DDL Commands

```
CREATE TABLE WorldCities(
  city VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  city_ascii VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  lat DECIMAL(13, 10) NOT NULL,
  Ing DECIMAL(13, 10) NOT NULL,
  country VARCHAR(50)
  iso2 VARCHAR(4),
  iso3 VARCHAR(4),
  admin name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  capital VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  population INT NOT NULL,
  id VARCHAR(50)
  PRIMARY KEY(id)
);
CREATE TABLE VacationSpots(
  VacationSpotName VARCHAR(50),
  Cityld INT NOT NULL,
  LikeCount INT.
  PRIMARY KEY (VacationSpotName),
  FOREIGN KEY (CityId) REFERENCES Cities(CityId) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE UserAccounts(
  Username VARCHAR(50),
  UserPassword VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  ProfilePictureUrl VARCHAR(255),
  ProfileDescription VARCHAR(255),
  Gender VARCHAR(20),
  Country VARCHAR(50),
  Age INT,
  PRIMARY KEY (Username)
);
CREATE TABLE Reviews(
  ReviewID INT.
  Username VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  ReviewText VARCHAR(2000),
  ReviewRating INT,
  CreatedAt DATETIME,
  UpdatedAt DATETIME,
  LikeCount INT,
  PRIMARY KEY (ReviewID),
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (Username) REFERENCES UserAccounts(Username) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE Images(
  ImageURL VARCHAR(255),
  ReviewID INT NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (ImageURL),
  FOREIGN KEY (ReviewID) REFERENCES Reviews(ReviewID) ON DELETE CASCADE,
);
CREATE TABLE Follows(
  followerUsername INT,
  followeeUsername INT,
  PRIMARY KEY (followerUsername, followeeUsername).
  FOREIGN KEY (followerUsername) REFERENCES UserAccounts(Username) ON DELETE
  FOREIGN KEY (followeeUsername) REFERENCES UserAccounts(Username) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE FavoriteSpots(
  Username VARCHAR(50),
  VacationSpotName VARCHAR(50),
  PRIMARY KEY(Username, VacationSpotName),
  FOREIGN KEY (Username) REFERENCES UserAccounts(Username) ON DELETE
  FOREIGN KEY (VacationSpotName) REFERENCES VacationSpots(VacationSpotName) ON
      DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE VacationSpotReviews(
  Reviewld INT NOT NULL,
  VacationSpotName VARCHAR(50),
  PRIMARY KEY (ReviewId, VacationSpotName),
  FOREIGN KEY (ReviewId) REFERENCES Reviews(ReviewId) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (VacationSpotName) REFERENCES VacationSpots(VacationSpotName) ON
      DELETE CASCADE
);
```

Query Results (Located in db/queries.sql)

Query #1 - Get recent reviews from user's following and from the top 20 followed users

```
SELECT Envirence To Envirence Theorem Communication Control of the Count Selection Count Selec
```

Query #2: Top 3 reviews for a given vacation spot that have a like count greater than or equal to the average like count of all reviews for that vacation spot. There are not 15 records because we only want to display the top 3

Query #3: Find the most relevant vacation spots based on its popularity determined by number of reviews and average rating

-- 3. Top City Vacation Spots

-- When viewing city, find the most relevant vacation spots (including images) based on its popularity determined by number of reviews and average rating

SELECT vs.VacationSpotName, c.city_ascii, COUNT(r.ReviewID) AS TotalReviews,
AVG(r.ReviewRating) AS AverageRating
FROM VacationSpots vs
JOIN WorldCities c ON vs.CityId = c.id
JOIN VacationSpotReviews vr ON vs.VacationSpotName = vr.VacationSpotName
JOIN Reviews r ON vr.ReviewID
LEFT JOIN Images i ON r.ReviewID = i.ReviewID

WHERE c.city_ascii = 'Jalalabad' GROUP BY vs.VacationSpotName, c.city_ascii ORDER BY TotalReviews DESC, AverageRating DESC;

+	·	+	+
VacationSpotName	city_ascii	TotalReviews	AverageRating
Pacaya Volcano	 Jalalabad	1345	2.1375
Antigua Guatemala	Jalalabad	784	3.5689
Tikal National Park	Jalalabad	661	4.5673
Lake Atitlán	Jalalabad	554	4.1552
Semuc Champey	Jalalabad	275	2.4073
Santana-Flowers Resort	Jalalabad	5	3.8000
+	+	+	++

Query #4: Gets users favorite vacation spots that are also popular vacation spots (have greater than the average amount of likes of vacation spots)

```
mysql> SELECT fs.Username, fs.VacationSpotName, c.city, v.LikeCount
    -> FROM FavoriteSpots fs
    -> JOIN VacationSpots v ON fs.VacationSpotName = v.VacationSpotName
    -> JOIN WorldCities c ON v.CityId = c.id
    -> WHERE fs.Username = 'aaronjones'
    ->
    -> INTERSECT
    ->
    -> SELECT fs.Username, fs.VacationSpotName, c.city, v.LikeCount
    -> FROM FavoriteSpots fs
    -> JOIN VacationSpots v ON fs.VacationSpotName = v.VacationSpotName
    -> JOIN WorldCities c ON v.CityId = c.id
    -> WHERE v.LikeCount >= (
          SELECT AVG(LikeCount) FROM VacationSpots
    ->
    -> )
    -> ORDER BY LikeCount DESC
    -> LIMIT 15:
 Username
             | VacationSpotName
                                                                          LikeCount
                                                       city
  aaronjones
               Walls-Hayden Resort
                                                       Ierápetra
                                                                               4979
  aaronjones
               Fowler-Arias Resort
                                                       Mirbāţ
                                                                               4974
  aaronjones
               Hill Inc Resort
                                                       0er-Erkenschwick
                                                                               4968
  aaronjones |
               Long LLC Resort
                                                       Falköping
                                                                               4967
  aaronjones |
               Manning, Marshall and Stevens Resort
                                                       Hamilton
                                                                               4954
  aaronjones |
               Duran Inc Resort
                                                       Malatya
                                                                               4949
  aaronjones |
               Gibson, Wilson and Wagner Resort
                                                       Argayash
                                                                               4946
  aaronjones |
               Acosta-Phillips Resort
                                                       Mohale's Hoek
                                                                               4922
  aaronjones |
               Schroeder Inc Resort
                                                       Majayjay
                                                                               4902
               Ellis-Valdez Resort
                                                                               4900
  aaronjones |
                                                       Two Rivers
               Turner, Ramirez and Harris Resort
                                                       Ban Si Don Chai
  aaronjones |
                                                                               4897
               Howell Group Resort
                                                                               4890
  aaronjones |
                                                       Gurh
  aaronjones |
               Anderson Group Resort
                                                       Phillipsburg
                                                                               4889
               Garcia, Torres and Rosario Resort
                                                                               4882
  aaronjones |
                                                       Anan
               Mcclain Group Resort
                                                       Tangcun
                                                                               4860
  aaronjones |
15 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

Column Counts

<pre>mysql> SELECT table_name, table_rows -> FROM information_schema.tables -> WHERE table_schema = DATABASE();</pre>				
TABLE NAME	TABLE_ROWS			
+	+ -			
CostOfLiving	5186			
FavoriteSpots	546			
Follows	11931			
Images	83599			
Reviews	1001			
Temperatures	9690			
UserAccounts	1001			
VacationSpotReviews	20			
VacationSpots	532			
WorldCities	23424			
+	 +			
10 rows in set (0.15 sec)				

Indexing

-- Query 1

Before Indexing

```
| -> Limit: 15 row(s) (cost=24.1..24.1 rows=7.97) (actual time=24.9..25 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Sort: RevisePeed.CreatedMt DESC, limit injuut to 15 row(s) per chunk (cost=24.1..24.1 rows=7.97) (actual time=24.9..25 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Table scan on RevisePeed (cost=18.7..20.9 rows=7.97) (actual time=24.9..24.9 rows=24 loops=1)
-> Union materialize with desuplication (cost=18.3..18.3 rows=7.97) (actual time=24.9..24.9 rows=24 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=0.5.07 rows=7.97) (actual time=0.122..0.21) acuse 1 time=0.000 (cost=1.7 rows=5) (actual time=0.0471..0.0489 rows=5 loops=1)
-> Covering index lookup on r using idx follows follower (followerDecramser) innov577) (cost=1.79 rows=5) (actual time=0.0471..0.0489 rows=5 loops=1)
-> Table scan on TopUsers (cost=12.5 rows=0) (actual time=24.4..24.6 rows=19 loops=1)
-> Materialize (cost=0.0 rows=0) (actual time=24.4..24.4 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Sort: 'counc(distince:1.6.0.15wetDecramser) [cost=0.20 row(s)] cost=10.20 rows=1)
-> Sort: 'counc(distince:1.6.0.15wetDecramser) [cost=0.20 rows=10 loops=1)
-> Stream results (cost=2386 rows=1000) (actual time=0.878..24 rows=1000 loops=1)
-> Stream results (cost=2386 rows=1000) (actual time=0.878..24 rows=1000 loops=1)
-> Govering index skip sonn for deduplication on r using idx follows follows= follows=11932 (actual time=0.088..16.9 rows=12538 loops=1)
-> Index lookup on r using idx_reviews_username (Usernams=ropUserns.followetDecramse) (cost=0.506 rows=1.59) (actual time=0.0886..0.0999 rows=0.95 loops=20)
```

Cost = 24.1

Design 1

CREATE INDEX rating ON Reviews(ReviewRating);

Cost = 21.6

Design 2

CREATE INDEX rating ON Reviews(ReviewRating);

CREATE INDEX followerUsername ON Follower(FollowerUsername);

```
| -> Limit: 15 row(s) (cost=20.7..20.7 rows=7.97) (actual time=21.6..21.6 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Sort: RevisePecd.CreatedAt DESC, limit input to 15 row(s) per chunk (cost=20.7..20.7 rows=7.97) (actual time=21.6..21.6 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Table scan on RevisePecd (cost=15.2..17.5 rows=7.97) (actual time=21.6..21.6 rows=24 loops=1)
-> Union materialize with deduplication (cost=14.9..14.9 rows=7.97) (actual time=21.6..21.6 rows=24 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=3.65 rows=7.97) (actual time=0.0517..0075 rows=5 loops=1)
-> Covering index lookup on r using intraverse username (Jearname=16.01).
-> Table scan on TopUsers (cost=0.05 rows=0) (actual time=21.3..21.3 rows=19 loops=1)
-> Table scan on TopUsers (cost=0.05 rows=0) (actual time=21.3..21.3 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Street (cost=0..0 rows=0) (actual time=0.051..001)
-> Street (cost=0..0 rows=0) (actual time=0.051..11 rows=100 loops=1)
-> Street (cost=0..0 rows=0) (actual time=0.051..11 rows=100 loops=1)
-> Street (cost=0..0 rows=0.001) (actual time=0.051..11 rows=100 loops=1)
-> Street (cost=0..0 rows=0.001) (actual time=0.051..11 rows=100 loops=1)
-> Covering index skip scan for deduplication on f using idx follows followse (cost=1193 rows=11932) (actual time=0.011..14.7 rows=12538 loops=1)
-> Index lookup on r using idx_reviews_username (Username=TopUsers.followseUsername) (cost=0.406 rows=1.59) (actual time=0.00694..0.00741 rows=0.95 loops=20)
```

Cost = 15.2

Design 3 CREATE INDEX rating ON Reviews(ReviewRating);

CREATE INDEX followerUsername ON Follower(FollowerUsername);

CREATE INDEX followeeUsername ON FavoriteSpots(Username);

Cost = 15.2

Design 3 was the best because it optimizes the two most important aspects of the query: filtering by followerUsername in Follows and joining Reviews by Username. The indexes reduce the number of rows scanned, significantly improving the efficiency of both the JOIN operations and the filtering process, leading to the lowest query cost.

-- Query 2

Without indexing:

```
> Limit: 3 row(s) (actual time=0.394.0.395 rows=3 loops=1)

> Sort: r.LikeCount DESC, r.CreatedAt DESC, limit input to 3 row(s) per chunk (actual time=0.393.0.394 rows=3 loops=1)

> Steram results (cost=230 rows=1487) (actual time=0.353.0.337 rows=3 loops=1)

> Nested loop left join (cost=235 rows=1487) (actual time=0.354.0.351 rows=3 loops=1)

- Nested loop limit join (cost=2.55 rows=1.67) (actual time=0.354.0.351 rows=3 loops=1)

> Filter: (r.LikeCount >= (select #2)) (cost=0.757 rows=0.333) (actual time=0.878.0.0415 rows=0.6 loops=5)

> Filter: (r.LikeCount >= (select #2)) (cost=0.757 rows=0.333) (actual time=0.8415.0.0415 rows=0.6 loops=5)

- Single-row index lookup on rousing PRIMARY (ReviewID-vsr.ReviewId) (cost=0.757 rows=1) (actual time=0.878.0.0845 rows=0.164.0.0845)

- Nested loop inner join (cost=2.55 rows=5) (actual time=0.8678.0.0879 rows=1 loops=1)

- Single-row index lookup on Review costing PRIMARY (ReviewID-vsr.ReviewId) (cost=0.757 rows=1) (actual time=0.878.0.0847 rows=0.8786.0.0847)

- Single-row index lookup on Review costing PRIMARY (ReviewID-vsr.ReviewId) (cost=0.77 rows=1) (actual time=0.8784.0.0884 rows=0 loops=3)

- Covering index lookup on i using ReviewID (ReviewID-vsr.ReviewId) (cost=0.8844.0.0884 rows=0 loops=3)
```

Cost is 230

Design 1:

CREATE INDEX idx_vsr_spotname_reviewid ON VacationSpotReviews(VacationSpotName, ReviewID);

```
> Limit: 3 row(s) (actual time=0.211.0.212 rows=3 loops=1)

-> Sort: r.LikeCount DESC, r.CreatedAt DESC, Limit input to 3 row(s) per chunk (actual time=0.21.0.211 rows=3 loops=1)

-> Sterm results (cost=78.6 rows=337) (actual time=0.148.0.191 rows=3 loops=1)

-> Nesteel loop left join (cost=78.6 rows=337) (actual time=0.138.0.2113 rows=3 loops=1)

-> Nesteel loop left join (cost=78.6 rows=337) (actual time=0.138.0.2113 rows=3 loops=1)

-> Covering index lookup on vsr using idx, vsr_spotname_reviewid (VaccidnospotName=0.5santan=Flowers Resort') (cost=0.8 rows=5) (actual time=0.0847.0.0893 rows=5 loops=1)

-> Filter: (r.LikeCount = (select #2)) (cost=0.251 rows=0.05) (actual time=0.0893.0.08017 rows=0.6 loops=5)

-> Select #2 (subquery in condition; run only once) (ost=0.251 rows=0.95) (actual time=0.09557.0.00557.0.00562 rows=1 loops=5)

-> Select #2 (subquery in condition; run only once) (actual time=0.0753.0.0755 rows=1) (actual time=0.08577.0.00562 rows=1)

-> Nowering index lookup on vsrain=0.0850.0050 (actual time=0.0850.0050)

-> Covering index lookup on VaccidnospotReviese using idx, vsr_spotname_reviewid (VaccidnospotName=0.0113.0.00137 rows=0.00501)

-> Covering index lookup on Reviews using PRIMEMR (ReviewID=vsr.ReviewId) (cost=0.27 rows=1) (actual time=0.00513.0.00513 rows=0.00513).0.00523 rows=1 loops=3)

-> Covering index lookup on VaccidnospotReviese using idx, vsr_spotname_reviewid (VaccidnospotName=0.0113.0.00137 rows=0.00509.3)
```

Cost is 78.6

Design 2:

CREATE INDEX idx_reviews_likecount_createdat ON Reviews (LikeCount, CreatedAt);

```
>> Limit: 3 row(s) (actual time=0.128.0.129 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Sort: r.LikeCount DESC, r.Createdat DESC, Limit input to 3 row(s) per chunk (actual time=0.128.0.128 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Sternam results (cost=510 rows=2247) (actual time=0.0868.0.194 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Nested loop left join (cost=510 rows=2247) (actual time=0.0868.0.8774 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Nested loop inmer join (cost=510 rows=2247) (actual time=0.0868.0.8774 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Filters (r.LikeCount >= (select #2) (cost=0.319 rows=0.333) (actual time=0.0819.0.8774 rows=3 loops=1)

>> Single-row index lookup on r using PRIMBAY (ReviewD-ws-ReviewD-ws-1) (actual time=0.0819.0.8029 rows=1 loops=5)

>> Select #2 (subquery in condition; run only once)

>> Agregate: sug(Reviews-LikeCount) (cost=0.319 rows=0.333) (rows=1) (actual time=0.0818.0.8028) rows=1 loops=1)

>> Ness convering index lookup on vising PRIMBAY (Reviews-Descentations) (solutions) (solution
```

Cost is 510

Design 3:

CREATE INDEX idx_vsr_spotname_reviewid ON VacationSpotReviews(VacationSpotName, ReviewID); CREATE INDEX idx_images_reviewid ON Images (ReviewID);

```
> Limit; 3 row(s) (actual time=0.0799, 0.0005 rows=3 loops=1)

> Sort: r.LikeCount DESC, r.Createdat DESC, Limit input to 3 row(s) per chunk (actual time=0.0784..0.0789 rows=3 loops=1)

> Sternam results (cost=0.04.5 rows=211) (actual time=0.0422..0.0624 rows=3 loops=1)

> Nested loop inner join (cost=0.05 rows=211) (actual time=0.0366..0.0632 rows=3 loops=1)

> Nested loop inner join (cost=0.05 rows=211) (actual time=0.0366..0.0632 rows=3 loops=1)

> Filter: (r.LikeCount >= [select #2]) (cost=0.05 rows=0.05 ro
```

Cost is 40.3

Design 3 was the best because it optimizes the two most important parts of the query: filtering by VacationSpotName in VacationSpotReviews and joining Images by ReviewID. The indexes reduce the number of rows the database has to scan, improving the performance of both the join operations and the filtering process, which results in the lowest cost.

-- Query 3 Without indexing

Cost is 325

Design 1

CREATE INDEX CityId ON VacationSpots(CityId);

```
| -> Sort: TotalReviews DESC, AverageRating DESC (actual time=105..105 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Table scan on <temporary> (actual time=104..104 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Aggregate using temporary table (actual time=104..104 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inter join (cost=27.9 rows=22) (actual time=34.6..99.9 rows=3624 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inter join (cost=27.9 rows=22) (actual time=0.0552..1.67 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=27.9 rows=20) (actual time=0.0552..1.88 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=28.2 rows=20) (actual time=0.0552..1.88 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=9.25 rows=20) (actual time=0.0562..1.88 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Single-row index scan on vz using PRIMARY (cost=2.25 rows=20) (actual time=0.0301..0.0521 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Single-row index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (ReviewID=vz.ReviewId) (cost=0.255 rows=1) (actual time=0.0729..0.0734 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (ReviewID=vz.ReviewId) (cost=0.255 rows=1) (actual time=0.0729..0.0734 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (id=vz.ctup) (cost=0.181 rows=1) (actual time=0.00729..0.00734 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (id=vz.ctup) (cost=0.181 rows=1) (actual time=0.00741..0.0466 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (id=vz.ctup) (cost=0.281 rows=1) (actual time=0.0729..0.0466 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Covering index lookup on vz using PRIMARY (id=vz.ctup) (cost=0.281 rows=1) (actual time=0.0729..4.9 rows=181 loops=20)
```

Cost is 636

Design 2

CREATE INDEX idx_vsr_reviewid_q3 ON VacationSpotReviews(ReviewID);

```
| -> Sort: TotalReviews DESC, AverageRating DESC (actual time=4.38..4.38 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Table scan on <temporary> (actual time=4.34..4.34 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Aggregate using temporary table (actual time=4.34..4.34 rows=6 loops=1)
-> Nested loop left join (cost=6.36 rows=2697) (actual time=0.128..1.46 rows=3624 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=27.9 rows=20) (actual time=0.0628..0.137 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=16.2 rows=20) (actual time=0.0528..0.0857 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=2.9.57 rows=20) (actual time=0.0528.0.0857 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=9.2.57 rows=20) (actual time=0.0528.0.0857 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Covering index scan on vr using idx vsr_reviewid_q3 (cost=0.2.55 rows=20) (actual time=0.0308..0.0381 rows=20 loops=1)
-> Single-row index lookup on v using PRIMARY (VacationSpotName=vr.VacationSpotName) (cost=0.255 rows=1) (actual time=0.00206..0.00209 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on r using PRIMARY (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.255 rows=1) (actual time=0.00232..0.00235 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on c using PRIMARY (id=vs.CityId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Single-row index lookup on r using idx_images_reviewId (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Covering index lookup on r using idx_images_reviewId (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Covering index lookup on r using idx_images_reviewId (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Covering index lookup on r using idx_images_reviewId (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
-> Covering index lookup on r using idx_images_reviewId (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.481 rows=1) (actual time=460e-6..501e-6 rows=1 loops=20)
```

Cost is 636

Design 3

CREATE INDEX asciiindex ON WorldCities(city_ascii)

```
| -> Sort: TotalReviews DESC, AverageRating DESC (actual time=196..196 rows=6 loops=1)
| -> Table scan on <temporary> (actual time=195..195 rows=6 loops=1)
| -> Aggregate using temporary table (actual time=195..195 rows=6 loops=1)
| -> Nested loop inter join (cost=323 rows=1348) (actual time=107..190 rows=3624 loops=1)
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=18.7 rows=1) (actual time=73.1..74.7 rows=20 loops=1)
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=18.7 rows=1) (actual time=48.6..50 rows=20 loops=1)
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=10.3 rows=20) (actual time=48.6..59 rows=20 loops=1)
| -> Covering index scan on vr using idx_vsr_reviewid_q3 (cost=3 rows=20) (actual time=47.6..47.6 rows=20 loops=1)
| -> Single-row index lookup on vs using PRIMARY (VacationSpotNamev-v.VacationSpotName) (cost=0.255 rows=1) (actual time=0.0655..0.0655 rows=1 loops=20)
| -> Single-row index lookup on c using PRIMARY (idevs.cityId) (cost=0.313 rows=1) (actual time=0.00153..0.0016 rows=1 loops=20)
| -> Single-row index lookup on r using PRIMARY (idevs.cityId) (cost=0.313 rows=1) (actual time=0.00153..0.0016 rows=1 loops=20)
| -> Single-row index lookup on r using PRIMARY (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.313 rows=1) (actual time=0.23 rows=1 loops=20)
| -> Covering index lookup on t using idx_images_reviewid (ReviewID=vr.ReviewId) (cost=0.314 rows=1348) (actual time=0.2.87..5.74 rows=181 loops=20)
```

Cost is 323

The design for this advanced query is design 3 since it decreases the cost by 2.It optimized the query so that when we were searching through worldcities it found faster searches.

-- Query 4 Before Indexing

Cost = 681

Design 1

CREATE INDEX idx_fs_username ON FavoriteSpots(Username);

Cost = 780

Design 2

CREATE INDEX idx_vs_likecount ON VacationSpots(LikeCount);

```
| -> Limit: 15 row(s) (cost=802..802 rows=15) (actual time=5.03..8.04 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Soft: LikeCount EESC, limit input to 15 row(s) per chunk (cost=802..802 rows=15) (actual time=6.03..8.03 rows=15 loops=1)
-> Table sons on Cintersext temporarys (cost=763..769 rows=265) (actual time=7.07 rows=262 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=260 rows=532) (actual time=0.0323..4.44 rows=532 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=260 rows=532) (actual time=0.0323..4.34 rows=532 loops=1)
-> Single-row covering index lookup on fs using RRIMANY (Username=*axronjones*/ VacationSpotMame=v.VacationSpotMame* (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.0026..0.003 rows=1 loops=532)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0036..1.8 rows=16 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0036..1.8 rows=268 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0036..1.8 rows=268 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=268 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=262 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 rows=263) (actual time=0.0037..1.8 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 rows=263) (actual time=0.00337..0.3 rows=263 loops=1)
-> Nested loop inner join (cost=263 ro
```

Cost = 802

Design 3 CREATE INDEX idx_vs_likecount ON VacationSpots(LikeCount); CREATE INDEX idx_cities_cityid ON WorldCities(city_ascii);

```
|-> Limit: 15 row(s) (cost-794..794 rows-15) (actual time-148..148 rows-15 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount DESC, limit: input to 15 row(s) per chunk (cost-794..794 rows-15) (actual time-148..148 rows-15 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount DESC, limit: input to 15 row(s) per chunk (cost-794..794 rows-15) (actual time-0.025 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost (cost-795..795 rows-040) (actual time-0.025 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost (cost-795..795 rows-040) (actual time-0.0655..184 rows-532 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost (cost-795..795 rows-040) (actual time-0.0655..184 rows-532 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-532 (actual time-0.0655..184 rows-532 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-532 (actual time-0.0755..184 rows-532 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-532 (actual time-0.0755..184 rows-532 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-532 (actual time-0.0755..184 rows-1) (actual time-0.0856..0.268 rows-1 loops-532)
|-> Nested loop inner join (cost-04 rows-040) (actual time-0.0856..0.268 rows-1 loops-532)
|-> Nested loop inner join (cost-04 rows-040) (actual time-0.0856..0.286 rows-1 loops-532)
|-> Nested loop inner join (cost-04 rows-040) (actual time-0.0856..0.386 rows-1 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-04 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-040 rows-040 (actual time-0.0856..0.391 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-040 rows-040 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-040 rows-040 rows-040 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-040 rows-040 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-040 rows-040 rows-040 loops-1)
|-> Sort: LikeCount cost-
```

Cost = 794

The design for this advanced query is the default indexing, without adding create index. When we added indexes, it actually increased the cost so we feel the best design in this case would just be going with the default indexing. Likely since the default indexing was picked as the create index, we actually created duplicate indexes here which took up extra memory/writing space rather than helping.