



UC Berkeley EECS  
Lecturer  
Michael Ball

# Computational Structures in Data Science

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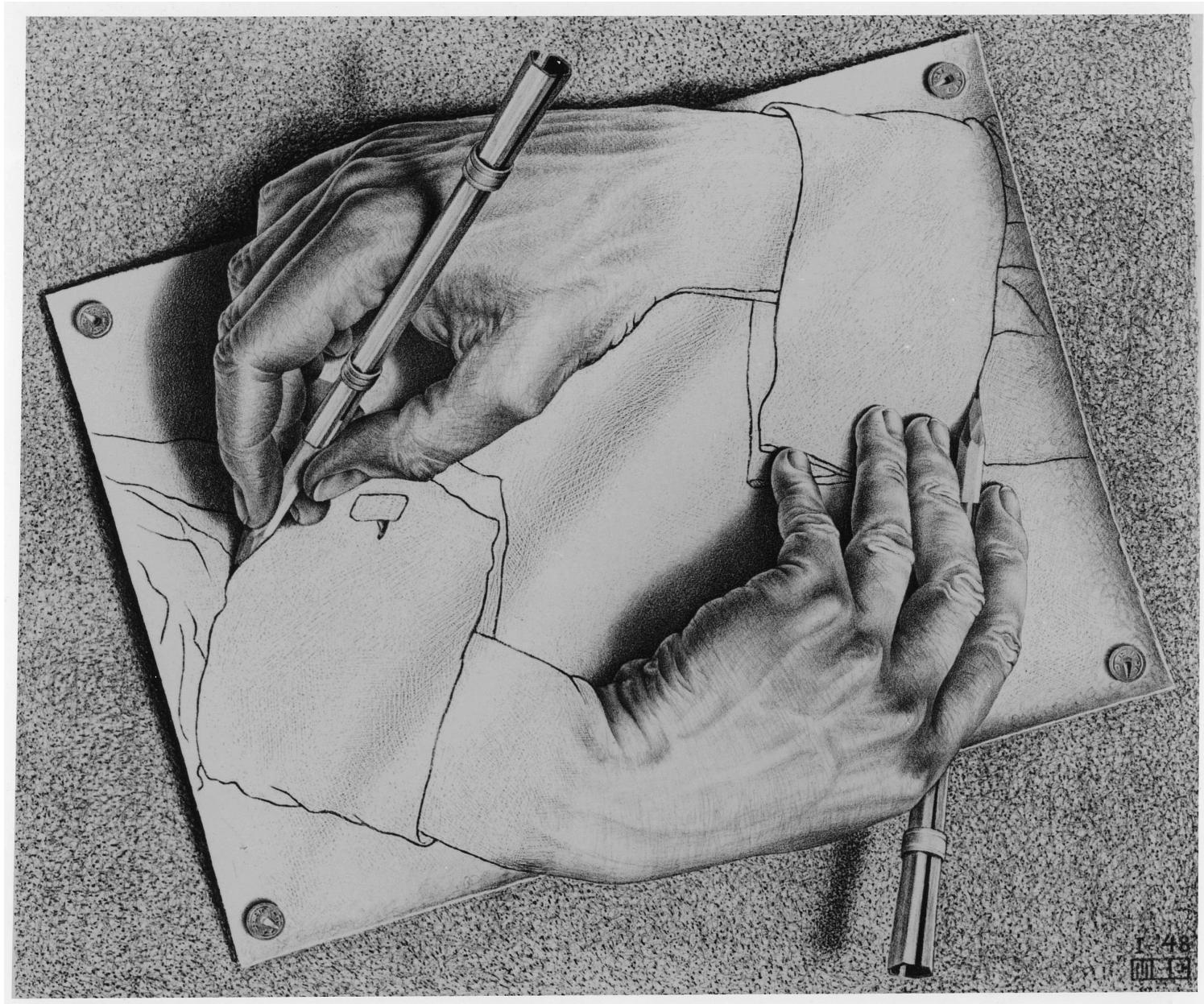


## Lecture 5: Recursion





# MC Escher “Drawing Hands” 1948





# Administrative Issues

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- Midterm Next Week!
- 7-9pm, Dwinelle 155



# Computational Concepts Toolbox

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- **Data type: values, literals, operations,**
  - e.g., int, float, string
- **Expressions, Call expression**
- **Variables**
- **Assignment Statement**
- **Sequences: tuple, list**
  - indexing
- **Data structures**
- **Tuple assignment**
- **Call Expressions**
- **Function Definition Statement**
- **Conditional Statement**
- **Iteration:**
  - **data-driven (list comprehension)**
  - **control-driven (for statement)**
  - **while statement**
- **Higher Order Functions**
  - **Functions as Values**
  - **Functions with functions as argument**
  - **Assignment of function values**
- **Higher order function patterns**
  - **Map, Filter, Reduce**
- **Recursion**



# Today: Recursion

## re·cur·sion

/ri'kərZHən/

*noun* MATHEMATICS LINGUISTICS

the repeated application of a recursive procedure or definition.

- a recursive definition.  
plural noun: **recursions**

## re·cur·sive

/ri'kərsiv/

*adjective*

characterized by recurrence or repetition, in particular.

• MATHEMATICS LINGUISTICS

relating to or involving the repeated application of a rule, definition, or procedure to successive results.

• COMPUTING

relating to or involving a program or routine of which a part requires the application of the whole, so that its explicit interpretation requires in general many successive executions.

- **Recursive function calls itself, directly or indirectly**



# Why Recursion?

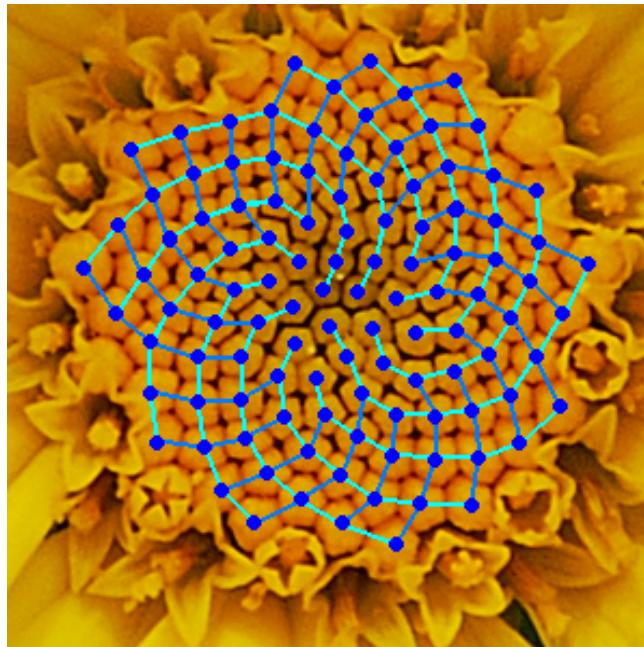
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- “After Abstraction, Recursion is probably the 2<sup>nd</sup> biggest idea in this course”
- “It’s tremendously useful when the problem is self-similar”
- “It’s no more powerful than iteration, but often leads to more concise & better code”
- “It embodies the beauty and joy of computing”



# Why Recursion? More Reasons

- **Recursive structures exist (sometimes hidden) in nature and therefore in data!**
- **It's mentally and sometimes computationally more efficient to process recursive structures using recursion.**





# Function Review

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- A function cannot...
  - A) have a function as argument
  - B) define a function within itself
  - C) return a function
  - D) call itself
  - E) None of the above.



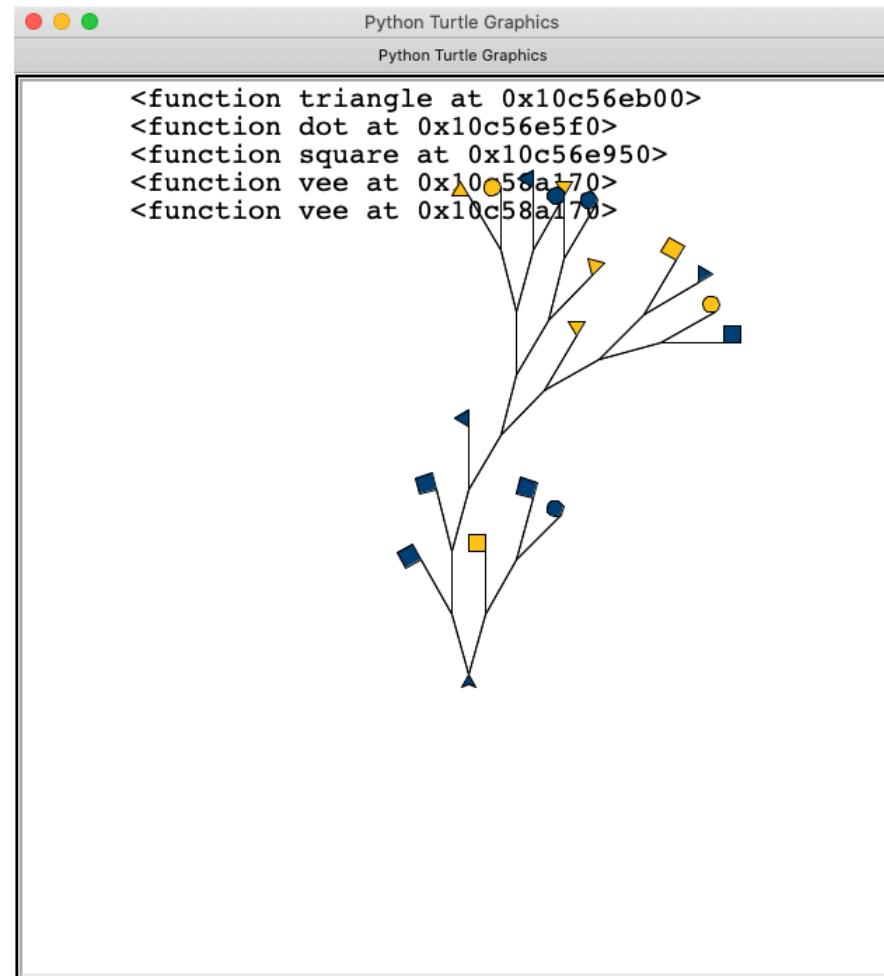
**Solution:**

**E) A, B, C, D are all possible!**



# Demo Time

- Vee a randomly recursive fractal





# Recursion

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- Recursion is...
  - A) Less powerful than a for loop
  - B) As powerful as a for loop
  - C) As powerful as a while loop
  - D) More powerful than a while loop
  - E) Just different but equally powerful as a for loop AND a while loop



**Solution:**

**E) Different – it reads differently, but you can solve any problem with one of these techniques. (Some tools are better suited for some jobs though.)`**



# So far I feel...

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- I “get” vee and countdown
  - A) I am totally lost
  - B) It’s confusing, but I kinda get it
  - C) Starting to make sense...
  - D) I get it, but have questions
  - E) No questions at all!

