## PH-105 Assignment Sheet - 3

## Ashwin P. Paranjape

**56.** For a particle in one-dimensional box of side L, show that the probability of finding the particle between x = B and x = B + b approaches the classical value b/L, if the energy of the particle is very high. Solution:

Wavefunction for particle in a box is given by

$$\phi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \text{ for } 0 < x < L$$

= 0 elsewhere

Now probablity of finding the particle between B and B+b is given by

$$\begin{split} P &= \int_{B}^{B+b} \frac{2}{L} sin^2 (\frac{n\pi x}{L}) \mathrm{d}x \\ P &= \frac{2}{L} \int_{B}^{B+b} \frac{1 - cos(\frac{2n\pi x}{L})}{2} \mathrm{d}x \\ P &= \frac{1}{L} \Big( b - \frac{L}{2n\pi} \big( sin(\frac{2n\pi(B+b)}{L} \big) - sin(\frac{2n\pi(B)}{L} \big) \big) \Big) \\ P &= \frac{1}{L} \Big( b - \frac{L}{n\pi} cos(\frac{2n\pi(2B+b)}{L}) sin(\frac{2n\pi b}{L}) \big) \end{split}$$

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}P=\frac{b}{L}$$