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# Assignment 3

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Abstract—This document calculate the circle equation such that circle is passing through given two points and the centre of the circle is placed on given straight line.

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### I. PROBLEM

Find the equation to the circle which passes through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$  and which has its centre on the straight line  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} X = 7$ .

## II. SOLUTION

Given points  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$  and the straight line, which has centre of the circle is,

$$(3 4) X = 7 (1)$$

Let r be the radius of the circle. Let  $C = \begin{pmatrix} h \\ k \end{pmatrix}$  is the centre of the circle, then the circle equation is,

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$
 (2)

Substituting the point P in equation 2,

$$(1-h)^2 + (-2-k)^2 = r^2$$
 (3)

$$h^2 + k^2 - 2h + 4k + 5 = r^2 \tag{4}$$

Substituting the point Q in equation 2,

$$(4-h)^2 + (-3-k)^2 = r^2$$
 (5)

$$h^2 + k^2 - 8h + 6k + 25 = r^2 \tag{6}$$

Eqution 4 - equation 6 gives,

$$3h - k = 10 \tag{7}$$

Substituting Centre C in equation 1,

$$3h + 4k = 7 \tag{8}$$

By solving equation 7 and equation 8, we will get the centre of the circle. as

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{47}{15} \\ \frac{-3}{5} \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

Radius r of the circle is the distance between points C and P.

$$r = \sqrt{\left(\frac{47}{15} - 1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{-3}{5} + 2\right)^2} \tag{10}$$

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{1465}}{15} \tag{11}$$

Required Resultant circle equation is,

$$X^T X - 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{47}{15} \\ \frac{-3}{5} \end{pmatrix} X + \frac{825}{225} = 0$$

