MIDTERM EXAM 2 EMPLID CSCI 135 NAME: FIRST LAST 1. Write a function: bool equals (char* a, int a size, char* b, int b size) that checks whether two char arrays are of equal length and have the same characters in the same order. bool equals(char* a, int a size, char* b, int b size) } 2. Write a function: void bar chart(int* values, int size) that displays a bar chart of values in the array values[], using asterisks and dashes, as below. Assume that all values in values[] are positive and no larger than 30. void bar chart(int* values, int size) { ******* ****** int main() { const int SIZE = 6; int values[SIZE] = {9, 4, 15, 21, 14, 7}; bar chart(values, SIZE);

return 0;

}

3. Write a function that finds the first occurrence of a value in a two-dimensional array. Return an int array of length 2 with the indices of the row and column. Make sure that this returned array persists beyond the scope of your function without using global or static variables -- use dynamic memory.

```
const int COLUMNS = 4;
int* find_value(int values[][COLUMNS], int target, int rows) {
```

```
}
int main() {
   int array[3][COLUMNS] = {{ 2, 1, 4, 9 },{ 1, 0, 2, 7 },{ 7, 3, 6, 1}};
   int* results = find_value(array, 6, 4); // look for: 6
   cout << "6 found at: " << results[0] << " " << results[1];
}</pre>
```

4. Write a code snippet that will initialize an "upside down" triangular array of characters with side 5, fill each element with character 'x', and print it out, so that it looks like this:

XXXXX

XXX

XX

X

(This should remind you of the Galton Board example)

5. Design a simple class Person that contains (or "has") the name of a person and two pointers: to the person's father and mother. In the main() function define objects for yourself and your parents, correctly establishing the pointer links. Use nullptr for your parents' parents.



6. Define an enum TimeOfDay, which can hold four possible values: MORNING, AFTERNOON, EVENING, and NIGHT. Write a main() function that will use a switch statement, which will hinge on a variable of this type to print the appropriate greeting: "Good mourning", "Good afternoon", etc.

```
int main() {
```

Variable and Constant Definitions

```
Type Name Initial value
int cans_per_pack = 6;
const double CAN_VOLUME = 0.335;
```

Mathematical Operations

```
#include <cmath>
```

```
pow(x, y) Raising to a power x^y

sqrt(x) Square root \sqrt{x}

log10(x) Decimal log log<sub>10</sub>(x)

abs(x) Absolute value |x|

sin(x)

cos(x) Sine, cosine, tangent of x (x in radians)

tan(x)
```

Selected Operators and Their Precedence

(See Appendix B for the complete list.)

```
[] Array element access

+--! Increment, decrement, Boolean not

* / % Multiplication, division, remainder

+- Addition, subtraction

< <= >>= Comparisons

= != Equal, not equal

& Boolean and

|| Boolean or

= Assignment
```

Loop Statements

```
Condition
while (balance < TARGET)
                                               Executed
   year++;
                                              while condition
   balance = balance * (1 + rate / 100);
                                               is true
   Initialization Condition Update
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
   cout << i << endl;
}
                Loop body executed
do
                   at least once
   cout << "Enter a positive integer: ";
   cin >> input;
while (input <= θ);
```

Conditional Statement

```
Condition
if (floor >= 13)
                                   Executed when
                                   condition is true
   actual floor = floor - 1;
}
else if (floor >= 0)
                            Second condition (optional)
{
   actual floor = floor;
}
else
                                            Executed when all
{
                                            conditions are false
   cout << "Floor negative" << endl;
                                            (optional)
```

String Operations

```
#include <string>
string s = "Hello";
int n = s.length(); // 5
string t = s.substr(1, 3); // "ell"
string c = s.substr(2, 1); // "l"
char ch = s[2]; // 'l'
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
{
    string c = s.substr(i, 1);
    or char ch = s[i];
    Process c or ch
}</pre>
```

Function Definitions

```
Return type Parameter type and name

double cube_volume(double side_length)
{
    double vol = side_length * side_length * side_length;
    return vol;
}

Exits function and returns result.

Reference parameter

void deposit(double& balance, double amount)
{
    balance = balance + amount;
}

Modifies supplied argument
```

Arrays

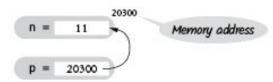
Enumerations, Switch Statement

```
enum Color { RED, GREEN, BLUE };
Color my_color = RED;

switch (my_color) {
   case RED :
      cout << "red"; break;
   case GREEN:
      cout << "green"; break;
   case BLUE :
      cout << "blue"; break;
}</pre>
```

Pointers

```
int n = 10;
int* p = &n; // p set to address of n
*p = 11; // n is now 11
```



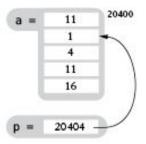
```
int a[5] = { 0, 1, 4, 9, 16 };

p = a; // p points to start of a

*p = 11; // a[0] is now 11

p++; // p points to a[1]

p[2] = 11; // a[3] is now 11
```



Range-based for Loop

```
An array, vector, or other container (C++ II)

for (int v : values)
{
   cout << v << endl;
}
```

Output Manipulators

#include <iomanip>

```
endl Output new line

fixed Fixed format for floating-point

setprecision(n) Number of digits after decimal point
for fixed format

setw(n) Field width for the next item

left Left alignment (use for strings)

right Right alignment (default)

setfill(ch) Fill character (default: space)
```

Class Definition

Input and Output

```
#include <iostream>
cin >> x; // x can be int, double, string
cout << x;
while (cin >> x) { Process x }
if (cin.fail()) // Previous input failed

#include <fstream>
string filename = ...;
ifstream in(filename);
ofstream out("output.txt");

string line; getline(in, line);
char ch; in.get(ch);
```

Inheritance

```
Derived dass
                                     Base dass
class CheckingAccount : public BankAccount
                                     Member function
public:
                                     overrides base class
   void deposit(double amount);
                          Added data member
   int transactions; -
                          in derived class
};
void CheckingAccount::deposit(double amount)
                                       Calls base class
   BankAccount::deposit(amount); -
                                      member function
   transactions++:
}
```