

Q.You are building a banking system where users can withdraw money. If a user tries to withdraw more money than they have in their balance, a custom exception named `InsufficientBalanceException` should be thrown.

Task:

1. Create a custom exception class named `InsufficientBalanceException`.
2. Create a class `BankAccount` that has a private balance (initialized to 1000).
3. Implement a method `withdraw(int amount)` in the `BankAccount` class that checks the balance and throws the `InsufficientBalanceException` if the withdrawal amount exceeds the balance.
4. Write a `main` method to simulate a withdrawal scenario, where the user attempts to withdraw more money than their balance and catches the exception.

Q. Write a simple Java program that creates two threads. Each thread should print numbers from 1 to 100 along with the thread name.

- Implement by extending `Thread`.
- Implement by implementing `Runnable` interface.

Q. Synchronization with Threads

You are simulating a shared printer in a computer lab. Multiple users (represented by threads) are trying to print documents using the same printer. However, the printer can only print one document at a time. If

multiple users try to print simultaneously, their outputs may get mixed. To avoid this, we must use synchronization.

Your Tasks:

1. Create a Printer class with a method `printDocument(String userName)` that prints 5 lines simulating a document being printed.
  - Use a for loop and `Thread.sleep(500)` to simulate delay between lines.
  - Ensure the method is synchronized so only one thread can use it at a time.
2. Create a User class that extends Thread:
  - It should take a Printer object and a user name.
  - In the `run()` method, call `printer.printDocument(userName);`

Q. Write a Java program to copy the contents of one text file to another using either byte streams and character streams

Q. Write a Java program using `RandomAccessFile` to do the following:

- Write the string "Hello World" to a file named `data.txt`.
- Move the file pointer to the beginning.
- Read and display the content from the file.

Q. Serialization and Deserialization using ObjectOutputStream and ObjectInputStream

- Create a class named Student with id and name fields.
- Serialize a Student object and save it to a file named student.ser.
- Then read the object back from the student.ser file and display the values.