CSE 30 – ARM worksheet 1

- 1. True or False: registers don't have addresses, they only have names
- 2. What does this statement do? add r0, r1, r2

A.
$$r0 = r1 + r2$$

B.
$$r2 = r0 + r1$$

3. What does load do as an ARM instruction?

A. get data from memory to registers

- B. store data from register to memory
- 4. Write an assembly code to add three values and print out their sum. Assume that the values we want to add are in r0, r1, and r2

```
.cpu cortex-a53
.syntax unified
.arch armv6

.section .rodata
fmt: .asciz "%d\n"

.section .text
.align 2

.equ FP_OFFSET, 4
.type main, %function
.global main
main:

push {fp, lr}
add fp, sp, FP_OFFSET

//assign 7 to r0
```

//assign 8 to r1
//assign 20 to r2

```
ldr r0, =fmt
bl printf

mov r0, 0
sub sp, fp, FP_OFFSET
pop {fp, lr}
bx lr
```

.end

```
//perform r0= r0+r1+r3
```

mov r1, r0