

CS6015: Linear Algebra and Random Processes

Assignment - 2

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Due : Nov-6, 2017

Let X_1, \dots, X_N denote a sequence of i.i.d. random variables (r.v.s), each with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Let $\bar{X}_n = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_i$ denote the sample mean.

1. What is $\mathbb{E}(\bar{X}_N)$ and $\text{Var}(\bar{X}_N)$? (1 mark)
2. While a concentration inequality was derived for Bernoulli r.v.s in the class, a similar result holds for bounded r.v.s and we present the well-known Hoeffding inequality below.

Theorem 1. Let X_1, \dots, X_N denote a sequence of i.i.d. random variables (r.v.s) with $X_i \in [a, b]$, for all i , where $-\infty < a \leq b < \infty$. Letting $\bar{X}_n = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_i$ and μ denote $\mathbb{E}X_i$, for all i , we have

$$\mathbb{P}(\bar{X}_n - \mu \geq \epsilon) \leq \exp\left(-\frac{2N\epsilon^2}{(b-a)^2}\right) \text{ and } \mathbb{P}(\bar{X}_n - \mu \leq -\epsilon) \leq \exp\left(-\frac{2N\epsilon^2}{(b-a)^2}\right). \quad (1)$$

Use (1) to arrive at the following equivalent form: For $\delta \in (0, 1)$ and $\epsilon' > 0$,

$$\mathbb{P}(\mu \in [\bar{X}_n - \epsilon', \bar{X}_n + \epsilon']) \geq 1 - \delta. \quad (2)$$

Given an explicit expression for ϵ' as a function of N and δ .

Hint: Notice that the probability of the event, which is complementary to the one on LHS of (2), is at most δ . Compare this with the form in (1) and pick a suitable δ using the RHS of (1). (2 marks)

3. Write a program (in your favorite language) to obtain N samples from a Poisson distribution with parameter $\lambda = 10$.
 - (a) Choose the number of samples N from the set $\{10, 100, 1000, 10000\}$.
 - (b) For each value of N , repeat the experiment 10000 times.
 - (c) Store the sample mean value \bar{X}_N from each of the 10000 replications.
 - (d) Plot the histogram of the sample mean \bar{X}_N , with 1000 bars. (5 marks)

Interpret the numerical results and answer the following:

- (a) Is the sample mean close to the true mean? Why is this expected? Justify your answer. (2 marks)
- (b) How many times was the sample mean in the interval $[9.99, 10.01]$?
How about $[9.9, 10.1]$? Answer this for various choices of N . (2 marks)
- (c) Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the sample mean using the numerical results.
How many times did the true mean fall outside the confidence interval? (2 marks)
- (d) BONUS: Why isn't Theorem 1 applicable for Poisson r.v.s? Approximate Poisson with parameter λ by a Binomial distribution with parameters n and λ/n . Apply the equivalent Hoeffding bound (from the answer to question 2) to the latter distribution and calculate the 95% confidence interval. Compare the latter theoretical confidence interval with those obtained numerically. (3 marks)

- (e) If one wants an accuracy of 0.1 (i.e., the absolute difference between sample mean and true mean), how many samples N would be necessary? If the accuracy is to be 0.01, by how much would the number of samples N increase? Generalize the answer, i.e., if the accuracy increases by a decimal place, what would be the corresponding jump in N ? (3 marks)

4. Consider a random variable X that takes values $0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$ with p.m.f. f defined as

$$f(k) = \frac{A}{k^2} \text{ for } k = \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$

- (a) For what choice of A would f be a valid p.m.f., i.e., $\sum_{k \neq 0} f(k) = 1$? Justify your answer. (1 mark)
- (b) Generate N samples using the p.m.f. f defined above¹ and plot the histogram of the sample mean \bar{X}_N as in the previous question. Interpret the results you obtain for $N = 1000$ and $N = 10000$. In particular, answer if the sample mean concentrates around, i.e., stays close to, some value? Compare the 95% confidence intervals for the two choices of N . Is this behavior of sample mean expected? Justify your answer. (4 marks)

Here is what you have to submit:

- 1 Hand-written (or typed) answer.
- 2 Hand-written (or typed) answer.
- 3 Submit the source code, preferably one that is readable with some comments. Also, include all the histograms in a document or submit printouts of plots.
- 3a Hand-written (or typed) answer.
- 3b Tabulated results for various N .
- 3c Tabulated results for various N .
- 3d Hand-written (or typed) answer.
- 3e Hand-written (or typed) answer .
- 4 Submit the source code, preferably one that is readable with some comments. Also, include all the histograms in a document or submit printouts of plots.
- 4a Hand-written (or typed) answer.
- 4b Hand-written (or typed) answer.

* For each hand-written (or typed) answer, provide concrete justification.

** Barring the bonus question, the total marks in this assignment is 20 and during course grading, the score obtained would be halved, leading to a contribution of 10% in the final grade. However, half of the marks obtained for the bonus question would be added to the total score separately in the grade calculation.

¹For simulating from the p.m.f. f , use the procedure described in example 100 of <http://math.iisc.ernet.in/~manju/UGstatprob16/statprob.pdf>