Variable and Constant Definitions

```
Type Name Initial value
int cans_per_pack = 6;
const double CAN_VOLUME = 0.335;
```

Mathematical Operations

```
#include <cmath>
```

```
pow(x, y) Raising to a power x^y

sqrt(x) Square root \sqrt{x}

log10(x) Decimal log \log_{10}(x)

abs(x) Absolute value |x|

sin(x)

cos(x) Sine, cosine, tangent of x (x in radians)

tan(x)
```

Selected Operators and Their Precedence

(See Appendix B for the complete list.)

```
[] Array element access

+--! Increment, decrement, Boolean not

* / % Multiplication, division, remainder

+- Addition, subtraction

< <= >>= Comparisons

= != Equal, not equal

& Boolean and

|| Boolean or

= Assignment
```

Loop Statements

while (input <= θ);

```
Condition
while (balance < TARGET)
                                               Executed
   year++;
                                               while condition
   balance = balance * (1 + rate / 100);
                                               is true
   Initialization Condition Update
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
   cout << i << endl;
}
                Loop body executed
do
                   at least once
   cout << "Enter a positive integer: ";
   cin >> input;
```

Conditional Statement

```
Condition
if (floor >= 13)
                                   Executed when
                                   condition is true
   actual floor = floor - 1;
}
else if (floor >= θ)
                            Second condition (optional)
{
   actual_floor = floor;
}
else
                                            Executed when all
{
                                            conditions are false
   cout << "Floor negative" << endl;
                                            (optional)
```

String Operations

```
#include <string>
string s = "Hello";
int n = s.length(); // 5
string t = s.substr(1, 3); // "ell"
string c = s.substr(2, 1); // "l"
char ch = s[2]; // 'l'
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
{
    string c = s.substr(i, 1);
    or char ch = s[i];
    Process c or ch
}</pre>
```

Function Definitions

```
Return type Parameter type and name

double cube_volume(double side_length)
{
    double vol = side_length * side_length * side_length;
    return vol;
}

Exits function and returns result.

Reference parameter

void deposit(double& balance, double amount)
{
    balance = balance + amount;
}

Modifies supplied argument
```

Arrays

```
Vectors
#include<vector> Element type | Initial values (C++ 11)
vector<int> values = \{ \theta, 1, 4, 9, 16 \};
                          Initially empty
vector<string> names;
                              Add elements to the end
names.push back("Ann");
names.push back("Cindy"); // names.size() is now 2
names.pop_back(); // Removes last element
names[0] = "Beth"; // Use [] for element access
Pointers
                                Memory address
int n = 10;
                                                   20300
int* p = &n; // p set to address of n
                                               11
*p = 11; // n is now 11
                                              20300
int a[5] = \{ 0, 1, 4, 9, 16 \};
                                                   20400
                                            11
p = a; // p points to start of a
                                            1
*p = 11; // a[0] is now 11
                                            4
p++; // p points to a[1]
                                            11
p[2] = 11; // a[3] \text{ is now } 11
                                            16
                                          20404
                                   p =
Input and Output
#include <iostream>
cin >> x; // x can be int, double, string
cout << x;
while (cin >> x) { Process x }
if (cin.fail()) // Previous input failed
#include <fstream>
string filename = ...;
ifstream in(filename);
ofstream out("output.txt");
string line; getline(in, line);
char ch; in.get(ch);
void increment_print() {
  static int s_value = 0; //static duration
  s_value++;
  cout << s_value << '\n';
} //s_value is not destroyed, but goes out of scope
int main() {
                              class Item {
  increment_print(); //1
                              private:
  increment_print(); //2
                                int m_id:
}
                                static int s_id_counter;
Static Variables
                              public:
                                ltem() {
                                   m_id = s_id_counter++;
```

Static Data Members

```
}
int get_id() const {
    return m_id;
}
};
int ltem::s_id_counter = 1;
int main() { //
    ltem first;
    ltem second;
    cout << first.get_id(); //1
    cout << second.get_id();//2
}</pre>
```

Range-based for Loop

```
An array, vector, or other container (C++ II)

for (int v : values)
{
   cout << v << endl;
}
```

Output Manipulators

#include <iomanip>

```
endl Output new line
fixed Fixed format for floating-point
setprecision(n) Number of digits after decimal point
for fixed format
setw(n) Field width for the next item
left Left alignment (use for strings)
right Right alignment (default)
setfill(ch) Fill character (default: space)
```

Enumerations, Switch Statement

```
enum Color { RED, GREEN, BLUE };
Color my_color = RED;

switch (my_color) {
   case RED :
      cout << "red"; break;
   case GREEN:
      cout << "green"; break;
   case BLUE :
      cout << "blue"; break;</pre>
```

Class Definition

```
Inheritance
                  Derived class
                                     Base dass
class CheckingAccount : public BankAccount
                                     Member function
public:
                                     overrides base class
   void deposit(double amount);
private:
                          Added data member
   int transactions; -
                          in derived class
};
void CheckingAccount::deposit(double amount)
                                      Calls base class
   BankAccount::deposit(amount); -
                                      member function
   transactions++:
```