**Un-selected is correct** 

## **Congratulations! You passed!** Next Item What does the analogy "AI is the new electricity" refer to? Through the "smart grid", AI is delivering a new wave of electricity. 1/1 points Similar to electricity starting about 100 years ago, AI is transforming multiple industries. Yes. Al is transforming many fields from the car industry to agriculture to supplychain... Al is powering personal devices in our homes and offices, similar to electricity. Al runs on computers and is thus powered by electricity, but it is letting computers do things not possible before. Which of these are reasons for Deep Learning recently taking off? (Check the two options that apply.) 1/1 We have access to a lot more data. points Correct Yes! The digitalization of our society has played a huge role in this. Deep learning has resulted in significant improvements in important applications such as online advertising, speech recognition, and image recognition.



#### Un-selected is correct

We have access to a lot more computational power.

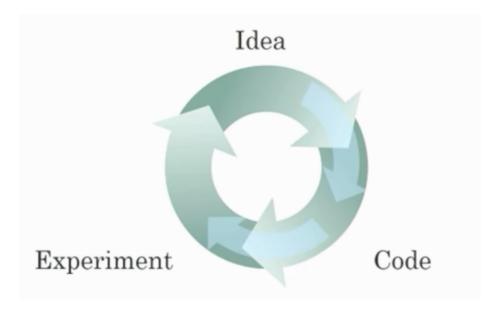
#### Correct

Yes! The development of hardware, perhaps especially GPU computing, has significantly improved deep learning algorithms' performance.



3. Recall this diagram of iterating over different ML ideas. Which of the statements below are true? (Check all that apply.)

1/1 points



Being able to try out ideas quickly allows deep learning engineers to iterate more quickly.

Correct

10/10 points (100%) Quiz, 10 questions Faster computation can help speed up how long a team takes to iterate to a good idea. Correct Yes, as discussed in Lecture 4. It is faster to train on a big dataset than a small dataset. Un-selected is correct Recent progress in deep learning algorithms has allowed us to train good models faster (even without changing the CPU/GPU hardware). Correct Yes. For example, we discussed how switching from sigmoid to ReLU activation functions allows faster training. When an experienced deep learning engineer works on a new problem, they can usually use insight from previous problems to train a good model on the first try, without needing to iterate multiple times through different models. True/False? 1/1 points

#### Correct

Yes. Finding the characteristics of a model is key to have good performance. Although experience can help, it requires multiple iterations to build a good model.

10/10 points (100%)

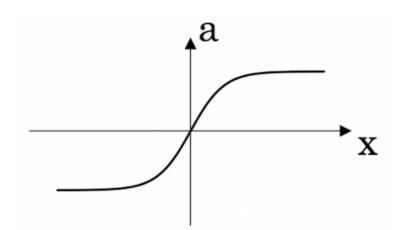
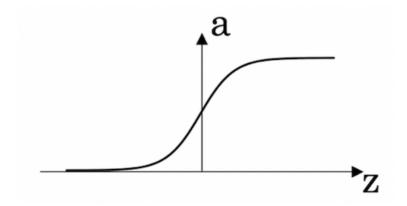
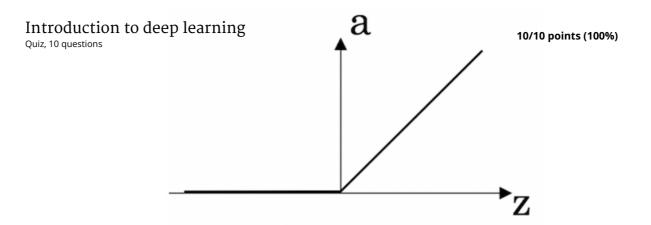


Figure 2:

points

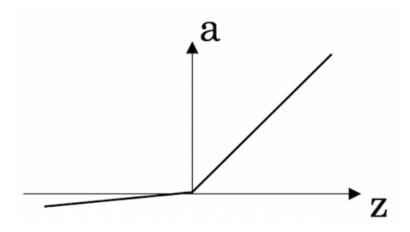




### Correct

Correct! This is the ReLU activation function, the most used in neural networks.

Figure 4:



Images for cat recognition is an example of "structured" data, because it is represented as a  10/10 points (100%)  True  False  Correct  Yes. Images for cat recognition is an example of "structured" data.
A demographic dataset with statistics on different cities' population, GDP per capita, economic growth is an example of "unstructured" data because it contains data coming from different sources. True/False?  True  False  Correct  A demographic dataset with statistics on different cities' population, GDP per capita, economic growth is an example of "structured" data by opposition to image, audio or text datasets.
Why is an RNN (Recurrent Neural Network) used for machine translation, say translating English to French? (Check all that apply.)  It can be trained as a supervised learning problem.  Correct  Yes. We can train it on many pairs of sentences x (English) and y (French).

# Introduction to deep learning Quiz, 10 questions

It is applicable when the input/output is a sequence (e.g., a sequence of words).

#### Correct

Yes. An RNN can map from a sequence of english words to a sequence of french words.

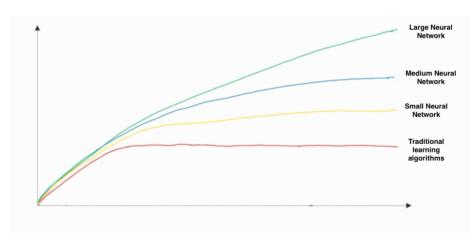
RNNs represent the recurrent process of Idea->Code->Experiment->Idea->....

Un-selected is correct

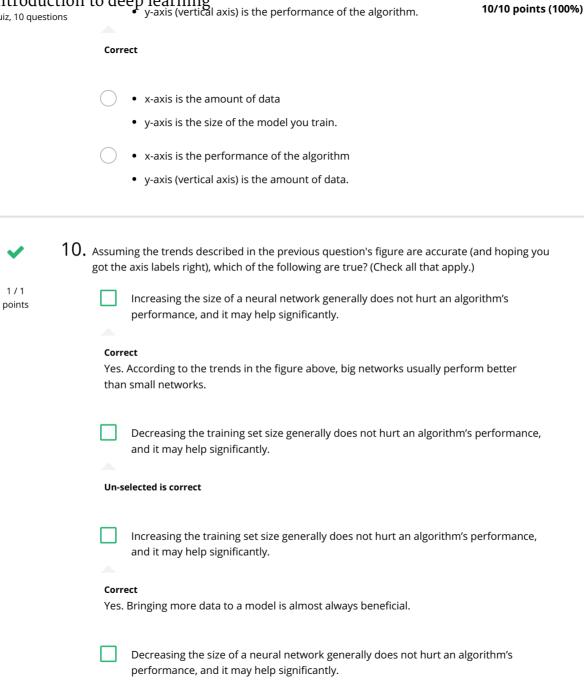


9. In this diagram which we hand-drew in lecture, what do the horizontal axis (x-axis) and vertical axis (y-axis) represent?

1/1 points



- x-axis is the input to the algorithm
  - y-axis is outputs.



10/10 points (100%)

r v