

summary

Monday, November 28, 2016 8:51 AM

$$c(u, v) = \frac{|N(u) \cap N(v)|}{|N(u) \cup N(v)|} \sim \frac{\text{Number of triangles}}{\text{Number of possible}}$$

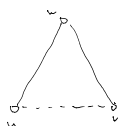
Ex.



$$c(u, v) = \frac{|\{v, w\} \cap \{u, w\}|}{|\{u, v, w\}|} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Then $c(G) = \frac{1}{\binom{n}{2}} \cdot \sum_{u \in V, v \in V} c(u, v)$
 ↑
 sum over all pairs.

Problem:

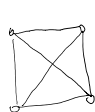


$$c(u, v) = \frac{|\{w\}|}{|\{u, v, w\}|} = \frac{1}{3}$$

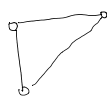
but $c(u, w) = \frac{2}{3}$.

→ ideally want $\frac{2}{3}$ for each edge of triangle

Issues with WS clustering:



$$c(G) = 1$$



$$c(G) = 3/4$$



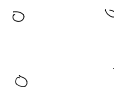
$$c(G) = 0$$

$$c(G) = 1/2$$

requires

$$d(u) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow c(u) = 1$$



$$c(G) = 0$$

But even with convention that degree 1 \Rightarrow loc 1,



$$c(G) = 1$$



$$c(G) = 2/3$$



$$c(G) = 2/3$$

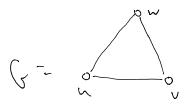


$$c(G) = 0$$



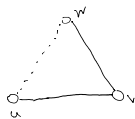
∴ shall
 be $1/3$

with new def, better:



$$c(u) = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

$$c(v) = 1$$



$$c(u,v) = \frac{2}{3}$$

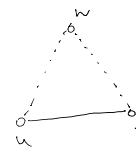
$$c(v,w) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$* c(u,w) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} c(u,v) = \frac{2}{3} \\ c(v,w) = \frac{2}{3} \\ * c(u,w) = \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right\} c(t) = \frac{5}{9}$$

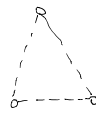


still needs to be fixed.



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} c(u,v) = \frac{2}{2} = 1 \\ c(v,w) = 0 \\ c(u,w) = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$c(t) = \frac{1}{3}$$



$$c(t) = 0$$