ASSIGNMENT 6

CS 474: Object-Oriented Languages and Environments / Fall 2020



Description

In this assignment, you will re-implement portions of the interpreter presented in Lecture 16 and 17 in a programming language of your choice. You will submit the code you wrote, together with a screen-cast explaining it. The code you submit should run online, and you are encouraged to use https://repl.it/ to work on this project. This website supports many popular languages.

Basic Expressions – 60%

Your submission should implement <u>all the basic expressions</u> listed below. Each expression implemented is worth 10% as listed here. To claim the points for each expression, your video must show the implementation of that expression, and a sample program that shows the behavior of that expression. It is OK to show many expressions in the same program.

Lecture 16

Integer Constants: 10%Binary Operations: 10%

o Comparison: 10%

Conditional execution (if): 10%

Lecture 17

Introducing and reading variables (let and variable): 10%

o Function definition and invocation (non first-class): 10%

Video submission – 40%

Together with the code, you should submit a video screen-cast (<u>through Gradescope</u>) that explains your implementation. The video will claim points for each expression in your submission as follows by showing its implementation and a sample program that uses the expression. The sample program should make it clear that an expression is correctly implemented (e.g., conditional execution only executes one side).

Besides claiming points for implemented expressions, your video submission should also describe:

- How do you represent expressions? 10%
- Do you implement lexical or dynamic scope? 10%
- How hard/easy is the language you choose versus Java? 10%
- Video is within the time limit. 10%

The maximum length for the video is 10 minutes, instructors will stop watching at the 10 minute mark (nothing past that point in the video will be graded). This video should be a screencast of your IDE open on the code submitted, and you should highlight the code. Note that longer videos are not better videos, and you should record a video as short as needed to show all the expressions and answer the questions above.

You can record such a video without installing any software by using the following website: https://screenapp.io/#/

Language Features

Inheritance and reflection

To use the solution presented in class directly in another language, that language needs to have the following features: Inheritance (to extend Expression), reflection (to get the name of each expression class), and switching on strings (to evaluate each expression based on its name).

Enums and arrays

A simpler implementation can use enums and arrays. You can represent each expression as an array. The first element of this array is an enum that tells you what the type of the expression is. The rest of the elements are the data that you need to evaluate that expression. Note that you can have nested expressions.

For instance, you can start by translating the code below to the language you choose:

```
enum Expression { INT_CONST, BIN_OP }
enum Operation { PLUS, MINUS, TIMES, DIV }
Value eval(Object[] c) {
  Expression e = (Expression) c[0];
  switch (e) {
    case INT CONST: {
     int value = (Integer) c[1];
     return new IntValue(value);
    case BIN OP: {
     Operation op = (Operation) c[1];
     Value left = \frac{1}{2}
     Value right = eval(c[3]);
      switch (op) {
        case PLUS: return new IntValue(left+right);
// Sample program
Object[] p = new Object[]{
    BIN OP,
    PLUS,
    new Object[] { INT_CONST,
    new Object[]{ INT CONST,
};
// Should get an IntValue with 474
eval(p);
```

Tagged unions and Pattern-Matching

Choosing a language that supports tagged unions and pattern-matching results in the most compact submission. These are sophisticated language features that minimize the boilerplate code needed for your submission. The code below shows an example in F#. This code has a simple error that you have to fix by finishing the implementation of BinOp for all the operations.

```
type Operator = PLUS | MINUS | TIMES | DIV
type Expression =
  | IntConstant of int32
  | BinOp of Operator * Expression * Expression
type Value =
  | IntValue of int32
let rec eval c =
  match c with
  | IntConstant(value) -> (IntValue value)
  | BinOp(op,left,right) ->
    let (IntValue 1) = eval left
   let (IntValue r) = eval right
   match op with
    | MINUS -> IntValue (1 - r)
    // Finish implementing BinOp here
let p = BinOp(
          IntConstant(400),
          IntConstant(74))
printfn "Value: %A" (eval p)
```

Memory management

You are <u>discouraged from using</u> a language with manual memory management for this assignment, such as <u>C</u> <u>or C++</u>. Choosing such a language will make your implementation much more complicated than it needs to be.

Sample Programs

This section shows some sample programs (in pseudo-code) that you can translate to your interpreter to show different features. Note that each program shows many features, and you can show a single program in your submission video (the highest possible number that your submission supports).

Program name	Features	Program	Result
P1	Constants	474	474
P2	ConstantsBinary operation	(400 + 74) / 3	158
Р3	ConstantsBinary operationComparison	((400 + 74) / 3) == 158	True
P4	ConstantsBinary operationComparisonConditional execution	if (((400 + 74) / 3) == 158) then 474 else 474/0	474, no divide by zero error
P5	 Constants Binary operation Comparison Conditional execution Variables 	<pre>let bot = 3 in (let bot = 2 in bot) + (if (bot == 0) then 474/0 else (400+74)/bot)</pre>	160 or 239 , no divide by zero error
P6	 Constants Binary operation Comparison Conditional execution Variables Functions 	<pre>function f(top,bot) : if (bot == 0) then 0 else top/bot let bot = 3 in (let bot = 2 in bot) + (f(top,bot) + f(top,0))</pre>	160 or 239, no divide by zero error

Due Date

This assignment is due on **December 5 2020** (Saturday) at **5pm CST**. There is no late policy. There is no opportunity to resubmit this assignment. Together with your submission, you will have to submit (on Gradescope) a screen-cast as described above.

Early Partial Submission Bonus – 10%

This assignment carries a 10% bonus for early submissions. To claim it, you have to submit the implementation of the first two expressions (constants and binary operations), together with a program that uses them, by **Tuesday 24 2020** (Saturday) at **12h30noon CST** (before class).

Graduate students cannot use the early partial submission bonus.

Piazza Bonus Points – 10%

This assignment has a total of **10% bonus points**, which you can earn by using Piazza as described in the syllabus. Your posts should be public, tagged with the assignment6 label, and non-anonymous to the instructors to count towards the bonus.

Submission and Grading

This assignment is submitted Gradescope, and graded manually after the submission date.

Errors and Omissions

If you find an error or an omission, please post it on Piazza as soon as you find it.

Hardcoding and Academic Integrity

Any hardcoding will result in a 0% grade. Hardcoding is when you submit code that detects which test is being run, and simply outputs the expected result. For instance, detecting that test 22 is running, and replacing the usual execution of your submission with <code>System.out.println("expected result")</code>.

The academic integrity policy described in the syllabus applies to this assignment. You are responsible for writing all the code that you submit. We will use an automatic tool that detects plagiarism on all submitted code, and we will investigate all instances where plagiarism is more than likely.

Please refer to the syllabus for the full academic integrity policy.