Java Script Exercises:

Q 1. Here is a sample html file with a submit button. Now modify the style of the paragraph text through javascript code.

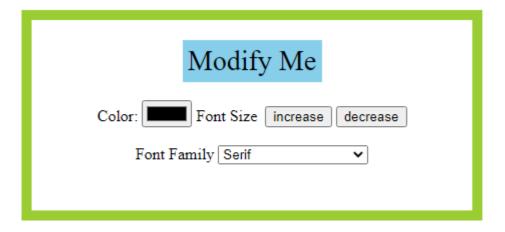
Sample HTML file:

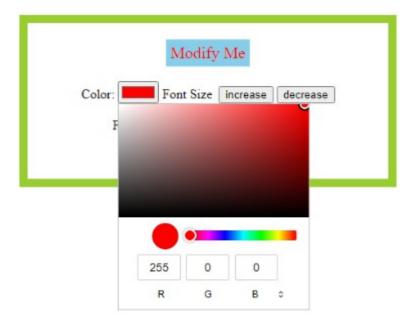
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>Style picker</title>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.4.2/jquery.min.js"></script>
<style>
 .bordered {
  width: 400px;
  height: 150px;
  padding: 20px;
  border: 10px solid yellowgreen;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<br>><br>>
<center>
<div class="bordered">
color wrapped tight */
  margin: 0px auto 0px auto; /* keep the table centered */
  padding:5px;font-size:20px;background-color:skyblue;
 ">Modify Me 
<br>
<label for="color for p element">Color:</label>
<input type="color" value="black" id="color for p element">
Font Size &nbsp<input type="button" value="increase"
class="increaseFont"></input>&nbsp<input type="button" value="decrease"
class="decreaseFont"></input>
<br>><br>>
Font Family <select id="selecth1FontFamily" name="selectFontFamily"
onchange="updateh1family();">
  <option> Serif </option>
  <option> Arial </option>
  <option> Sans-Serif </option>
  <option> Times New Roman
```

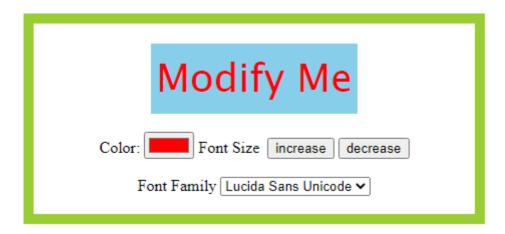
```
<option> Tahoma </option>
  <option> Verdana </option>
  <option> Lucida Sans Unicode </option>
 </select>
</div>
</center>
<script type="text/javascript">
var color for p element;
var defaultColor = "black";
window.addEventListener("load", startup, false);
function startup()
 color for p element = document.querySelector("#color for p element");
 color for p element.value = defaultColor;
 color for p element.addEventListener("input", updateFirst, false);
 color_for_p_element.addEventListener("change", updateAll, false);
 color_for_p_element.select();
}
function updateFirst(event)
 var p = document.querySelector("p");
 if (p) {
  p.style.color = event.target.value;
}
$(document).ready(function(){
 $(".increaseFont,.decreaseFont").click(function(){
 var type= $(this).val();
  var curFontSize = $('.data').css('font-size');
  if(type=='increase'){
  $('.data').css('font-size', parseInt(curFontSize)+1);
  }
  else {
  $('.data').css('font-size', parseInt(curFontSize)-1);
  }
   });
});
   function updateh1family() {
```

```
var selector = document.getElementById('selecth1FontFamily');
var family = selector.options[selector.selectedIndex].value;
var h1 = document.getElementById('liveh1')
h1.style.fontFamily = family;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:







Q 2. Write a JavaScript function to get the values of First and Last name of the following form.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Details</title>
  <script type="text/javascript"></script>
<style>
 .bordered {
  width: 400px;
  height: 150px;
  padding: 20px;
  border: 10px solid yellowgreen;
</style>
</head>
<body onload="load()" >
<center>
<div id="myform" class="bordered"">
<b>Enter details</b>
<br/>br><br/>>
<form>
>
    First Name:
    <input type="text" id="fname">
  >
    Last Name
    <input type="text" id="lname">
  >
```

```
E-Mail:
   <input type="mail" id="email">
 >
    
    
 <input type="button" id="add" value="Add" onclick="Javascript:addRow()">
<input type="reset" value="reset">
<br/>br>
<br>><br>>
</div>
</form>
<br>><br>>
<div id="mydata" class="bordered">
<b>The details are as follows...</b><br><br>
>
    <b>First Name</b>
   <b>E-Mail</b>
    Drop? 
  
</div>
</center>
<script type="text/javascript">
 function addRow() {
 var fname = document.getElementById("fname");
 var lname = document.getElementById("lname");
 var email = document.getElementById("email");
 var table = document.getElementById("myTableData");
 var rowCount = table.rows.length;
 var row = table.insertRow(rowCount);
 row.insertCell(0).innerHTML= fname.value;
 row.insertCell(1).innerHTML= lname.value;
 row.insertCell(2).innerHTML= email.value;
 row.insertCell(3).innerHTML= '<input type="button" value = "Delete"</pre>
onClick="Javacsript:deleteRow(this)">';
```

```
function deleteRow(obj)
{
    var index = obj.parentNode.parentNode.rowIndex;
    var table = document.getElementById("myTableData");
    table.deleteRow(index);
}
myTableDiv.appendChild(table);

function load()
{
    console.log("Page load finished");
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:

Enter details	
First Name:	
Last Name	
E-Mail:	
	Add reset

The details are as follows...

First Name Last Name E-Mail Drop?





Q 5. Write a JavaScript function to get the value of the href, hreflang, rel, target, and type attributes of the specified link.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>Collect the value of href, hreflang, rel, target, and type attributes of a link</title>
</head>
<body>
<a id="w3r" type="text/html" hreflang="en-us" rel="nofollow" target=" self"
href="https://www.facebook.com">Facebook</a>
<button onclick="getAttributes()">Click here to get the attribute's value</button>
<script type="text/javascript">
function getAttributes()
var u = document.getElementById("w3r").href;
alert('The value of the href attribute of the link is: '+u);
var v = document.getElementById("w3r").hreflang;
alert('The value of the hreflang attribute of the link is: '+v);
var w = document.getElementById("w3r").rel;
 alert('The value of the rel attribute of the link is: '+w);
var x = document.getElementById("w3r").target;
 alert('The value of the taget attribute of the link is: '+x);
```

```
var y = document.getElementById("w3r").type;
alert('The value of the type attribute of the link is : '+y);
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Facebook

Click here to get the attribute's value









