

How do national CSIRTs know what's happening?

- National CSIRTs must collect national incident data
- Many national CSIRTs don't operate networks themselves, and normally don't have global (or any) direct monitoring access
- How does the CSIRT know what's going on in their country?



The kindness of strangers

- Luckily, lots of ISPs, research teams, vendors, and other CSIRTs collect information, and will share it with us.
- And here comes the "but"...



So much data, so many formats

- Many feeds, with many formats and mediums:
 - Formats: CSV, JSON, XML, STIX, IODEF
 - Mediums: HTML, RSS, email, HTTP APIs
- Strong efforts to standardise data feed formats, but that doesn't help us process all these feeds today.



CSIRT.

The need for standards

- Different feeds use different terms to mean the same thing:
 - ip, source_ip, src_ip, endpoint, attacker_ip, cnc_ip...
- We need to rename fields so we can compare events from different feeds.



The need for storage

- To understand the situation of our national networks, we must collect, store, and measure incident data.
- We need to keep this data for a long time years.
- We also want to ask questions about our incident data:
 - How many C&C servers nationally in last week?
 - How many bots infected with Trojan.abc on BigISP?
 - When were web sites defaced targeting gov.zz?
 - Which national ISP has the most bot infections?





Need for automation

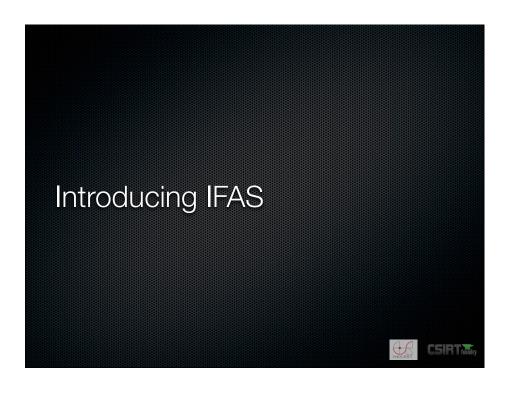
- Too much network event data out there to manually process
- Options:
 - a) use lots of analyst time doing tedious log processing
 - b) write lots of small, independent scripts
 - c) ignore inbound logs completely
 - d) use an centralised, automated processing system



So what do we need?

- We need something which automatically:
 - Gathers many different types of feeds
 - Normalises the data in those feeds
 - Stores that data somewhere
 - Allows search and performs statistical analysis

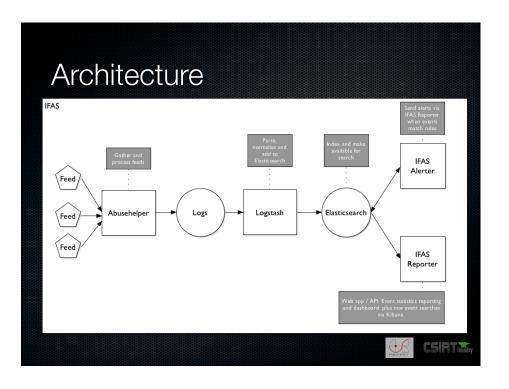




IFAS

- IFAS = Information Feed Analysis System
- Project sponsored by HKCERT and developed by CSIRT Foundry and HKCERT
- An integration of open source tools, released as open source for CSIRTs

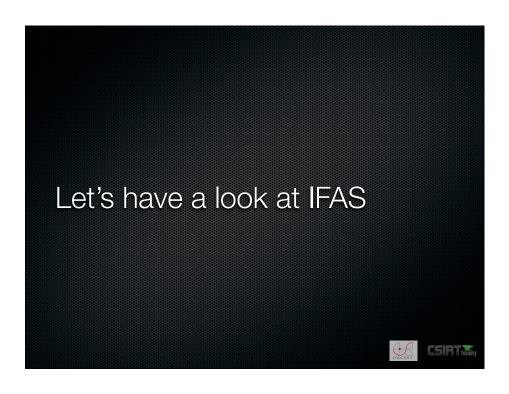


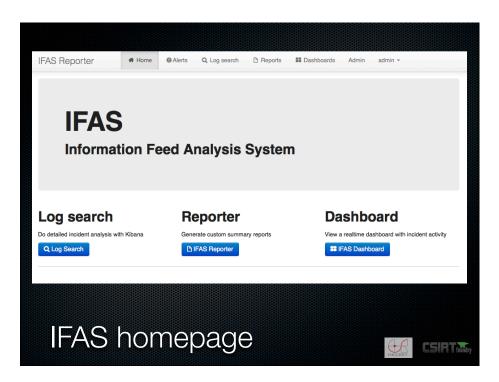


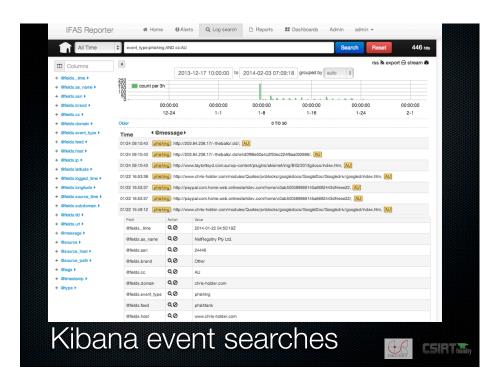
Architecture

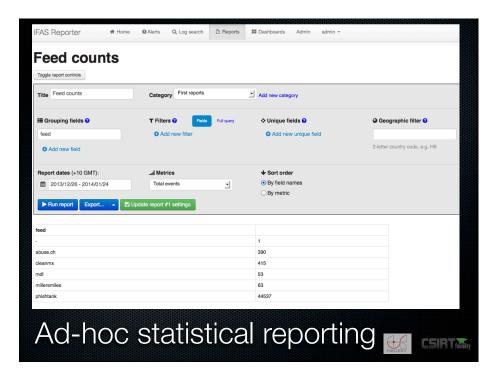
- Abusehelper: gather, process, and enrich feeds, generate events
- Logstash: process and normalise feeds
- Elasticsearch: store events in schema-free index server
- Kibana: search through events
- IFAS Reporter: get overall statistics, build realtime dashboards

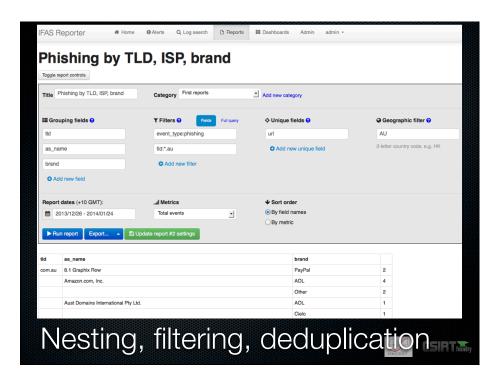


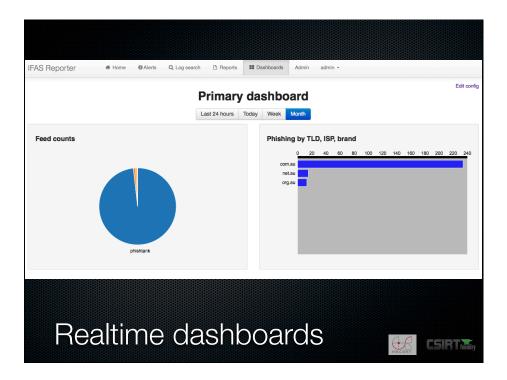












IFAS Alerter

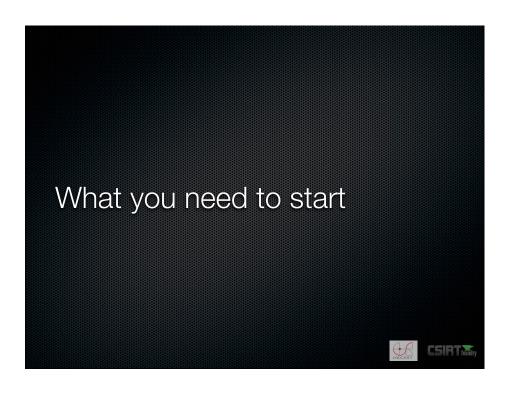
- IFAS Alerter: detect events which are high priority incidents
 - e.g. anything with domain:*.gov.zz
- Highlighted in menu when matching events arrive

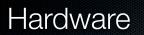


Other IFAS features

- Run reports over months of data
- Data export from any report
- Authenticated API for automated reports and data export
- Highly granular access control
 - Report groups (e.g. analysts, managers, ISP staff)
 - Dashboard access control
 - Admins and editors







- Multi-core machine (4+ ideal)
- Production: 8-16GB memory machine
- Dev: 4GB okay for testing
- Runs in a VM no problem

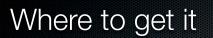




Software

- Open source release under Apache 2.0 License
- Automatically installs and configures all necessary software via install script
- Contributions, bug reports, feature requests most welcome!





- Currently closed pilot program to trusted CSIRTs
 - Eventually public release
- Please contact <u>contact@ifas.io</u> for details



IFAS benefits summary

- Greater awareness of incidents for operational response
- Analyse incident trends at high level
 - HKCERT publishes stats based on IFAS data to HK stakeholders
- Automation = less tedious work, more time for deep analysis
- Visualise incident statistics
- Store events and analyse so we can:
 - Identify ISPs with poor response
 - Identify new trends in phishing, defacements, malware





