



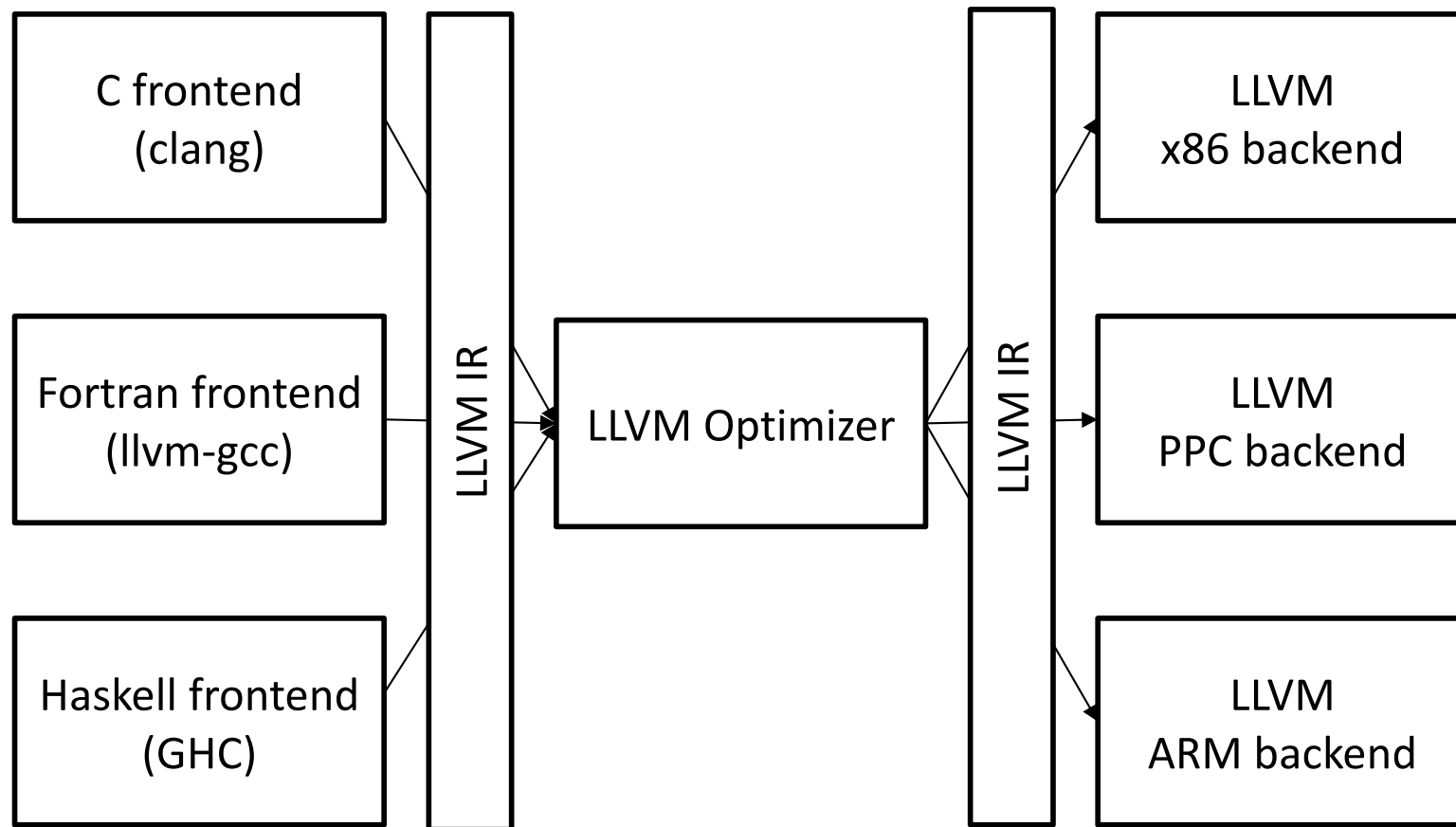
# CS451 – Software Analysis

## Lecture 21

### **Developing an LLVM Pass**

Elias Athanasopoulos  
athanasopoulos.elias@ucy.ac.cy

# Compiler design with LLVM



# LLVM pipeline



- The frontend (e.g., clang) transforms high-level code (e.g., C) to LLVM IR
  - The optimizer applies several passes that transform an existing IR to a new, optimized, IR
    - Several analysis tasks can be carried out, in this phase
- ```
$ bin/opt -print-passes |wc -l
```
- 328
- The backend transforms the optimized IR to native code

# Our first pass



- We will develop a first pass that is very simple
  - The pass should print all the function names that are compiled
- The code of the pass will be written in C++
- Once the pass is compiled, we will be able to use the pass when we compile new source using clang

# Pass files



- The pass is in  
    `llvm/lib/Transformations` and in the  
    folder `PrintFunctions`

```
(llvm/lib/Transforms/PrintFunctions)$ ls  
CMakeLists.txt  PrintFunctions.cpp
```

# CMakeLists.txt



- This file is used by the build system
  - We define the name of the shared library that implements the pass
  - It may include dependencies for more complicated projects

```
add_llvm_library(libLLVMPrintFunctions MODULE
    PrintFunctions.cpp
)
```

- You need to modify CMakeLists.txt of Transforms/ and add

```
add_subdirectory(PrintFunctions)
```

# Pass source - Initialization



```
#include "llvm/Pass.h"  
#include "llvm/Support/raw_ostream.h"  
#include "llvm/IR/Module.h"  
#include "llvm/IR/LegacyPassManager.h"  
#include "llvm/Transforms/IPO/PassManagerBuilder.h"  
  
using namespace llvm;
```

# Print all function names



```
namespace {  
  
    struct PrintFunctionsPass : public FunctionPass {  
        static char ID;  
        PrintFunctionsPass (): FunctionPass(ID) {}  
  
        virtual bool runOnFunction(Function &F) {  
            // Prints the name of each function.  
            errs() << F.getName() << "\n";  
            return false;  
        }  
    };  
  
}  
  
char PrintFunctionsPass::ID = 0;
```



# Registering the pass



```
static
RegisterPass<PrintFunctionsPass> X("PrintFunctions",
    "Print Functions Pass",
    false /* Only looks at CFG */,
    false /* Analysis Pass */);

static llvm::RegisterStandardPasses Y(
    llvm::PassManagerBuilder::EP_EarlyAsPossible,
    [](const llvm::PassManagerBuilder &Builder,
        llvm::legacy::PassManagerBase &PM) {
        PM.add(new PrintFunctionsPass());
    }
);
```

# Test the pass



- After building LLVM again, the new pass is a shared library
  - The name is `libLLVMPrintFunctions.so` and is in `build/lib`
- LLVM has an old and a new system to enable LLVM passes
  - We use the old system

```
(build/work)$ ../bin/clang -flegacy-pass-manager  
-Xclang -load -Xclang  
../lib/libLLVMPrintFunctions.so toy.c -o toy  
foo  
main
```

# Run the pass with opt



```
(build/work)$ ../bin/opt  
-enable-new-pm=0  
-load ../lib/libLLVMPrintFunctions.so  
-PrintFunctions < toy.bc > /dev/null
```

# How to print all functions and their total number



- The pass we developed processes each function individually
  - For printing their name
  - We have developed a `FunctionPass`
- What if we wanted to analyze some information related to many function
  - For instance, count all the functions

# Count all functions



```
namespace {
    struct CountFunctions : public ModulePass {
        static char ID;
        CountFunctions (): ModulePass(ID) {}
        virtual bool runOnModule(Module &M) {
            int counter = 0;

            for (Function& func: M) {
                counter++;
                errs() << func.getName() << "\n";
            }
            errs()<< "Total number of functions: "
                << counter << "\n";
            return false;
        }
    };
}
```

# Active passes



- We have developed, so far, passive analysis passes
  - Print the function names
  - Count all functions
- Can we make a more active pass?
  - Create some additional code

# Clone a function



```
namespace {
    struct Cloner: public ModulePass {
        static char ID;
        Cloner() : ModulePass(ID) {}

        bool runOnModule(Module &M) override {
            for (auto &F : M) {
                if (!F.getName().compare("foo")) {
                    Cloner::cloneFunction(F);
                    break;
                }
            }
            return true;
        }
        bool doFinalization(Module &M) override {
            ...
        }
        bool static cloneFunction(Function &F) {
            ...
        }
    };
}
```

# doFinalization()



```
bool doFinalization(Module &M) override {  
#ifdef _DEBUG  
    errs().write_escaped("Module is done.");  
#endif  
    return true;  
}
```



# cloneFunction()



```
bool static cloneFunction(Function &F) {  
#ifdef _DEBUG  
    errs() << "Cloner: ";  
    errs().write_escaped(F.getName()) << '\n';  
#endif  
    ValueToValueMapTy vmap;  
    ClonedCodeInfo cc;  
  
#ifdef _DEBUG  
    errs().write_escaped("Has the following arguments: ");  
    for (Function::const_arg_iterator argI = F.arg_begin();  
         argI != F.arg_end();  
         ++argI) {  
        errs().write_escaped(argI->getName()) << ' ';  
    }  
    errs() << '\n';  
#endif  
    llvm::CloneFunction(&F, vmap, &cc);  
    return false;  
}
```