CSET 2200
Firewalls
Security so far
Routers have ACLCan filter packetsOften performed in hardware

Firewalls

- ▶ Perform similar filtering to Router
- ► Track state
- ▶ Purpose built to inspect traffic
- ► Software filtering normally

Differences

- ▶ For basic purposes not much difference
- ► Firewalls track state
- ► Firewalls have richer configuration syntax
- ► Slower since software

Cisco Firewalls

- ► Original ones called Pix
- ► Now ASA (Adaptive Security Appliance)
- ► Come in many models

ASA

- ► Based on Intel chips
- ► Run custom PIX/ASA OS
- ▶ Models range from small soho to multi-gb solutions

Configuration ► Somewhat like IOS ► A good number of differences ▶ Has more features to configure ACLs Interfaces ▶ Interfaces get names also called zones ▶ Naming convention is somewhat different Normally a dedicated management interface

Security Zones

- ▶ Zones are names and applied to interfaces
- ▶ Each zone has a security level
- ▶ More secure (Higher value) can talk to less secure
- ▶ Less secure requres explicit ACL
- ► Traffic on same zone inter/intra interface can be defined

ACL Configuration

- New ASA supports objects and groups
- ▶ Let you name IPs
- ► Also lets you create groups
- Makes configuration easier to read

ACL Example

```
object-group network CNWR_trusted
network-object 64.254.140.0 255.255.255.224
network-object 64.254.134.0 255.255.255.250
network-object 72.240.52.32 255.255.255.240
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp any host cnwr_exch_access-list acl_out extended permit tcp 72.240.52.32 255.25
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp host 75.101.140.73
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp host 72.240.50.75 1
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp host 64.254.140.98
access-list acl_out extended permit udp object-group CNWR_1
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp object-group CNWR_1
access-list acl_out extended permit tcp object-group CNWR_1
```

NAT and the ASA

- Configuration Style has varied over the years
- Current versions configure on objects
- ► Configure NAT-0 and Pool/PAT in after statements

NAT Example

```
object network IP-10.100.8.72
nat (inside,iisdmz) static 192.168.98.204
nat (inside,outside) after-auto source dynamic inside_nat_onat (norisdmz,outside) after-auto source dynamic norisdmz_n
```

VPN (Virtual Private Network)

- ASA and Routers support VPN
- ► Routers need the right license
- ▶ VPN creates a virtual tunnel between networks
- ► Traffic usually encrypted

Inspections ► ASA supports deep packet inspection ▶ Ensures right traffic passing on a port ► Example - HTTP over the DNS ports Questions

Demonstration
Questions

Next time - IPv6		