CS/IS 160 Programming and Problem Solving II



Objectives

- administrative info
- course introduction
- Java programming language
- Java development environments
- Hello World Java program

Administrative info

Lectures: Mon. 15:00 (P09)Wed. 15:00 (125)

Labs: Wed. 17:00 (S11 Lab)

Book: Deitel & Deitel, Java: How to Program

Class grading scheme

in-class exams: 30% (midterm 20%, 2 mini tests 10%)

10 graded lab exercises & mini project: 20%

final exam: 50%

CS/IS 160 – Syllabus

- Compiling and running Java programs
- Selection and iteration
- Implementing methods
- Arrays (1D, 2D, and n-dimensional)
- Classes and objects
- Extending classes with inheritance
- Abstraction, interfaces, and polymorphism
- Exceptions
- Collections and generics
- Graphics and event-driven programs

Why Java?











Why Java? (Programming language rankings)

Feb 2015	Feb 2014	Change	Programming Language	Ratings	Change
1	1		С	16.488%	-1.85%
2	2		Java	15.345%	-1.97%
3	4	^	C++	6.612%	-0.28%
4	3	~	Objective-C	6.024%	-5.32%
5	5		C#	5.738%	-0.71%
6	9	^	JavaScript	3.514%	+1.58%
7	6	~	PHP	3.170%	-1.05%
8	8		Python	2.882%	+0.72%
9	10	^	Visual Basic .NET	2.026%	+0.23%
10	-	*	Visual Basic	1.718%	+1.72%

http://www.tiobe.com/index.php/content/paperinfo/tpci/index.html



Long term trends

TIOBE Programming Community Index

Source: www.tiobe.com 30 Java - C++ Objective-C Ratings (%) ___ C# JavaScript - PHP Python — Visual Basic .NET Visual Basic 10 5 0 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2002

Smartphone and tablet programming

Google Android development





Embedded device programming

Google Android development



Embedded device programming

Java Micro Edition programming

Java+ Blu-ray Disc™: Delivering pristine picture resolution



Without Blu-ray Disc, your HDTV is just a TV

Blu-ray Disc is maximizing your high-def entertainment experience with outstanding advanced content delivery capabilities powered by Oracle's Java Micro Edition technology. Blu-ray Disc is a feast for your

Web programming

- Web application frameworks (Play, Spring, ...)



CS/IS 160 – What we hope to learn about

- Java programming language (like modern C/C++)
- Focus on object-oriented programming (OOP)
- Learn about inheritance, polymorphism, etc.
- Graphical user interface (GUI) programming
- Web programming
- Mobile programming

Chapter 1 Introduction

- Java Standard Edition (Java SE)
- implementation called Java Development Kit (JDK)
- Java Enterprise Edition (Java EE) geared toward largescale distributed applications and web applications
- http://java.com/en/

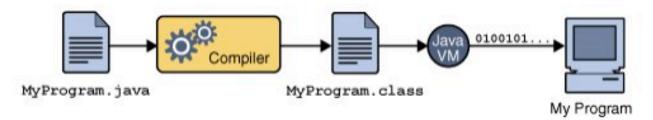
History of Java

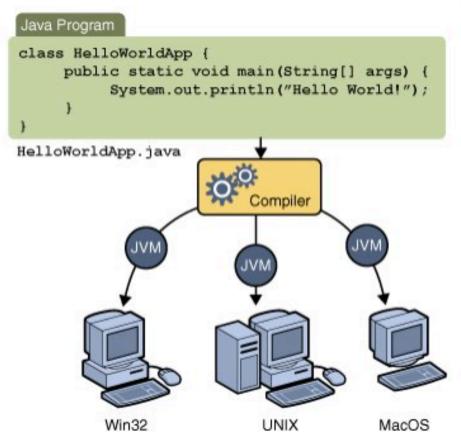
- Java (first official release in May 1995)
 - James Gosling at Sun
 - Originally for intelligent consumer-electronic devices
 - Then used for creating web pages with dynamic content
 - Now also used to:
 - Develop large-scale enterprise applications
 - Enhance web server functionality
 - Provide applications for consumer devices (cell phones, etc.)

Java Features

- Computer machine platform independent (JVM)
- Object oriented (lots of libraries / packages)
- Backward compatible (version 1.x)

Computer Platform Independent







Program Modules in Java (Java API)

Java Application Programming Interface (API)

- Also known as the Java Class Library
- Contains predefined methods and classes
- Related classes are organized into packages
- Includes methods for:
 - mathematics
 - string/character manipulations
 - input/output
 - databases
 - networking
 - file processing and more

Java Class Libraries

- Java programs consist of classes
 - Include methods that perform tasks
- To use Java effectively, you must know
 - Java programming language
 - Extensive class libraries

Typical Java Development Environment

- Java programs go through five phases
 - Edit
 - Programmer writes program using an editor; stores program on disk with the .java file name extension
 - Compile
 - Use javac (the Java compiler) to create bytecodes from source code program; bytecodes stored in .class files
 - Load
 - Class loader reads bytecodes from .class files into memory
 - Verify
 - Bytecode verifier examines bytecodes to ensure that they are valid and do not violate security restrictions
 - Execute
 - Java Virtual Machine (JVM) uses a combination of interpretation and justin-time compilation to translate bytecodes into machine language

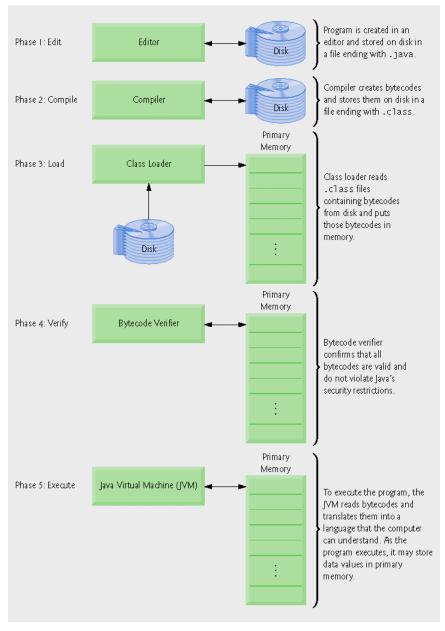
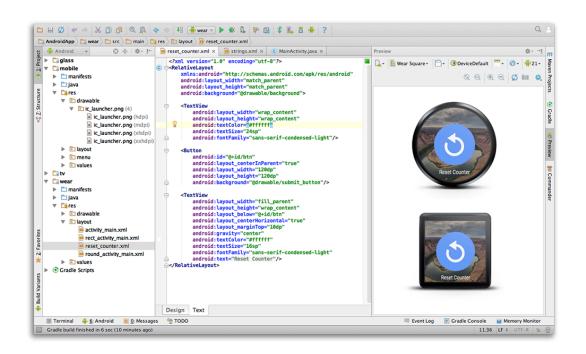


Fig. 1.1 | Typical Java development environment.

Java developer tools

- IDE: Eclipse, IntelliJ IDEA, NetBeans, BlueJ, ...
- Android: Android Studio



Eclipse IDE

- Popular Java IDE
 - Written mostly in Java (so runs on any Java platform)
 - Free and open-source software
 - Initially developed by IBM
 - Many different configurations (Android ADT, Spring, ...)
- https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/

Demo – Eclipse IDE

Demo – Simple Java Programs