

Flash Quiz 6 Questions

CSE 232 (Introduction to Programming II)

1. Which of the following is true about streams?
 - (a) All streams support insertion and extraction operations
 - (b) Streams can only be used by a single function
 - (c) Streams can be copied
 - (d) Streams can only be used to hold strings
 - (e) **None of the choices**
2. When should a parameter be a const reference?
 - (a) When the argument should not be copied
 - (b) When the argument should not be modified
 - (c) **(a) and (b)**
 - (d) None of the choices
3. What are member functions?
 - (a) Functions that are defined within the `main` function
 - (b) **Functions that are defined within a class**
 - (c) Functions that are defined as `const`
 - (d) (a) and (b)
 - (e) (b) and (c)
4. Which of the following is true about const functions?
 - (a) A const function does not change the object the function belongs to
 - (b) A const function can be called on a non-const object
 - (c) A const function can be called on a const object
 - (d) (a) and (c)
 - (e) **All of the choices**
5. Which of the following is true about getter functions?
 - (a) They usually have a return type
 - (b) They are usually void functions
 - (c) They are usually const functions
 - (d) They are usually non-const functions
 - (e) **(a) and (c)**
 - (f) (b) and (d)
6. Which of the following is true about setter functions?
 - (a) They usually have a return type
 - (b) They are usually void functions
 - (c) They are usually const functions
 - (d) They are usually non-const functions
 - (e) (a) and (c)
 - (f) **(b) and (d)**
7. Which of the following types of files are intended to be included in an `#include` directive?
 - (a) Object files
 - (b) **Header files**
 - (c) Main files
 - (d) Implementation files
 - (e) Configuration files
8. Which of the following is false about `fstream`?
 - (a) It can be written to
 - (b) It can be read from
 - (c) **It can be copied**
 - (d) None are false
9. Which of the following is true?
 - (a) `operator<<` works with `istream`
 - (b) `operator>>` works with `ostream`
 - (c) `operator<<` works with `ostream`
 - (d) `operator>>` works with `istream`
 - (e) (a) and (b)
 - (f) **(c) and (d)**

10. When should `fstream` be used?

- (a) Reading from and writing to the terminal
- (b) Reading from and writing to files
- (c) IO redirection
- (d) All of the choices