### Stage 3: Database Design

#### **TABLES:**

iMDB\_Titles, iMDB\_Names, Genres, KnownFor

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Genres;
+----+
| COUNT(*) |
+----+
| 13297 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM KnownFor;
+----+
| COUNT(*) |
+----+
I 9113 I
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM YT Trending;
+----+
| COUNT(*) |
+----+
| 220919 |
+----+
1 row in set (4.79 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM iMDB Names;
 | COUNT(*) |
      695994 |
     ----+
 1 row in set (0.74 sec)
 mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM iMDB Titles;
 | COUNT(*) |
         5000 I
 +-----
 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
CREATE TABLE IMDB Titles(
  titleID VARCHAR(255),
  PRIMARY KEY (titleID),
  titleType VARCHAR(255),
  primaryTitle VARCHAR(255),
  originalTitle VARCHAR(255),
  isAdult INT.
  startYear INT,
  endYear INT,
  runtimeMinutes INT,
  averageRating FLOAT,
  numVotes INT
);
CREATE TABLE iMDB_Names(
  nameID VARCHAR(255),
  PRIMARY KEY (nameID),
  nameDetails VARCHAR(255),
  primaryName VARCHAR(255),
  birthYear INT,
  deathYear INT
);
CREATE TABLE YT Trending(
  Videold VARCHAR(255),
  TrendingDate DATE,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY(VideoId, TrendingDate),
  title VARCHAR(255),
  publishedAt DATETIME,
  channelld VARCHAR(255),
  channelTitle VARCHAR(255),
  categoryld VARCHAR(255),
  tags VARCHAR(500),
  view_count INT,
  likes INT,
  dislikes INT,
  comment count INT,
  thumbnail_link VARCHAR(255),
  comments disabled BOOL,
  ratings_disabled BOOL,
  description VARCHAR(5000)
);
CREATE TABLE Genres(
  titleID VARCHAR(255),
  FOREIGN KEY (titleID) REFERENCES iMDB_Titles(titleID),
  genreName VARCHAR(255),
  PRIMARY KEY (titleID,genreName)
  );
CREATE TABLE KnownFor(
  nameID VARCHAR(255),
  titleID VARCHAR(255),
  PRIMARY KEY (titleID, nameID),
  FOREIGN KEY (titleID) REFERENCES iMDB_Titles(titleID),
  FOREIGN KEY (nameID) REFERENCES iMDB_Names(nameID)
  );
```

#### input1 = First Input

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS titleStart;

CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE titleStart select \* from iMDB\_Titles t

NATURAL JOIN KnownFor kf

where t.primaryTitle = 'Fight Club' or t.originalTitle = 'Fight Club';

INNER JOIN (Genres gn)
ON (t.titleID = gn.titleID)

#### input2 = Second Input

CREATE VIEW genreSecond AS SELECT \* FROM titleStart ts WHERE genreName = input2 INNER JOIN KnownFor kf ON (titleStart.titleID = kf.titleID)

#### input3 = Third Input

CREATE VIEW knownThird AS

SELECT \*

FROM genreSecond

INNER JOIN (SELECT primaryName, nameID FROM Names WHERE primaryName == Third Input) namer

ON (genreSecond.nameID = namer.nameID)

WHERE input3 = primaryName

#### **Advanced Queries**

#### (1)

SELECT FLOOR(startYear/10)\*10 AS Decade, gn.genreName AS Genre, COUNT(it.primaryTitle) AS NumberOfTitles FROM iMDB\_Titles it NATURAL JOIN Genres gn GROUP BY Decade, Genre ORDER BY Decade;

#### First 15 Rows:

+	+	++
Decade	Genre	NumberOfTitles
+	+	++
1900	Action	1 1 1
1900	Adventure	1 1
1900	Comedy	1 1
1920	Action	] 2
1920	Adventure	1 2 1
1920	Biography	1
1920	Comedy	4
1920	Drama	[ 6 ]
1920	Family	1 1
1920	Fantasy	] 2
1920	History	1 2 1
1920	Horror	] 3
1920	Mystery	1
1920	Romance	] 2
1920	Sci-Fi	1
+	+	++

#### (2)

#### First 15 Rows:

primaryName	
James Bernard	Nosferatu
F.W. Murnau	Nosferatu
Bela Lugosi	Dracula
James Whale	Frankenstein
Franz Waxman	The Bride of Frankenstein
Boris Karloff	The Bride of Frankenstein
James Whale	The Bride of Frankenstein
Sam Peckinpah	Invasion of the Body Snatchers
Kevin McCarthy	Invasion of the Body Snatchers
Mary Badham	The Twilight Zone
Sue Randall	The Twilight Zone
Alfred Hitchcock	Psycho
Anthony Perkins	Psycho
Martin Balsam	Psycho
John Gavin	Psycho
+	++

#### **Indexing**

## Indexing Designs on query (1): No new indexing EXPLAIN ANALYZE

(1)

#### mysql> CREATE INDEX genreName idx on Genres(genreName)

(2)

#### CREATE INDEX startYear idx ON iMDB Titles(startYear);

(3)

### CREATE INDEX primarytitle idx ON iMDB Titles(primaryTitle);

For each indexing design used, the costs for the nested loop inner join did not change. There weren't any noticeable changes in the total actual time as well. This is most likely because the attributes involved in the relevant operations already had indices associated with them since

they are primary keys. So the indexing design we chose to optimize this query's performance is to just stick with the default indexing.

# Indexing design on query (2): Default Indexing EXPLAIN ANALYZE

```
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=4192436.01 rows=17845199) (actual time=6.887..17.629 rows=756 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=60512.43 rows=7056199) (actual time=6.875..15.738 rows=756 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=60512.43 rows=6050880) (actual time=6.875..15.738 rows=756 loops=1)

-> Filter: (iMDB Titles.primaryFitle is not null) (cost=539.35 rows=5151) (actual time=0.052..2.315 rows=5000 loops=1)

-> Filter: (iMDB Titles.primaryFitle is not null) (cost=539.35 rows=5151) (actual time=0.052..2.315 rows=5000 loops=1)

-> Single-row index lookup on <subquery2> using <auto distinct key> (primaryFitle=iMDB Titles.primaryFitle) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=0 loops=5000)

-> Menterialize with deduplication (cost=1727.57.7127.57 rows=175) (actual time=6.760..6760 rows=529 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=1610.10 rows=1175) (actual time=6.760..6.464 rows=552 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=1610.10 rows=1175) (actual time=0.063..6.496 rows=552 loops=1)

-> Filter: (iMDB Titles.primaryFitle is not null) (cost=161.010 rows=1175) (actual time=0.063..6.496 rows=552 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=1610.10 rows=1175) (actual time=0.063..6.496 rows=552 loops=1)

-> Filter: (Genres.genreName = 'Norror') (cost=1198.95 rows=1175) (actual time=0.036..5.011 rows=552 loops=1)

-> Single-row index lookup on index lookup on iMDB Titles using FRIMARY (titleID=Genres.titleID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=565)

-> Single-row index lookup on KnownFor using FRIMARY (titleID=Genres.titleID) (cost=0.01 rows=3) (actual time=0.005..0.002 rows=1 loops=565)

-> Single-row index lookup on IMDB Names using FRIMARY (tameID=MonomFor.name) (cost=0.00 rows=1) (actual time=0.005..0.002 rows=1 loops=565)
```

(1)

#### mysql> CREATE INDEX genreName idx ON Genres(genreName);

```
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=454495.82 rows=838559) (actual time=2.292..10.100 rows=756 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=456127.01 rows=838559) (actual time=2.281..8.311 rows=756 loops=1)
-> Filter: (iMDR Titles.primaryTitle) (cost=26.86 rows=26.88 rows=264335) (actual time=2.259..5.279 rows=565 loops=1)
-> Inner hash join (chash) (iMDB Titles.primaryTitle) (*cost=26.46 rows=50.88 rows=26.89 rows=26.89
```

(2)

#### mysql> CREATE INDEX genre\_idx ON Genres(genreName,titleID);

```
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=2600.34 rows=1628) (actual time=0.136..6.432 rows=724 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=816.24 rows=1628) (actual time=0.089..4.619 rows=724 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=425.78 rows=552) (actual time=0.089..1.713 rows=552 loops=1)
-> Covering index lookup on Genres using genre_idx (genreName='Horror') (cost=232.58 rows=552) (actual time=0.043..0.257 rows=552 loops=1)
-> Single=row index lookup on iMDB_Titles using FRIMARY (titleID=Genres.titleID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=552)
-> Single=row index lookup on KnownFor using FRIMARY (titleID=Genres.titleID) (cost=0.41 rows=3) (actual time=0.005..0.005 rows=1 loops=552)
-> Single=row index lookup on iMDB_Names using FRIMARY (nameID=KnownFor.nameID) (cost=1.00 rows=1) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=724)
```

(3)

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX genre_idx ON Genres(genreName,titleID);
```

AND

#### mysql> CREATE INDEX title idx ON iMDBTitles(primaryTitle);

```
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=2600.34 rows=1628) (actual time=0.084..6.337 rows=724 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=816.24 rows=1628) (actual time=0.076..4.635 rows=724 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=2457.87 rows=552) (actual time=0.078..1.653 rows=552 loops=1)
-> Covering index lookup on Genres using genre_idx (genreName="Horror") (cost=232.58 rows=552) (actual time=0.038..0.262 rows=552 loops=1)
-> Single-row index lookup on iMDB_Titles using FRIMARY (titleID=Genres.titleID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=552)
-> Single-row index lookup on iMDB_Mames using FRIMARY (nameID=KnownFor.nameID) (cost=0.10 rows=1) (actual time=0.005..0.005 rows=1 loops=552)
-> Single-row index lookup on iMDB_Names using FRIMARY (nameID=KnownFor.nameID) (cost=1.00 rows=1) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=724)
```

As we can see from the indexing analysis the indexing design that yielded the lowest cost was (2). We saw an improvement in cost by just indexing the genreName, but by making a multiple-column index on genreName and titleID we were able to see a major improvement. (3) yielded the same cost as (2), so we decided to stick with indexing design (2) to optimize this query's performance.