

1) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

Answer: c (15)

2) numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)

```
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

Answer: b (Filter)

3) As what data type are the *args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

Answer: a (Tuple)

```
4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}  
    set2 = {82, 49, 62}  
    set3 = {99, 22, 17}
```

```
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
```

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error

Answer: d (Error)

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

Answer: a (raise)

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timedata
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

Answer: c (datetime)

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

Answer: c (208)

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) strptime
- b) strftime
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

Answer: a (strptime)

9) The python tuple is _____ in nature.

- a) mutable
- b) immutable
- c) unchangeable
- d) none

Answer: b (immutable)

10) The ____ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. range()
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{}
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: A (range())

11) Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: C (Lambda function)

12) The module Pickle is used to ____.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: C (Both A and B)

13) Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: B (dump() method)

14) Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: A (load())

15) A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

Answer: D (All of the mentioned above)

16) Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output?
(Select all that apply.)

```
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", }  
Enterprise Picard,  
Voyager Janeway  
Defiant Sisko
```

- a) for ship, captain in captains.items():
 print(ship, captain)
- b) for ship in captains: print(ship, captains[ship])
- c) for ship in captains: print(ship, captains)
- d) both a and b

Answer: d (both a and b)

17) Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

- a) captains = {dict}
- b) type(captains)
- c) captains.dict()
- d) captains = {}

Answer: d (captains = {})

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data! Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs
"Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

- a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"} captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"} captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
- b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway" captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
- c) captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", }
- d) None of the above

Answer: c (captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", })

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) for item in captains.items():
 print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
- b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
 print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
- c) for captain, ship in captains.items():
 print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
- d) All are correct

**Answer: b (for ship, captain in captains.items():
 print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")**

20) You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery":
"unknown", }
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captains
- b) captains.remove()
- c) del captains["Discovery"]
- d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

Answer: c (del captains["Discovery"])