

```
39 + (5 - 4) solving of precedence is not introstry

"(+39 (-54))" - S-expressions
                                                          I'x": [] ] TSON
                                        LISP
                                                           Ldocumt: attravte)
                                        RACKET
                                       SCHEME
toherize: string -> string list
                                                              4/...7
                                                                          XML
 parie: string list -> Sexp
                                  What would this example be as a Sexp.t?
                 5
                                List ([Aton ("+"); Aton ("39");
Sexplib
                                       List ([Aton ("-"); Aton ("5"); Aton ("4")]
 type Sexp.t =
    | List of Sexp.t list
    Atom of string
                                Sexp. of -story: string -> Sexp. t
```

Recursive Datatypes and Functions – Templates

```
type 'a lst←
                                            type 'a tree_=
  Empty
                                               Leaf
  Link of 'a * 'a lst
                                               Node of 'a * 'a tree * 'a tree
                                            let rec tf (t : 'a lst) ... : ... =
let rec lf (1 : 'a lst) ... : ... =
                                              match t with
  match l with
                                                 | Leaf | > ... base case ...
    | Empty\ -> ... base case ...
    | Link(fst, rest) ->
                                                 | Node(val, left, right) ->
                                                  ... fst\...
      ... fst\ ...
      \dots (lf^{\setminus}rest \dots) \dots
                                                   ... (tf\ left ...) ...
                                                   ... (tf 'right ...) ...
type op = Inc | Dec
                                    let rec expr_to_instrs (e : expr) =
type expr =
                                      match e with
 ENum of int
                                         | ENum(i) -> [sprintf "mov rax, %d" i]
  | EOp of op * expr
                                          EOp(op, e) ->
                                          let arg_instrs = expr_to_instrs e in
let rec ef (e : expr) ... : ... =
  match e with
                                          match op with
    \mid ENum(n) -> ... base case ...
                                             | Inc -> arg instrs @ ["add rax, 1"]
                                             Dec -> arg_instrs @ ["sub rax, 1"]
    | EOp (op, arg) ->
      ... op \...
      ... (ef arg ...) ...
```

```
open Sexplib.Sexp
                                                                open Printf
module Sexp = Sexplib.Sexp
                                let x = e in body
                                                                let rec expr_to_instrs (e : expr) : string list =
(*
                                                                  match e with
                                                                    | ENum(i) -> [sprintf "mov rax, %d" i]
expr := <number>
     | (<op> <expr>)
                                                                    | EOp(op, e) ->
     := inc | dec
                                                                      let arg_exprs = expr_to_instrs e in
                                                                      match op with
                                                                        | Inc -> arg_exprs @ ["add rax, 1"] | Per -> arg_exprs @ ["sub rax, 1"]
type op =
  | Inc
  Dec
                                                                (* Compiles a source program string to an x86 string *)
                                                                let compile (program : string) : string =
type expr =
                                                               let ast = parse program(in)
                    Eor has a of and an expr
  | ENum of int
                                                                - let instrs = expr_to_instrs ast in)
   EOp of op * expr
                                                                 let instrs_str = (String.concat "\n" instrs)(in)
                                                                  sprintf "
                                                                section .text
let rec sexp_to_expr (se : Sexp.t) : expr =
  match se with
                                                                global our code starts here
     Atom(s) -> ENum(int_of_string s)
                                                                our code starts here:
    | List(sexps) ->
                                                                  ret\n" instrs str;;
      match sexps with
         [Atom("inc"); arg] -> EOp(Inc, sexp_to_expr arg)
          [Atom("dec"); arg] -> EOp(Dec, sexp_to_expr arg)
                                                             —let () =
        | _ -> failwith "Parse error"
                                                                  let input file = (open in (Sys.argv.(1))) in
                                                                  let input_program = (input_line input_file) in
let parse (s : string) : expr =
                                                                  let program = (compile input program) in
                                                                  printf "%s\n" program;;
  sexp to expr (Sexp.of string s)
  "(inc (dec 4))" EOp(Inc, EOp(Dec, ENum(4)))
                                                     Cret the answer int
open Sexplib.Sexp
module Sexp = Sexplib.Sexp
                                                            (* (/
                                                            expr := <number>
type op =
                                                                   (<op> <expr>)
                                                                    (let (<name> <expr>) <expr>)
  l Inc
  Dec
                                                                    <name>
type expr =
                                                                 := inc | dec
   ENum of int
   EOp of op * expr
  (* Add the cases for ELet and EId! *)
  I ELet of string * expr * expr
                                                            open Printf
 1 EIG of stry
                                                            (* FILL the ELet case and anything else for the header! *)
let rec sexp_to_expr (se : Sexp.t) : expr =
  match se with
                                                            let rec expr to instrs
    | Atom(s) ->
                                                             match e with
    | List(sexps) ->
      match sexps with
        [Atom("inc"); arg] -> EOp(Inc, sexp_to_expr arg)
                                                                | ENum(i) -> [sprintf "mov fax, %d" i]
                                                                | EOp(op, e) ->
        [Atom("dec"); arg] -> EOp(Dec, sexp_to_expr arg)
          (* Add the case for ELet! *)
                                                                  let arg_exprs = expr_to_instrs e
                                                                                                                  in
                                                                  match op with
                                                                     Inc -> arg_exprs @ ["add rax, 1"]
                                                                    | Dec -> arg_exprs @ ["sub rax, 1"]
        -> failwith "Parse error"
```

 What assembly code is generated for this input program (on worksheet)?

```
(inc (dec 4))
```

- A: mov rax, 4 add rax, 1 sub rax, 1
- B: add rax, 1 sub rax, 1 mov rax, 4
- C: mov rax, 4 sub rax, 1 add rax, 1

 Which of these is a good definition for the ELet variant of the expr definition?

```
A: | ELet of expr * expr * expr
B: | ELet of string * expr
C: | ELet of string * expr * expr
D: | ELet of string * int * expr
```

Which of these correctly parses let expressions?

```
• A:
  [Atom("let"); bind; body]->
   match bind with
      [ [name; e] -> ELet(name, e, body)
• B:
  [Atom("let"); bind; body]->
   match bind with
      | [name; e] ->
       ELet(name, sexp_to_expr e, sexp_to_expr body)
• C:
  [Atom("let"); name; e; body]->
   ELet(name, sexp_to_expr e, sexp_to_expr body)
• D:
  [Atom("let"); Atom(name); bind; body]->
    ELet(name, sexp_to_expr e, sexp_to_expr body)
• E:
  [Atom("let"); List(bind); body]->
   match bind with
      [Atom(name); e] ->
       ELet(name, sexp_to_expr e, sexp_to_expr body)
```

• Which of these matches the grammar extended with let and identifiers?

```
A: (let x 5 x)
B: (let (x 5) x)
C: (let x 10)
D: (let 10 x 10)
E: (let 10 x)
```

• Which of these matches the grammar on the left?

```
A: (+ 1 2)
B: (inc 3 3)
C: (inc (inc 4))
D: (inc dec 3)
E: (inc x)
```