CSCI 2113 Lab 1

Bo Mei

Lab Info

- TA: Bo Mei <u>bomei@gwu.edu</u>
- Grader: Yawei Wang yawei@gwu.edu
- Office Hours:
 - Mondays 10:10-11:00 AM and 1:30-2:10 PM
 - TOMP 405
- Course Website:

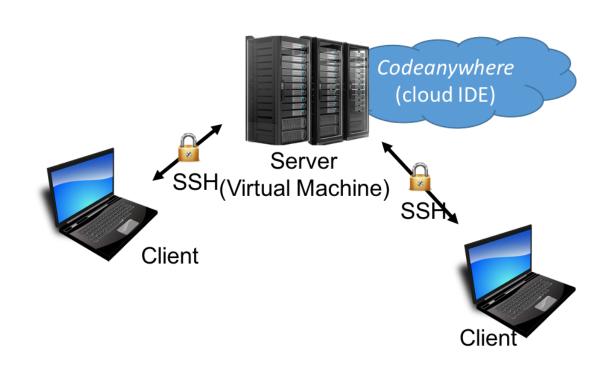
faculty.cs.gwu.edu/~timwood/wiki/doku.php/teaching:f2016:cs2113: home

Get Started

- Go to www.github.com to create a GitHub account.
 - Let me know your username at the end of the class.
- Go to www.codeanywhere.com and login using your GitHub account.
 - Click (to login. No need to create a separate account for *Codeanywhere*.

Unix System

- Unix and Linux designed to host many users.
- Typically use remote login to access.
- SSH: Secure Shell.
- Container: Think it as a disk partition on a computer (Virtual Machine) in the cloud.



Basic Unix Commands and Use Codeanywhere

pwd	Print current directory
ls	List directory contents
ls -l	List in detail
mkdir d	Create directory "d"
rmdir d	Delete <i>empty</i> directory "d"
cd d	Change directory to "d"
touch a.txt	Create file "a.txt"
cat a	Display contents of file "a"
cp a b	Copy file "a" to "b"
mv a b	Move or rename file "a" to "b"
rm a	Delete file "a"
~	Home directory
• •	Parent directory
•	Current directory

- Try the commands.
- The left directory column will not refresh automatically. Right click on "cs2113" (container), and then click "Refresh".
- Double click on the file name in the left directory column to open it.

Git & GitHub

- Git is a version control tool to track changes to a set of files.
 - Safely keeping files.
 - Safely synchronizing for a team of programmers.
 - Easily accessing code across multiple computers.
- GitHub (github.com) is a website that provides a hosting location for the files and a convenient web interface to them.
 - Git (git-scm.com) can be used without GitHub.
 - Having a web interface is very helpful.

Basic terminology for *GitHub*

- **Repository**: Similar to a project's folder. It contains all of the project files and stores each file's revision history.
- Fork: A personal copy of another user's repository that lives on your account.
 - Online copy → Another online copy
 - Allowing you to make changes without affecting the original.
 - Remaining attached to the original.
- **Clone**: A copy of a repository that lives on your computer (locally) instead of on *GitHub*.
 - Online copy → Local copy

Basic terminology for *GitHub*

- **Commit**/Revision: Like taking a snapshot. Save the files and keep record of what changes were made.
 - You and others can see the changes.
 - Allowing you to roll back to previous versions.
- **Pull**: Fetching in changes to the local copy and merging them.
 - Online copy + Local copy → Local copy
- Push: Sending the committed changes to GitHub.
 - Local copy → Online copy

Use GitHub

- Go to github.com/leachim6/hello-world and click "Fork" at the top-right corner under your avatar.
 - If a window pops up and lets you choose a forking destination, choose the one that has your username.

Basic Git Commands

git status	List the files you've changed and those you still need to add or commit
<pre>git add <filename> git add *</filename></pre>	Prepare the file(s) to commit
git commit -m "Commit message"	Commit/save changes locally
git push origin master	Push changes to GitHub
git pull	Fetch and merge changes from <i>GitHub</i> to local

Thank you!