



Two-output models

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Simple model with 2 outputs

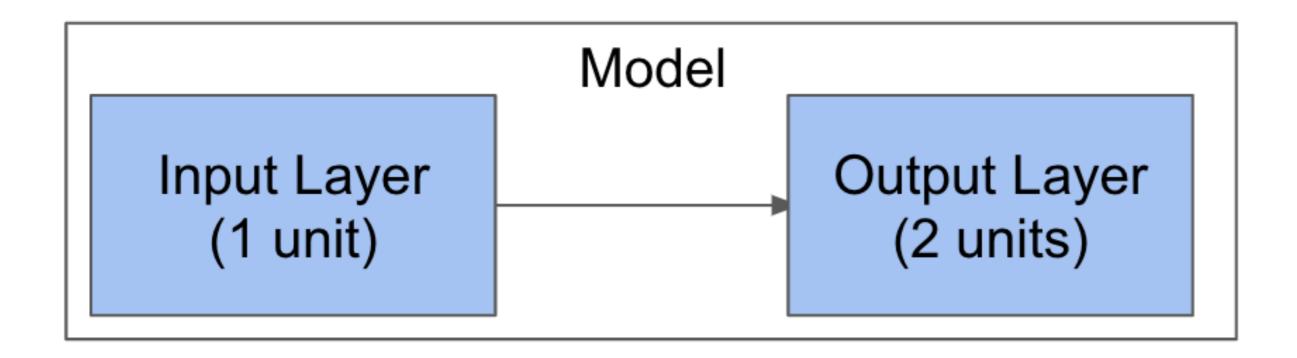
```
from keras.layers import Input, Concatenate, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor = Dense(2)(input_tensor)
```





Simple model with 2 outputs

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model(input_tensor, output_tensor)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_absolute_error')
```





Fitting a model with 2 outputs

```
games_tourney_train[['seed_diff', 'score_1', 'score_2']].head()
```

```
    seed_diff
    score_1
    score_2

    0
    -3
    41
    50

    1
    4
    61
    55

    2
    5
    59
    63

    3
    3
    50
    41

    4
    1
    54
    63
```

```
X = games_tourney_train[['seed_diff']]
y = games_tourney_train[['score_1', 'score_2']]
model.fit(X, y, epochs=500)
```



Inspecting a 2 output model

```
model.get_weights()

[array([[ 0.60714734, -0.5988793 ]], dtype=float32),
array([70.39491, 70.39306], dtype=float32)]
```



Evaluating a model with 2 outputs

```
X = games_tourney_test[['seed_diff']]
y = games_tourney_test[['score_1', 'score_2']]
model.evaluate(X, y)

11.528035634635021
```





Let's practice!





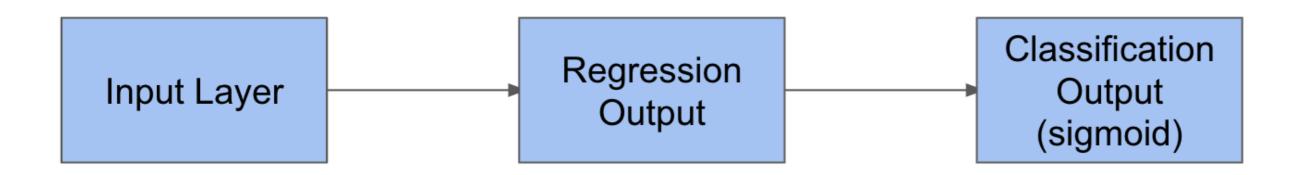
Single model for classification and regression

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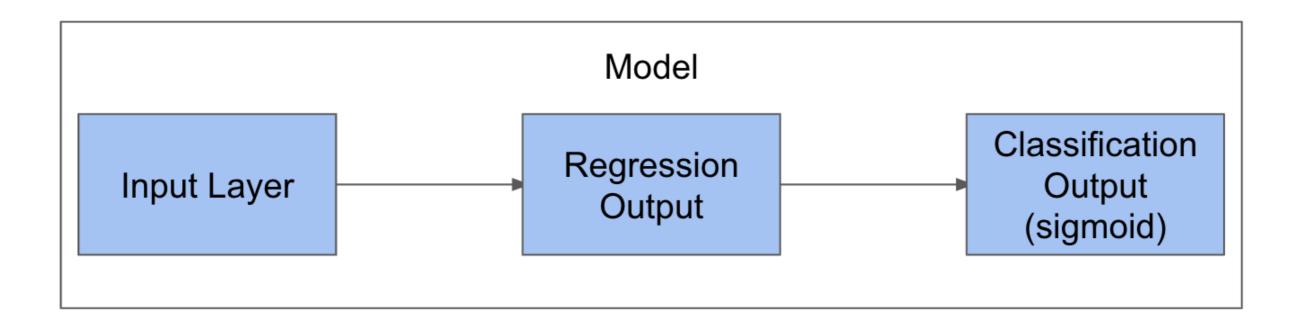
Build a simple regressor/classifier

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor_reg = Dense(1)(input_tensor)
output_tensor_class = Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')(output_tensor_reg)
```





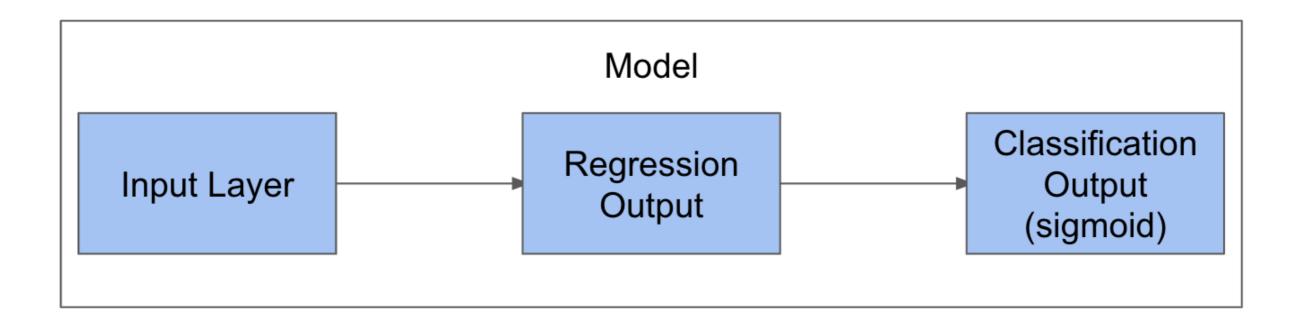
Make a regressor/classifier model





Fit the combination classifier/regressor

```
X = games_tourney_train[['seed_diff']]
y_reg = games_tourney_train[['score_diff']]
y_class = games_tourney_train[['won']]
model.fit(X, [y_reg, y_class], epochs=100)
```

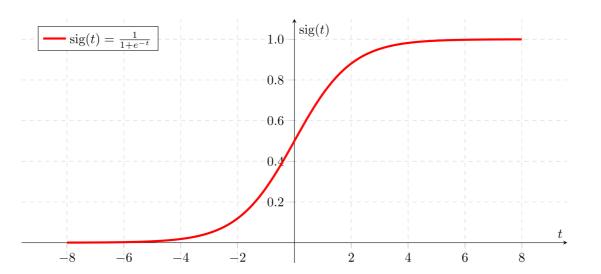




Look at the model's weights

```
model.get_weights()

[array([[1.2371823]], dtype=float32),
   array([-0.05451894], dtype=float32),
   array([[0.13870609]], dtype=float32),
   array([0.00734114], dtype=float32)]
```





Look at the model's weights

```
model.get_weights()

[array([[1.2371823]], dtype=float32),
    array([-0.05451894], dtype=float32),
    array([[0.13870609]], dtype=float32),
    array([0.00734114], dtype=float32)]

from scipy.special import expit as sigmoid
    print(sigmoid(1 * 0.13870609 + 0.00734114))
0.5364470465211318
```



Evaluate the model on new data

```
X = games_tourney_test[['seed_diff']]
y_reg = games_tourney_test[['score_diff']]
y_class = games_tourney_test[['won']]
model.evaluate(X, [y_reg, y_class])
[9.866300069455413, 9.281179495657208, 0.585120575627864]
```





Now you try!





Wrap-up

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So far...

- Functional API
- Shared layers
- Categorical embeddings
- Multiple inputs
- Multiple outputs
- Regression / Classification in one model



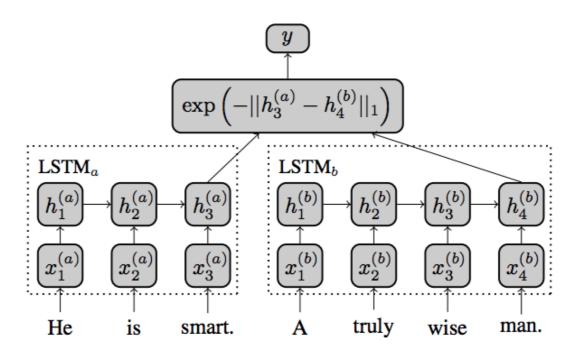
Shared layers

Useful for making comparisons

- Basketball teams
- Image similarity / retrieval
- Document similarity

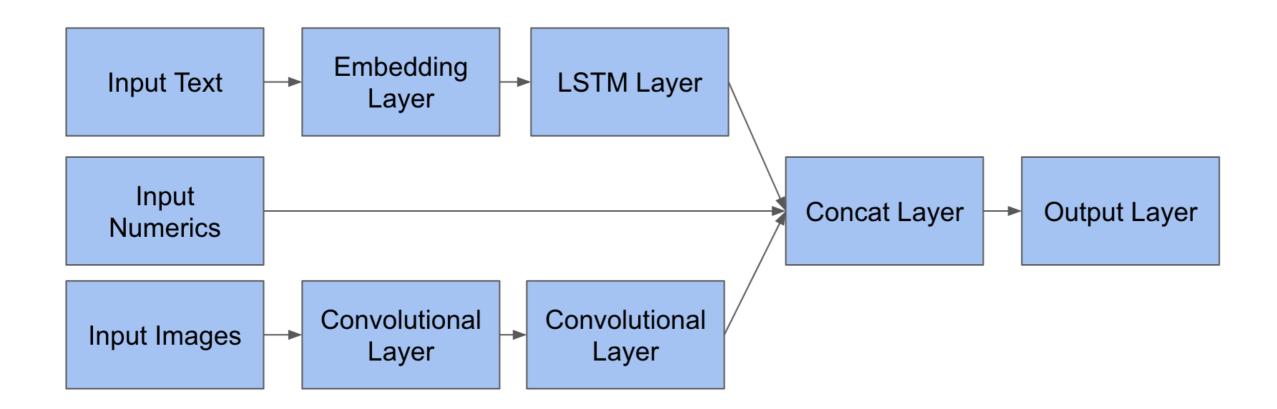
Known in the academic literature as Siamese networks

- Link to blog post
- Link to academic paper



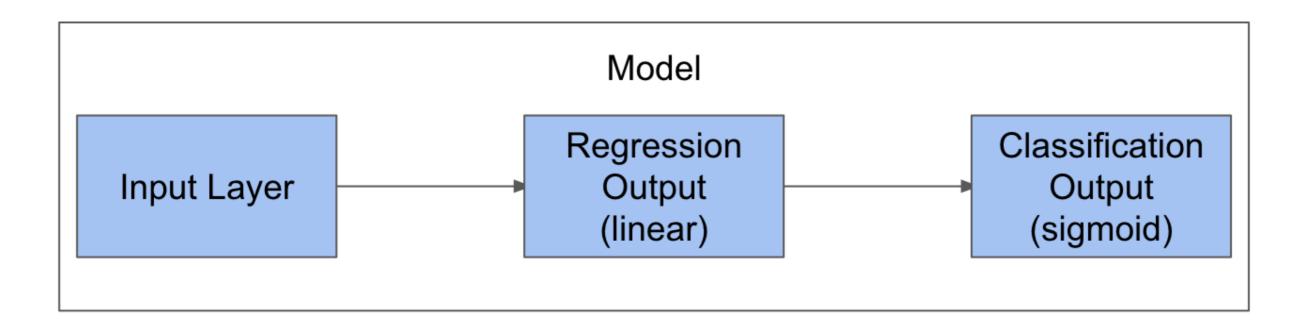


Multiple inputs





Multiple outputs

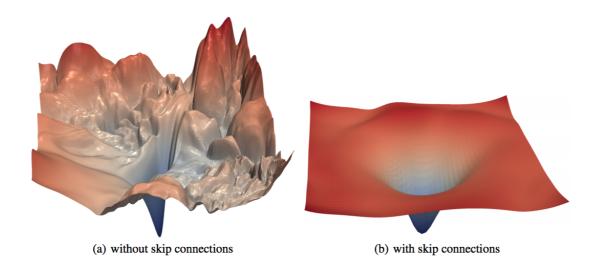




Skip connections

```
input_tensor = Input((100,))
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(input_tensor)
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(hidden_tensor)
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(hidden_tensor)
output_tensor = Concatenate()([input_tensor, hidden_tensor])
output_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(output_tensor)
```

Visualizing the Loss Landscape of Neural Nets







Best of luck!