```
expr := <number> | <name> | true | false
                                                 type expr =
           (<name> <expr> <expr>)
                                                    ENum of int
            (if <expr> <expr> <expr>)
                                                    EBool of bool
           (let (<name> <expr>) <expr> ...)
                                                    EId of string
                                                    EIf of expr * expr * expr
           (+ <expr> <expr>)
                                                    ELet of string * expr * expr
            (< <expr> <expr>)
                                                    EPlus of expr * expr
            (dict <name> <expr> <name> <expr>)
                                                    ELess of expr * expr
            (get <expr> <name>)
            (update <expr> <name> <expr>)
                                                    EApp of string * expr * expr
                                                    EDict of string * expr * string * expr
            /vn/1 < f>/
                                                    EGet of expr * string
                                                    EUpdate of expr * string * expr
                                                   | FNUIL of typ
      def := (def <name> (<name> : <t> <name> : <t>) : <t>
         (type chance Lt>
                                                 type typ = TNum | TBool | TDict of string * typ * string * typ
         (data name &variant>
                                                        I Thave of string
\dCa t := Num | Bool | (<name> : <t> <name> : <t>)
                                                 type def =
but not | < name>
                                                  DFun of string * string * typ * string * typ * typ * expr
                                                  1 DType of string * typ
today
                              ¿Where do these go!
    Null-like thing
    Need nows for types
      Write an example of a linked list using these two-element dictionaries:
         (dict val 100 next (dict val 200 next (dict val 300 next false)))
          (val: Nun rext: (val: Nun rext: (val: Nun rext: Bool)))
         (def son (l: Link): Non
    (type Link (val: Nun next: Link)
    (dict val 100 rext (null Link))
(dict val 100 rext (dict val 200 rext (null Link))
                                                                Option I: TNUIL plus,
                                                                Opision 2: Type variable
          I isn't Numer Bool
                                                                 Option 3: (null T)
         TH (NUII T): T
                                                               (Point)(null)). x program
```

```
int64_t print(int64_t val) {
  if (val == TRUE) {
 printf("true");
} else if (val == FALSE) {
                                                                         va. 1
                                                                                            val 2
    printf("false");
  } else if ((val & 1L) == 1) {
    printf("%ld", val >> 1);
  } else if (val == 0) { // null
    printf("null");
  } else if ((val & 7L) == 0) { // 7 has 111 at the end
                                          no marnigal
        How to access val 2 /valz
                iden: int64-t val1;

rencpy(Bval1, (voixe), 8);

menty val (loglogg) as 3M
                inter-t *addr_val = &val;
                int64-t*addr_val = (int64-t*) val;
int64-t val1 = *addr-val;
int64-t val2 = *(addr-val+1);
                                                                                    int64-t valz
                                                                      Dict # d = (Dict*) val;
  } else {
    printf("Unknown value: %#010lx", val);
                                                                      M+64-t val1 = d -> val1;
in+64-t val2 = d -> val2;
  return val;
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  int64_t* THE_HEAP = calloc(10000, sizeof(int64_t));
  int64_t result = our_code_starts_here(THE_HEAP);
  print(result);
 return 0;
}
```

names of fields

```
(X: Nun y: Nun)
 (def Point (x : Num y : Num) :
   (dict XXVV)) values
 (let (p1 (Point 4 5))
   (let (p2 (Point 6 7))
     (Point (+ (get p1 x) (get p2 x)) (+ (get p1 y) (get p2 y)))))
What should this print?
 A: 22
                             how to write print()
B: (x : 9 y : 13)
C: (x : 10 y: 12)
D: A type error
E: A runtime error
 (def Point (x : Num y : Num)
   (dict x x y y))
 (def PairOfPoints (p1 : (x : Num y : Num)
                   p2 : (x : Num y : Num))
   (dict left p1 right p2))
 (let (p1 (Point 4 5))
   (let (p2 (Point 6 7))
     (PairOfPoints p1 p2)))
What should this print?
 A: (x : 4 y : 5) (x : 6 y : 7)
 B: (p1 : (x : 4 y : 5) p2 : (x : 6 y : 7))
C: (left): (x : 4 y : 5) right : (x : 6 y : 7))
D: A type error
E: A runtime error
 (def Point (x : Num y : Num)
   (dict x x y y))
 (def PairOfPoints (p1 : (x : Num y : Num)
                   p2 : (x : Num y : Num))
   (dict left p1 right p2))
 (let (p1 (Point 4 5))
   (let (p2 (Point 6 7))
     (let (pp (PairOfPoints p1 p2))
       (update p1 x 20)
       (get pp left))))
What should this print?
A: (x : 4 y : 5)
B: (x : 20 y : 5)
\overline{C}: (left: (x : 20 y : 5) right: (x : 6 y : 7))
D: (left: (x : 4 y : 5) right: (x : 6 y : 7))
E: A type or runtime error
```

25 val: 200, next: 9 3