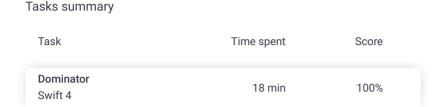
Codility_

Candidate Report: Anonymous

Check out Codility training tasks

Test Name:

Summary Timeline Feedback





Tasks Details

1. Dominator

asy

Find an index of an array such that its value occurs at more than half of indices in the array.

Task Score

Correctness

Performance

100% 100%

100%

Task description

An array A consisting of N integers is given. The *dominator* of array A is the value that occurs in more than half of the elements of A.

For example, consider array A such that

$$A[0] = 3$$
 $A[1] = 4$ $A[2] = 3$
 $A[3] = 2$ $A[4] = 3$ $A[5] = -1$
 $A[6] = 3$ $A[7] = 3$

The dominator of A is 3 because it occurs in 5 out of 8 elements of A (namely in those with indices 0, 2, 4, 6 and 7) and 5 is more than a half of

Write a function

that, given an array A consisting of N integers, returns index of any element of array A in which the dominator of A occurs. The function should return -1 if array A does not have a dominator.

For example, given array A such that

$$A[0] = 3$$
 $A[1] = 4$ $A[2] = 3$
 $A[3] = 2$ $A[4] = 3$ $A[5] = -1$
 $A[6] = 3$ $A[7] = 3$

the function may return 0, 2, 4, 6 or 7, as explained above.

Write an efficient algorithm for the following assumptions:

• N is an integer within the range [0..100,000];

Solution

Programming language used: Swift 4

Total time used: 18 minutes

Notes: not defined yet

Task timeline

Effective time used:

 \vee



18 minutes

14:24:44 14:42:27

Code: 14:42:27 UTC, swift4, final, show code in pop-up score: 100

1 import Foundation import Glibc

public struct Stack<T> {

 each element of array A is an integer within the range [-2,147,483,648..2,147,483,647].

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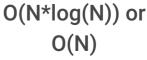
```
8
 9
       /// Datastructure consisting of a generic item.
10
       fileprivate var array = [T]()
11
       /// The number of items in the stack.
12
13
       public var count: Int {
14
         return array.count
15
16
17
       /// Verifies if the stack is empty.
18
      public var isEmpty: Bool {
19
         return array.isEmpty
20
21
22
23
          Pushes an item to the top of the stack.
24
25
          - Parameter element: The item being pushed.
26
27
       public mutating func push(_ element: T) {
28
         array.append(element)
29
30
31
32
          Removes and returns the item at the top of the sta
33
34
          - Returns: The item at the top of the stack.
35
36
       public mutating func pop() -> T? {
37
         return array.popLast()
38
39
40
       /// Returns the item at the top of the stack.
41
       public var top: T? {
42
         return array.last
43
44
    }
45
46
47
     public func solution(_ A : inout [Int]) -> Int {
48
49
         var stack = Stack<Int>()
50
         var index = -1
51
         outer: for item in A {
52
             if let top = stack.top {
53
                 if item != top {
54
                     stack.pop()
55
                     continue outer
56
57
58
             stack.push(item)
59
60
         guard let element = stack.top else { return index
61
62
63
         if (A.filter{$0 == element}.count) > A.count/2 {
             for (i,item) in A.enumerated(){
64
65
                 if stack.top! == item {
66
                     index = i
67
                     break
68
69
             }
70
71
72
         return index
73
    }
```

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis 2

Detected time complexity:



expan	nd all Example tests		
>	example example test	∨ 0I	K
expan	d all Correctness tes	ts	
>	small_nondominator all different and all the same elements	∨ 0I	K
>	small_half_positions half elements the same, and half + 1 elements the same	∨ 0I	K
>	small small test	v 01	K
>	small_pyramid decreasing and plateau, small	∨ 0I	K
•	extreme_empty_and_single_item empty and single element arrays	∨ 0I	K
•	extreme_half1 array with exactly N/2 values 1, N even + [0,0,1,1,1]	v 01	K
•	extreme_half2 array with exactly floor(N/2) values 1, N odd +[0,0,1,1,1]	v 01	K
•	extreme_half3 array with exactly ceil(N/2) values 1 + [0,0,1,1,1]	v 01	K
expan	d all Performance te	sts	
•	medium_pyramid decreasing and plateau, medium	∨ 0I	K
>	large_pyramid decreasing and plateau, large	∨ 0I	K
•	medium_random random test with dominator, N = 10,000	v 01	K
•	large_random random test with dominator, N = 100,000	∨ 0I	K

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