

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Department of Computing

**External and Internal Nonlocal
Self-Similarity based Models
for Image Denoising**

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**A thesis
submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements
for the degree of**

Doctor of Philosophy

July 12, 2017

CERTIFICATE OF ORIGINALITY

I hereby declare that this thesis is my own work and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, it reproduces no material previously published or written, nor material that has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma, except where due acknowledgement has been made in the text.

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Jun Xu

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Abstract

The nonlocal self-similarity (NSS) prior of natural images has been extensively studied in many image restoration methods. In this thesis, we exploit the NSS property of external natural images, external guided internal NSS property, and internal NSS property for image denoising tasks.

Acknowledgement

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Introduction

Nowadays, cameras are becoming more and more widely used in many aspects of human lives such as taking pictures, medical analysis, security monitoring and control, etc. The camera imaging pipelines are of particular importance since it is the key step of transforming the real scenes into the pictures or videos. However, during the imaging process, the noise is unavoidable to be generated due to many reasons.

1.1 The Camera Imaging Pipeline

The cameras capture the images and store as raw image formats. During the camera imaging pipeline, the photons are transformed into electronics by the photodiode in the camera sensor. The original sensor array (also called color filter array, or CFA) contains red, green, and blue channels, and these incomplete channels are transformed into the final RGB files via the raw converter. The camera imaging pipeline includes multiple stages such as reading raw image, black light subtraction, lens correction, demosaicing, noise reduction, white balancing, gamma curve, final color space conversion, etc [brownecv2016]. Basically, a camera imaging pipeline includes demosaicing, white balancing and color space transform, gamut mapping, tone mapping, and JPEG compression [crosschannel]. However, different cameras have varying structures and camera parameters, and hence resulting different imaging effects. Recently, there also exists learning based imaging pipelines which directly learn the natural image priors from the RGB and raw images pairs.

1.2 The Image Noise

In image denoising community, the most commonly studied noise is the additive white Gaussian noise, which is used to model the independent noise in the raw images. The AWGN noise is described as a Gaussian distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$, which means that the noise is Gaussian distributed with 0 mean and σ standard deviation. Most of methods are focus on this type of noise

since it is a good testing bed for many other image restoration problems such as super-resolution, deblurring, inpainting, etc.

However, the realistic noise in real-world natural images captured by cameras are much more complex than the synthetic AWGN noise being widely studied. The major reason is that, during the imaging pipeline, the noise will be generated. The key reason of noise generation is unstable measurement from the discrete nature of light and the thermal agitation. The major sources of noise generated during the imaging pipeline are the random noise, the spatial non-uniformity, and quantization noise. The random noise includes photon shot noise, dark current, and readout noise. The spatial non-uniformity noise includes the fixed pattern noise (PRNU, DCNU), CCD/CMOS specific noise.

A simplified model including various noise sources (for each pixel) can be approximately defined as follows:

$$\mathbf{P} = f((g_{cv}(\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D}) + \mathbf{N}_{reset})g_{out} + \mathbf{N}_{out}) + \mathbf{Q}. \quad (1.1)$$

Now the above equation is explained in details. \mathbf{P} is the raw pixel value, \mathbf{C} is the number of absorbed electrons (charges) transformed from the photons via the photon-diodes in the camera sensor, \mathbf{D} is the number of absorbed electrons generated by dark current, g_{cv} is the equivalent capacitance (EC) of the photo-diode, \mathbf{N}_{reset} is the thermal noise generated by the readout circuitry (or reset noise related to reset voltage), g_{out} is the gain factor during voltage to pixel value conversion (readout), \mathbf{N}_{out} is the readout noise, f is the camera response function, usually a linear function before attaining a saturation threshold, \mathbf{Q} is the quantization error happened during rounding to interger values. The quantization noise is normally negligible compared to the readout noise.

Though can be approximated as Gaussian or Poisson distribution, these noise sources will be largely changed to be more complex during the in-camera imaging pipeline, which has been analyzed in [crosschannel]. Hence, the real-world noise is much more complex than the traditional additive white Gaussian noise, and should be paid more attention.

1.3 The Proposed Methods

To deal with the synthetic AWGN noise, and especially the realistic complex noise in the real-world images, we propose several methods exploiting the nonlocal self-similarity priors of natural images. The first method is to utilize the external natural images to learn a NSS prior, which is then applied into the denoising task of input synthetic noisy image degraded by AWGN noise. The second method is to make use of power of external natural images, and then use the external NSS priors to guide the learning of the internal NSS priors of the input real noisy images. The third method is to fully utilize the internal NSS prior and make use of low rank models to exploit the NSS property of the input real noisy images. The fourth method is to use the sparse coding based method with additional weighting scheme to regard the local noise in real noisy images as a Gaussian and the prior is used to deal with the real noisy image. Finally, we construct a big real noisy images captured by widely used commercial cameras, on which we evaluate the existing image denoising methods as well as our proposed methods in this thesis. The structure of this thesis is organized as follows: in the 2nd chapter, we review the literatures in the image denoising area; in the 3rd chapter, we introduce the fully external method; in the 4th chapter, we introduce the external prior guided internal method; in the 5th chapter, we introduce the internal method based on low rank model; in the 6th chapter, we introduce the internal method based on sparse coding model; in the 7th chapter, we introduce the real noisy image dataset we construct, and finally evaluate the proposed methods with the compared competing methods, both for synthetic AWGN or Poisson noise and real noise, including the commercial software designed especially for real noise.

1.4 Thesis Structure

Chapter 2: Literature Review

In this chapter, we review the related work and give a detailed introduction of the literature. We will first review the most representative work on additive white Gaussian noise removal. I review the detailed work on camera imaging

pipeline and realistic noise generated in the camera sensors. I will also review the work on real noisy image denoising.

Chapter 3:

In this chapter, I will introduce our work on external nonlocal self-similarity prior learning for synthetic Gaussian noise removal.

Chapter 4:

Chapter 5:

Chapter 6:

Chapter 7:

” *"Mens cujusque is est Quisque" – "Mind
Makes the Man"*

— Samuel Pepys

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2.1 Synthetic Grayscale Image Denoising

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2.2 Realistic Color Image Denoising

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External Non-local Self-Similarity

Prior for Additive White Gaussian Noise

” *Innovation distinguishes between a leader and a follower.*

— Steve Jobs
(CEO Apple Inc.)

3.1 Introduction



Fig. 3.1: Figure example: (a) example part one, (c) example part two; (c) example part three

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Fig. 3.2: Another Figure example: (a) example part one, (c) example part two; (c) example part three

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3.2 System Design

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3.3 Demo System

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3.4 Calibration

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3.5 Conclusion

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External Prior Guided Internal Prior Learning for Real Noisy Image Denoising

“Innovation distinguishes between a leader and a follower.

— Steve Jobs
(CEO Apple Inc.)

4.1 Learning External Nonlocal Self-Similarity Priors



Fig. 4.1: Figure example: (a) example part one, (c) example part two; (c) example part three

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Fig. 4.2: Another Figure example: (a) example part one, (c) example part two; (c) example part three

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Internal Nonlocal Self-Similarity Prior for Real Color Image Denoising: A Low Rank based Method

“Users do not care about what is inside the box, as long as the box does what they need done.

— Jef Raskin

about Human Computer Interfaces

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5.1 Introduction

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5.2 Related Work

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5.3 Method

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5.4 Experimental Results

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Conclusions

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8.1 Section 1

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8.2 Section 2

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8.3 Future Work

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