Definitions 1

Suppose that the nodes A, B, C in a binary search tree are arranged as follows.

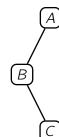


Which of the following describes the relationship between A, B, C?

- $O A \leq B, C$
- $O A \geq B, C$
- O $A \leq B \leq C$
- lacksquare $B \leq A \leq C$

Correct

Now suppose that nodes A, B, C are arranged as follows in the binary search tree.



What is the relationship between A, B, C?

- O $B \leq A \leq C$
- lacksquare $B \leq C \leq A$
- O $C \leq B \leq A$
- O $C \leq A \leq B$

Correct

If two different binary search trees contain the same set of values, which of the following is common between them?

- O Their pre-order traversals.
- Their in-order traversals.
- O Their post-order traversals.
- O Their root nodes.

Correct

Which of the following describes the height of a binary search tree on n nodes?

- $O(\log n)$
- $O \Theta(\log n)$
- O All of the above.

Correct

2 **Red-Black Trees**

Is the following a valid red-black tree? We are not drawing the implicit NIL nodes.



- O Yes
- No

Correct

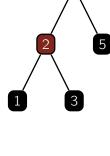
Is the following a valid red-black tree?



- O Yes No

Correct

Is the following a valid red-black tree?



- Yes O No

Which of the following describes the height of a red-black tree on n nodes?

Correct

 $O(\log n)$

- O $\Omega(\log n)$
- $O \Theta(\log n)$ All of the above.

If the length of a path from the root of a red-black tree to one of the leaf NIL nodes is 100, what

Correct

could be the length of another path from the root to some other NIL node? O 45 **1**80

- O 30
- O All of the above.

Suppose that r is the root of a red-black tree on n nodes. Assume all nodes have distinct values. If we

Correct

sort the values stored in the tree to get $x_1 < x_2 < \cdots < x_n$, and find the index i where $r = x_i$, what can be said about i? O $i \ge \Omega(n)$

- \bullet $i \geq \Omega(\sqrt{n})$
- O $i \le 0.99n$

Correct

What is the worst-case runtime of operations INSERT/DELETE/SEARCH on a red-black tree storing n nodes? $O \Theta(n)$

- $O \Theta(\sqrt{n})$
- $\Theta(\log n)$

Correct