

64. The dispersion relation for a lattice wave propagating in a one dimensional chain of atoms of mass  $m$  bound together by a force constant  $\beta$  is given by the relation  $\omega = \omega_0 \sin(ka/2)$ , where  $a$  is the distance between atoms and  $\beta = \omega_0^2 m/4$ .

(a) Show that in the long wavelength limit the medium is non-dispersive.

(b) Find the group and phase velocities at  $k = \frac{\pi}{a}$ .

[Ans: 0,  $\omega_0 a/\pi$ ]

Solution:

(a)  $\omega = \omega_0 \sin(ka/2)$ ,  $\beta = \frac{\omega_0^2 m}{4}$

Here  $k = 2\pi/\lambda$

For the case a, i.e. long wavelength,  $k$  will be small

$\sin(ka/2) \sim ka/2$

$\therefore \omega = \omega_0 ka/2$

$\therefore v_p = \omega/k = \omega_0 a/2$

$v_g = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{\omega_0 a}{2}$

This is independent of  $k$ ,  
Hence the medium is non-dispersive.

(b)  $\omega = \omega_0 \sin(ka/2)$

$v_p = \omega/k \Big|_{k=\pi/a} = \frac{\omega_0}{k} \sin(\pi/2) = \frac{\omega_0 a}{\pi}$

$v_g = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{\omega_0 a}{2} \cos(ka/2) \Big|_{k=\pi/a} = 0$