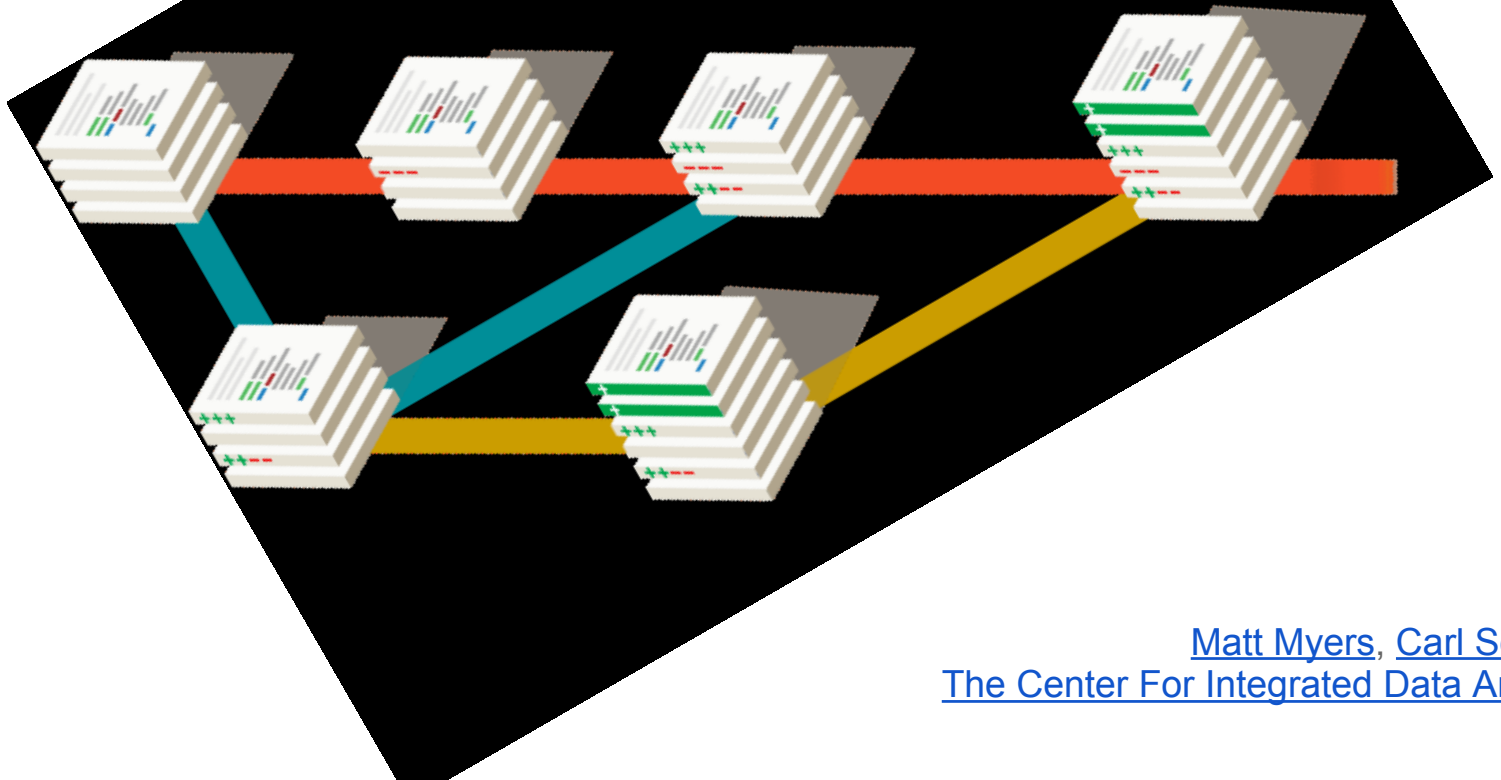
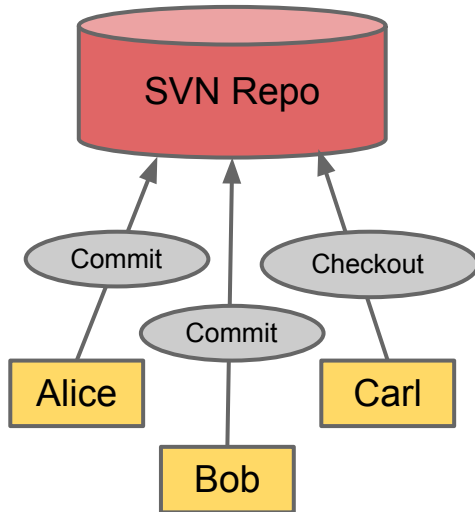


# CIDA Git Primer

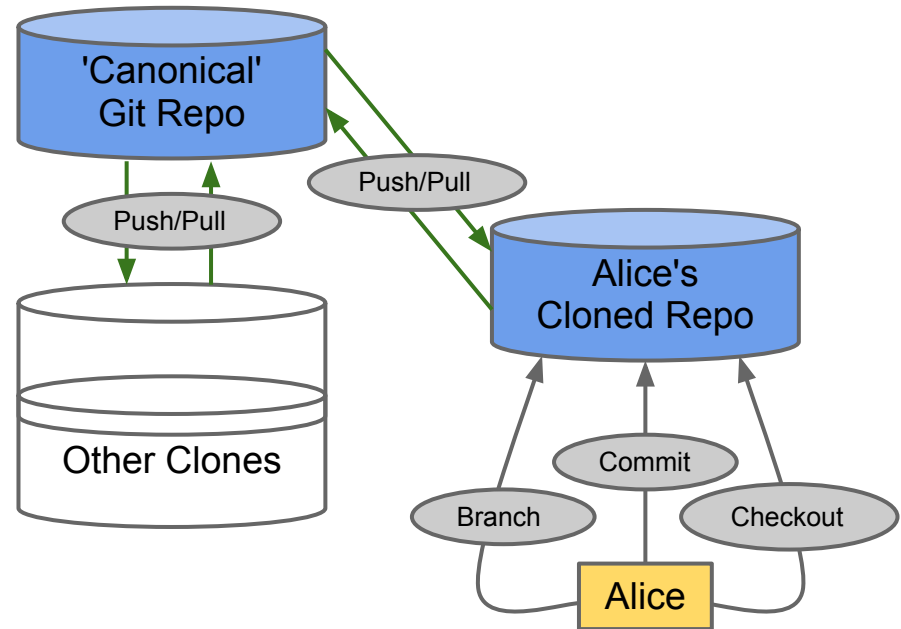
Basic information for people transitioning  
from SVN



# Git vs. SVN

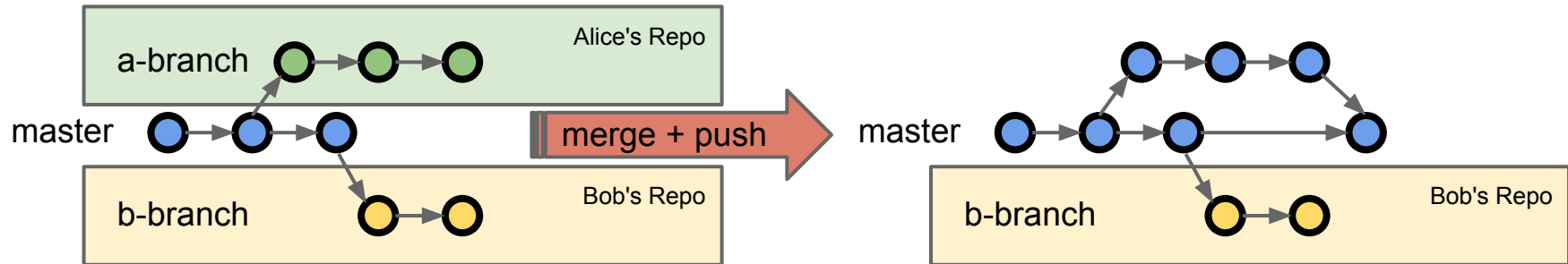


In SVN, there is a single repository which everyone interacts with directly. It serves out files on checkout requests, accepts commits, and keeps track of history.



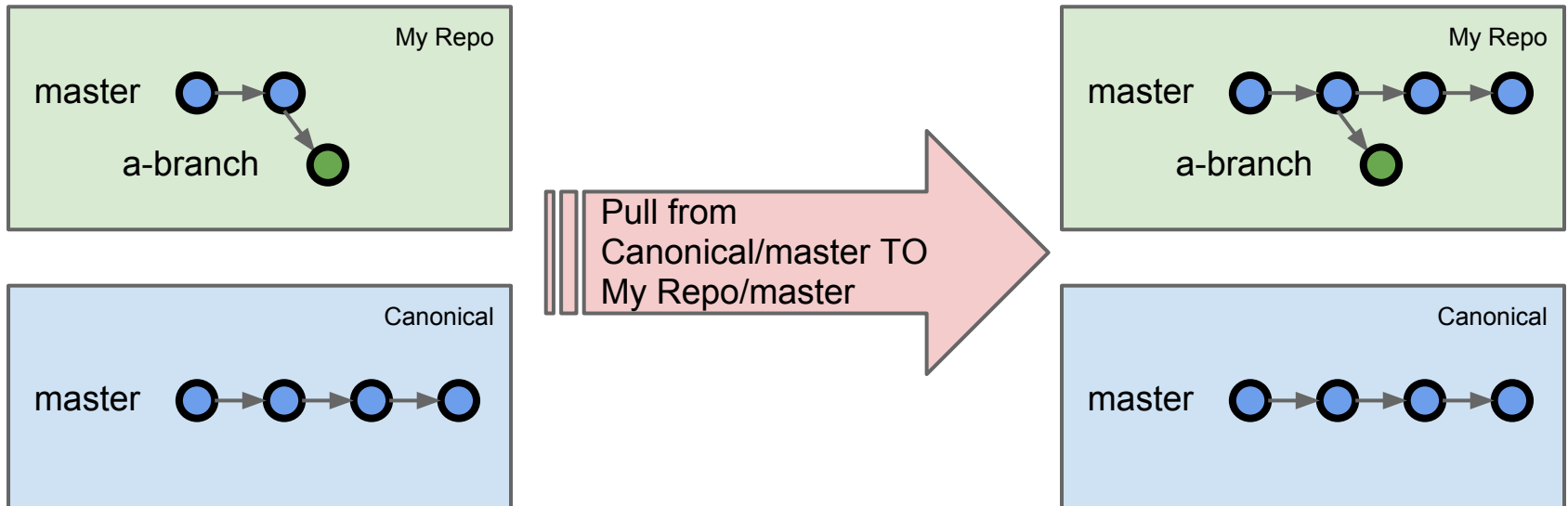
Git is 'distributed'. You clone a repository, which gives you its entire history, and only interact directly with your personal clone. In order to sync the state of your clone with 'remote' repositories, you use commands like push and pull, and issuing Pull Requests on Github.

# Why Git?

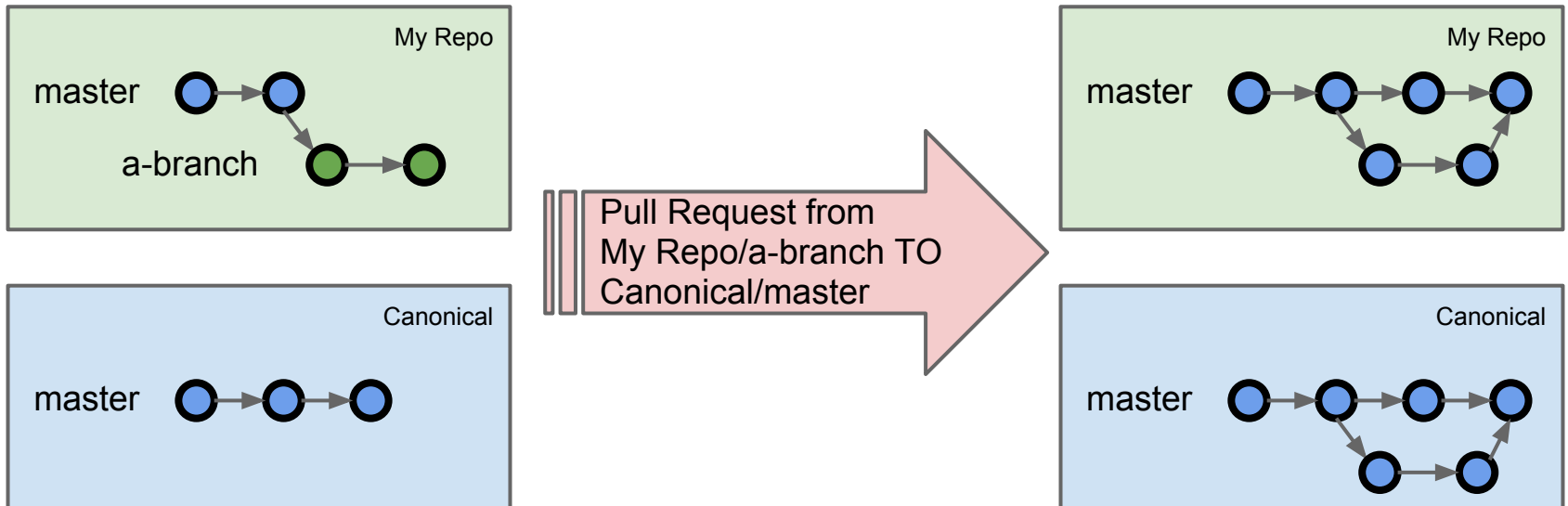


- Branching is easy, and should be used as part of normal workflows
- Using branches in this way allows isolation, so nobody clobbers someone else's work
- When code is ready to become official, merge and push to canonical repo
- Merging is a single command, unless 'conflicting' changes occur
- Code in personal branches is not seen by automated build systems until merged in
- Encourages good source control habits; commit often, in small chunks

# Managing Multiple Repos



# Github



"upstream"  
(canonical repo on [github.com/USGS-CIDA](https://github.com/USGS-CIDA))



master

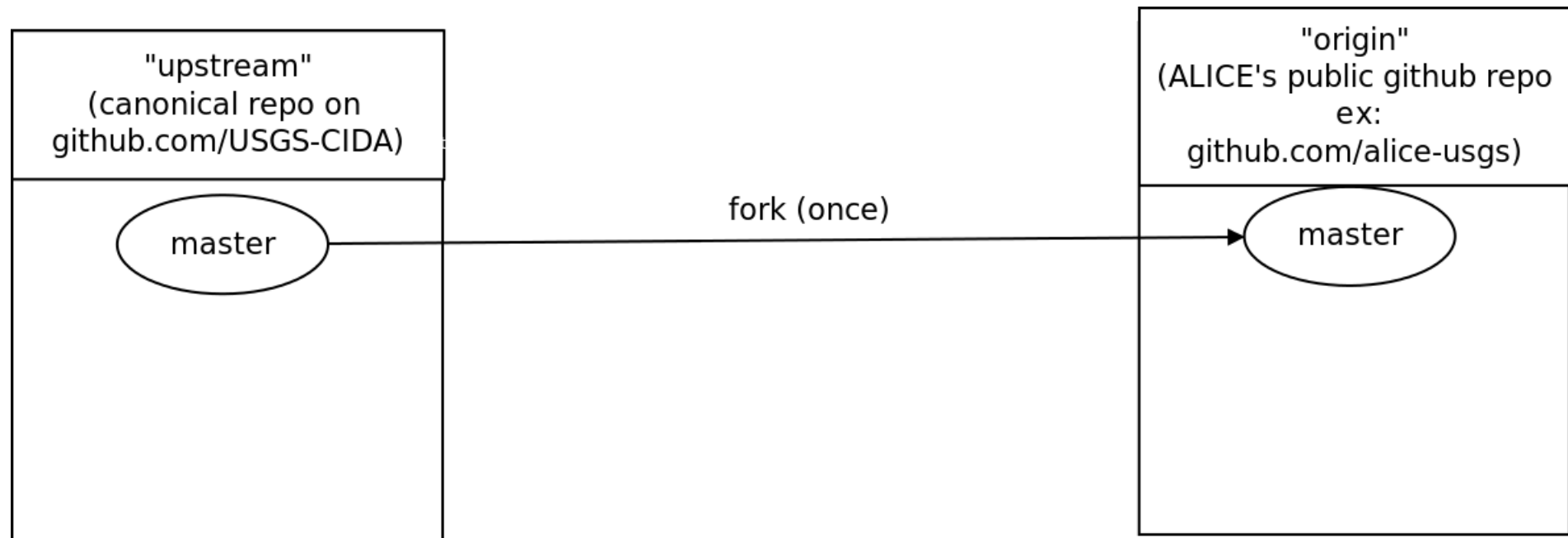
"upstream"  
(canonical repo on  
github.com/USGS-CIDA)

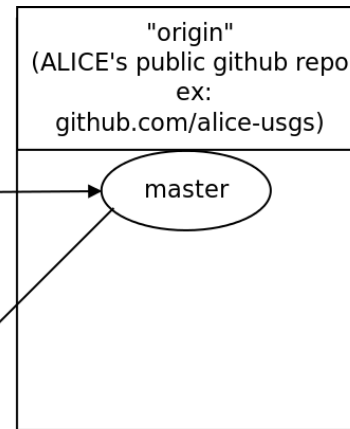
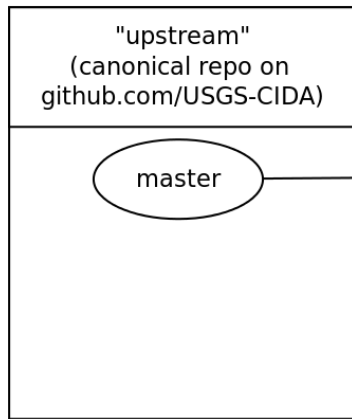
master

fork (once)

"origin"  
(ALICE's public github repo  
ex:  
github.com/alice-usgs)

master





fork (once)

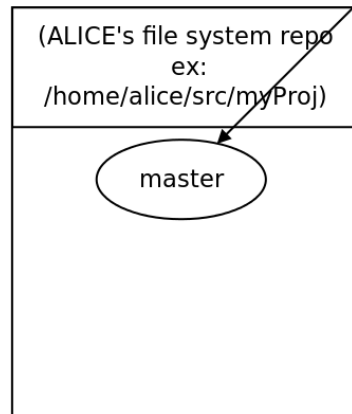
Remote repositories

Remote repositories

Local repositories

Local repositories

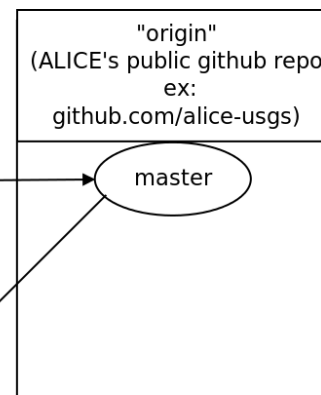
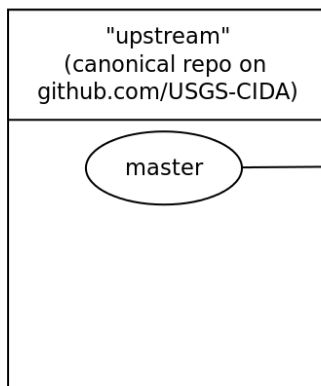
clone <persoan repo url> (once)  
AND  
remote add upstream <canonical repo url> (once)





# **DOING IT WRONG:**

## **A Simplified Model**



fork (once)

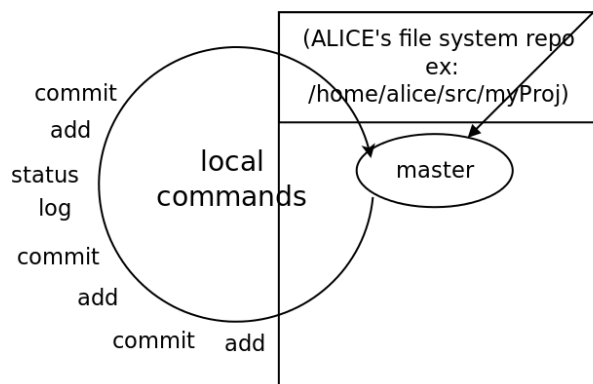
Remote repositories

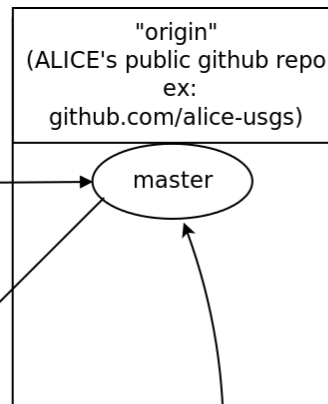
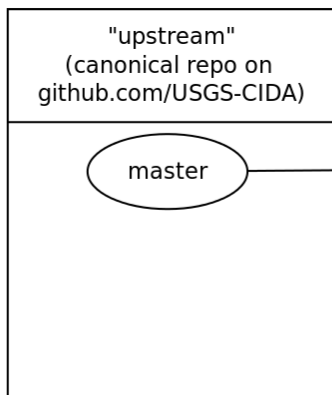
Remote repositories

Local repositories

Local repositories

clone <persoan repo url> (once)  
AND  
remote add upstream <canonical repo url> (once)





fork (once)

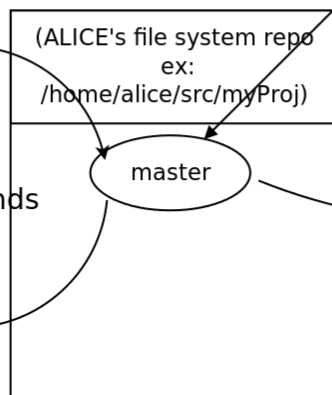
Remote repositories

Local repositories

Remote repositories

Local repositories

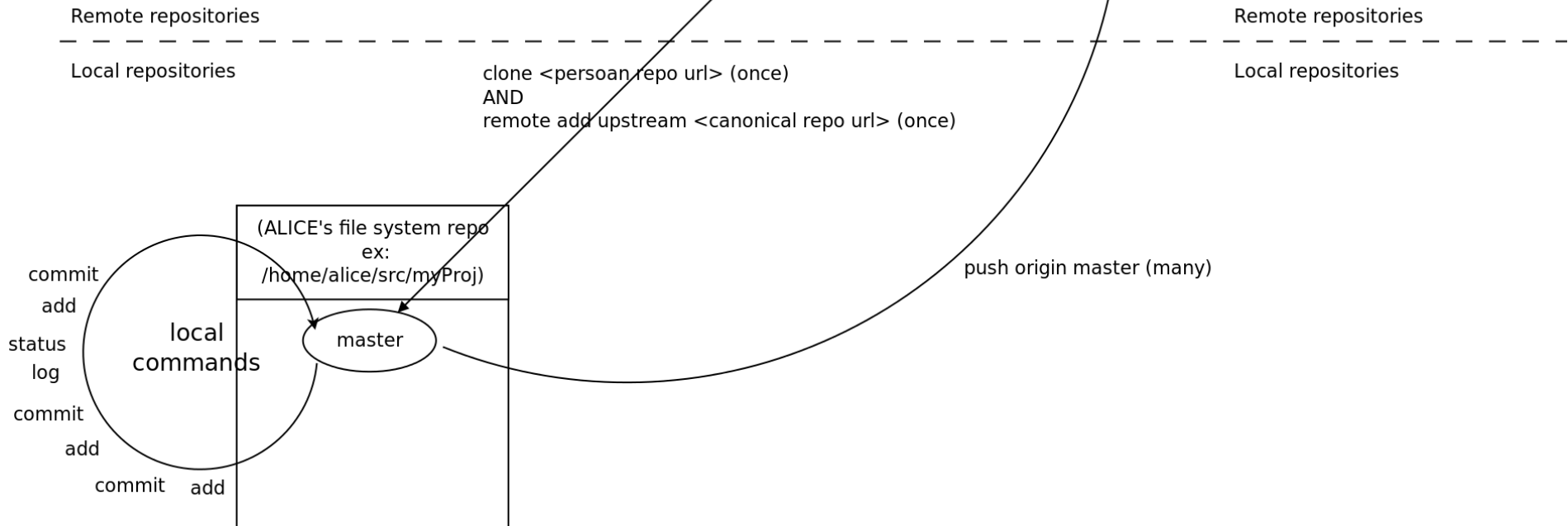
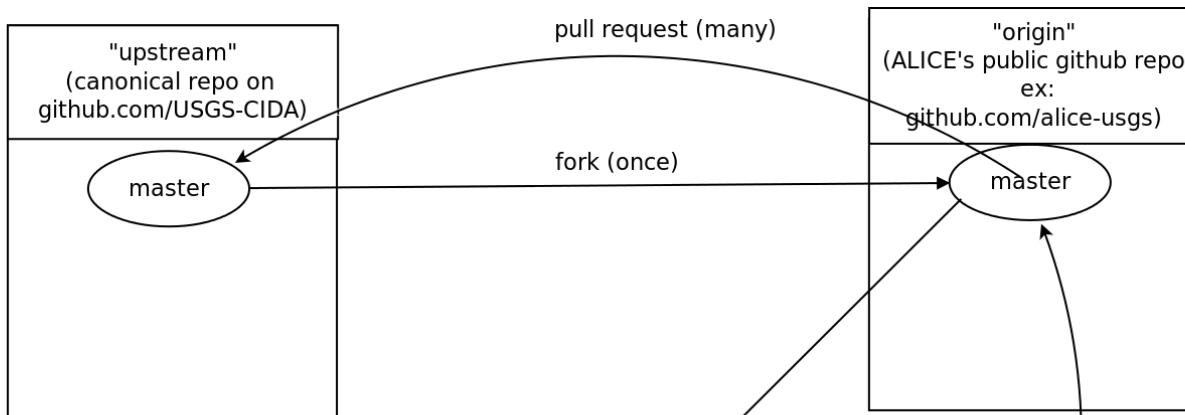
clone <persoan repo url> (once)  
AND  
remote add upstream <canonical repo url> (once)

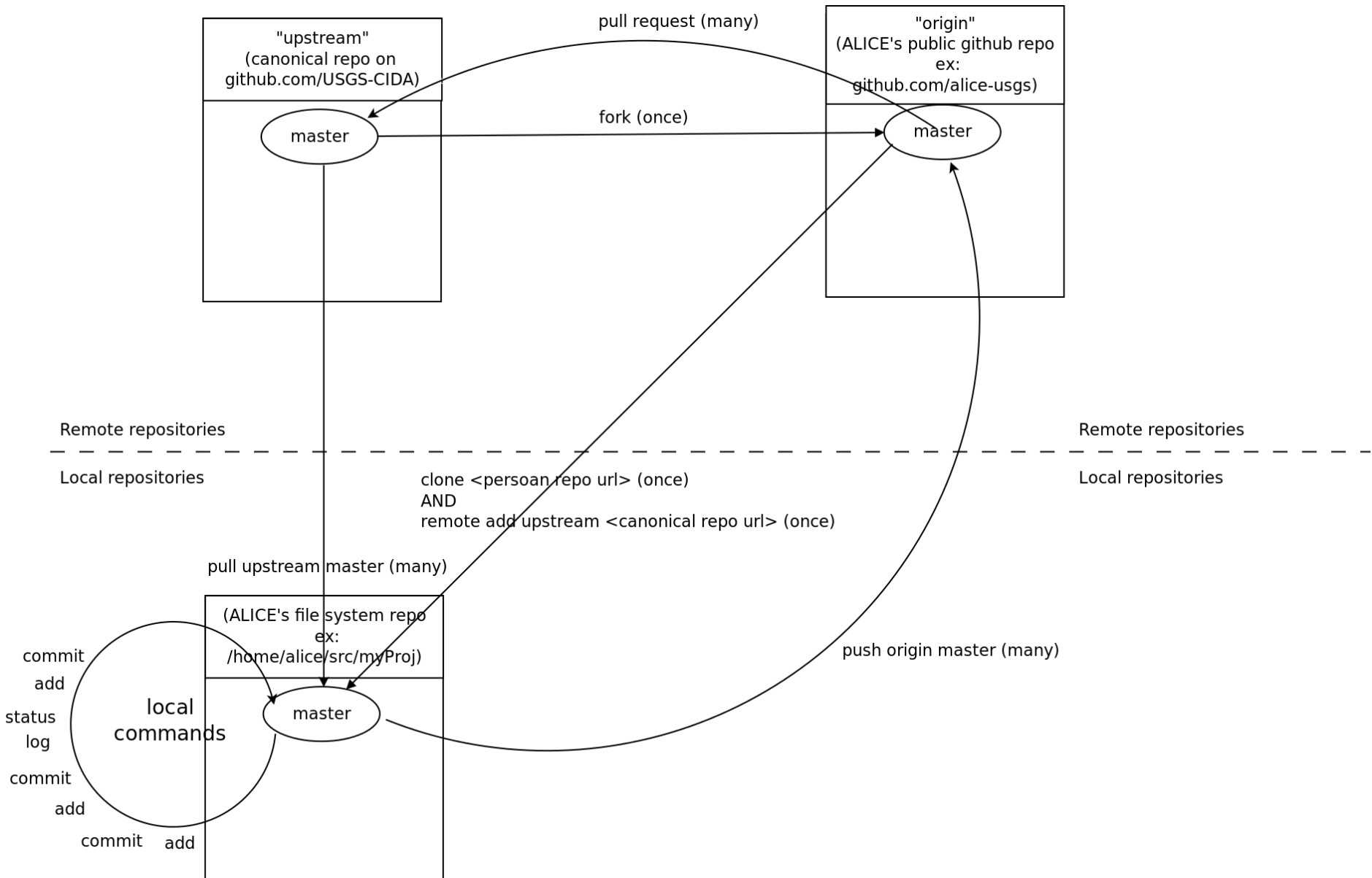


push origin master (many)

local  
commands

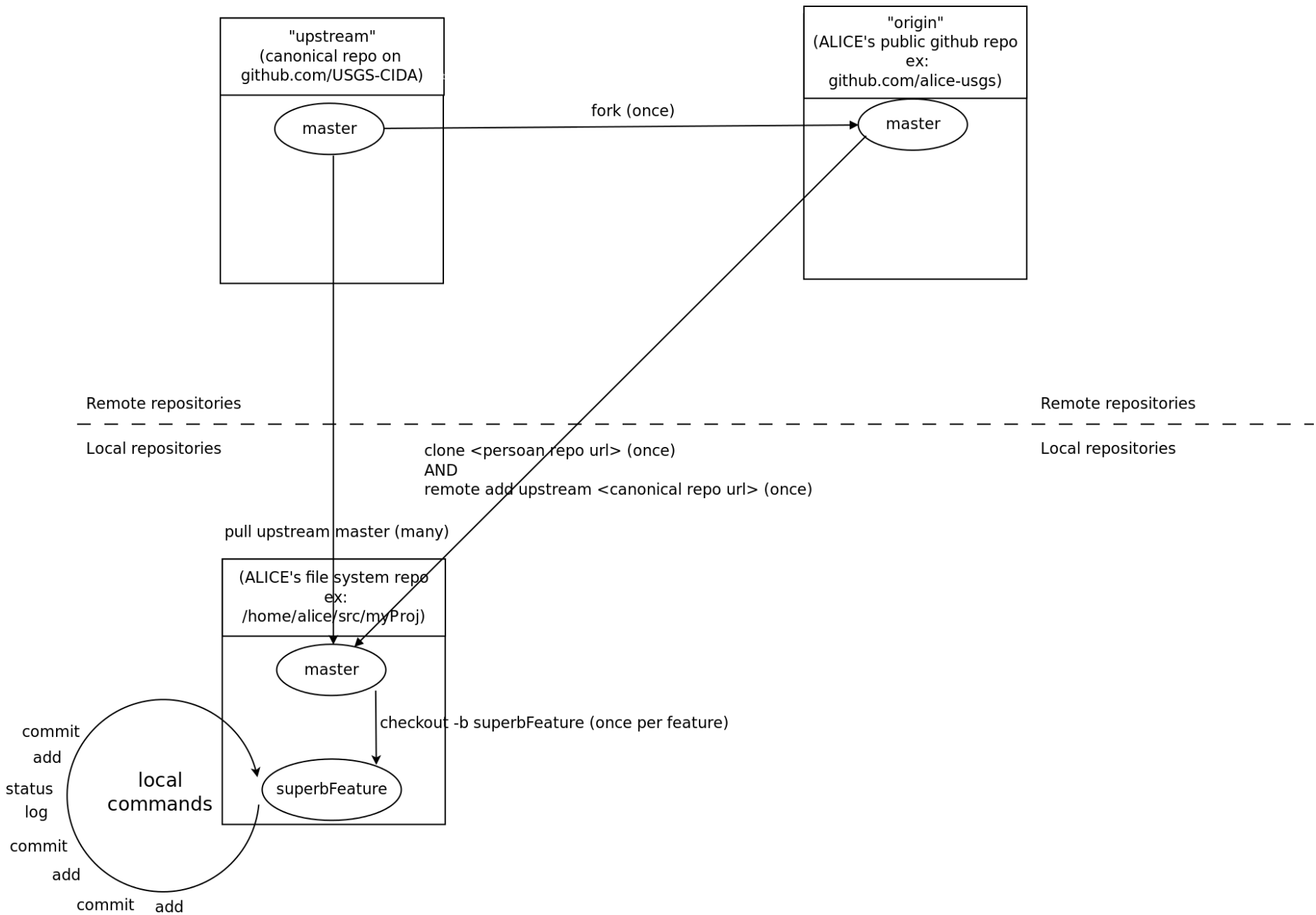
commit  
add  
status  
log  
commit  
add  
commit add

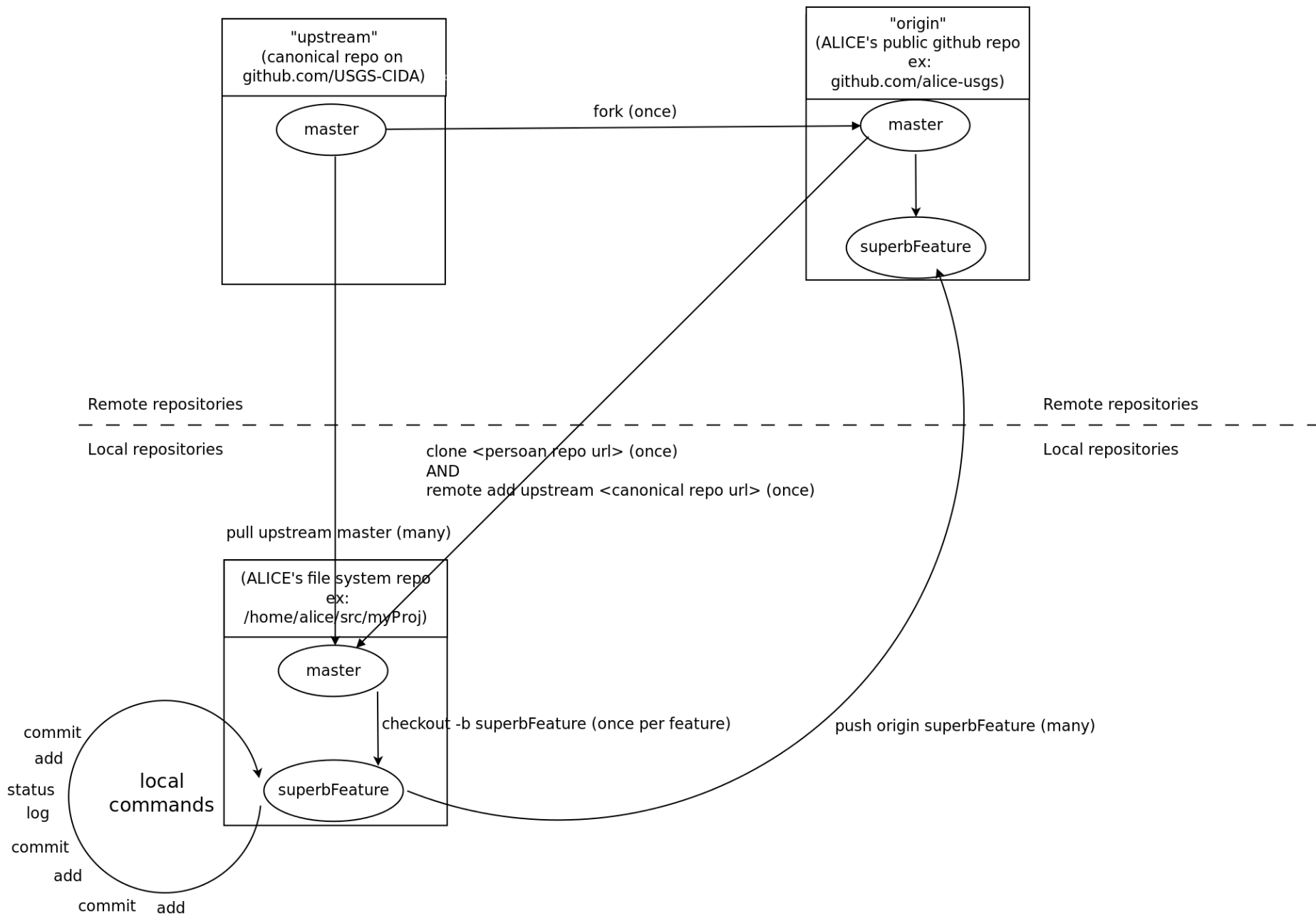




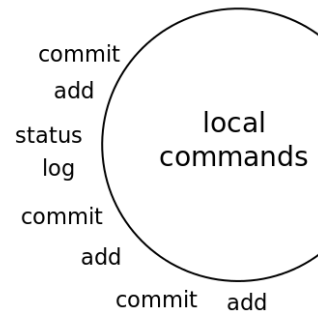
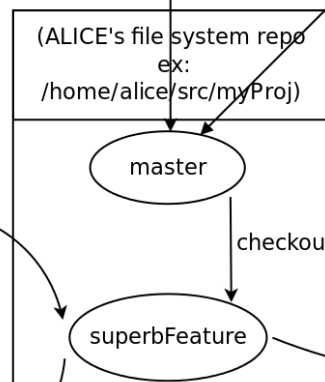
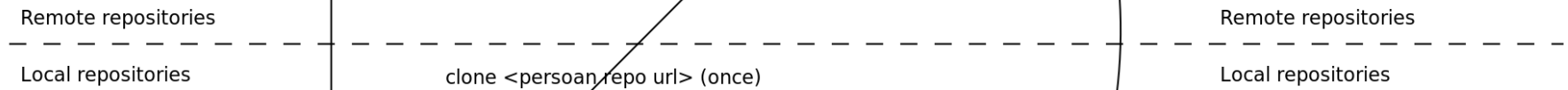
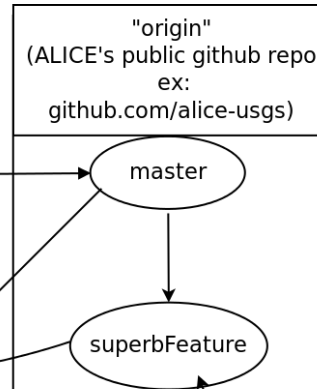
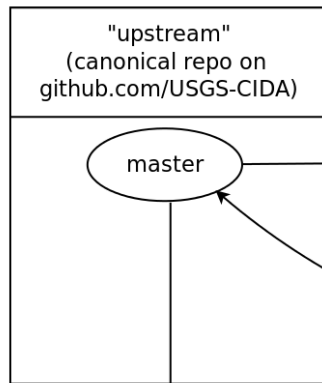
# **DOING IT RIGHT:**

## **A More Useful Workflow**









clone <persoan repo url> (once)  
AND  
remote add upstream <canonical repo url> (once)

pull upstream master (many)

checkout -b superbFeature (once per feature)

push origin superbFeature (many)

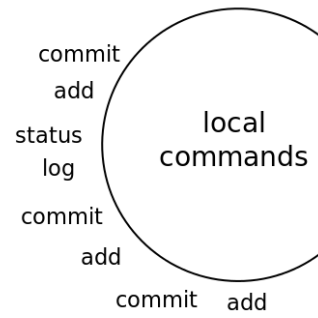
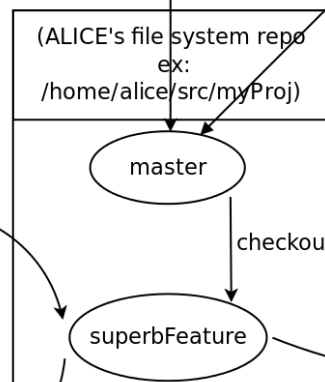
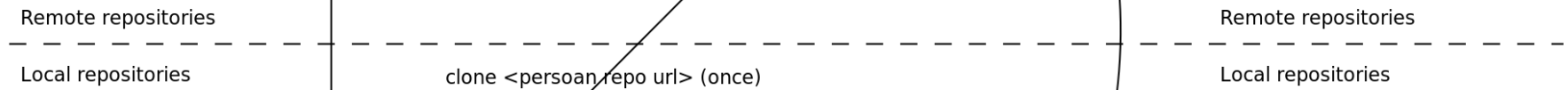
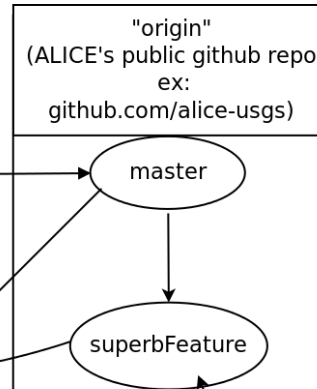
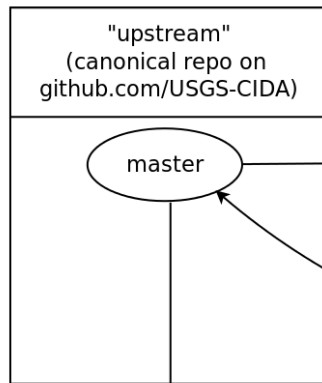
fork (once)

pull request (many)

# Pull Request Github Web Interface

Example:

<https://github.com/USGS-CIDA/glri-afinch/pull/43/>



clone <persoan repo url> (once)  
AND  
remote add upstream <canonical repo url> (once)

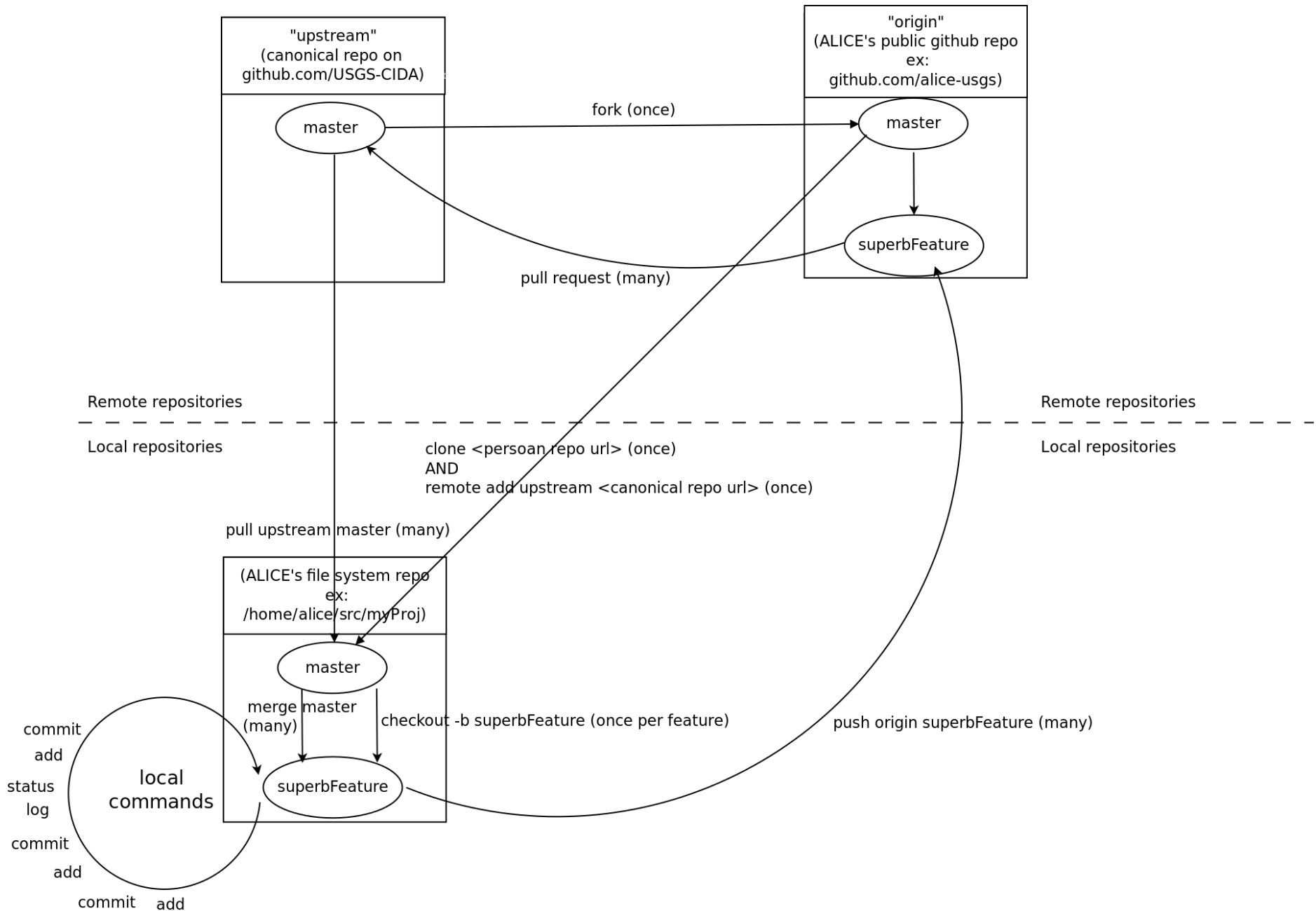
pull upstream master (many)

checkout -b superbFeature (once per feature)

push origin superbFeature (many)

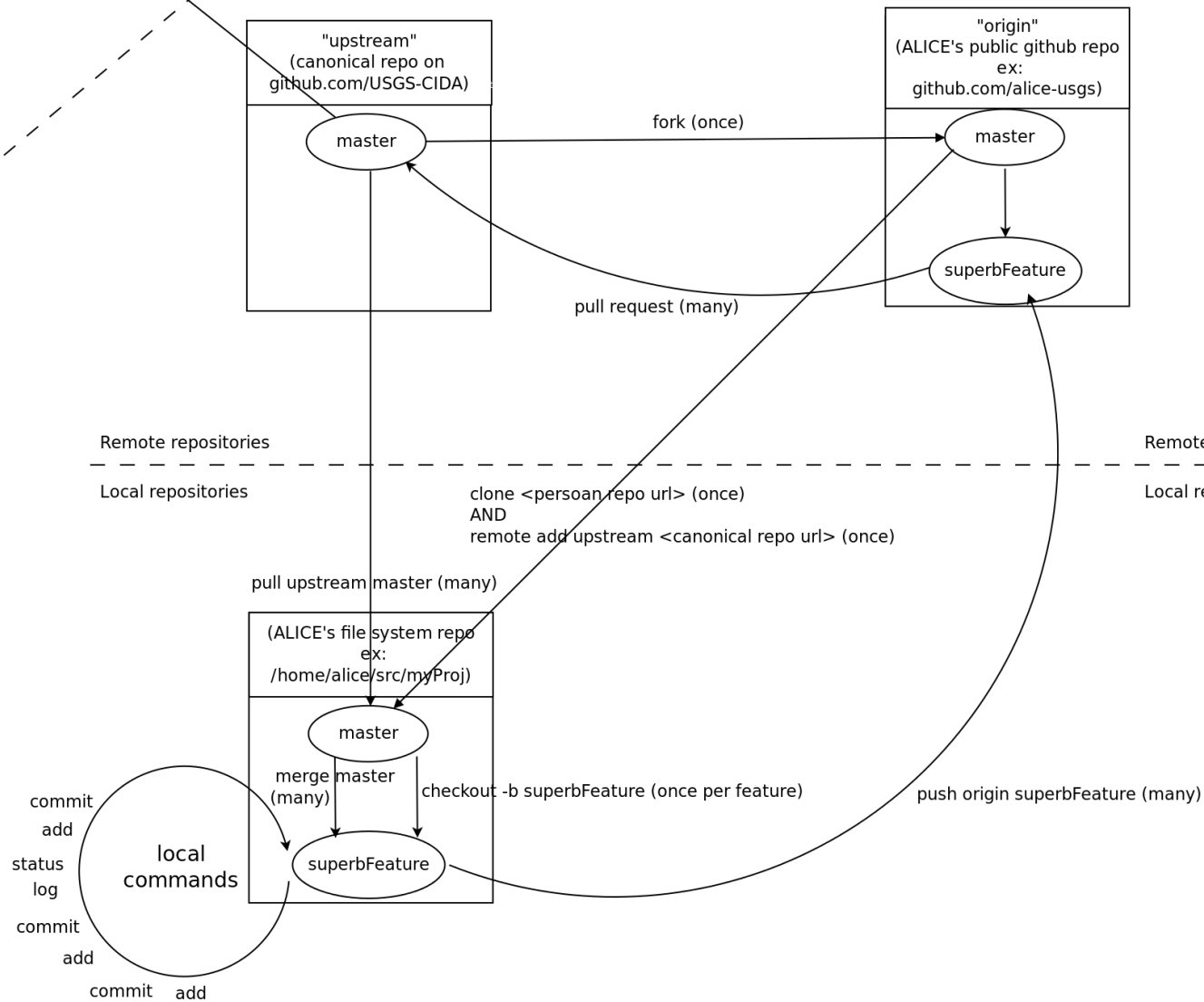
fork (once)

pull request (many)





Continuous Integration  
(Jenkins, Travis, etc.)  
git clone <canonical repo url>



# **Local Branching In Detail:**

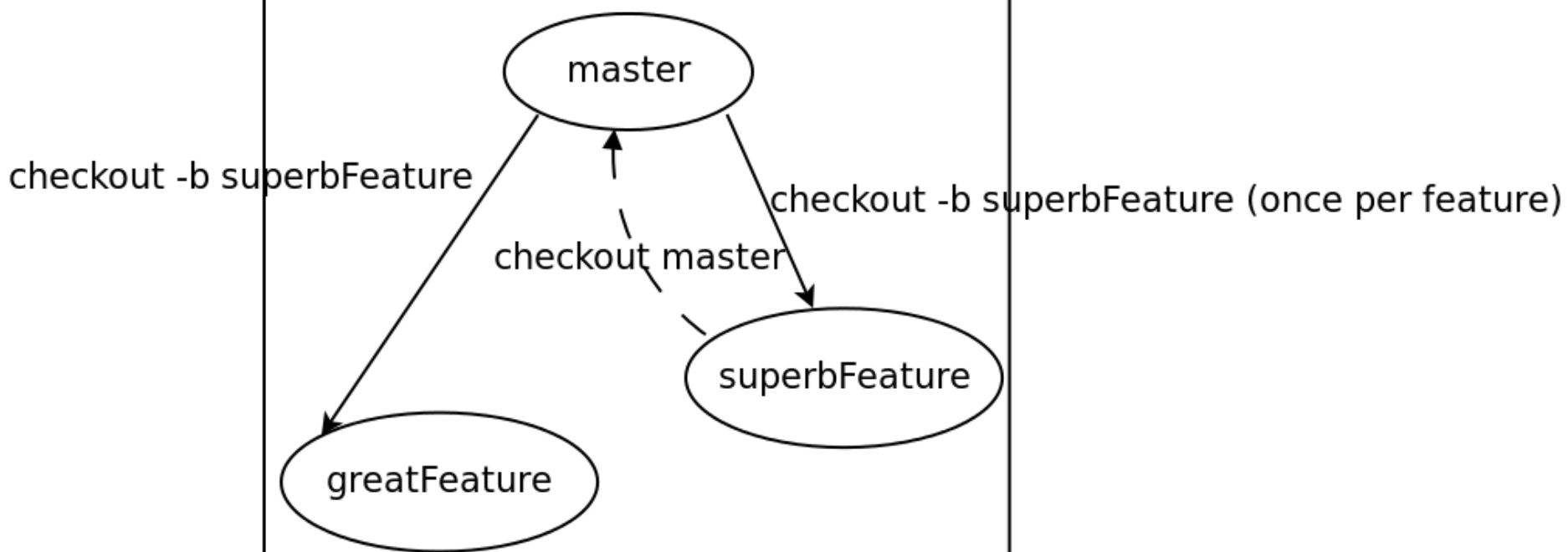
(ALICE's file system repo  
ex:  
/home/alice/src/myProj)

master

checkout -b superbFeature (once per feature)

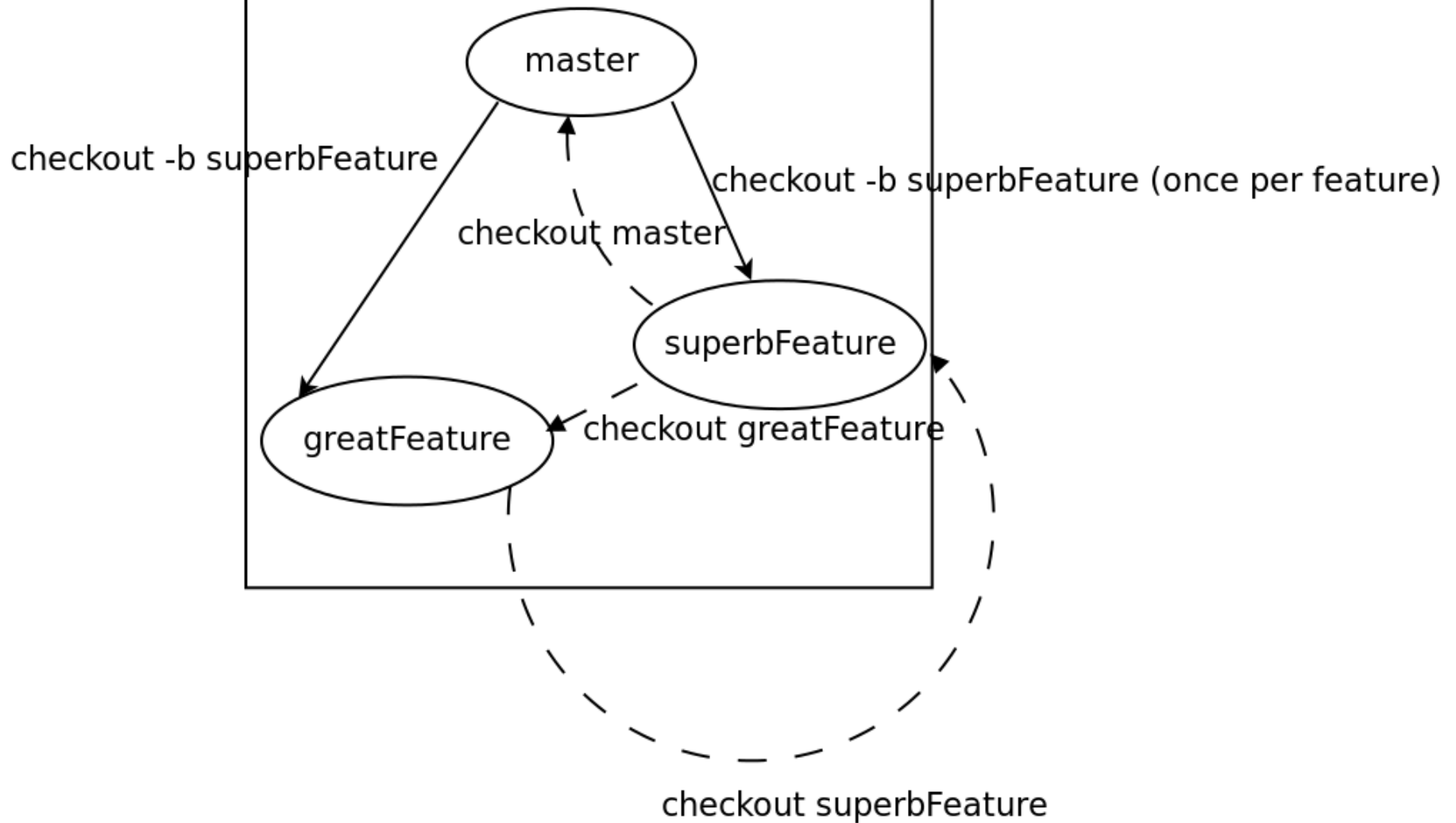
superbFeature

(ALICE's file system repo  
ex:  
/home/alice/src/myProj)





(ALICE's file system repo  
ex:  
/home/alice/src/myProj)



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