INTRODUCTION TO NERVES



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WHO AM I

Christian Sarnataro

- Frontend software engineer at Arduino since 2021
 - Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy to use hardware and software
- Previously, full stack and mobile software engineer, web architect
- LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/in/sarnataro

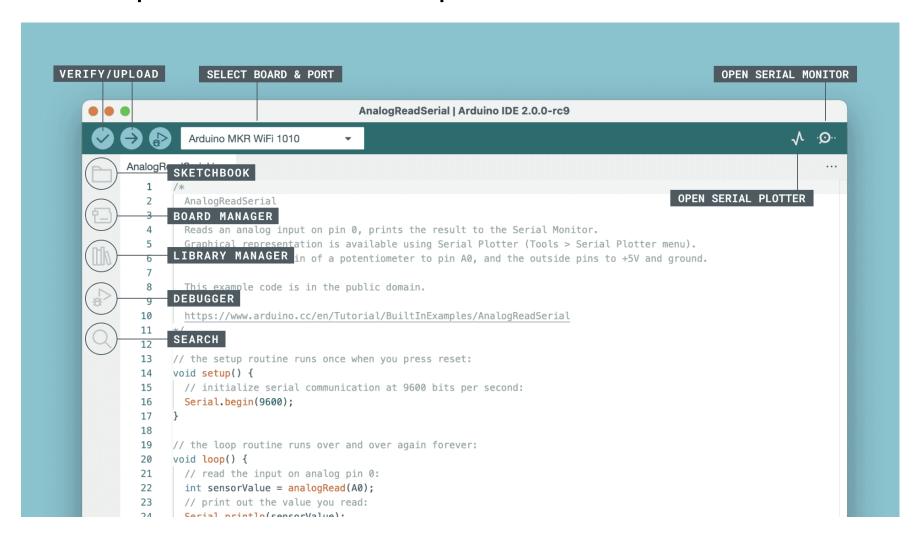
ARDUINO UNO

More than 10_000_000 units sold



ARDUINO IDE

Free, open source, cross platform



DISCLAIMER

(italian translation: "metto le mani avanti")

- Not a BEAM/OTP/Elixir expert (but interested in learning more)
- Not an electronics expert (but interested in "physical computing")

AGENDA

- 1. What are embedded systems?
- 2. Introduction to Nerves
- 3. Demos:
 - i. Blink, the *Hello World* of embedded system (here, ++)
 - ii. Phoenix/Liveview app with Nerves
 - iii. Temperature measurement and Livebook
 - iv. (Optional) Pomodoro Timer
- 4. Q/A

WHAT ARE ERLANG, BEAM, OTP, ELIXIR, ANYWAY?

- Erlang (1986)
 - Functional programming language (ispirato by Prolog) [1]
 - Used to build concurrent, distributed, fault-tolerant applications
- BEAM Bogdan's Erlang Abstract Machine (1993)
 - A virtual machinge for Erlang

WHAT ARE ERLANG, BEAM, OTP, ELIXIR, ANYWAY?

- OTP Open Telecom Platform (1996)
 - Erlang, libraries, runtime, docs, patterns
 - according to other sources, Outlaw Techno Psychobitch [2]
- Elixir (2012)
 - modern version of Erlang (inspired by Ruby)

[2] Erlang The Movie II: The Sequel minuto 3:03

ANALOGIES WITH JAVA

(My own interpretation)

Erlang	=>	Java
BEAM	=>	JVM
OTP	=>	JDK/JEE
Elixir	=>	Kotlin

NERVES AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

- **Nerves** is an open-source platform that combines the rock-solid BEAM virtual machine and Elixir ecosystem to easily build and deploy production embedded systems (from nerves-project.org).
- Traditionally embeddes systems are programmed in low-level languages like: Bare metal, Assembly, C/C++ and more recently Rust/Zig

WHAT ARE EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

- Different and diverse definitions of embedded devices
- The one I like the most:

Embedded systems are single purpose computers

 A computer which solves a problem in the real world (physical interactions, high reliability)

APPLICATIONS

- Home and industrial automation, automotive, robots, drones, IoT
- Smart consumer electronics
- Interactive art, exhibitions
- Usually resource constrained:
 - cost
 - power consumption
 - small size

A BROKEN EXAMPLE

 This project IS NOT using Nerves, but it would a perfect use case





login: Fri Har 28 06:56:16 CET 2025 on ttyl

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is a security risk - please login as the 'pi' user and type 'passud' to set a new password.

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SCRUCT CPPOP! Cannot open log file local/share/xory/Xory.0.log"

e consult the The on support at http://w help.

giving up

unable to connect to K server: Connection refused

SEPVER ERFOR

aberrupt

FLAVOURS

Microprocessors	Microcontrollers
Faster (4 GHz)	Slower (200 MHz) (but react in real time)
GB of RAM	KB of RAM
With OS (Linux)	Bare metal or RTOS
E.g. Raspberry Pl	E.g. Arduino, ESP32
Arduino Portenta X8?	AtomVM
Nerves <a>	Nerves X

Inspired by: Frank Hunleth (core maintainer of Nerves and author of "Build a Weather Station with Elixir and Nerves") youtu.be/P_xryjmG35I, minute 11:19

WHY NERVES

- Nerves is used in production in many project (in industrial or agricultural automation)
- Focus on networking, concurrency and reliability

Luckily, I don't need to explain the strengths of the BEAM in an Elixir meetup (*)

(*) Shamelessly stealed from Giacomo Cavalieri

GETTING STARTED WITH NERVES

- Some prerequisites
 - Raspberry PI (or similar)
 - Micro SD Card
 - Some hardware (LEDs, sensors, wires, displays) and, possibly, some iron soldering
 - Get familiar with embedded systems jargon and datasheets
- Experiment with your hardware and Livebook

"HELLO WORLD" WITH NERVES

Assuming Elixir and mix are already installed:

```
$ mix archive.install hex nerves_bootstrap #nerves generators
$ mix nerves.new hello_nerves #creates new project
$ cd hello_nerves
$ export MIX_TARGET=rpi0 # VERY IMPORTANT
$ mix deps.get
$ mix firmware # builds the firmware for MIX_TARGET
$ mix burn # burns your firmware on an SD card
```

• Insert SD card it into your device (e.g. our Raspberry Pi Zero) and boot it up.

```
1 $ ssh nerves.local
2 $ HelloNerves.hello
3 :world
```

PAIN POINTS

- Manually plugging the SD card, mix firmware and mix firmware.burn take some time
 - you can use an upload. sh script to update the firmware without removing the SD card
 - NervesHub is a service for over-the-air (OTA) updates
 - Warning: never tried, but looks promising
- When you create a new firmware with firmware.burn, the ssh key changes and you have to refresh it with ssh-keygen -R nerves.local

DEMO 1: BLINK A LED

(a.k.a. *Hello World* of embedded device)

- "Blink++", uses an LED to encode a message in Morse code (with sound)
- Circuits.GPIO for controlling GPIO (General Purpose Input Output)
 - https://hexdocs.pm/circuits_gpio
- Pigpiox for controlling PWM (*Pulse Width Modulation*)
 https://hexdocs.pm/pigpiox
- Show me the code! Linux / Mac / GitHub

DEMO 2: PHOENIX/LIVEVIEW APP

- If you're seeing this slides, this is demo 2
 - Phoenix is a web framework for Elixir
- Liveview app running on Raspberry Pi 4
- Let's update our slides

DEMO 3: LIVEBOOK WITH NERVES WHAT IS LIVEBOOK?

- Web application to write and execute interactive notebooks in the browser
- Similar to Python Jupyter Notebooks
- Supports Markdown, Elixir cells, interactive charts, integrated with Hugging Face

DEMO 3: LIVEBOOK WITH NERVES

- Specific Livebook distro for Nerves
- Ideal for educators: it can run Elixir code in the browser
- Ideal for quick iterative prototyping with hardware
- Livebook

DEMO 4. POMODORO TIMER

- Oled + Chisel for font rendering
 - https://hexdocs.pm/oled
 - https://hexdocs.pm/chisel
- Circuits.GPIO for the button
 - https://hexdocs.pm/circuits_gpio
- Implements a finite state machine with :gen_statem
- Code: Linux / Mac

RECAP

- Nerves allows development of rather complex, connected and reliable embedded applications with Elixir
- Livebook can be used to easily prototype with hardware
- Electronics is nowadays more accessible than ever,
 even for engineers with a mostly software background
- Combining sensors, motors, lights, buttons, cameras and maybe a sprinkle of AI - there are no limits in what you can build

QUESTIONS?

End of presentation