

AWB Bootcamp

Red Hat OpenShift and IBM Cloud Paks

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Luca Floris
IBM Cloud Technical Consultant



Agenda



OpenShift + Cloud Paks

Common Services

Introduction to IBM Cloud Pak Common Services

Introduction to Cloud Pak for Applications

Business value

Overview of Components

IBM Accelerators for Teams

The challenges

What are Kabanero's main players?

Overview of Kabanero components

Introduction to Appsody

View of a Solution Architect

View of a Developer

Introduction to Tekton

Pipelines with Tekton

Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform + IBM Cloud Paks



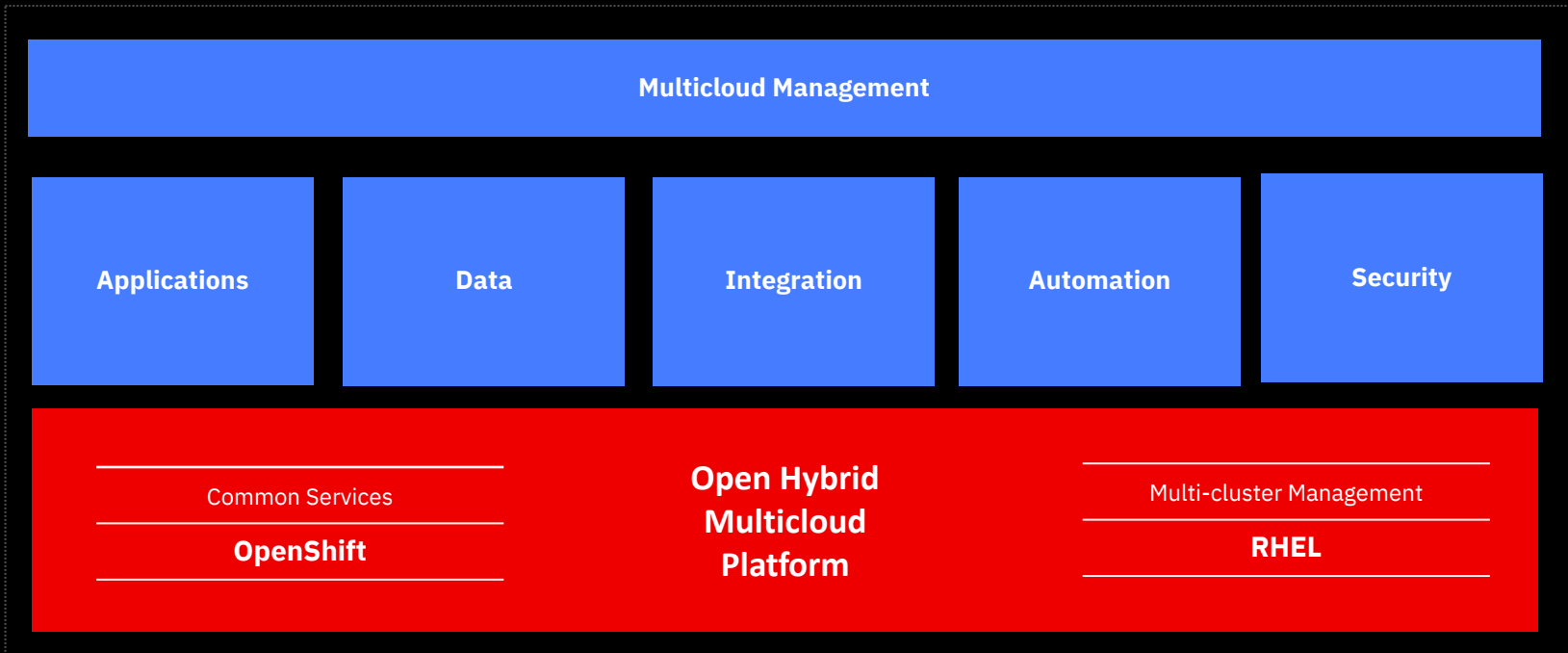
Next Generation Hybrid Multicloud Platform

Certified Offerings
Cloud Paks

Foundation



Infrastructure



IBM Cloud Paks



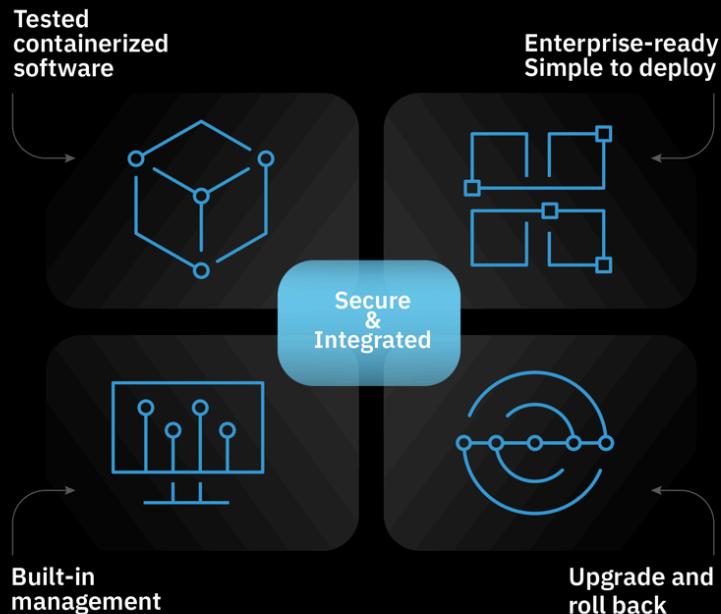
IBM Cloud Paks provide certified middleware for Kubernetes-based platforms that address enterprise clients needs



Providing containers is NOT enough for the Enterprise.

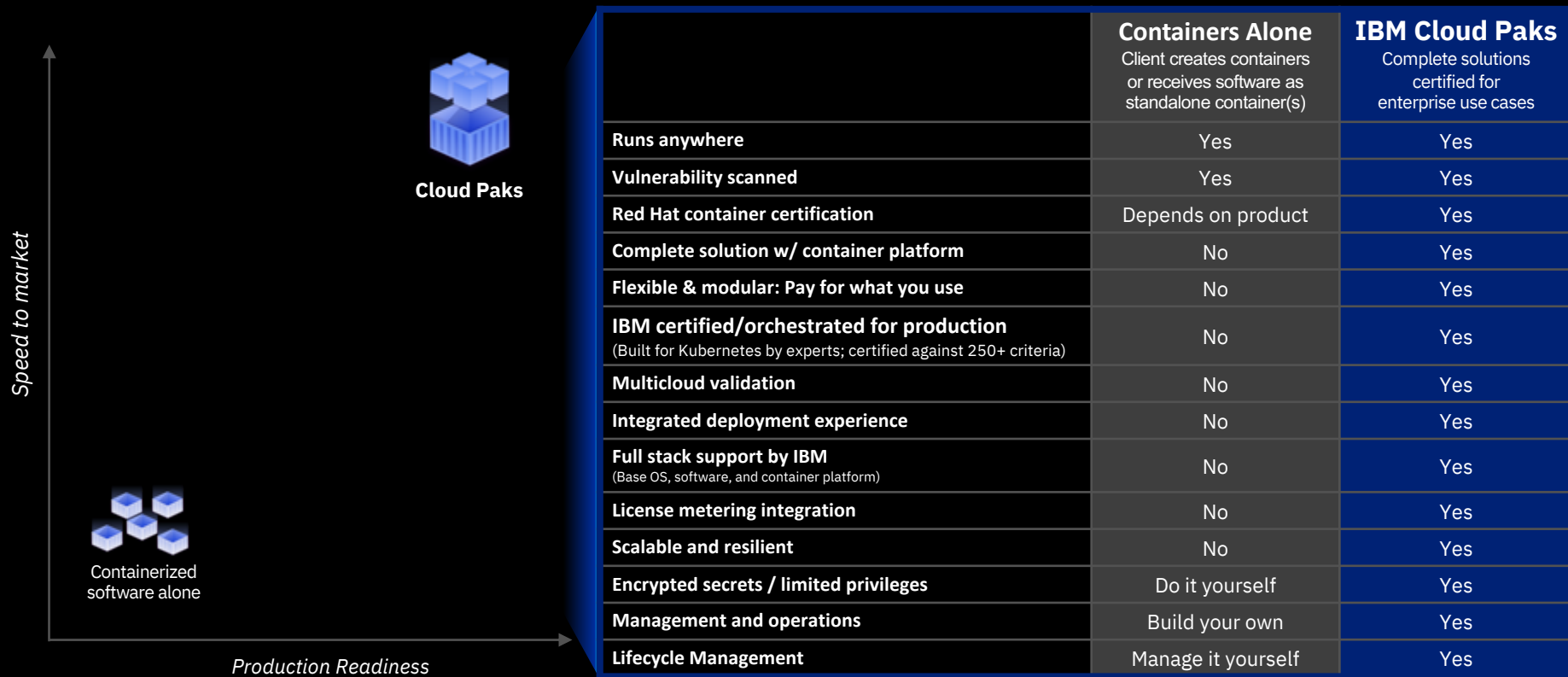
IBM Cloud Paks

- ✓ Provide enterprise capabilities for deployment, lifecycle management, and production use cases
- ✓ Unlock the value of OpenShift, out-of-the-box integration with core operational services
- ✓ Accelerate Time to Production for Enterprise client use cases



Certified IBM Containers are the next step in our container content strategy

Cloud Paks – IBM certified and production-ready



Cloud Pak Common Services



Cloud Pak Common Services



The Common Services provide a uniform base layer for all Cloud Paks to adopt and leverage the components it needs to get up and running with minimal effort.

Common Services consists of the following capabilities

- IAM (Identity and Access Management)
- License Service (license-manager)
- Metering
- Certificate management (cert-manager)
- Common Web UI
- CLI tools
- System Healthcheck
- Audit logging
- Logging
- Monitoring
- Helm Catalog
- Helm REST APIs

IBM Cloud Paks require some base services that are not often installed in OpenShift by default, especially if a dedicated OpenShift cluster is installed for a Cloud Pak.

Evolution

Enterprise Certification, Operator Driven Capabilities, Optimum Size by Use Case

Application Services

API Catalog
Blueprint Builder
Gateway/Front door
Automation
Command Line
Application
Model

Security Services

Identity & Access
User Management
RBAC
Vault
Certificate
Management
Workload Protection
Threat Management

Operational Services

License
Management
Metering UI
Monitoring UI
Logging UI
Serviceability

User Experience

Consistent
Navigation
Notification
UI Standards
Job Management
Serviceability

Data Services

SQL
NoSQL
Connections
Event Streams
Engines (Spark)
Caching

Openshift: Monitoring, Logging, Metering, Certificate Management, Operator Lifecycle Mgmt

Cloud Pak Common Services



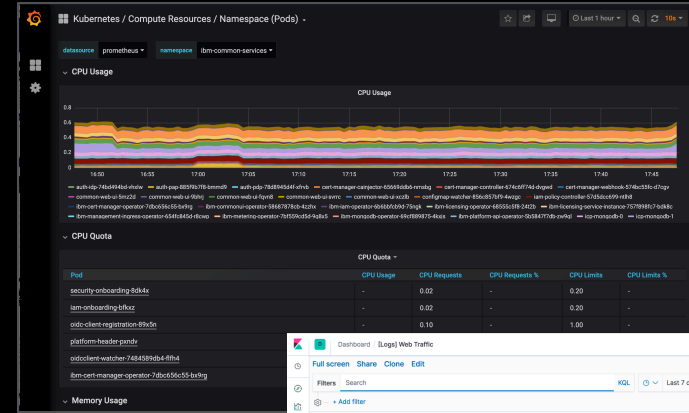
Why?

It's about standardisation.

Monitoring/Logging

Value & Use Cases:

- Cloud paks consistently deliver pre-configured dashboards that help my administrators tune their deployments and ensure that cloud pak capabilities are installed and running correctly.
- My SREs can easily view real-time resource utilization from cloud pak capabilities and applications, helping them isolate and resolve application issues quickly.
- My SREs and developers can view application logs in a consolidated location with search and aggregation to help them isolate problems and resolve them quickly.
- Monitoring and logging information is integrated into access control so that my teams only see what they are authorized to see.

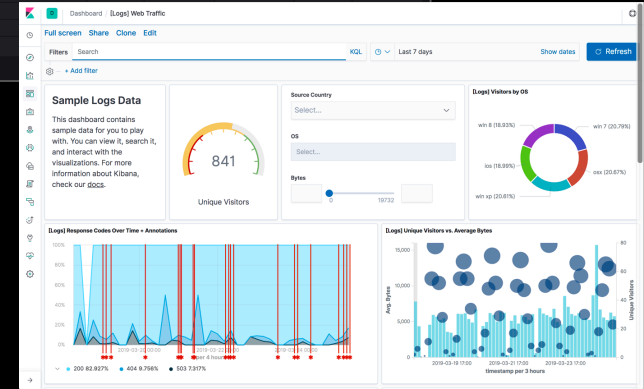


Grafana

Kibana

Prometheus
Monitoring

Elasticsearch
Fluentd
Logging



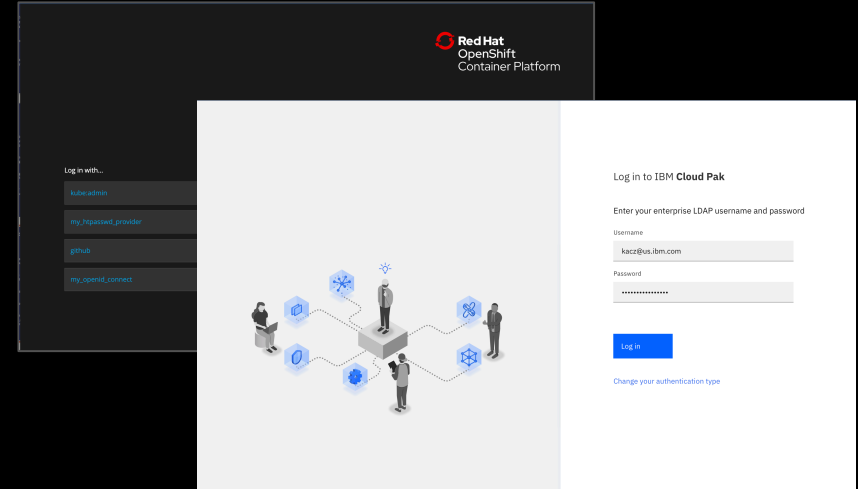
Cloud Pak Custom Dashboards
Role-based Access Control

Identity, Access and Certificate Management

Identity and Access Manager (IAM)

Value & Use Cases:

- *My users can log in once and navigate between various cloud paks, common services and OpenShift without ever being presented with another login screen,*
- *I can easily integrate my enterprise directory into authentication and use management for cloud pak capabilities.*
- *I can locate users and manage their access to resources and services.*
- *I can view and filter IAM content to show items relevant to a particular cloud resource*
- *I can easily issue and manage certificates using my preferred certificate authority and know that services will utilize the right standards for secure interactions, including certificate expiration and renewal.*



Single Sign-on and Role-Based Access Control



cert-manager

Certificate management interfaces to Certificate Authorities

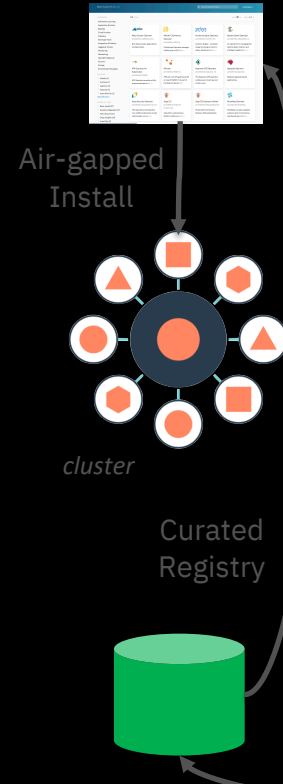
Operator Installation & Air-gapped support

Value & Use Cases:

- *As a customer, I don't want to have to manage integrations/services; they should automatically appear when needed and be "invisibly" maintained.*
- *Developers can choose the cloud pak capabilities they want to use directly from the Operator Catalog or a Cloud Pak User Interface. Relevant Common Services are deployed automatically.*
- *I can easily curate Cloud Pak repositories for installation in my critical systems that do not have Internet access*

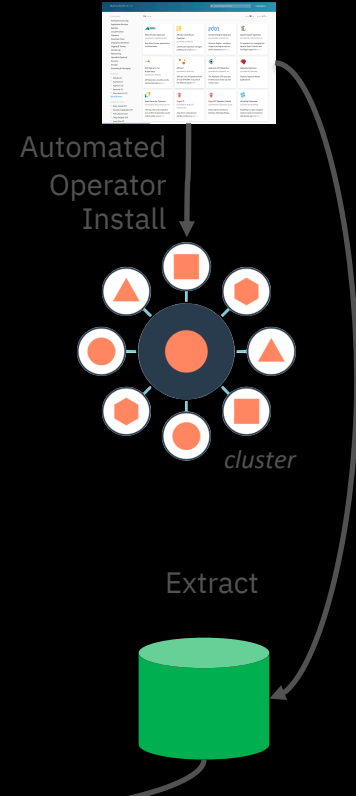
Isolated On Premise

No internet connection



Internet

Registry

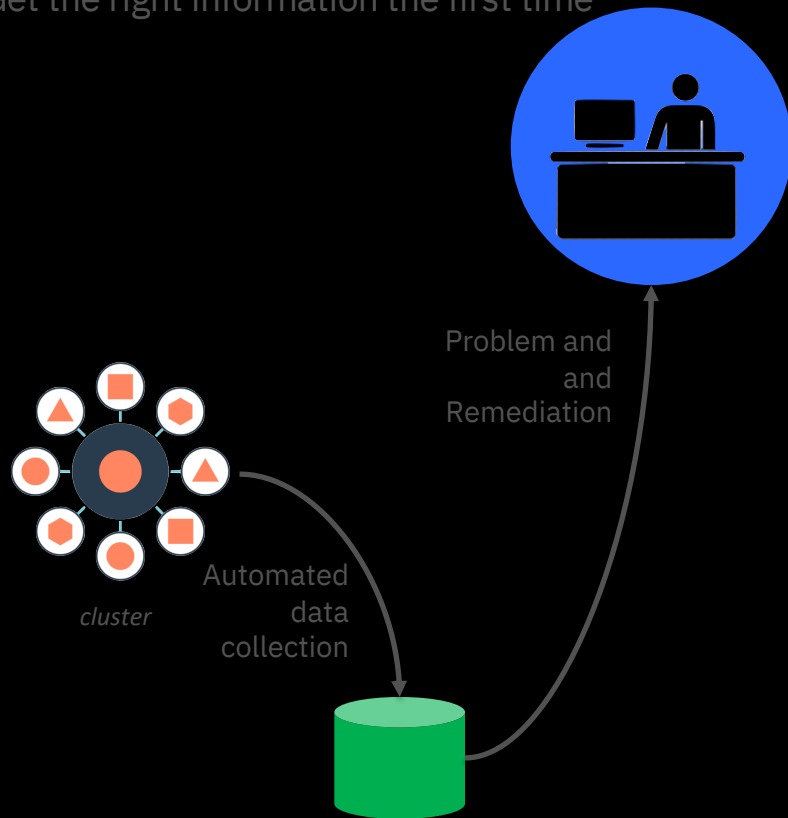


Serviceability

Value & Use Cases:

- *When I encounter a problem with a Cloud Pak capability, I can automatically collect all pertinent data to send to support and resolve problems quickly. Repetitive on-going support calls are a thing of the past.*
- *When I log an issue, there is a link to docs guide me how to collect logs. (Even better, if there's a step by step guide within the issue submission form that i can quickly follow and complete.)*
- *With one command, can get all the needed logs, don't need go back and force to upload logs.*
- *The doc is clear and easy enough to read.*
- *The doc to collect logs are consistent among Cloud Paks.*

Get the right information the first time



Extends Openshift “Must-gather”
Customized by Cloud Pak

<https://docs.openshift.com/container-platform/4.3/support/gathering-cluster-data.html>

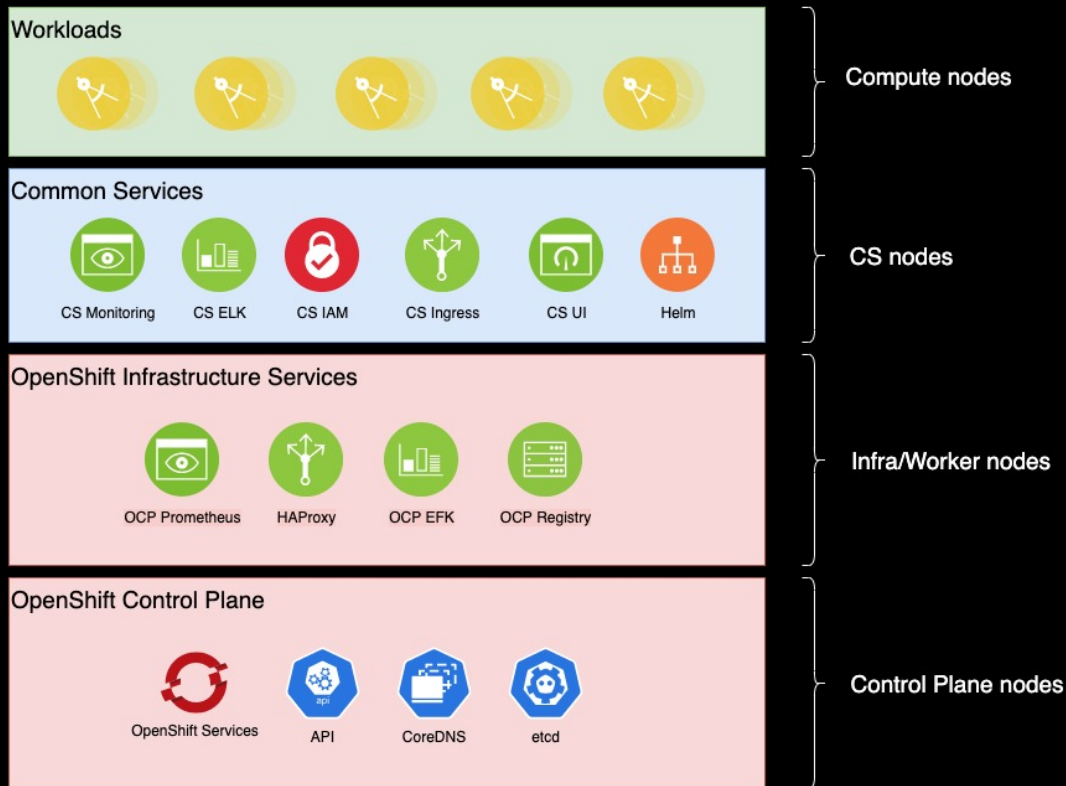
Cloud Pak Common Services



Common services deploy to dedicated nodes

Cloud Pak workloads on worker nodes

Potential overlap with OpenShift platform services, but useful when you don't want to expose them to end users



Cloud Pak Common Services



Sizing

	CPU	Memory	Disk space
Common Services Total	8 cores	32 Gb	100 Gb

Sizes given as a base recommendation

Some services may not be required

Service Name	Daemonset (values are per container)	CPU Request	CPU Limit	Memory Request	Memory Limit	Persistent Volume (value is default)
Audit Logging		150	300	300	750	
	audit-logging-fluentd-ds	25	300	100	400	
Catalog UI		450	450	556	556	
Certificate Manager		410	2020	1250	2090	
Common Web UI		10	40	25	150	
	common-web-ui	300	300	256	256	
Helm API		700	700	912	912	
Helm Repo		250	250	768	768	
IAM		10m	25m	80MiB	320MiB	
Ingress NGINX		70	250	214	640	
Installer		5 * 200m	4 * 500m + 800m	5 * 200MiB	6 * 512MiB	
(IBM Common Service Operator and Operand Deployment Lifecycle Manager)						
Licensing		200	500	356	712	
Logging		No limit specified	No limit specified	10176	10560	10GiB
	logging-elk-filebeat-ds	No limit specified	No limit specified	64	256	
Management ingress		50	200	300	512	
Metering		310	2020	537	3624	
Mongo DB (single replica) Note: MongoDB is a stateful set; by default, three replicas are deployed.		Not applicable	Not applicable	5.25GB	5.25GB	20GiB
Monitoring Exporters		30	314	64	768	
	ibm-monitoring-nodeexporter	No limit specified	No limit specified	No limit specified	No limit specified	
Monitoring Grafana		820	2050	1088	2560	
Monitoring Prometheus Ext		340	475	1188	1050	
Platform API		850	1000	1018	1018	
System Healthcheck		110	1060	160	1536	

Questions?