Assignment 1

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

CS22BTECH11046

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10.15.1.25: Question. Which of the following arguments are correct and which are not correct? Give reasons for your answer.

- 1) If two coins are tossed simultaneously, there are three possible outcomes two heads, two tails, or one of each. Therefore, for each of these outcomes, the probability is $\frac{1}{3}$.
- 2) If a die is thrown, there are two possible outcomes an odd number or an even number. Therefore, the probability of getting an odd number is $\frac{1}{2}$.

Solution:

 X is a random variable which denotes the number of heads obtained when n coins are tossed simultaneously,p = probability of getting head.

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$$
 (1)

then,

$$p_X(r) = {}^{n}C_r p^r (1-p)^{n-r}$$
 (2)

Here n=2 and p= $\frac{1}{2}$,

Therefore,

$$p_X(1) = {}^{2}C_1 \times \frac{1}{2^2} \tag{3}$$

Reason: For X=1, it contains two mutually exclusive events (H, T), (T, H). Therefore, the probability of getting one of each is $\frac{1}{2}$ and not $\frac{1}{3}$. So, the above statement is incorrect.

2) Here, let E be the event 'getting an odd number'.

Sample space
$$\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$
 (4)

$$E = \{1, 3, 5\} \tag{5}$$

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \tag{6}$$

Reason: Event of getting an odd number and Event of getting an even number are equally likely and they together forms an exhaustive event. Hence,

$$\Pr\left(E\right) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{7}$$

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$$\Pr(E') = \frac{1}{2} \tag{8}$$

So the above statement is correct.