



CS451 – Software Analysis

Lecture 0

Introduction to Course and Logistics

Elias Athanasopoulos
athanasopoulos.elias@ucy.ac.cy

What is this course all about?



- In many courses we learn how to develop software
 - Use programming systems/languages
 - Leverage software engineering techniques
 - Realize algorithms
 - Become familiar with APIs and frameworks
- Little attention is given to handling or processing existing software

Problem 1



- You have a large program with many different source files
- You want to see where most of your time is spent when running your program
- What do you do?

Problem 2



- You have a program, but you don't have access to the source code
- The program has a bug in a function
- You know the bug and how to fix it, what can you do?

Problem 3



- You are given an executable
- You don't know anything about it
- It may be malicious or not
- Can you safely run it?

Problem 4



- You are given a C program with 50K LoCs (lines of code) and around 2K different functions
- You want to log each function call in a log file
- Can you do this?

Problem 5



- You have a program that is processing data and then it crashes
- You need to see which code is executed before the process is crashing
- What do you do?

Problem 6



- You want to replace the memory allocator of a program
- What is a memory allocator?
- How can you plug a new memory allocator to an existing program?
- Do you need to recompile the program?

Software analysis



- This is just a fraction of problems that someone can solve with appropriate techniques of software analysis
- Some of the problems look tough
 - They might be, but good solutions exist
- Problems are from **different** domains
 - System administration, program development, malware analysis, performance optimization, forensics, etc.

Better understanding



- Developing the techniques gives us a better understanding of
 - How software works
 - How systems execute software
- Do you know how a program locates and calls the code of `printf()`?
- Do you know how a debugger implements a breakpoint?
- Have you ever modified a compiler?

Contents – bird's eye view



- The structure of binaries
 - ELF format
 - Important binary technologies, such as the use of GOT/PLT
- Techniques for binary analysis
 - Light inspection and disassembly (linear/recursive)
 - Debugging (ptrace())
 - Static and dynamic
- Techniques for generating enhanced binaries
 - Binary re-writing
- Techniques for instrumenting source code
 - Extending software using modern compiler frameworks (LLVM)

Approach



- The course is heavily based on hands-on experience
- Several tools will be implemented from scratch
- Analysis techniques will be applied to actual software
- A specific Virtual Machine image is used through out the course (see later slides)

Class structure



- Two lectures
 - Monday/Thursday according to the timetable
- Lab lecture
 - Wednesday (will be announced)

Lectures



- Slides will be available in advance
- Incorporate a lot of hands-on experience
 - Most of the useful work is in demonstrations that I do
- Real-time examples
- Homework

Homework



- Each lecture has a set of tasks that I do in real-time
 - Sometimes, I may actually build a small tool as part of the lecture
- My part will be at around 90-95% finished
 - Your homework is to deliver the remaining 5-10%
- Your steps will be clearly stated in the last slide of the lecture
 - Your 5-10% is based on trivial steps
 - **However**, you need to understand my 90-95% in order to achieve these steps

Homework



- You do not need to submit your homework
 - **Do not send me an e-mail** with your work (see below)
- It is not graded
- You can also skip it, entirely
 - Bad idea, since you will have a hard time in doing the assignments, midterm and final
- In each lecture, there will be 5-10 minutes time discussing issues for the homework of the previous lecture

Lab lecture



- Scheduled on Wednesday
 - No labs during the first week
 - There will be announcements
- It takes place on a lecture room (not in the labs)
- You need to have a laptop with the VM installed in order to follow the steps
- Typical lectures are already lab-based; what's new?
 - Lab lectures are based on concepts we are already familiar
 - More complicated demos

Virtual Machine



- You can get the VM image using the link below
 - <https://drive.google.com/open?id=19LZjmbF63BTEqHwRSrG2fmHHYHpaQL5c>
- It is a CentOS 8 Linux based system
 - With some required packages pre-installed
- You can build your own VM
 - Try to use CentOS 8, Ubuntu 16, or Debian, so that I can help you
 - My personal VM is Debian GNU/Linux 11 (bullseye)

How to use the VM



- There is a user 'u451' on the system
- The installation is very minimal (no GUI)
- A convenient way is to run the VM in your VirtualBox
 - Use a recent version (e.g., 6.1 or later)
- And connect to the VM using ssh from the host

Getting the IP address



```
cs451 [Running]
CentOS Linux 8
Kernel 4.18.0-348.2.1.el8_5.x86_64 on an x86_64

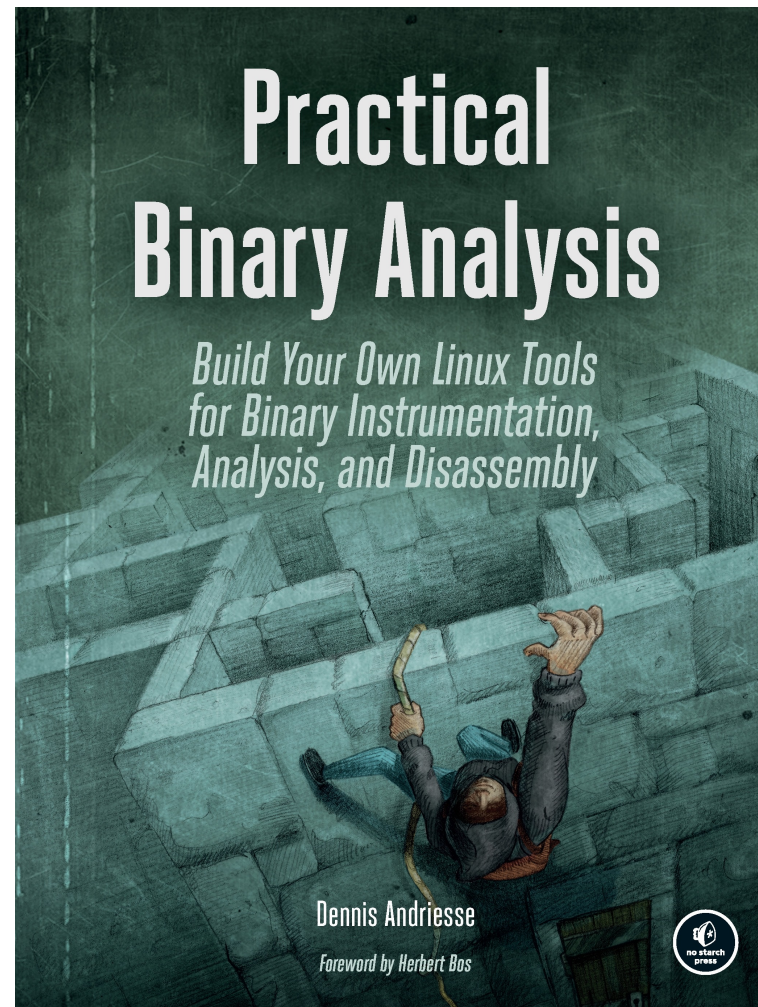
Activate the web console with: systemctl enable --now cockpit.socket

cs451 login: u451
Password:
Last login: Wed Jan 12 01:05:10 from 10.0.1.2
(u451@cs451:~)$ /sbin/ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.1.14 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.1.255
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fed4:2a6a prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:d4:2a:6a txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 106 bytes 12624 (12.3 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 71 bytes 9264 (9.0 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

(u451@cs451:~)$ _
```

Book



Logistics



- Your grade is based on the following distribution
 - Final exam – 50%
 - Midterm exam – 30%
 - Assignments – 20%
- You need to score at least 5 to pass the course

Communication



- Microsoft Teams
 - For communication and virtual lectures
 - Lecture material and timetable
- E-mail/Microsoft Teams
 - Assignment submission

Homework



- Download the VM and try to run it in your system with VirtualBox
 - <https://drive.google.com/open?id=19LZjmbF63BTEqHwRSrG2fmHHYHpaQL5c>
 - VirtualBox: <https://www.virtualbox.org>
- The VM is around 11GB
 - Have patient, use a good connection
- **Use chat in Microsoft Teams** to report problems
 - So that people with the same problem can receive help faster