INFORMATION THEORY

Master of Logic, Master AI, Master CS, University of Amsterdam, 2018
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Team homework set 2

Unless otherwise stated, you should provide exact answers rather than rounded numbers (e.g., $\log 3$ instead of 1.585) for non-programming exercises.

Problem 1: Fun with dice (6 pt)

Consider the following random experiment with two fair (regular six-sided) dice. First, the first die is thrown – let the outcome be A. Then, the second die is thrown until the outcome has the same parity (even, odd) as A. Let this final outcome of the second die be B. The random variables X, Y and Z are defined as follows:

$$X = (A+B) \mod 2$$
, $Y = (A \cdot B) \mod 2$, $Z = |A-B|$.

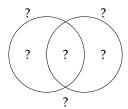
- (a) (1pt) Find the joint distribution P_{AB} .
- **(b) (1pt)** Determine H(X), H(Y) and H(Z).
- (c) **(1pt)** Compute H(Z|A = 1).
- (d) (1pt) Compute H(AB), i.e. the joint entropy of A and B.
- (e) (2pt) A random variable M describes whether the sum A+B is strictly larger than seven, between five and seven (both included) or scrictly smaller than five. How much entropy is present in M?

Problem 2: Mutual information (2pt)

Let the binary random variables X and Y be defined by the joint probability distribution $P_{XY}(00) = 3/7$, $P_{XY}(01) = 1/7$, $P_{XY}(10) = 1/7$, $P_{XY}(11) = 2/7$.

Draw the entropy diagram for X and Y, and compute H(X), H(Y), H(XY), H(X|Y), H(Y|X), and I(X;Y). Reading off a value from the

diagram is a valid 'computation', as long as you clearly state how you did it.



Problem 3: Entropy of functions of a random variable (3pt)

Let *X* be a random variable, and let *f* be a function of *X*.

- (a) (1pt) Show that H(f(X)|X) = 0.
- **(b) (2pt)** Show that $H(f(X)) \leq H(X)$. *Hint:* use the chain rule.

Problem 4: Relative and cross entropy (9pt)

- (a) (5pt) Prove that for any two distributions P and Q over \mathcal{X} , $D(P||Q) \ge 0$, and that equality holds if and only if P = Q.
- **(b) (1pt)** We have seen that the mutual information can be expressed in terms of the relative entropy, i.e. that $I(X;Y) = D(P_{XY}||P_X \cdot P_Y)$. Use (a) and this fact to show that $H(X|Y) \leq H(X)$.
- (c) (2pt) We have seen a relation between relative entropy and cross entropy in Intro/Team Quiz 02. Use this relation to express the mutual information I(X;Y) in terms of entropies of X and Y and of the cross entropy H_c of P_{XY} and $P_X \cdot P_Y$.

Problem 5: Programming (5pt)

(a) (1pt) In the first programming quiz for this module, you computed the entropy of sampling a single letter from the story of Jack and the beanstalk.

If you instead decided to sample a single *word* from the same story, do you expect the entropy to be higher or lower compared to sampling a single letter?

(b) (1pt) In the second programming quiz for this module, you computed the entropy of the second letter given the first when sampling a pair of letters from the story of Jack and the beanstalk.

If you instead decided to sample triples of letters from the same stories (again including spaces), how would the entropy of the last letter given the first two letters compare? Do you expect it to be higher or lower than the entropy when sampling pairs as before?

(c) (3pt) Select one of your predictions (either subquestion (a) or (b)), and verify its correctness by writing a program that computes the entropy explicitly. Use the same text file as input.

Note: You do not have to hand in your code. As before, describe briefly what you did to reach your answer, what choices you made, and how you treated edge cases if those arose.