



CS 353

Database Systems

Design Report

Hospital Management Database System

Group 27

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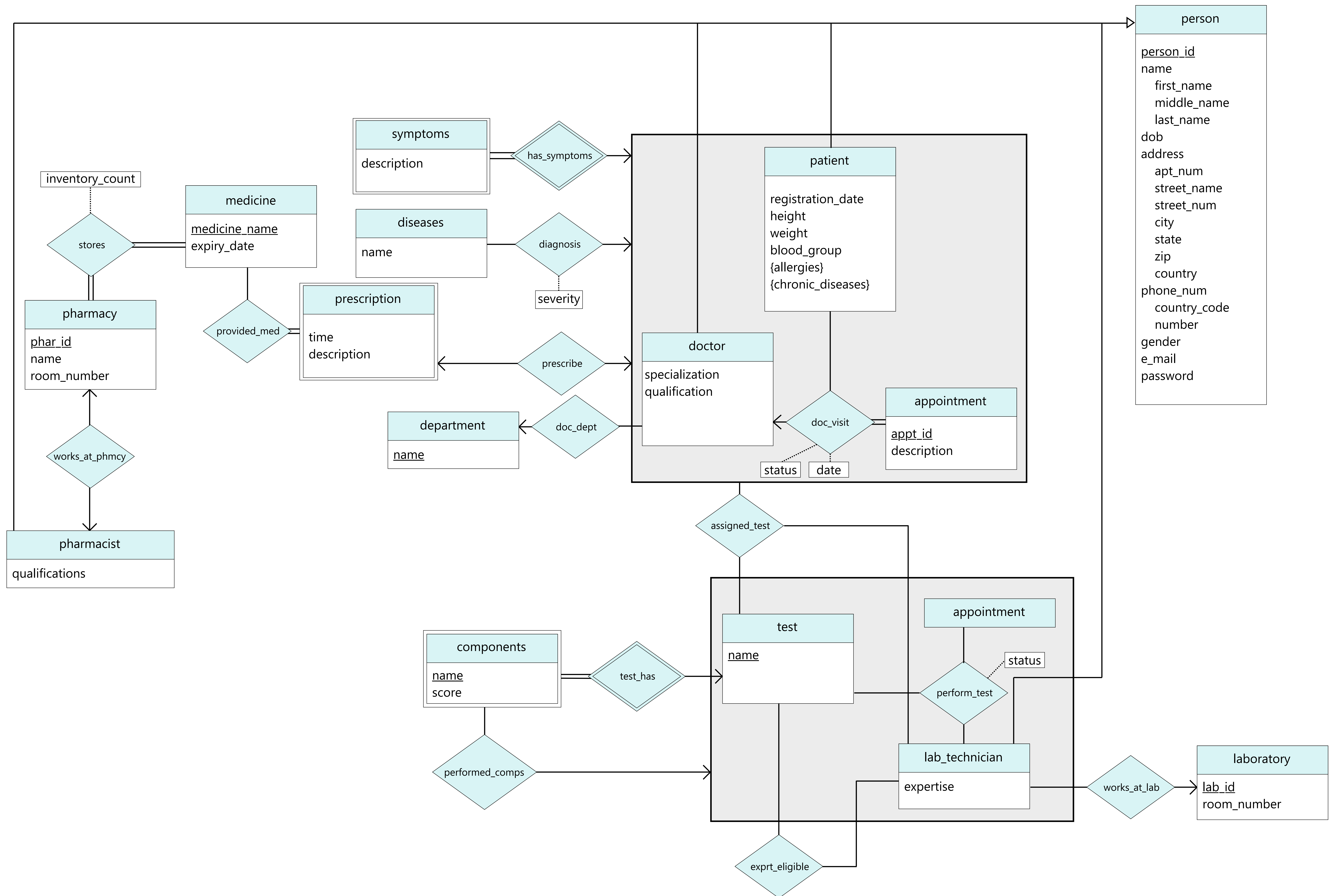


Figure 1: The revised Entity-Relation (E-R) Model

Relations Schemas

1. person

Model:

person(person_id, first_name, middle_name, last_name, dob, apt_num, street_name, street_num, city, state, zip, country, country_code, number, gender, e_mail, password)

Candidate Keys:

{{person_id}}

Primary Key:

{person_id}

Foreign Keys:

None.

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE person(  
    person_id VARCHAR(50),  
    first_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    middle_name VARCHAR(50),  
    last_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    dob DATE,  
    apt_num INT,  
    street_name VARCHAR(100),  
    street_num INT,  
    city VARCHAR(25),  
    state VARCHAR(25),  
    zip INT,  
    country VARCHAR(25),  
    country_code VARCHAR(5),  
    number VARCHAR(20),  
    gender VARCHAR(10),  
    e_mail VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    password VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (person_id)  
);
```

2. pharmacist

Model:

pharmacist(ph_id, qualifications)

Candidate Keys:

{(ph_id)}

Primary Key:

{ph_id}

Foreign Keys:

ph_id references person.peson_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE pharmacist(  
    ph_id VARCHAR(50),  
    qualifications VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(ph_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (ph_id) REFERENCES person(person_id)  
);
```

3. patient

Model:

patient(pid, height, weight, blood_group, registration_date);

Candidate Keys:

{(pid)}

Primary Key:

{pid}

Foreign Keys:

pid references person.person_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE patient(  
    pid VARCHAR(50),  
    height NUMERIC(5, 2),  
    weight NUMERIC(5, 2),  
    blood_group CHAR(3),  
    registration_date date NOT NULL,
```

PRIMARY KEY (pid),
FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES person(id)
);

4. patient_allergies

Model:

patient_allergies(pid, allergy);

Candidate Keys:

{{pid, allergy}}

Primary Key:

{pid, allergy}

Foreign Keys:

pid references patient.pid

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE patient_allergies(  
    pid VARCHAR(50),  
    allergy VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(pid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES patient(pid)  
);
```

5. patient_chronic_diseases

Model:

patient_chronic_disease(pid, disease);

Candidate Keys:

{{pid, disease}}

Primary Key:

{pid, disease}

Foreign Keys:

pid references patient.pid

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE patient_chronic_disease(  
    pid VARCHAR(50),  
    disease VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(pid),
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES patient(pid)
);
```

6. doctor

Model:

doctor(d_id, dept_name, specialization, qualification);

Candidate Keys:

{(d_id)}

Primary Key:

{d_id}

Foreign Keys:

d_id references person.person_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE doctor(
    d_id VARCHAR(50),
    dept_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    specialization VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    qualification VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(d_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (d_id) REFERENCES person(person_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (dept_name) REFERENCES department(name)
);
```

7. lab_technician

Model:

lab_technician(lt_id, expertise);

Candidate Keys:

{{lt_id}}

Primary Key:

{lt_id}

Foreign Keys:

lt_id references person.person_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE lab_technician(
    lt_id VARCHAR(50),
```

```
    expertise VARCHAR(0) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(lt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (lt_id) REFERENCES person(person_id)  
);
```

8. pharmacy

Model:

pharmacy(phar_id, name, room_number)

Candidate Keys:

{{phar_id}}

Primary Key:

{phar_id}

Foreign Keys:

None

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE pharmacy(  
    phar_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    room_number INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY(phar_id),  
);
```

9. works_at_pharmacy

Model:

works_at_phar(phar_id, ph_id);

Candidate Keys:

{{phar_id, ph_id}}

Primary Key:

{phar_id, ph_id}

Foreign Keys:

ph_id references person.person_id
phar_id references pharmacy.phar_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE works_at_phar(  

```



```
ph_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
phar_id VARCHAR(50),  
PRIMARY KEY(phar_id, ph_id),  
FOREIGN KEY (phar_id) REFERENCES pharmacy(phar_id),  
FOREIGN KEY (ph_id) REFERENCES person(person_id)  
);
```

10. medicine

Model:

medicine(med_name, expiray_date)

Candidate Keys:

{(med_name)}

Primary Key:

{med_name}

Foreign Keys:

None.

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE medicine(  
    med_name VARCHAR(50),  
    expiry_date DATE,  
    PRIMARY KEY(med_name),  
);
```

11. stored_medicine

Model:

stored_medicine(med_name, phar_id, inventory_count)

Candidate Keys:

{ (med_name, phar_id)}

Primary Key:

{med_name, phar_id}

Foreign Keys:

med_name references medicine.med_name

phar_id references pharmacy.phar_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE stored_medicine(  
    med_name VARCHAR(50),  
    phar_id INT NOT NULL,  
    inventory_count INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY(med_name, phar_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (med_name) REFERENCES medicine(med_name),  
    FOREIGN KEY (phar_id) REFERENCES pharmacy(phar_id)  
);
```

12. presc_medicine

Model:

presc_medicine(med_name, time, presc_details)

Candidate Keys:

{ (med_name, presc_details)}

Primary Key:

{med_name, presc_deatils}

Foreign Keys:

med_name references medicine.med_name

presc_details references prescription.description

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE presc_medicine(  
    med_name VARCHAR(50),  
    presc_detals VARCHAR(50),  
    PRIMARY KEY (med_name, presc_Details),  
    FOREIGN KEY (med_name) REFERENCES medicine(med_name),  
    FOREIGN KEY (presc_details) REFERENCES prescription(description)  
);
```

13. appointment

Model:

appointment(appt_id, description);

Candidate Keys:

{(appt_id)}

Primary Key:

appt_id

Foreign Keys:

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE appointment(  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    description VARCHAR(200),  
    PRIMARY KEY (appt_id)  
);
```

14. doc_visit

Model:

doc_visit(d_id, p_id, appt_id, date, status);

Candidate Keys:

{(appt_id)}

Primary Key:

{appt_id}

Foreign Keys:

d_id references doctor.d_id

p_id references patient.p_id

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE doc_visit(  
    d_id VARCHAR(50),  
    p_id VARCHAR(50),  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    date DATE,  
    status VARCHAR(20),  
    PRIMARY KEY (appt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (d_id) REFERENCES doctor(d_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (p_id) REFERENCES patient(p_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (appt_id) REFERENCES appointment(appt_id)  
);
```

15. works_at_lab

Model:

works_at_lab(lt_id, lab_id);

Candidate Keys:

{{lt_id}}

Primary Key:

lt_id

Foreign Keys:

lt_id references person.person_id

lab_id references person.lab_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE works_at_lab(  
    lab_id VARCHAR(50),  
    lt_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(lab_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (lab_id) REFERENCES person(lab_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (lt_id) REFERENCES person(person_id)  
);
```

16. laboratory

Model:

laboratory(lab_id, room_number);

Candidate Keys:

{{lab_id}}

Primary Key:

lab_id

Foreign Keys:

None.

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE laboratory(  
    lab_id VARCHAR(50),  
    room_number INT NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(lab_id)  
);
```

17. test

Model:

test(name, expertise_required);

Candidate Keys:

{{name}}

Primary Key:

name

Foreign Keys:

None.

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE test(  
    name VARCHAR(100),  
    expertise_required VARCHAR(20),  
    PRIMARY KEY(name)  
);
```

18. components

Model:

components(t_name, c_name, score);

Candidate Keys:

{{t_name, c_name}}

Primary Key:

{t_name, c_name}

Foreign Keys:

t_name references test.name

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE components(  
    t_name VARCHAR(100),  
    c_name VARCHAR(100),  
    score INT NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(t_name, c_name),  
    FOREIGN KEY t_name REFERENCES test(name)  
);
```

19. assigned_test

Model:

assigned_test(appt_id, test_name, lt_id);

Candidate Keys:

{(appt_id, test_name, lt_id)}

Primary Key:

{appt_id, test_name, lt_id}

Foreign Keys:

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

lt_id references lab_technician.lt_id

test_name references test.name

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE appointment(  
    lt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    test_name VARCHAR(100),  
    PRIMARY KEY (lt_id, appt_id, test_name),  
    FOREIGN KEY appt_id REFERENCES appointment(appt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY lt_id REFERENCES lab_technician(lt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY test_name REFERENCES test(name)  
);
```

20. perform_test

Model:

perform_test(appt_id, t_name, lt_id, status);

Candidate Keys:

{(appt_id, t_name, lt_id)}

Primary Key:

{appt_id, t_name, lt_id}

Foreign Keys:

p_id references appointment.appt_id

t_name references test.name

lt_id references lab_technician.lt_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE appointment(  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    t_name VARCHAR(50),  
    lt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    status VARCHAR(20),  
    PRIMARY KEY (p_id, t_name, lt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY p_id REFERENCES appointment(appt_id),
```

```
        FOREIGN KEY t_name REFERENCES test(name),
        FOREIGN KEY lt_id REFERENCES lab_technician(lt_id)
    );
```

21. performed_comps

Model:

performed_comps(t_name, c_name, lt_id, appt_id);

Candidate Keys:

{{t_name, c_name, lt_id, appt_id}}

Primary Key:

{t_name, c_name, lt_id, appt_id}

Foreign Keys:

t_name references test.name

c_name references component.name

lt_id references lab_technician.id

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE performed_comps(
    t_name VARCHAR(100),
    c_name VARCHAR(100),
    lt_id VARCHAR(50),
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),
    PRIMARY KEY(t_name, c_name, lt_id, appt_id),
    FOREIGN KEY t_name REFERENCES test(name),
    FOREIGN KEY c_name REFERENCES component(name),
    FOREIGN KEY lt_id REFERENCES lab_technician(id),
    FOREIGN KEY appt_id REFERENCES appointment(appt_id)
);
```

22. department

Model:

department(name);

Candidate Keys:

{{name}}

Primary Key:

name

Foreign Keys:

None.

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE department(  
    name VARCHAR(50),  
    PRIMARY KEY(name)  
);
```

23. doc_dept

Model:

doc_dept(name, doc_id);

Candidate Keys:

{(name)}

Primary Key:

name

Foreign Keys:

doc_id references person.person_id

name references department.name

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE doc_dept(  
    Name VARCHAR(50),  
    Doc_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(name),  
    FOREIGN KEY (name) REFERENCES department(name),  
    FOREIGN KEY (doc_id) REFERENCES person(person_id)  
);
```

24. symptoms

Model:

symptoms(symp_desc, appt_id);

Candidate Keys:

{(symp_desc, appt_id)}

Primary Key:

{symp_desc, appt_id}

Foreign Keys:

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE symptoms(  
    symp_desc VARCHAR(100),  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50),  
    PRIMARY KEY(symp_desc, appt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY appt_id REFERENCES appointment(appt_id)  
);
```

25. diagnosed_disease

Model:

diagnosed_disease(dis_name, appt_id, severity)

Candidate Keys:

{ (dis_name, appt_id)}

Primary Key:

{dis_name, appt_id}

Foreign Keys:

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

dis_name references disease.dis_name

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE diagnosed_disease(  
    dis_name VARCHAR(50),  
    appt_id INT NOT NULL,  
    severity INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY(dis_name, appt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (dis_name) REFERENCES disease(dis_name),  
    FOREIGN KEY (appt_id) REFERENCES appointment(appt_id)  
);
```

26. disease

Model:

disease(name)

Candidate Keys:

{{name}}

Primary Key:

{name}

Foreign Keys:

None

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE disease(  
    name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(name),  
);
```

27. prescription

Model:

prescription(time, description, appt_id)

Candidate Keys:

{{appt_id}}

Primary Key:

{appt_id}

Foreign Keys:

appt_id references appointment.appt_id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE prescription(  
    time DATE  
    description VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    appt_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(appt_id),  
    FOREIGN KEY (appt_id) REFERENCES appointment(appt_id)  
);
```

User Interfaces

1. Login/Sign UP

1.1. Login

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "A Hospital Database Management system - Login page". The address bar contains the URL "http://hdbms/login". The main content area is titled "Login View". Below the title, there are two input fields. The first field is labeled "Email address:" and is preceded by a user icon. The second field is labeled "Password:" and is preceded by a key icon. Below the password field is a "Login" button. The browser window has a standard toolbar with back, forward, and home buttons, and a search icon.

A Hospital Database Management system - Login page

http://hdbms/login

Login View

Email address:

Password:

Login

1.2. Sign Up

Sign Up View

Name
First Name
Middle Name
Last Name

Email
email address

Phone Number
Extension Code Contact No.

Gender
Male
Female

Date of Birth
Month/Day/year

Address
Country Zip Code City State
Street Name Street Number Apartment Number

Password

Confirm Password

User type
Doctor
Patient
Lab Technician
Pharmacist

Confirm

Confirm Patient Details

Patient ID given id

Height height cm inch

Blood Group Blood type

Weight weight kg lbs

Registration Date MM/DD/Year

✕ ✓

Confirm Doctor Details

Doctor ID given id

Qualification Qualif 1 Qualif 2 Qualif 3

Specification Spec 1 spec 2 spec 3

✕ ✓

Confirm Lab Technician Details

Lab Technician ID given id

Expertise Expertise

✕ ✓

Confirm Pharmacist Details

Pharmacist ID given id

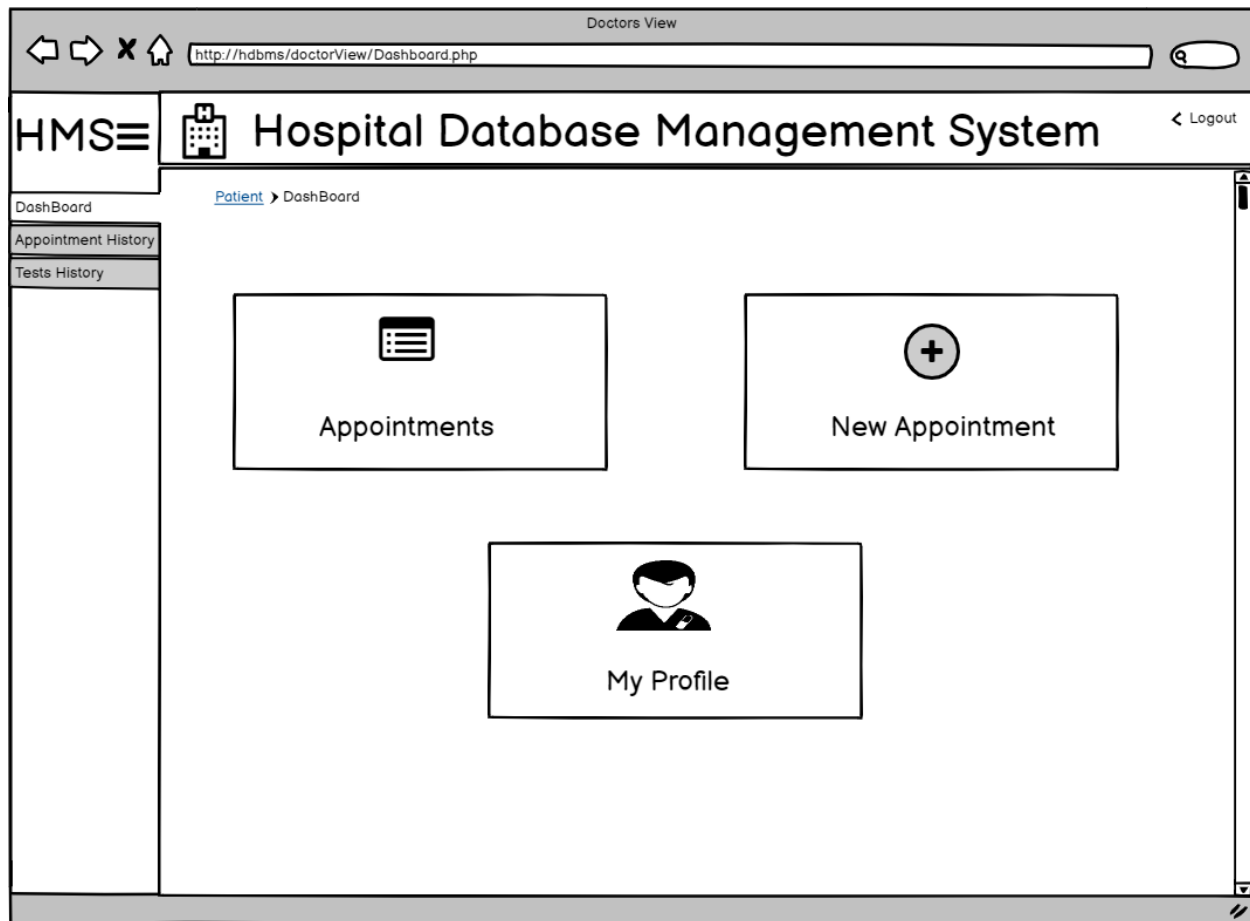
Qualification Qualif 1 Qualif 2 Qualif 3

✓ ✓

After choosing User type this window appears, depending on selection

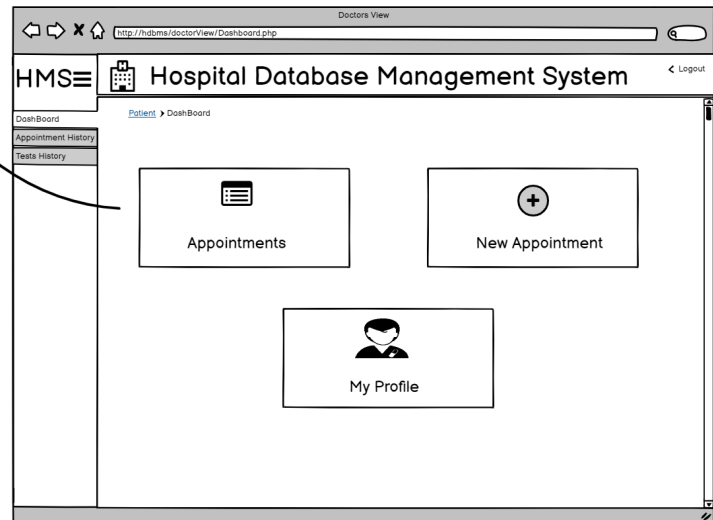
2. Patients View

2.1. Dashboard



2.2. Appointments

#	Doctor Name	Appointment Date / Time	Appointment Creation Date	Current Status	Action
1	Doctor 1	01/02/2021	01/01/2021	Pending	View Cancel
2	Doctor 2	01/02/2021	01/01/2021	Pending	View Cancel
3	Doctor 3	01/02/2020	01/01/2020	Done	View
4	Doctor 4	01/02/2020	01/01/2020	Done	View



2.3. Diagnosis and Symptoms

#	Doctor Name	Appointment Date / Time	Appointment Creation Date	Current Status	Action
1	Doctor 1	01/02/2021	01/01/2021	Pending	View Cancel
2	Doctor 2	01/02/2021	01/01/2021	Pending	View Cancel
3	Doctor 3	01/02/2020	01/01/2020	Done	View
4	Doctor 4	01/02/2020	01/01/2020	Done	View

Disease and Symptoms

Diagnosed Disease

#	Disease Name	Severity
1	Disease 1	Mild
2	Disease 2	Chronic

Symptoms

#	Symptom
1	Symptom 1
2	Symptom 2

2.4. New Appointment

The image shows a screenshot of the HMS (Hospital Database Management System) interface in the Doctor's View. The dashboard includes a sidebar with links to DashBoard, Appointment History, and Tests History. The main content area features three tiles: Appointments, New Appointment (highlighted with a red box and an arrow), and My Profile. An arrow points from the New Appointment tile to a detailed view of the form.

New Appointment Form:

Select Department

Select Month

Select Day

Select Doctor

2.5. Profile

2.7. Test Component Results

Test View			
#	Component Name	Current Status	Action
1	Component 1	Preparing	View
2	Component 2	Preparing	View
3	Component 3	Finalized	View



Test Component View		
#	Result	Date
1	Result 1	01/01/2021
2	Result 2	01/01/2021
3	Result 3	01/01/2021

SQL Queries

Login

```
SELECT *
FROM person
WHERE email=@email
      AND password=@password;
```

Signup

```
INSERT INTO person
VALUES (@person_id, @first_name, @middle_name, @last_name, @dob, @apt_num,
      @street_name, @street_num, @city, @state, @zip, @country, @country_code,
      @number, @gender, @email, @password
);
```

```
INSERT INTO doctor
VALUES (@person_id, @specialization, @qualification);
```

```
INSERT INTO patient
VALUES (@person_id, @height, @weight, @blood_group, @registration_date);
```

```
INSERT INTO lab_technician
VALUES (@person_id, @expertise);
```

```
INSERT INTO pharmacist
VALUES (@person_id, @qualifications);
```

Get free doctors for a date in a department

```
SELECT *
FROM doctor
WHERE doctor.dept_name=@dept_name
      AND d_id NOT IN (
      SELECT d_id
      FROM doc_visit
      WHERE date=@date AND status='SCHEDULED'
);
```

Get disease diagnosed for an appointment

```
SELECT dis_name
FROM diagnosed_disease
WHERE appt_id=@appt_id;
```

Get symptoms shared for a particular disease

```
SELECT symp_desc  
FROM symptoms  
WHERE appt_id=@appt_id;
```

Make an appointment

```
INSERT INTO appointment  
VALUES(@appt_id, @description);
```

```
INSERT INTO doc_visit  
VALUES(@d_id, @p_id, @appt_id, @date, 'SCHEDULED');
```

Cancel an appointment

```
UPDATE appointment  
SET status='CANCELLED'  
WHERE appt_id=@appt_id;
```

Show Patient Appointment History

```
SELECT *  
FROM doc_visit NATURAL JOIN appointment  
WHERE p_id=@p_id  
ORDER BY date DESC;
```

Show All Tests History Sorted by Date

```
SELECT *  
FROM perform_test  
WHERE appt_id IN (  
    SELECT appt_id  
    FROM doc_visit  
    WHERE p_id=@p_id  
);
```

Show components for a test

```
SELECT *  
FROM performed_comps  
WHERE t_name=@t_name  
    AND appt_id=@appt_id;
```

Show previous history for a component

```
SELECT *  
FROM performed_comps  
WHERE c_name=@c_name AND performed_comps.appt_id IN (  
    SELECT perform_test.appt_id AS appt_id  
    FROM perform_test
```

```
WHERE perform_test.appt_id IN (  
    SELECT appt_id  
    FROM doc_visit  
    WHERE p_id=@p_id  
        AND status='DONE'  
)  
);
```

Additional Functional Requirements

The additional functional requirements added are the prescription and pharmacy entities. The prescription is given out to a patient and they will be recorded in the database in order to get the patient history. The pharmacy entity is added in order to keep track of the medicines available in the hospital. This entity represents the pharmacies located in the hospital. Moreover, the inventory of these pharmacies is also recorded in a relation. This inventory will be used to keep track of all the requirements that are available in a particular pharmacy.

Website

Project Document Webpage

<https://cs353-group-27.github.io/>