

Java

new int[10]

Python
(built-in syntax)

[1, 2, 3] {} (...)

```
expr := <number> | <name> | true | false
      | (<name> <expr> <expr>) // two arg functions
      | (if <expr> <expr> <expr>)
      | (let (<name> <expr>) <expr>)
      | (+ <expr> <expr>)
      | (< <expr> <expr>)
      | (dict (<name> <expr>) (<name> <expr>))
      | (get <expr> <name>)
```

```
def := (def <name> (<name> : <t> <name> : <t>) : <t>
      <expr>)
```

o.x = ____;
a[i] = ____;

* ptr

```
type expr =
  | ENum of int
  | EBool of bool
  | EId of string
  | EIf of expr * expr * expr
  | ELet of string * expr * expr
  | EPlus of expr * expr
  | ELess of expr * expr
  | EApp of string * expr * expr
  | EDict of string * expr * string * expr
  | EGet of expr * string
```

typ

typ

```
type typ = TNum | TBool | TDict of string * typ * string * typ
```

```
prog := def ... <expr>
```

$\tau := \text{Num} | \text{Bool} | (x:\tau \ y:\tau)$

```
type def =
  | DFun of string * string * typ * string * typ * typ * expr
```

```
type prog = def list * expr
```

Write some example programs!

(dict (a 5) (b 7)) $\xrightarrow{\text{parse}}$ EDict(...)

output \rightarrow ADDRESS
{a:5, b:7}

(let (d (dict (a 5) (b 7)))
 (get d a))

output \rightarrow 5

(let (d (dict (a 5) (b 7)))
 (get d notthere))

output \rightarrow A: Wf
B: TC
C: Rm+the
D: "works"

```
let rec tc_e (defs : def list) (env : (string * typ) list) (e : expr) : typ =
  match e with
  | EGet(e, x)  $\rightarrow$  ...
```

EDict(x1, e1, x2, e2) \rightarrow ...

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{dict } (x_1 e_1) : (x_1 : \tau_1, x_2 : \tau_2)) (x_2 e_2)) : \tau}$$

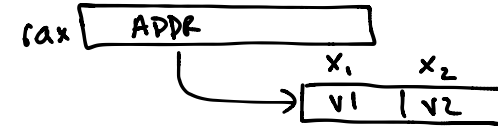
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (x : \tau \ x_2 : \tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{get } e \ x) : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (x_1 : \tau_1 \ x : \tau)}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{get } e \ x) : \tau}$$

let rec e_to_is (e : expr) (si : int) (env : tenv) (defs : def list) =
 match e with

| EGet(e, x) →
 let e-is = e-to-is e1 si env defs in
 (match **get-type e** with
 | TDict(x1, -, x2, -) →
 if x = x1 then ["mov rax, [rax]"]
 else ["mov rax, [rax+8]"]
 | _ → failwith ...

)
 | EDict(x1, e1, x2, e2) →
 let e1-is = e-to-is e1 si env defs in
 let e2-is = e-to-is e2 (si+1) env defs in
 call alloc-dict
 address in rax



| | | |
|-----------|---------|------|
| num | 63 bit | 1 |
| true | 62 0's | 10 |
| false | 64 0's | |
| addresses | 61 bits | 1000 |

char* x1 char* x2 Python!

| | |
|--|---|
| <pre> section .text global our_code_starts_here our_code_starts_here: ret </pre> | <pre> int64_t alloc_dict(int64_t v1, int64_t v2) { do malloc, store v1, v2 return address; } int main(int argc, char** argv) { int64_t result = our_code_starts_here(); print(result); return 0; } </pre> |
|--|---|