Multi-class classification

$$f() \longrightarrow \{Cat, Dog, Mouse, ...\}$$

$$y=f(\mathbf{x}), \quad ext{Input: } \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow ext{Output: } y \in \{1,2,\ldots,C\}$$

Ordering irrelevant!

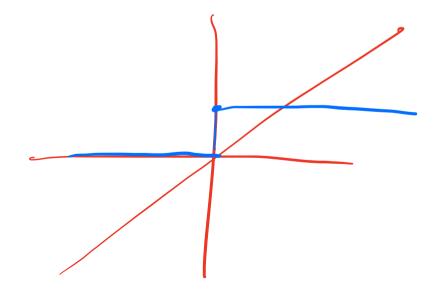
```
1: Cat, 2: Dog, 3: Mouse

1: Dog, 2: Mouse, 3: Cat
```

Multi-class prediction functions

Binary thresholding

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{I}(\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w} \ge 0) \rightarrow 20,13$$
Thicking tarretion



Multi-class thresholding

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \underset{c \in \{1...C\}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w}_c$$
 $f(\mathbf{x}) = \underset{c \in \{1...C\}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w}_c$
 $f(\mathbf{x}) = \underset{c \in \{1...C\}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w}_c$
 $f(\mathbf{x}) = \underset{c \in \{1...C\}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w}_c$

Multi-class prediction functions

Multi-class thresholding

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = rgmax \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{w}_c$$

For convenience, we can also define a matrix that contains all C parameter vectors:

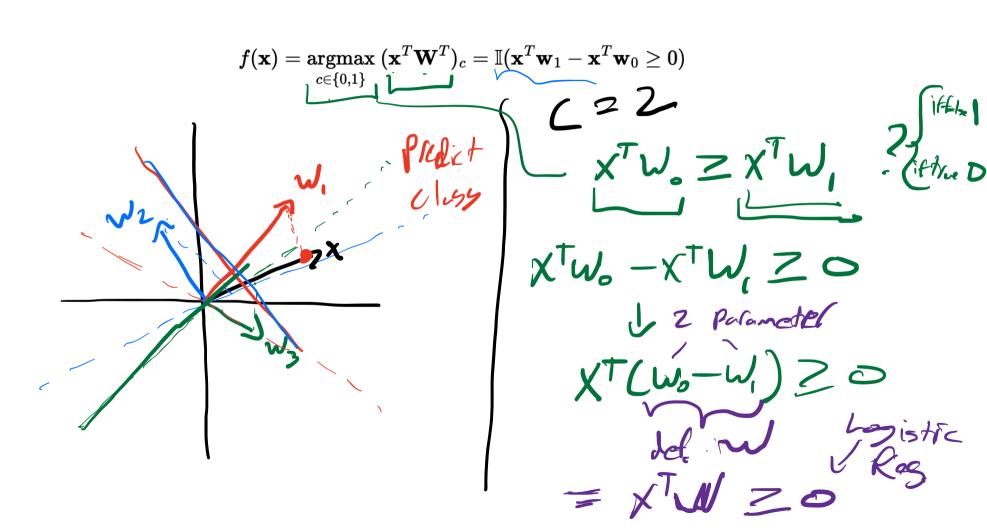
$$\mathbf{W} = egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{w}_{11}^T \ \mathbf{w}_{12}^T \ dots \ \mathbf{w}_{C1}^T \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} W_{11} & W_{12} & \dots & W_{1d} \ W_{21} & W_{22} & \dots & W_{2d} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ W_{C1} & W_{C2} & \dots & W_{Cd} \end{bmatrix}$$

With this notation, our prediction function becomes:

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = rgmax_{c \in \{1...C\}} (\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{W}^T)_c, \quad \mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{C imes d}$$

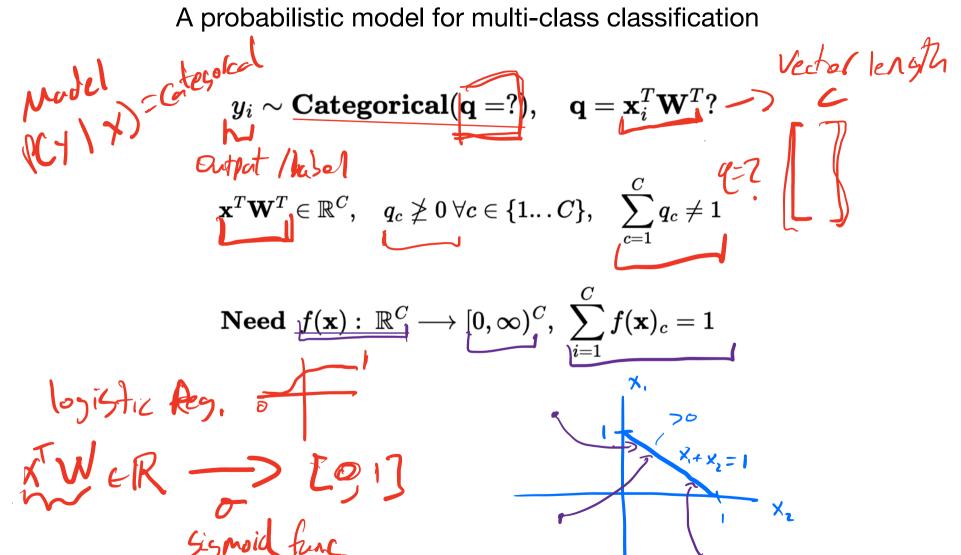
$$(\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{W}^T)_c, \quad \mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{C imes d}$$

Multi-class decision boundaries



Categorical distribution Fair die: 21, 2,345,63 $p(y\stackrel{\smile}{=}c)=\stackrel{\smile}{q_c},\quad y\in\{1...C\}$ $\mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{R}^C \quad q_c \geq 0 \ orall c \in \{1...C\} \quad \sum_{c=1}^{C} q_c = 1$

A probabilistic model for multi-class classification



Categorical distribution

$$p(y=c) = q_c, \quad y \in \{1...C\} \qquad \text{ filt of cotopolies}$$

$$q \in \mathbb{R}^C \quad q_c \geq 0 \ \forall c \in \{1...C\} \quad \sum_{c=1}^C q_c = 1 \qquad \text{ fly} = 1$$

$$p(y) = \prod_{c=1}^C q_c = q_c \qquad \text{ fit if } = 2$$

$$\log p(y) = \log q_c \qquad \text{ for the of cotopolies} \qquad \text{ fit if } = 2$$

$$\log p(y) = \log q_c \qquad \text{ fit } q_c \qquad \text{ fit } q_c \qquad \text{ for the of cotopolies} \qquad \text{ fit } q_c \qquad \text{ for the of cotopolies} \qquad \text{ fit } q_c \qquad \text{ for the of cotopolies} \qquad \text{ for the option of cotopolies$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x})_{c} = \frac{e^{x_{c}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \\ \frac{e^{x_{l}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_{j}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

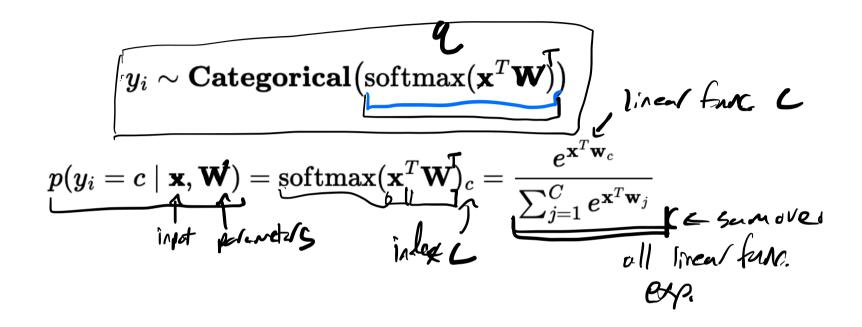
Softmax function

$$ext{softmax}(\mathbf{x})_c = rac{e^{x_c}}{\sum_{j=1}^C e^{x_j}}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{C} rac{e^{x_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_j}} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{C} e^{x_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^{C} e^{x_j}} = 1$$

$$rgmax_{c} = rgmax_{c} ext{ softmax}(\mathbf{x})_{c} \ c \in \{1,...,C\}$$

A probabilistic model for multi-class classification: Multinomial Logistic regression



Maximum likelihood estimation for Multinomial Logistic regression

Model

Loss

