TCP Congestion Control -- Overview

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Seminal Paper: Congestion Avoidance and Control by Van Jacobson and Michael J. Karels

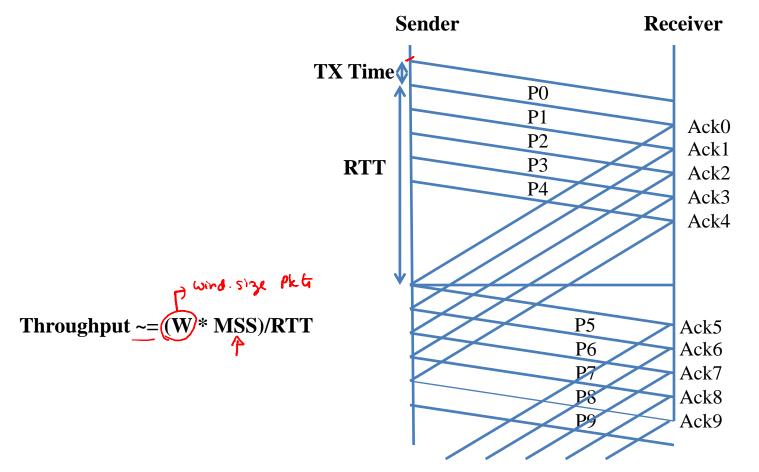
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Recap: TCP Services

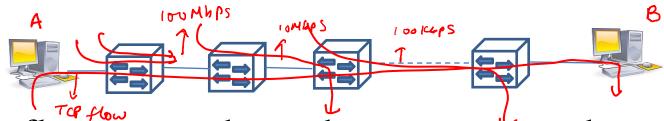
- Multiplexing/Demultiplexing
- Reliable point-to-point data transfer
- Full-duplex
- Congestion control
- Flow control

Sliding window Protocol

Recap: Sliding Window

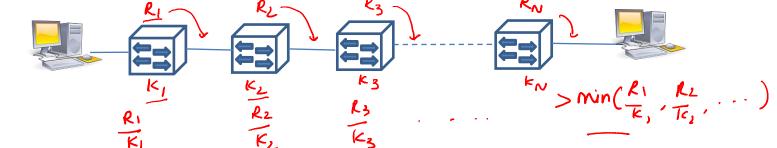


Congestion Control: Problem Statement



- Many flows pass through a router; number varies with time
- Flows can be TCP or UDP
- The link capacities of the routers are different
- End Result: Throughput achieved by a given flow function of many factors

Congestion Control: Challenge

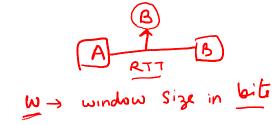


- Need to estimate (W) (of sliding window) such that each flow gets its fair share
- Estimate small → underutilization; Estimate large → Congestion
- W will vary over time
- Congestion Control: Preventing sources from sending too much data too fast and thereby 'congest' the network

Sliding Window Protocol

- Roughly, idea translates to the following:
- View network as a pipe
- Determine the capacity of the pipe (Bandwidth-delay product)
- Fill the pipe with data
- As you remove one packet form the pipe, add another
 - ACKs help clock out data (Self Clocking)

Self- Clocking

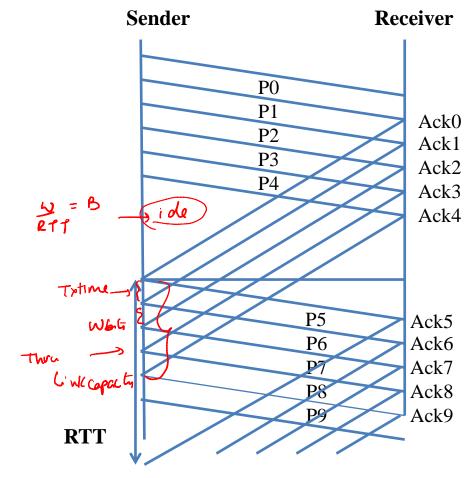


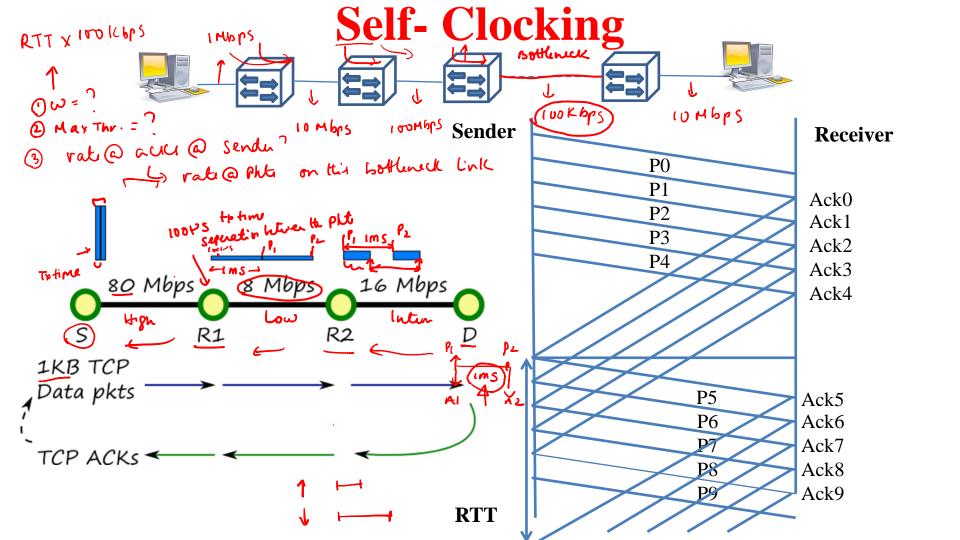
- ONW = BXRTT
- 2 Max Thr A & B 7 = B
- Rati @ which Acks one coming?

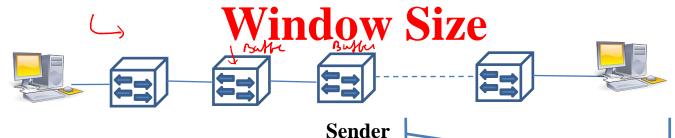
 —> Rati @ which Pht

 Ly Link Capacity

Sel-docking







- $\underline{W} > \underline{BDP} (in bits)$
- Sliding Window says
 - Thr = W/RTT >Bottleneck bandwidth
- Self-clocking says
 - Max thr is bottleneck
 bandwidth

 RTT



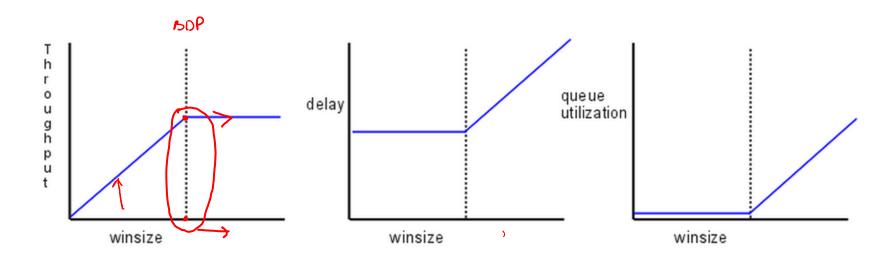


Ack5 Ack6

Ack7

Ack8 Ack9

Window Size



Same Idea

- View network as a pipe
- Estimate Bandwidth-delay product (capacity) dynamically
- Uses the variable Congestion Window (CW) to track it
- Self Clocking: Captures bottleneck bandwidth
 - Use ACKs to clock out data
 - Not perfect (With competing traffic ack spacing will not be preserved)

3 Steps

- Getting to Equilibrium
- Conservation at equilibrium
 - Don't put new packet unless old one is removed
- Adapting to Path Dynamics

Summary

- Congestion Control is a complex problem
- Need to implement it in the context of the sliding window protocol
 - Self clocking is a useful feature (we will rely on this to capture bottleneck bandwidth)
 - Need to determine and adapt W (window size) such that you don't underutilize bandwidth or congest the network
- Ahead: Actual details