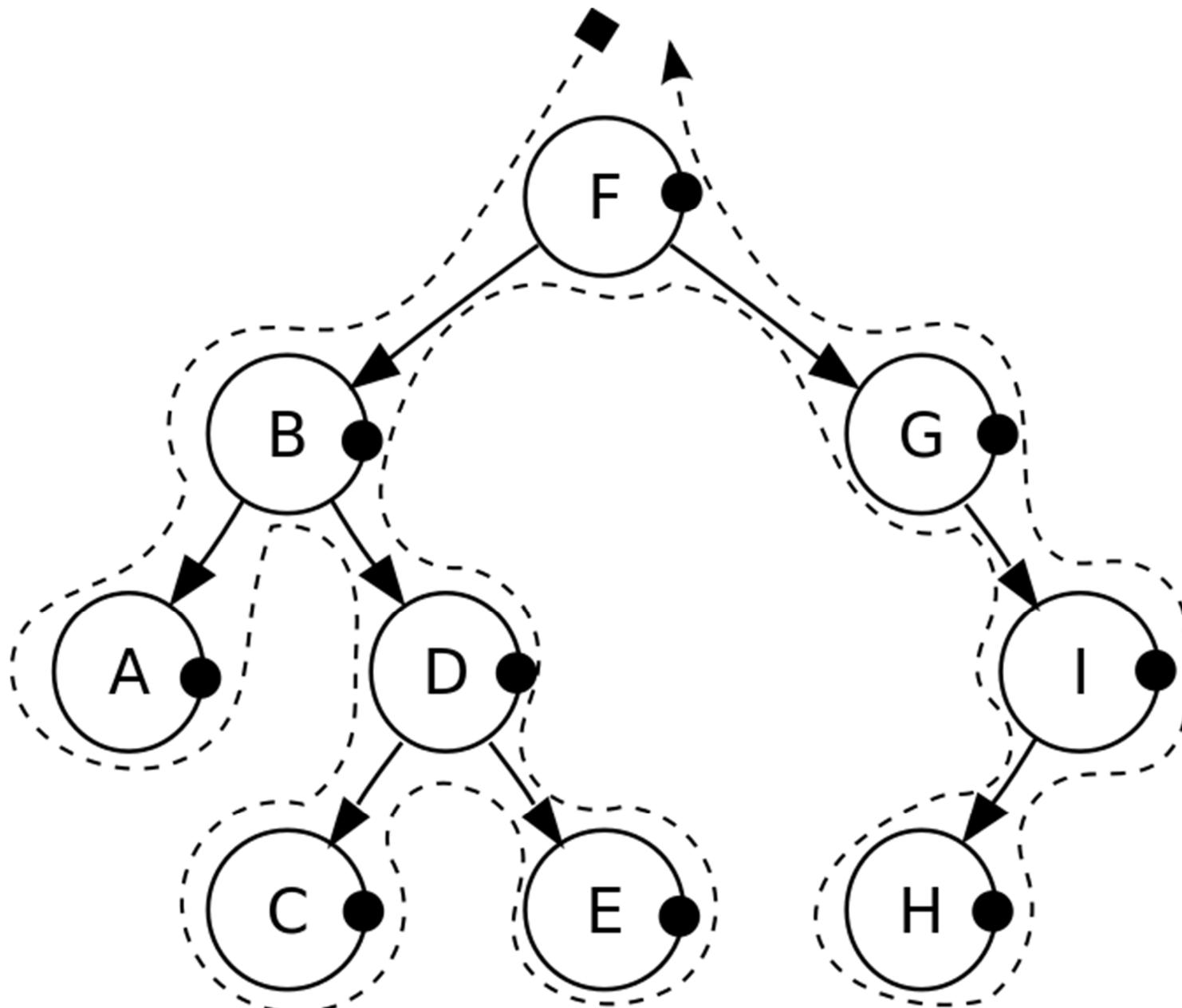
Stack (explicit)

Visit order : 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20

# Traversals of a Binary Tree

- Preorder traversal
  - Visit root before we visit root's subtrees
- Inorder traversal
  - Visit root of a binary tree between visiting nodes in root's subtrees.
- Postorder traversal
  - Visit root of a binary tree after visiting nodes in root's subtrees
  - left then right then root

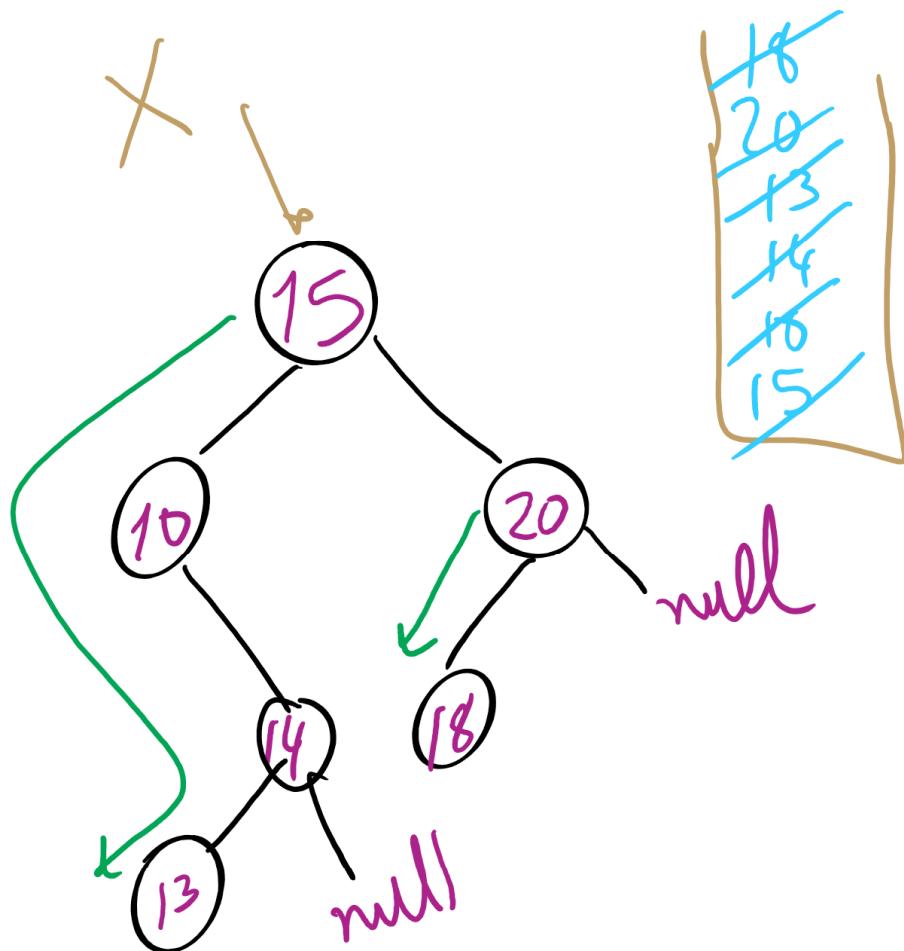
# Post-order traversal



# Post-order traversal implementation

```
void traverse(BinaryNode<T> root) {  
    if(root != null) {  
        traverse(root.left);  
        traverse(root.right);  
        System.out.println(root.data);  
    }  
}
```

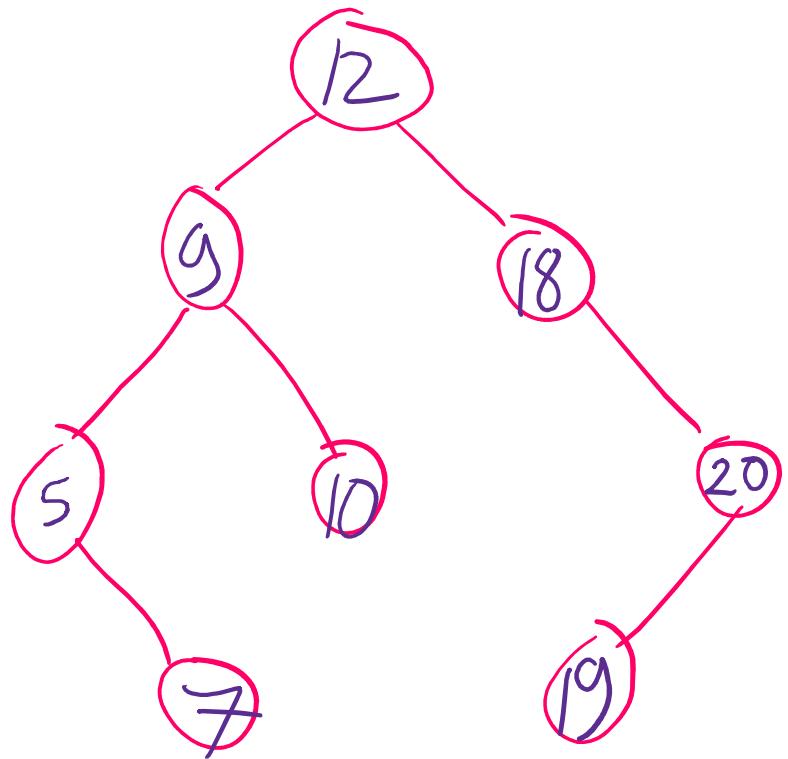
# Iterative Post-order Traversal



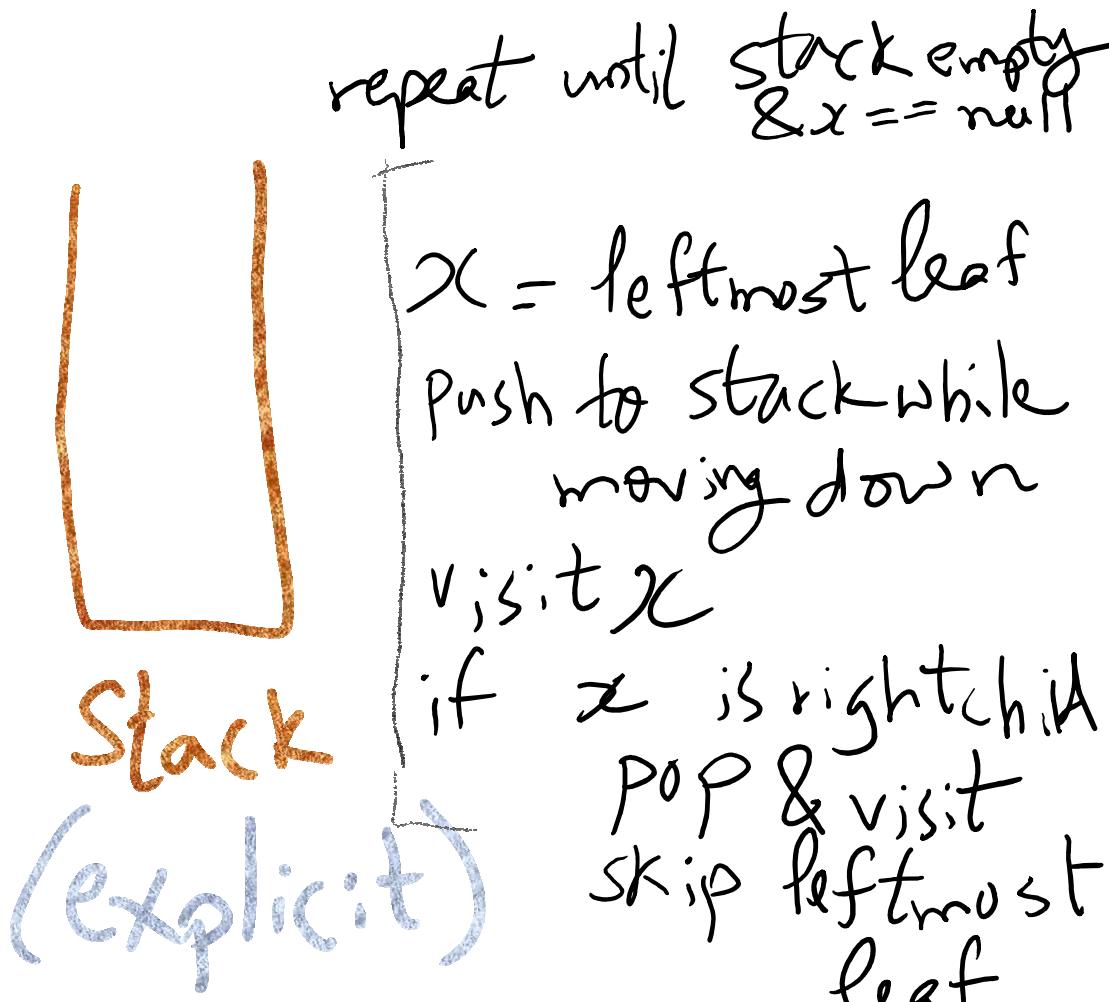
13, 14, 10, 18, 20 15

stack = empty stack  
x = root  
while( x != null || stack is not empty){  
 - find leftmost leaf  
 - push nodes as we go down the tree  
 - x = pop() & visit x  
 - if x is a left child  
 x = right sibling  
 else  
 x = null  
y

# Iterative Postorder traversal

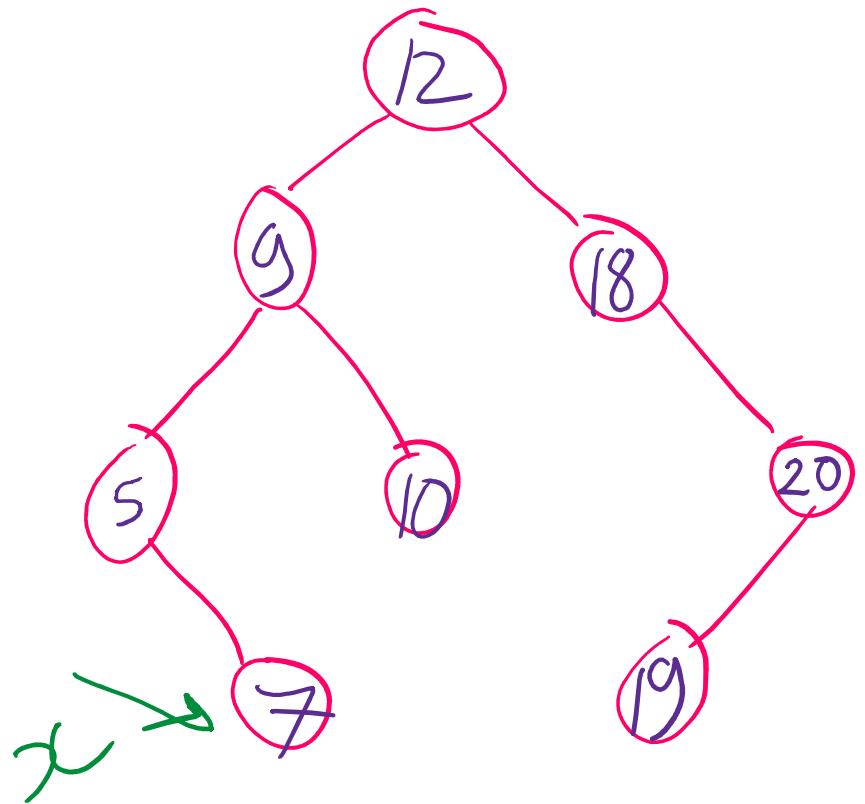


Visit order:

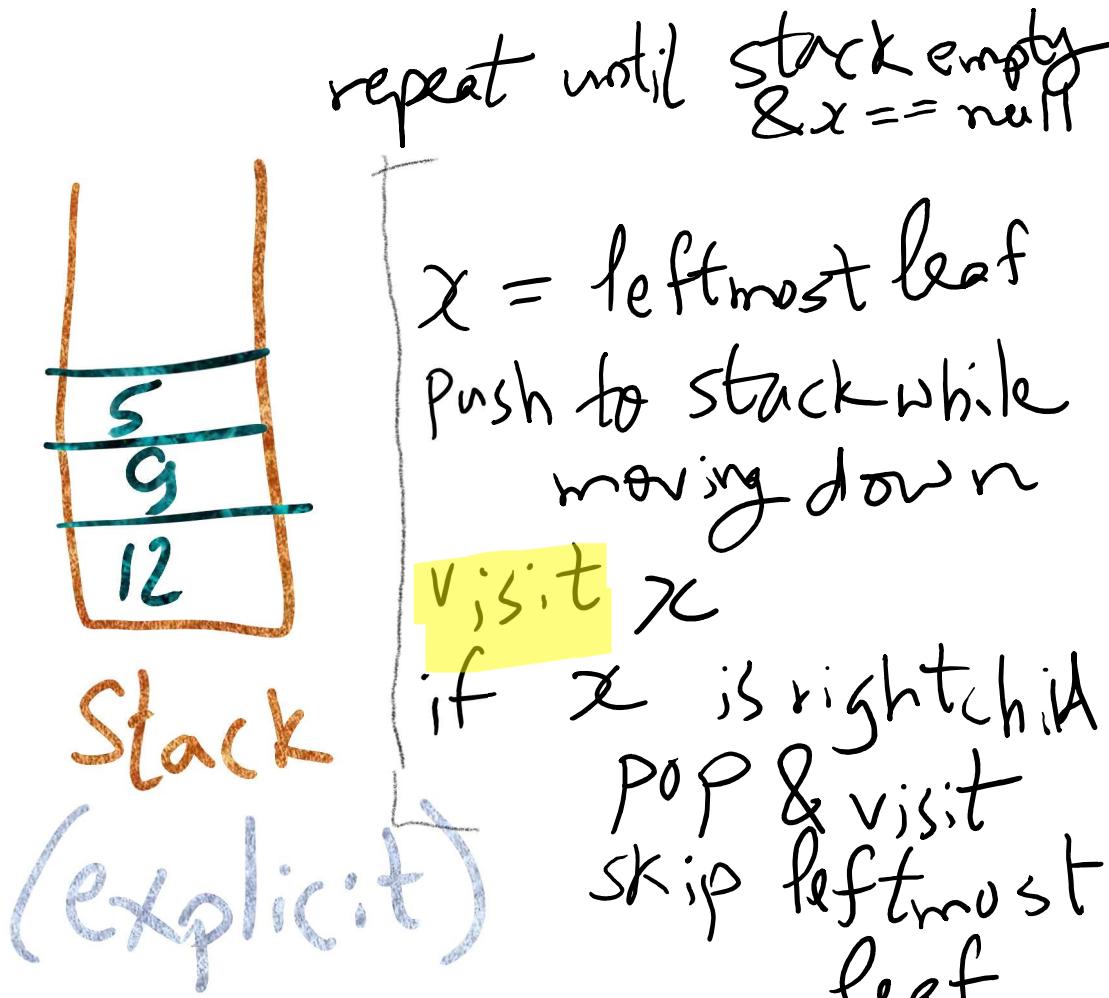


else  $x = \text{parent.right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal

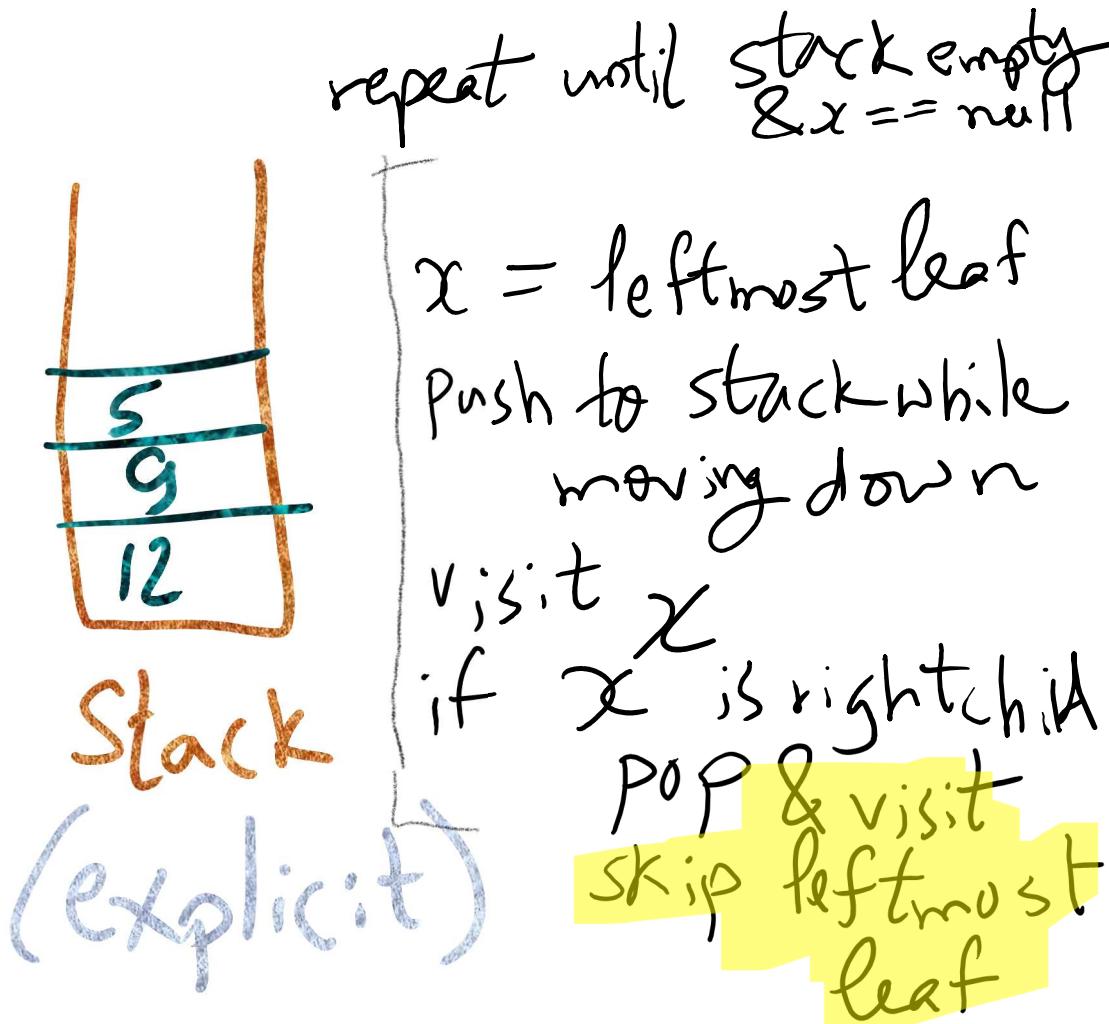
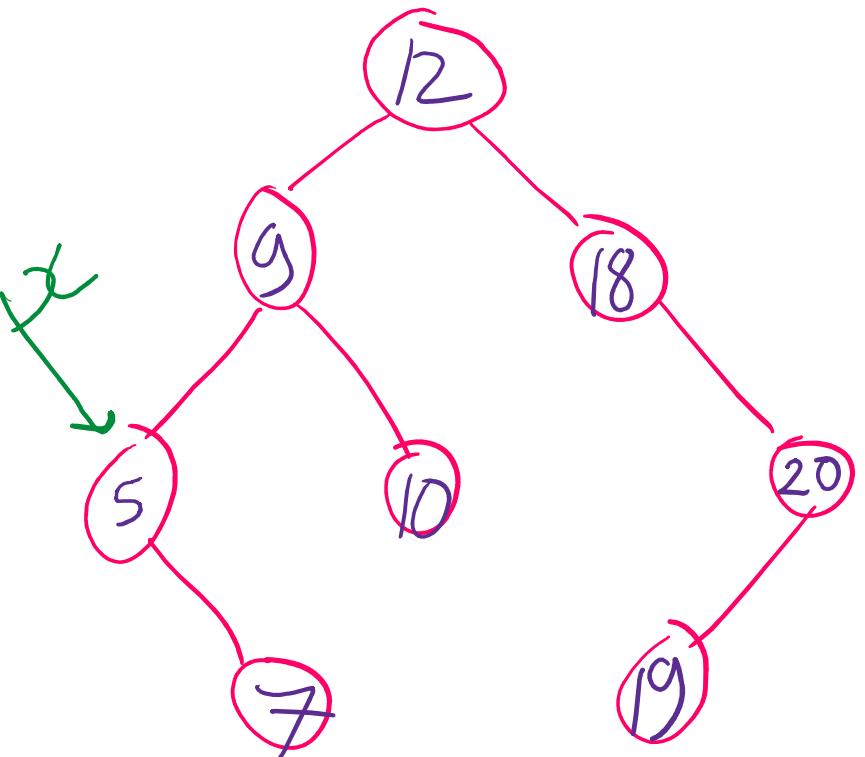


Visit order: 7



else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

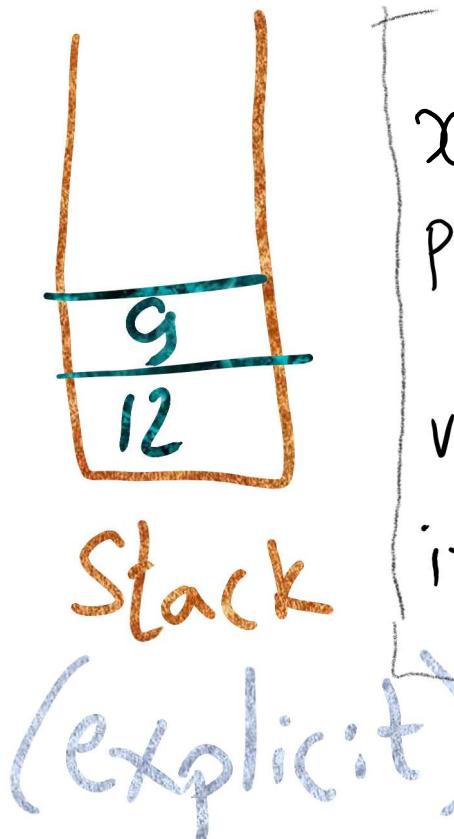
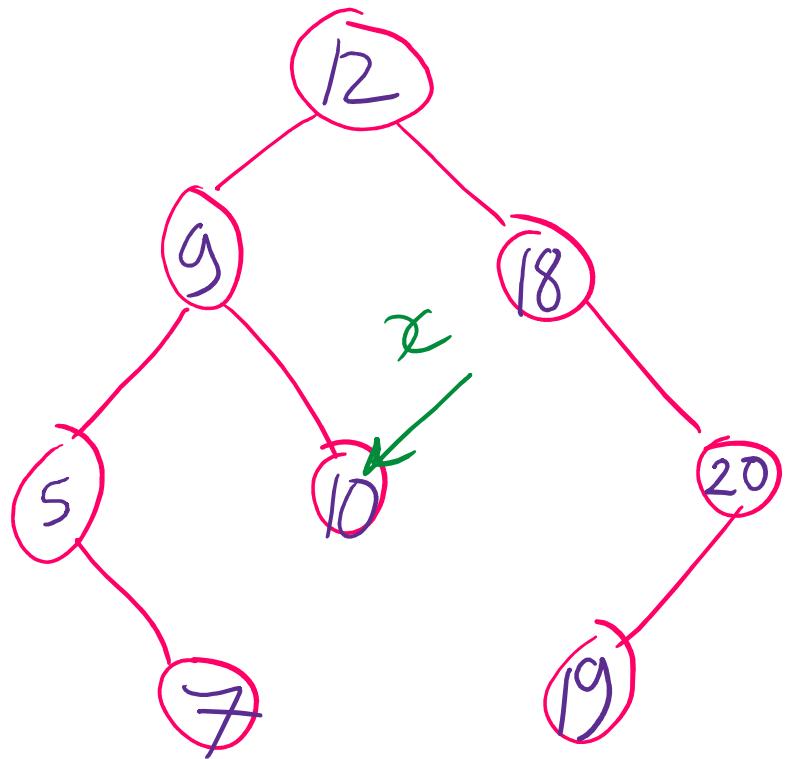
# Iterative Postorder traversal



Visit order: 7, 5

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



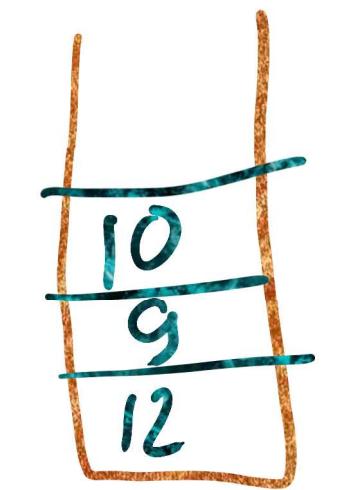
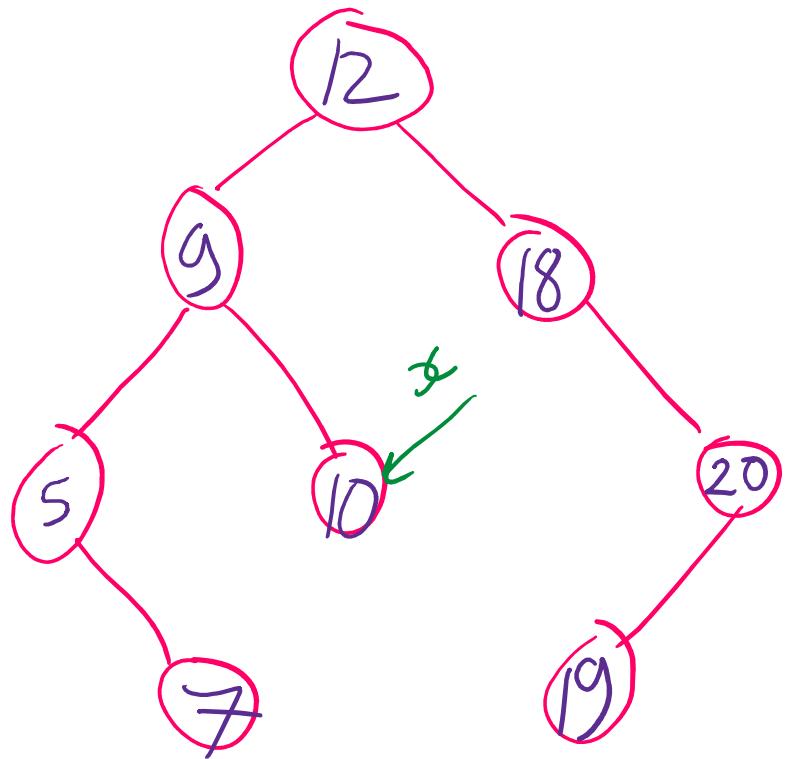
repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$   
if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order : 7, 5

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



Stack  
(explicit)

repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
Push to stack while moving down

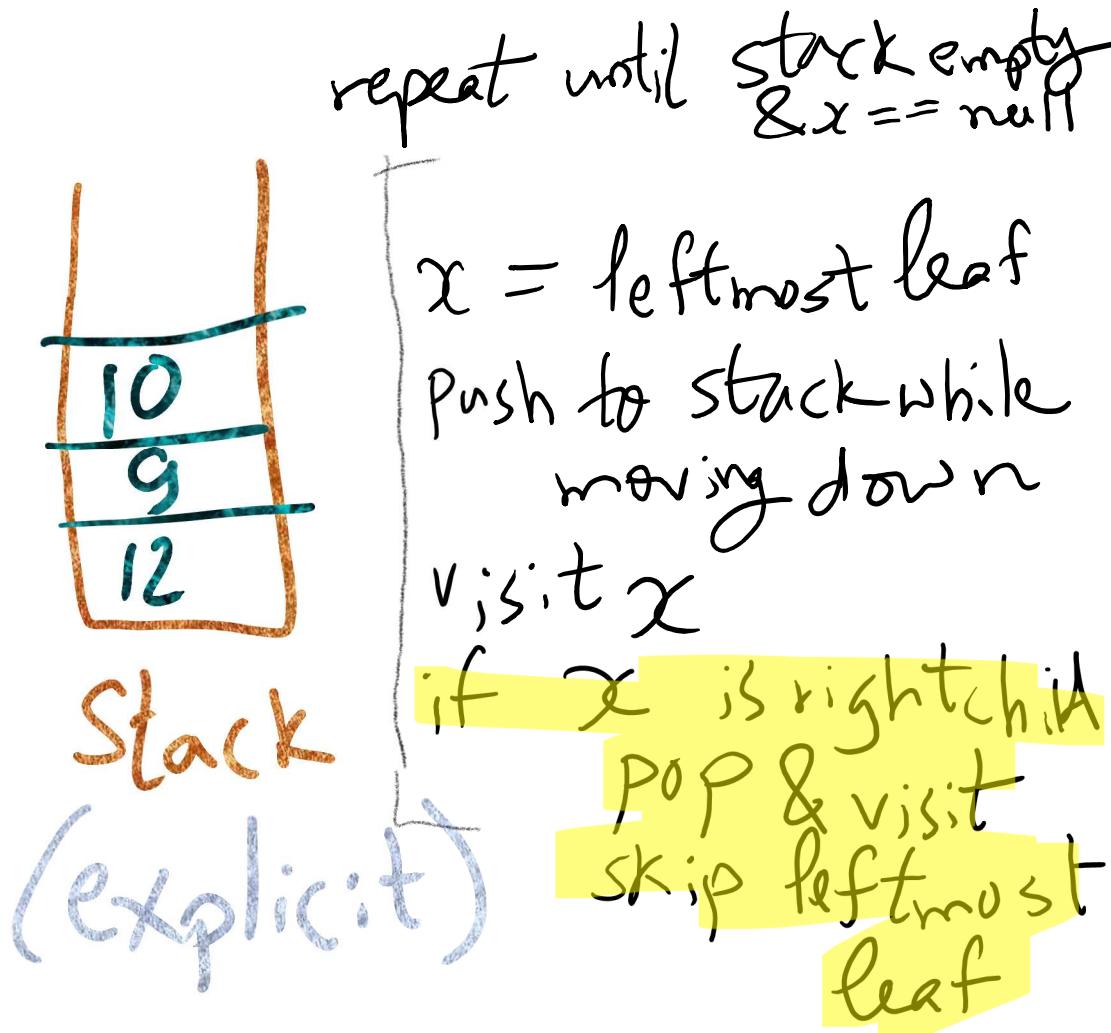
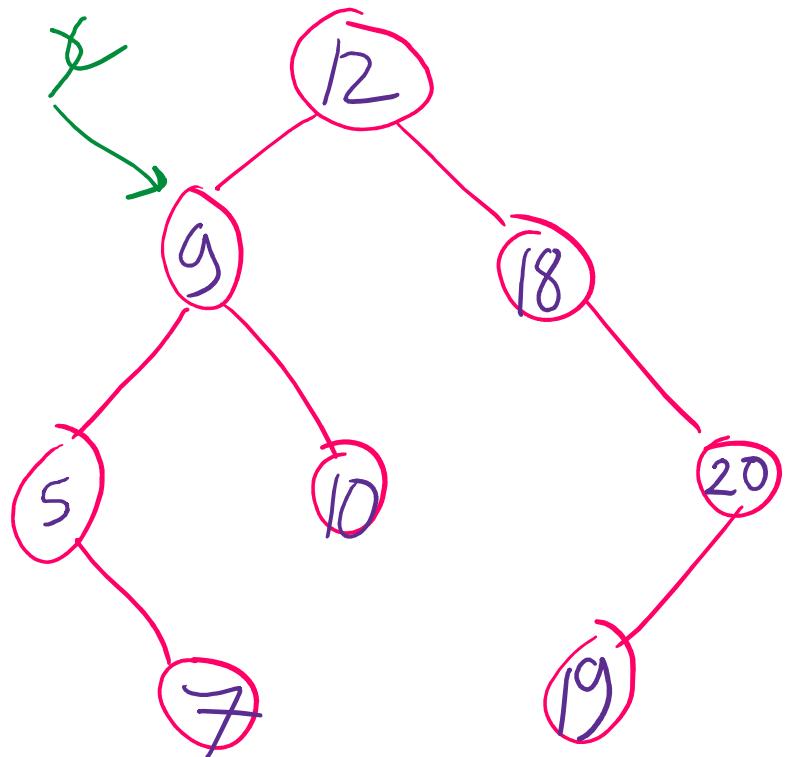
visit  $x$

if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

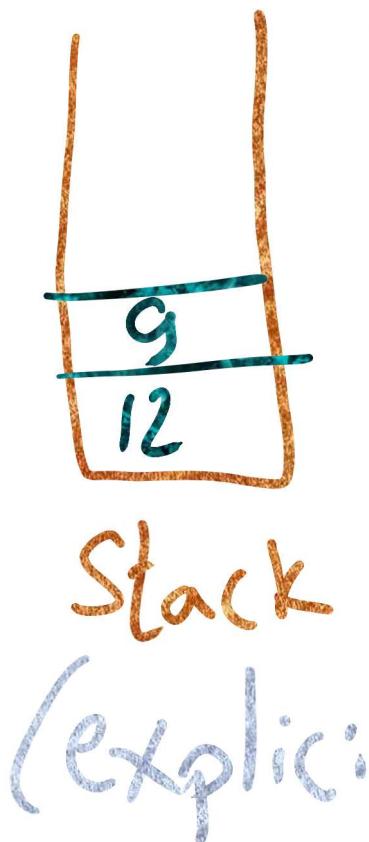
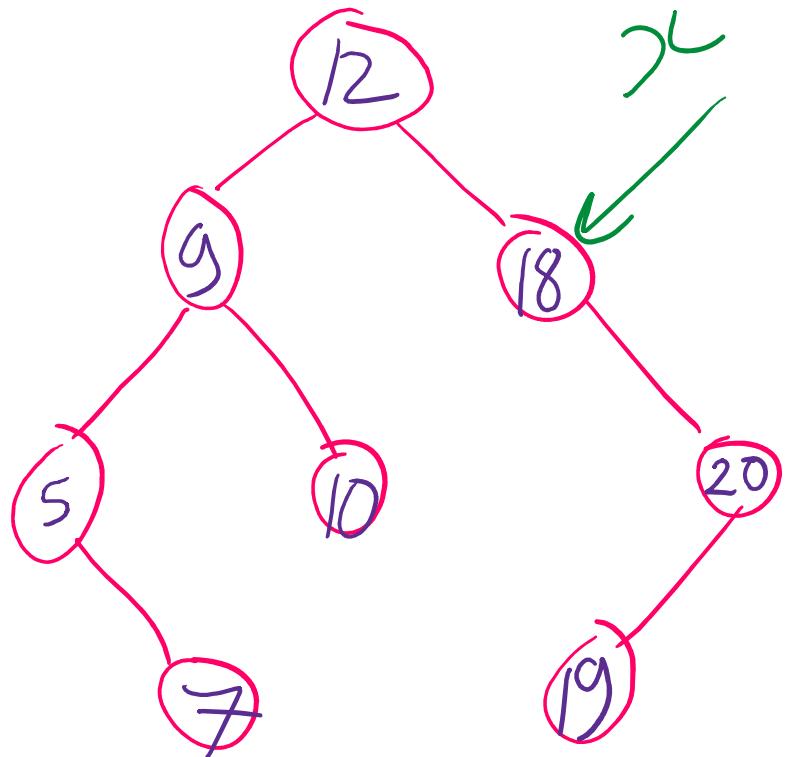
# Iterative Postorder traversal



Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



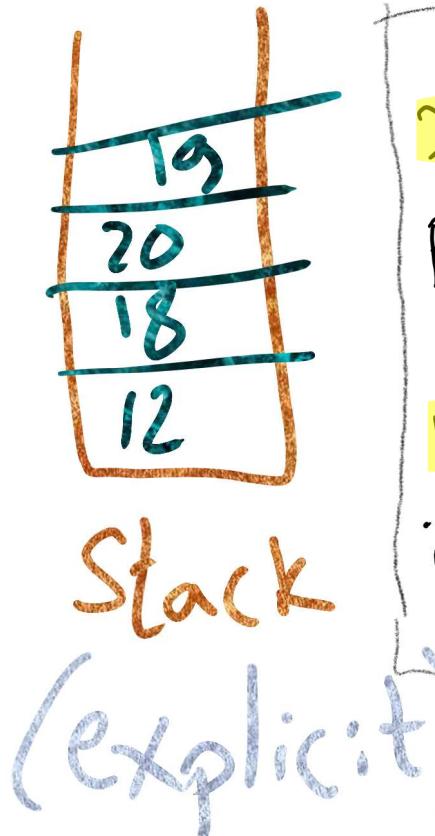
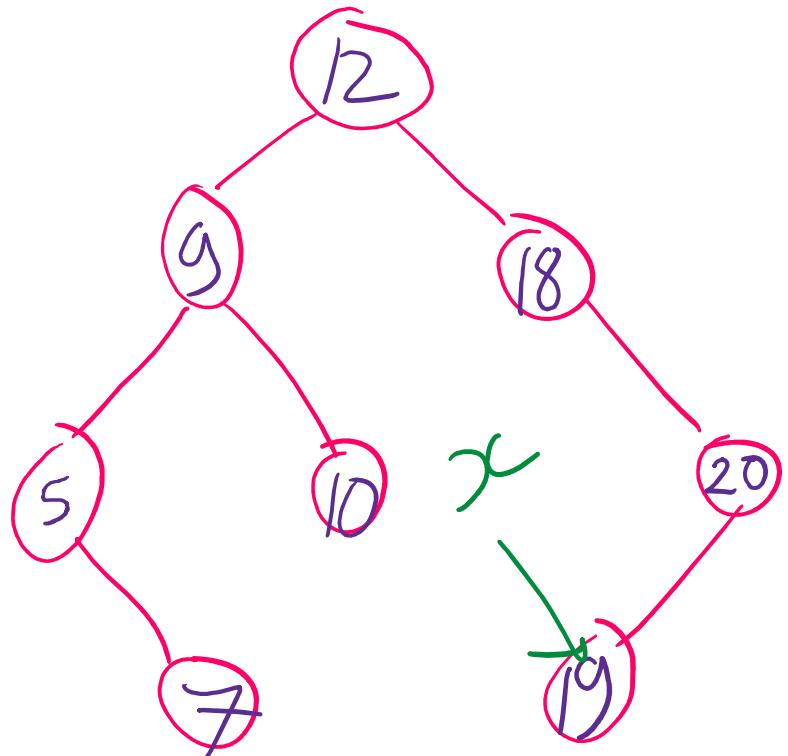
repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$   
if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

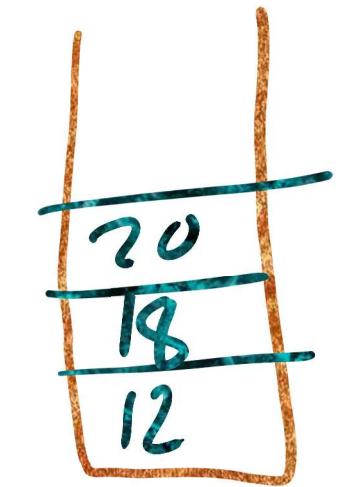
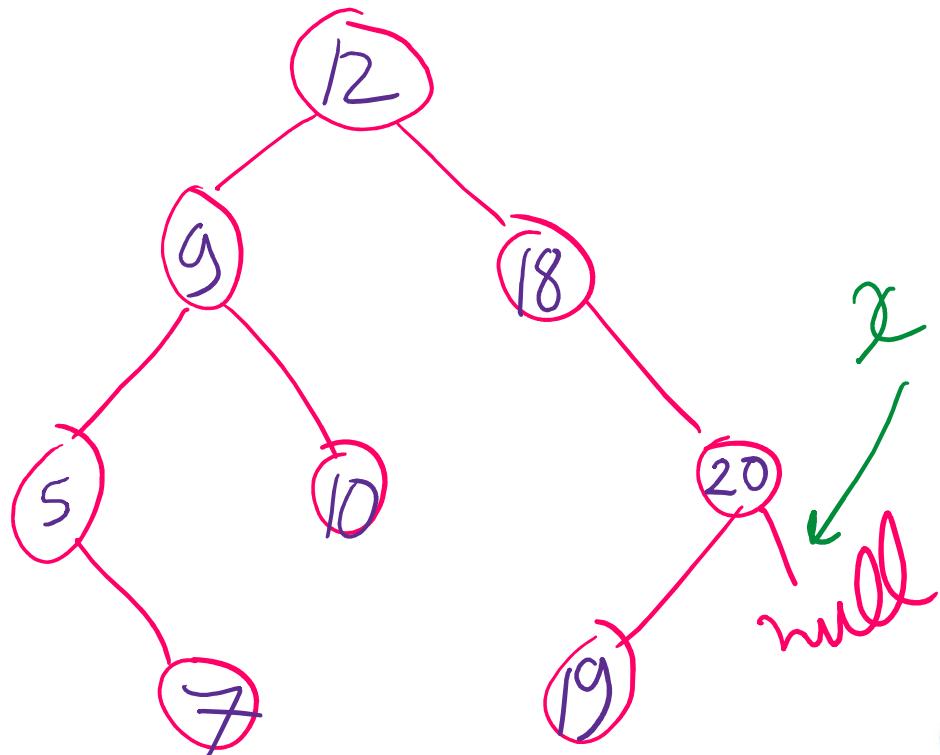
$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
Push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$

if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



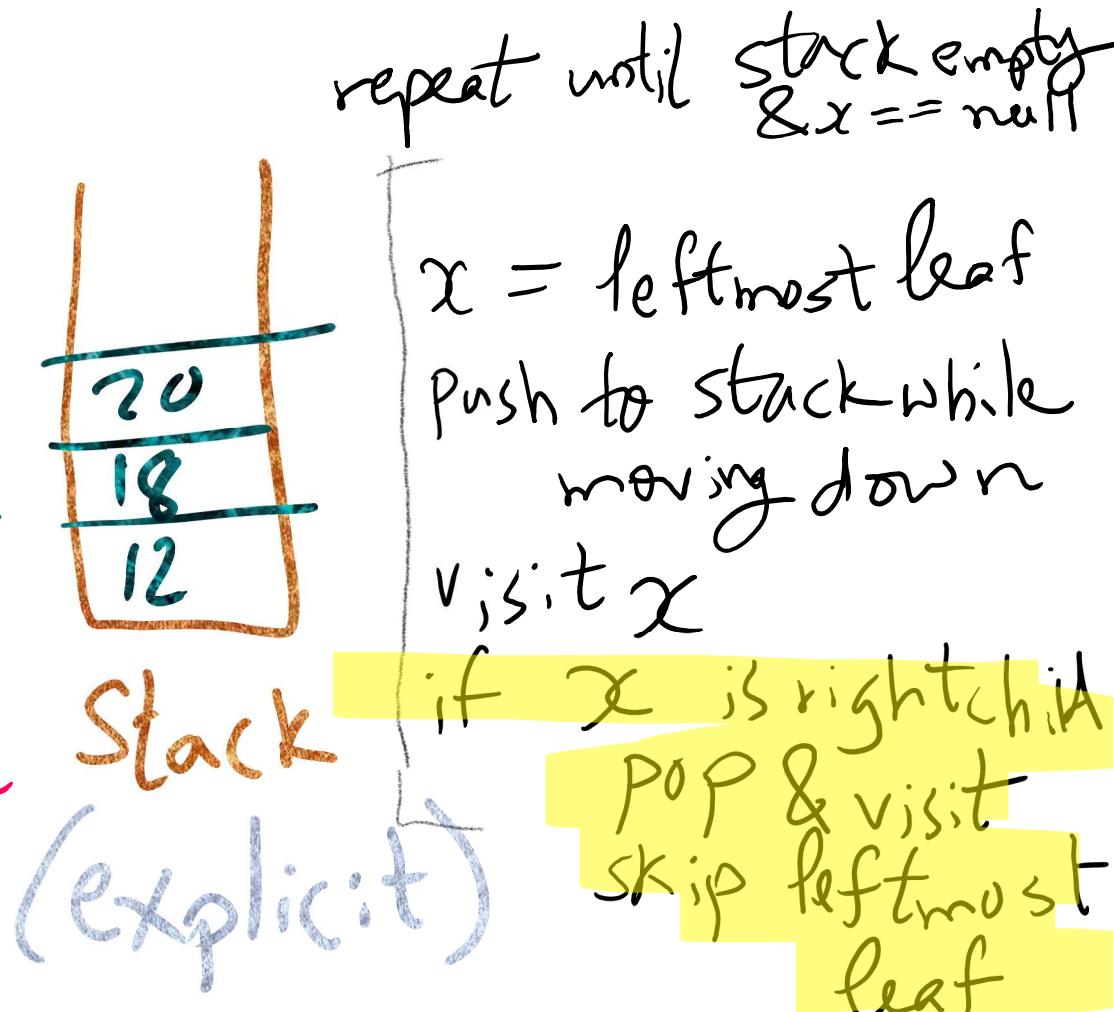
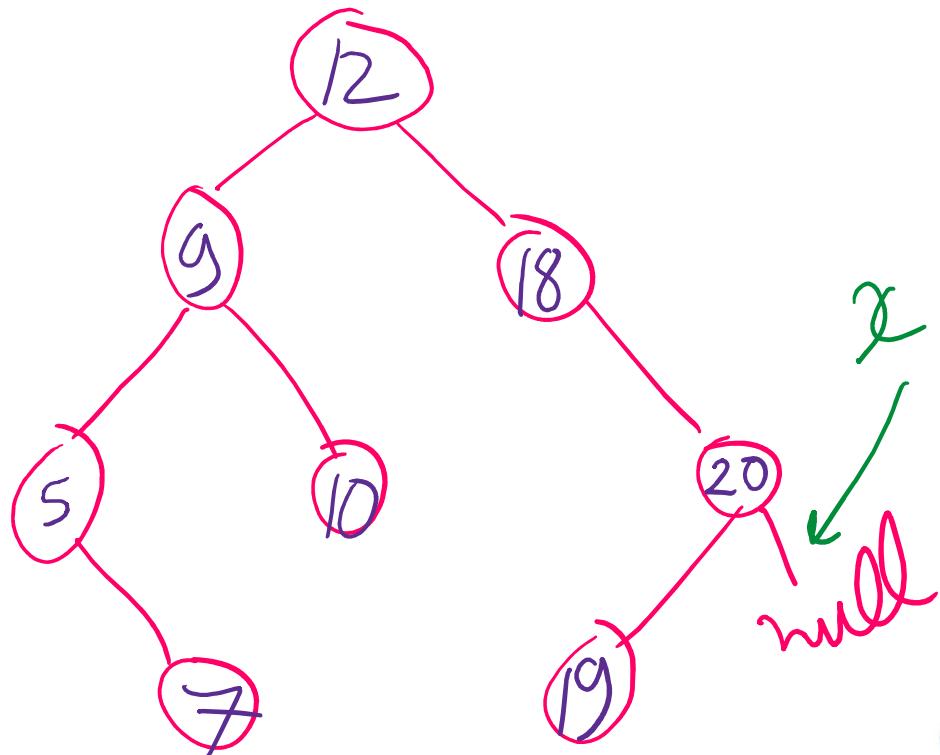
repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$   
if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

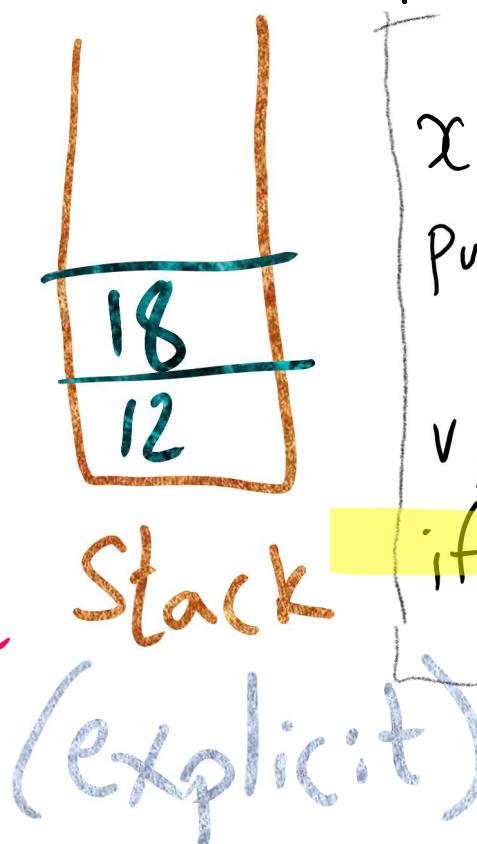
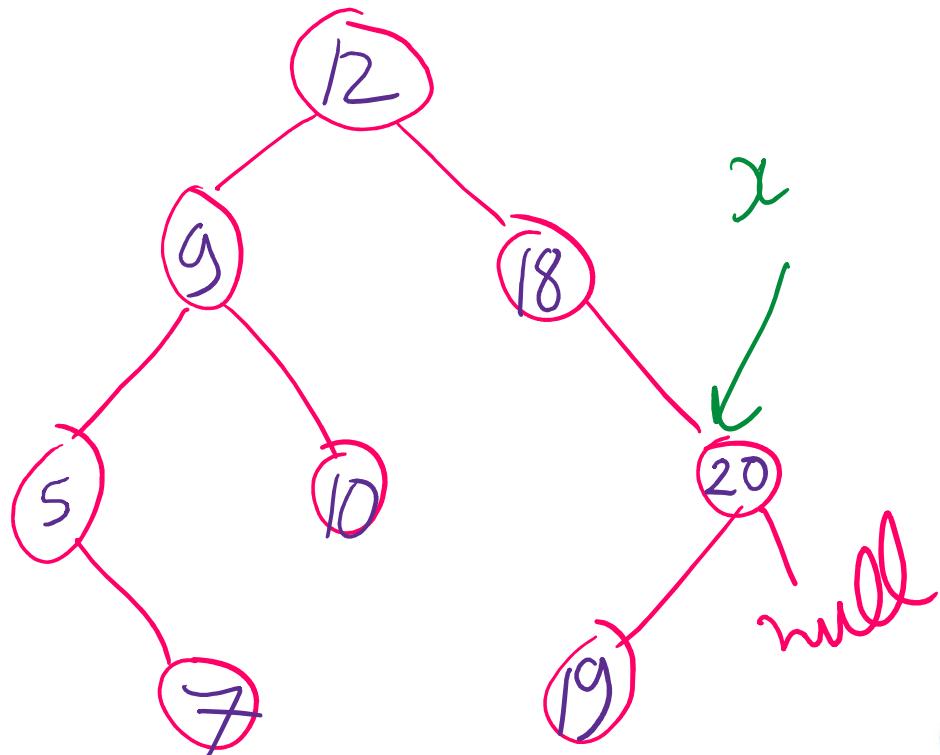
# Iterative Postorder traversal



Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



repeat until stack empty  
 $\& x == \text{null}$

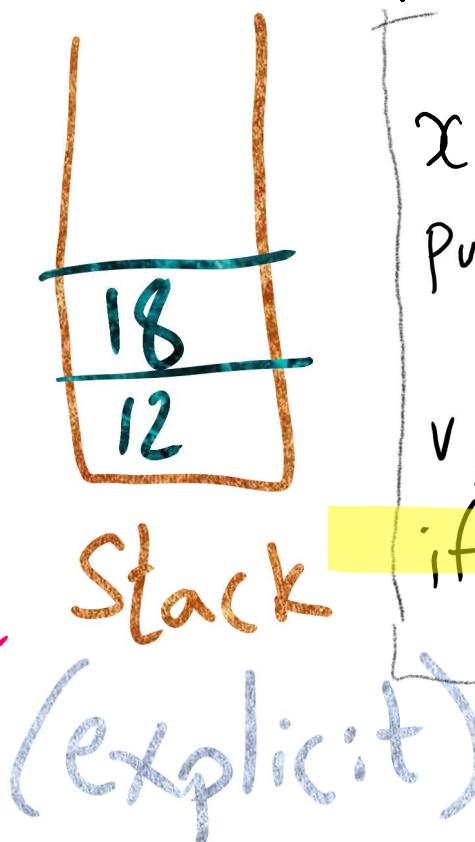
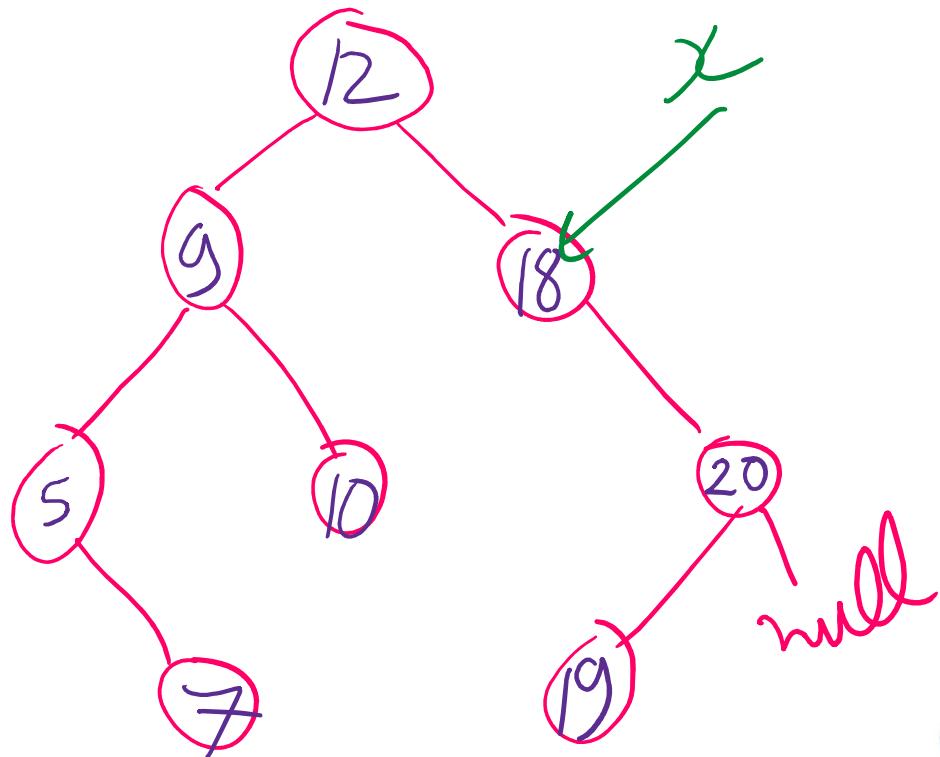
$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$

if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19, 20

else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



repeat until stack empty  
&  $x == \text{null}$

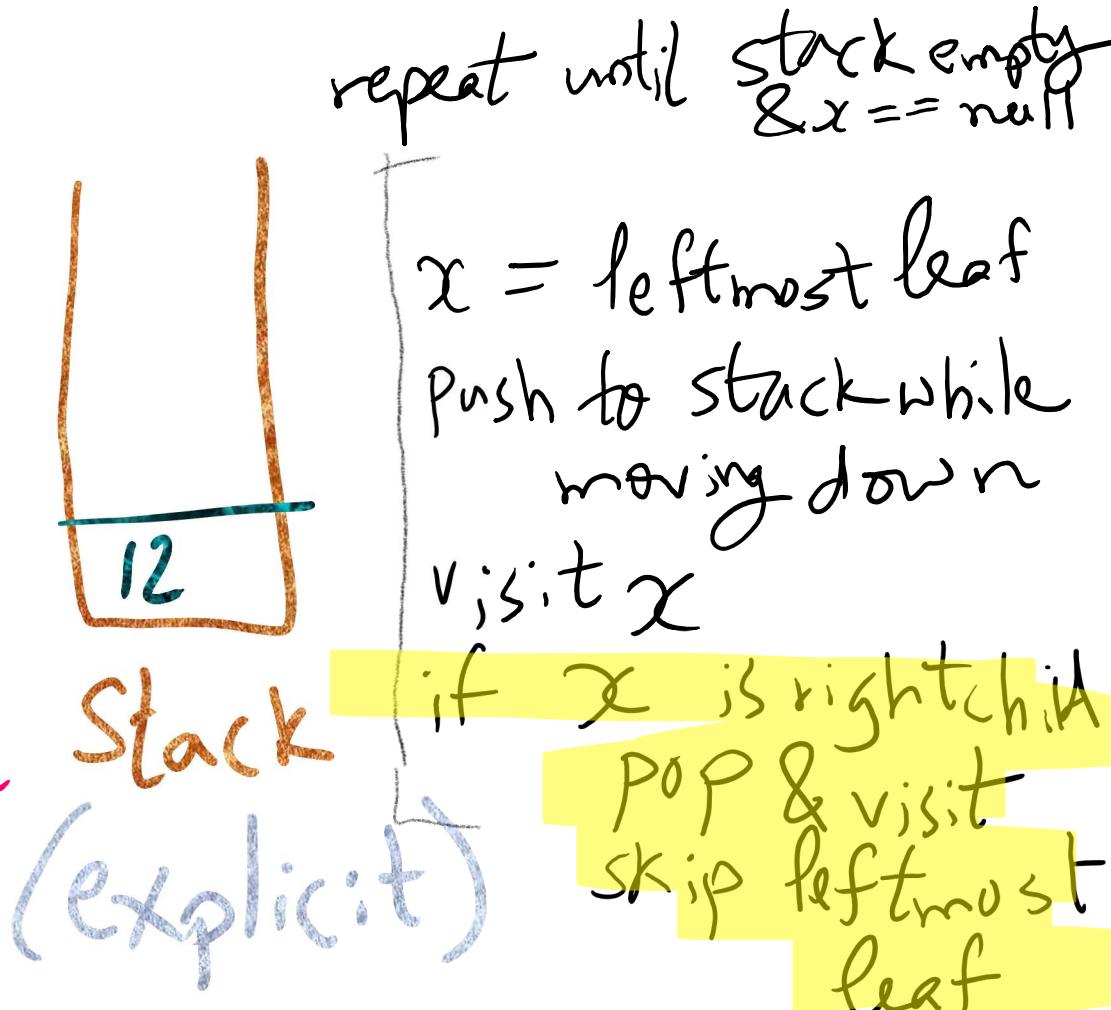
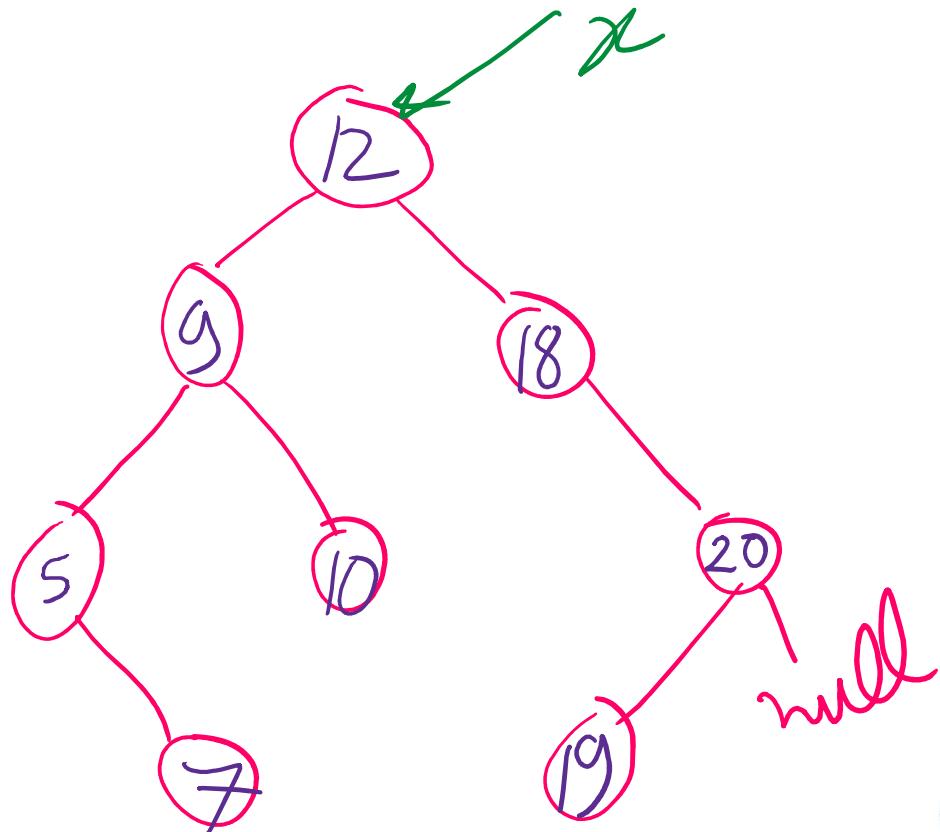
$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$

if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19, 20, 18

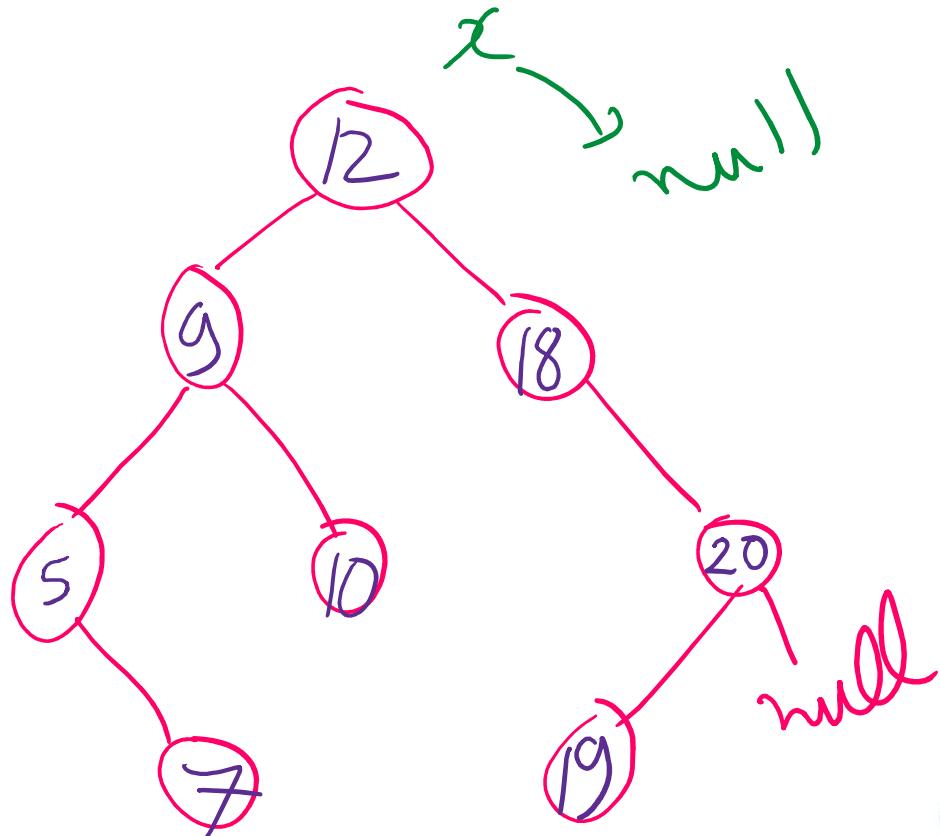
else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19, 20, 18, 12  
else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

# Iterative Postorder traversal



repeat until stack empty &  $x == \text{null}$

$x = \text{leftmost leaf}$   
push to stack while moving down  
visit  $x$   
if  $x$  is right child  
pop & visit  
skip leftmost leaf

Stack (explicit)

Visit order: 7, 5, 10, 9, 19, 20, 18, 12  
else  $x = \text{parent. right}$

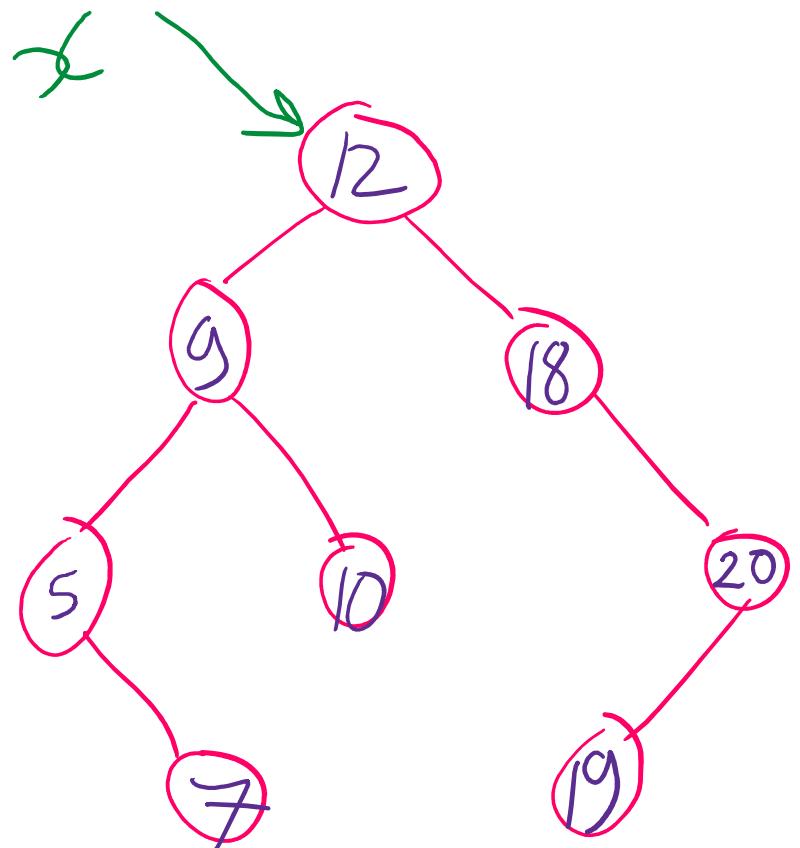
# Traversals of a Binary Tree

- Preorder traversal
  - Visit root before we visit root's subtrees
- Inorder traversal
  - Visit root of a binary tree between visiting nodes in root's subtrees.
- Postorder traversal
  - Visit root of a binary tree after visiting nodes in root's subtrees
- Level-order traversal
  - Begin at root and visit nodes one level at a time
  - We will see the implementation when we learn Breadth-First Search of Graphs

# Traversals of Binary Search Trees

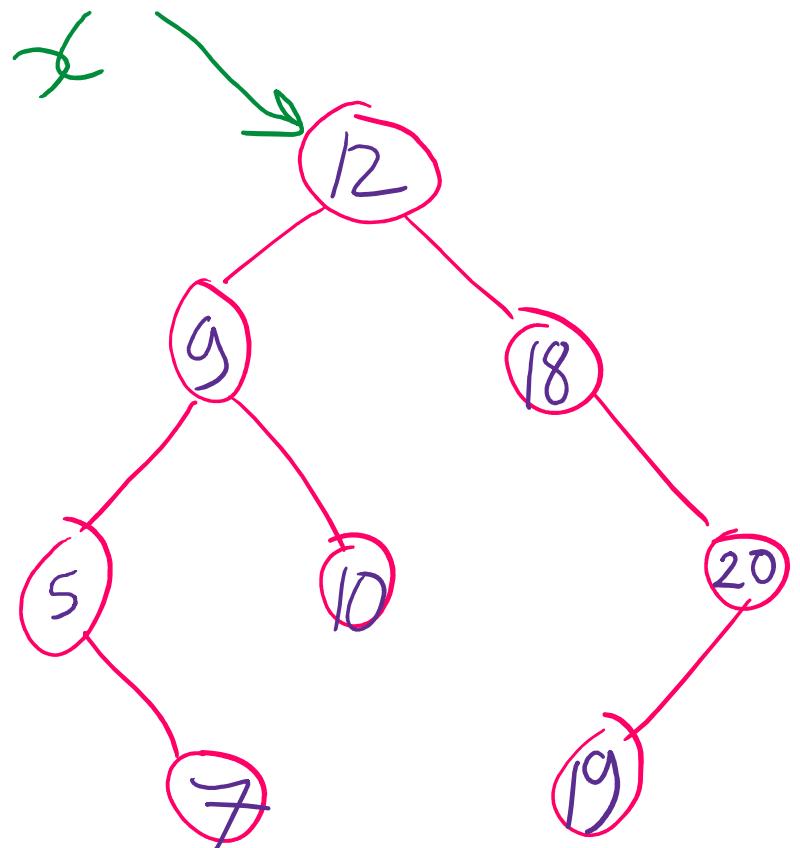
- Traversal for enumerating all items
- Traversal for finding an item

# BST search using iteration



$x = \text{root}$   
while( $x \neq \text{null}$ )  
;f equal break;  
if  $<$   $x = x.\text{left}$   
if  $>$   $x = x.\text{right}$

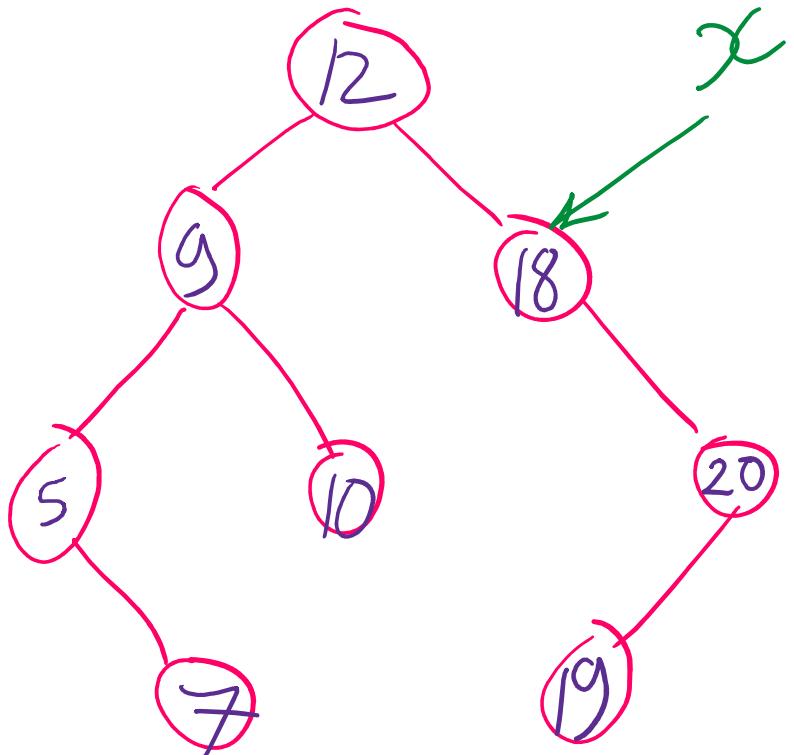
# BST search using iteration



```
x = root  
while(x != null){  
    if equal break;  
    if < x=x.left  
    if > x=x.right  
}
```

Search for 19

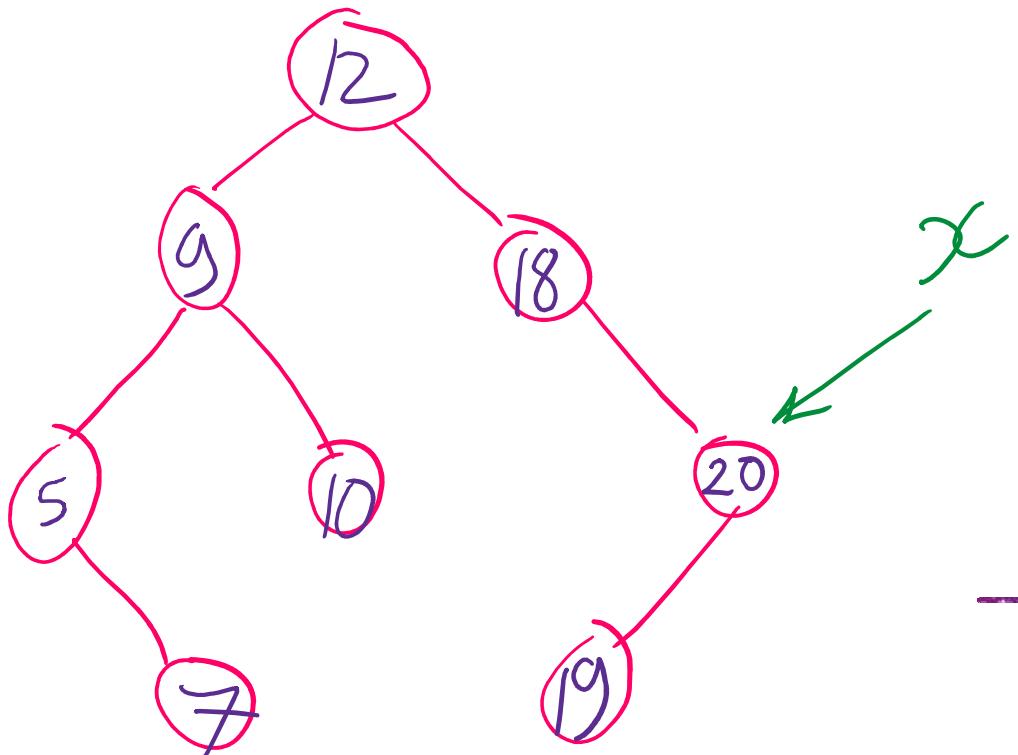
# BST search using iteration



```
x = root  
while(x != null){  
    if equal break;  
    if < x = x.left  
    if > x = x.right  
}
```

Search for 19

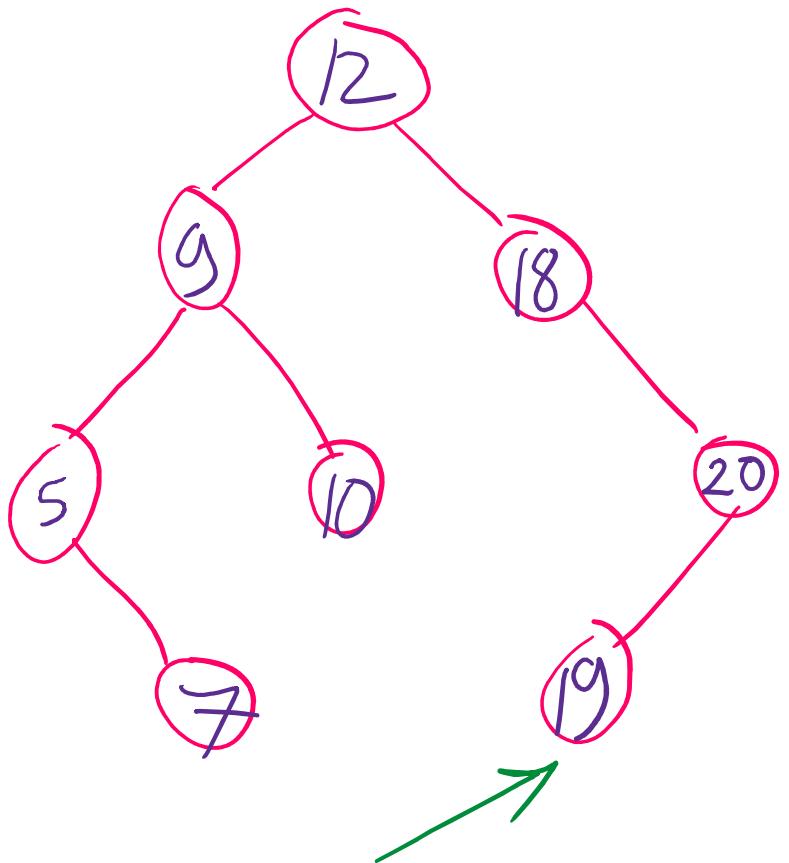
# BST search using iteration



```
x = root  
while(x != null){  
    if equal break;  
    if < x = x.left  
    if > x = x.right  
}
```

Search for 19

# BST search using iteration

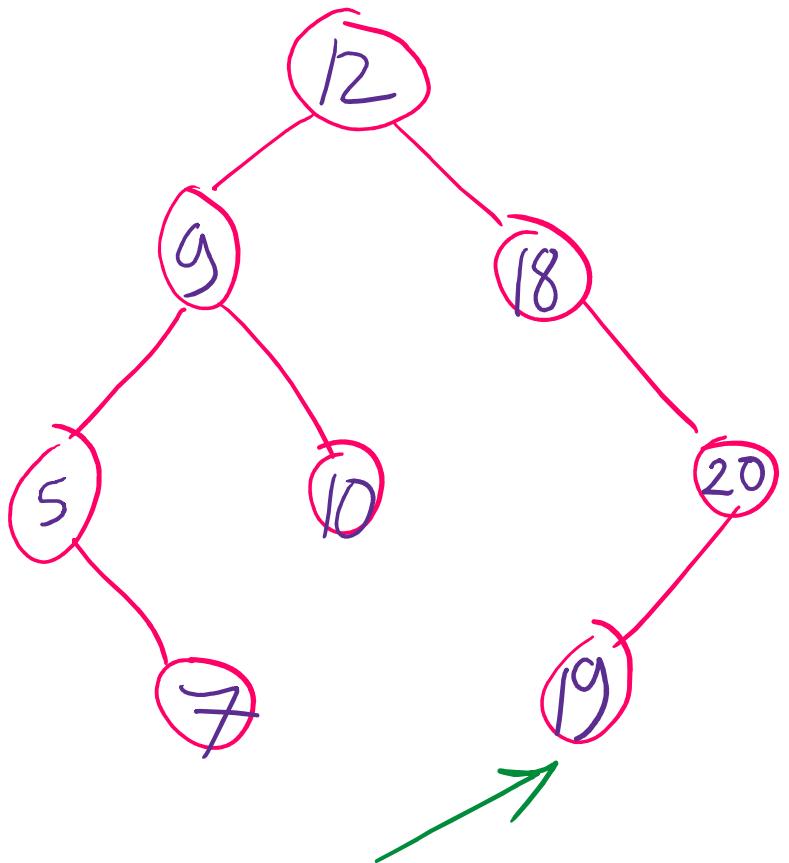


$x$

Search for 19

```
 $x = \text{root}$ 
while( $x \neq \text{null}$ ){
    if equal break;
    if  $<$   $x = x.\text{left}$ 
    if  $>$   $x = x.\text{right}$ 
}
```

# BST search using iteration



$x$

Search for 19

```
 $x = \text{root}$ 
while( $x \neq \text{null}$ ){
    if equal break;
    if  $<$   $x = x.\text{left}$ 
    if  $>$   $x = x.\text{right}$ 
}
```

# Symbol Table Implementations

	Unsorted Array	Sorted Array	Unsorted L.L.	Sorted L.L.	BST	RB BST
add	$\Theta(1)$	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(1)$	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(\log n)$
Search	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(\log n)$ Binary Search	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(n)$	$\Theta(\log n)$

# Digital Search Trees (DSTs)

- Instead of looking at less than/greater than, lets go left right based on the bits of the key, so we again have 4 options:
  - Node ref is null, k not found
  - k is equal to the current node's key, k is found
  - current bit of k is 0, continue to left child
  - current bit of k is 1, continue to right child

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